The Pine County Pioneer.

EM. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS. TERMS: $1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XIII. PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1898. NO. 13.

CORRESPONDENCE

Gleaned for our Readers From All Sections of the County.

ROCK CREEK.

The annual Town election has come and gone.

Edna Peterson, of Pine City, spent Sunday in this place.

John Doran expects to leave for the Pacific coast this week.

John R. Clements is spending the week with his parents at this place.

Rev. John Grimmett delivered a lecture Monday evening on, "The Use of Tobacco, and How to Stop the Use of it." And as a result several of our young men are seriously thinking of quitting the weed.

At the town election on Tuesday, the following officers were elected: Chairman, J. S. Foster; Supervisors, John Walton and A. J. Anderson; Clerk, C. H. Enos; Assessor, I. L. Wescott; Justice of Peace, John H. Walton; Constable, Geo. Walton; for bonding the town 43, against 46. Everything passed off nicely with the exception of a little while in the afternoon, when a little excitement was raised upon the reading of the reports, caused by a couple of dissenting spirits who seem to have an idea that a town election is not properly conducted unless they are present to raise a disturbance, still on the whole the election was just as well conducted as in any town in the state.

Considerable comment has been caused by the statements recently made from the pulpit and elsewhere, that this place is known as a "Tough hole" etc. Now we consider this as a wholly unwarranted attack on Rock Creek, and we should like to ask what is the reason the people of Rush City are constantly holding up this place as the Sodom of modern times. Are the people of Rush City or any other town, better than we are, and if so in what respect? We have stood this long enough and it is about time to call a halt. The writer was in one of the neighboring towns not long ago, and he was repeatedly insulted by such remarks as "Hello Rock Creek! Rock Creek pays cash, no man from Rock Creek gets anything on tick." We will not say any more at this time and trust we will not be obliged to refer to this matter again, as it is a very painful subject to us who are trying to build up this place.

BROOK PARK.

Clarance Carpenter left Tuesday for his home in Dodge Centre.

Spring is here, and the voice of the turtle will soon be heard in the land.

Elmer Hill expects to start soon for Missouri, where he will make his future home.

Mr. Scischo started Thursday with his family for Roscoe. He expects to drive through.

Mr. Seymour has purchased a place on the Jarvis Bay road, and will move his family out at once.

Mr. Soar will again start the saw mill in the near future; he has a fine lot of logs in the yard and expects to get them out as soon as possible.

Rev. W. H. Davenport, of this place, is having wonderful success in evangelistic meetings at St. Thomas, North Dakota. Let the good work go on.

Some of our neighbors are rejoicing that they got their ice-houses filled just in time, while others will have to keep as cool as possible and wait until another winter for ice.

Our town election is over; some of our citizens had evidently put up a "slate," which was hotly contested. Nevertheless the major portion of it was carried and elected; while some have been defeated either in office or in seeing their man elected, it is thought that after the the smoke has cleared away all will join hands to make our township affairs run as smoothly as usual.

Joe Lord and Wilber Pierce had an experience Tuesday evening that ended in some excitement and a little fire. They had gathered a gallon of pine pitch and put it, or a portion of it, on the stove to boil down, but instead it boiled over, and the entire mass caught on fire. In trying to extinguish the flames Wilber was badly burned about the hands. Dr. Kelsey was called and dressed the burn. The fire was put out with but little damage to the house.

HINCKLEY HAPPENINGS.

R. A. Crawford on Thursday moved into the house which he recently purchased from Byron Mitchell.

Angus Gunn, of Sandstone, who has again been victorious in the local campaign in the city of rocks, was in town Wednesday evening.

Lumbermen are coming out of the woods, and the forests hereaway will soon be depopulated again. Report says that we are to have a saw-mill of our own soon.

Henry Coffin, ex-alderman from the second ward, returned from a pleasure trip to St. Paul Wednesday morning. He came home to attend the grand ratification held that day.

In the township election the result was as follows: A. D. Leonard, chairman; A. C. Holm and Otto Will, supervisors; J. J. Folsom, clerk; O. C. Cox, treasurer; H. H. Scott, assessor.

Geo. H. Markham, the Brook Park real estate boomer, was a visitor in this bailiwick last Wednesday morning. He was en route home from a business trip to the northern part of the state.

It's all over now, and the white-winged dove of peace (and pieces) again reigns in the classic precincts of Hinckley. With the passing of the recent election, a long drawn-out contest, which has dragged its weary length over a period of eight years or more, has been brought to a close, and John T. Craig and his forces have finally triumphed. The election in the village was a hot affair from beginning to end, the principal parties to the contest being Messrs. Craig and W. H. Nowark, candidates for the office of village president. Craig struck a Star Pointer gait, and won by eleven lengths. Grissinger for councilman had no opposition. Collins and Hawley ran a tie for the treasurership. Altogether the contest was without any bitter strife, and the people are again ready to take up the even tenor of their ways, and go on their way rejoicing. The vote stood.

President—J. T. Craig, 34; W. H. Nowark, 23.

Councilmen—Wm. Grissinger, 59, E. L. Stephan, 30, J. Stanchfield, 31; Geo. J. Morast, 28, Dennis Brennan, 26.

Recorder—S. W. Anderson, 34; Nels Parsons, 26.

Treasurer—M. S. Collins, 30; R. H. Hawley, 30.

Justices—J. M. Currie, 35, Nels Parsons, 35; H. W. Miller, 24.

Constable—Chas. Peterson, 35; D. W. Freeman 25.

WEST POKEGAMA.

Mr. John Peterson was a Pine City caller, Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Peters was in the County Seat, one day last week.

A caucus was held at Mr. Asmus' place, for the purpose of selecting candidates for town officers.

A letter is advertised in the Pine Poker for A. Rulland, in this settlement. It behooves every settler to take a home paper.

Mr. Wm. Peters and son Eddie took a trip down to Mapleton, visiting friends and relatives. They expect to be absent about a week.

Mr. Cummins, from Minneapolis, is here, looking for a suitable farm. He was accompanied by another gentleman. They are the guests of Mr. A. Hansen.

—If thou findest thyself ill, consider whether too much meat or drink occasioned it. Then take Rocky Mountain tea. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, druggist.

A HOWL FROM HUSTLETOWN.

Meadow Lawn a poet does possess,
But who it is you cannot guess.
Some say 'tis he who pursued the bear,
But it's likely they're mistaken there.
Should we attempt to prophecy,
Should say 'twas he who the matrimonial knot could tie.
Bears and horses are his rhymes.
With Kilgore, Holler, Smith mixed 'tween the lines.
Meadow Lawn's a favored spot, and poets there may dwell,
But Hustletown has Hustlers that beat them all to ——!
There is Potato Kruse, whose name he'll not deny.
He's bound to live at Hustletown, root hog or die.
Mr. Kruse is an enterprising man,
For threshing beans he invented the latest plan.
There's Chas. Glanville by name—no he never dug turf
On the bogs of Kilgore—but he's dug lots of earth.
He is a well-digger by trade,
And many a well in his life he has made.
There is James Neiser, a Hustler good and true,
To Hustletown he soon will bid adieu.
But of all the Hustlers we ever knew,
Frank Sickler is the dandy of the crew.
An escort to the ladies he has been,
But rivers to cross and the ice being thin,
The ladies declare Mr. Sickler fell in.
There is Wilcox, who left us some time ago,
He now heads the Donkey Lumber Co.
He cuts the logs both great and small,
Yes, he takes them, tops and all.
Then there's our girls, so beautiful and fair;
Meadow Lawn with them can never compare.
Their merits I need not here repeat
They are simply beautiful, saying nothing of their feet.
Then here's health to all Hustlers, who make the wild woods ring,
Who haul logs in the winter time, and blow them in in spring.

HUSTLING BEROUN.

Beroun, six miles north of Pine City, on the St. Paul and Duluth R. R., is the postoffice and village point for a country that is being rapidly developed and quickly settled. In 1897 6,000 acres were sold in this vicinity and there will be a big immigration this spring. A dozen families are expected this week and for the season it is confidently believed that the population will increase fifty per cent.

Two years ago Joseph Chalupsky came to Pine County on business and after looking it over and seeing the clover and timothy growing spontaneously, concluded to come here and go into the stock business. He bought 800 acres of land, 160 of which he platted and has sold fifty lots. He also started a mercantile house, and in real estate business has 30,000 acres on his lists. He is a native of Bohemia—came to this country in 1870, and from New Prague here in 1896, as many more of the citizens of this belt of country did. Mr. Chalupsky is a prominent man in more ways thay one as he is Supreme President of the Catholic Union, which has 13,000 members, and he is Supreme Treasurer of the Catholic Workmen.

F. Warlieck also came here two years ago. He owns a farm with eighty acres of splendid meadow, two miles from town and he has a general store therein and ships wood and produce. He came here from St. Paul, where he was noted as a cabinet maker and builder and is putting substantial buildings on his place.

Mr. and Mrs. Warlieck have just adopted a bright lad of ten years from Chicago. Frank was an orphan, but says he has a father and mother now, and he "takes hold" with true Chicago vim.

Beroun has a railway station, two stores, a hotel, postoffice, blacksmith shop, public school and Roman Catholic church.

C. H. Furman, mine host, is also a real estate man and has just returned from Washington state.

John Schilkr is the blacksmith and postmaster and he hardly knows a word of English.

Joseph Chalupsky has handled over 2,000 cords of wood up to date, and his lumber yard will be well patronized, this and following months.

The Beroun railway station is admirably conducted by Horace Wilcox, a member of a pioneer family of Pine County. He was brought to this region in 1869, and was born in Sunrise, over in Chisago County. For sixteen years he has been a disciple of Morse, and for fourteen, as agent at points on the St. Paul and Duluth.

Mr. Wilcox has had quite an official record as deputy county clerk, and in clerical duty in the county treasurer's office; also as justice of the peace in Chisago county, and as postmaster at Kerrick, Pine county, he further proved ability. He owns forty acres four miles east of Beroun, and a residence and lots in the village, and is one of the best known and highly esteemed agents on the line. The timber lands and meadow lands in this region are cheaper than they will be six months from now.

More Anon. J. C.

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic.

This famous remedy, by a famous physician, has the virtue of being originated by one of America's most eminent medical authorities, and has been long and successfully used and prescribed in cases of debility, nervousness, impure blood, etc. For "building up" the system it is impossible to find it equal. The first bottle is guaranteed to give satisfaction, by Breckenridge.

Dr. E. E. Barnum,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in first Residence South of the Court House.
Pine City, - - Minnesota.

Dr. R. L. Wiseman.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office is J. F. Stone's cottage.

Dr. A. C. Trowbridge,
Dentist
Office opposite Pokegama Hotel. Office hours, 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

Dr. R. White,
VETERINARY SERGEON.
PINE CITY, - MINNESOTA.

Dr. E. L. Stephan,
Physician and Surgeon.
—Office at Drug Store—
Hinckley, - - Minnesota.

A. J. Stowe, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of the University of New York City, 1887. Office in new building first door north of Postoffice. Residence second door north of office.
Rush City, - - Minnesota.

Ed. C. Gottry,
Attorney at Law.
Late Register U. S. Land Office. Will practice in all Courts of the State.
Ellison Block, Taylors Falls, Minn.

S. G. L. Roberts,
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Pine City, - - Minnesota.

Robt. C. Saunders,
Attorney at Law.
Hinckley, - - Minnesota.

J. A. Oldenburg,
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise.
Best Goods at Lowest Prices
Finlayson, - - Minnesota.

Willow River House.
MIKE HAWLEY, Manager.
Willow River, - Minn.

A Word to the Wise Is Sufficient,
And all we need to say is that if you desire courteous treatment, and to buy your goods at a Reasonable price.
WE are the people.
Cash paid for Potatoes.
GILMAN & MATSON,
ROCK CREEK, MINN.

A LONG TIME AGO

Someone asked:

"Mistress Mary, quite contrary,
How does your garden grow?"

Such a question is aggravating after the garden is planted and there is found to be something the matter with the seed.

We dont believe there will be any trouble if you come to us for

GARDEN SEEDS.

We have all of L. L. MAY & CO'S seeds, and they guarantee them to grow—we wouldn't keep them if they didn't.

J. Y. BRECKENRIDGE,
DRUG STORE.
Main Street, - Pine City, Minnesota.

To Clean Paintings.

Dissolve a little common soda in wine; add a grated potato and a little salt; rub this well over the painting until clean. Wash off in spring water and dry with a clean cloth.

Try
Pride of Pine City
.....and....
.....Buttercup.
We guarantee them
Pine City Roller Mills.

TAKE CARE OF THE
DIME

And the dollar will take care of itself. We commend that proverb to you as a purchaser. It is the little foxes that spoil the grapes; the little leaks that sink the ship; the little extravagances that dribble away the earnings.

Save That Dime;

and you are on the highway to comfort. Don't desire the dollars and despise the dime. You can't have the dollar without the dime, any more than you can have the pound without the ounce, or the yard without the inch.

We Will Help You Save a Dime

On every dollar you spend in trade. This is no empty boast. We think that we will give the goods that equal any others, and will sell them one dime on the dollar less than any other merchant.

HOW CAN YOU MAKE MONEY EASIER THAN THAT?

Are you too prejudiced to want to give us a trial, and see if we can save you money? We can do it. We want you to remember that every other dollar that you lay out at any other store is a clear loss to you of

BARNEY H. HARRIS,
Rush City, Minn.

Pine Co. Pioneer.

W. P. GOTTRY, Publisher.

PINE CITY, - - - MINN.

EIGHT of the most remarkable marriages on record took place within a few weeks in the parish of St. Marie, Quebec. Two neighbors named Morin and Rheaume have each eight children, four sons and four daughters. Rheaume's four sons have married Morin's four daughters, and Morin's four sons have married the daughters of Rheaume.

BARRE, Vt., has just secured a model for a statue of Robert Burns, to be erected on the park of the Spaulding academy. The model, which is the work of J. Massey Rhind, an Edinburgh sculptor, represents the poet coming home from the field after the day's work, his coat over one arm and a roll of manuscript in his right hand.

THE appointment of ex-King Milan as general-in-chief of the Servian army is assigned to a curious cause. King Alexander's mother, ex-Queen Natalie, it seems, set such a pace in dress and court festivities that the Belgrade husbands could not stand it. They remonstrated with the king, and, as the surest way to keep Natalie out of the capital, her spendthrift husband was invited back.

THE regular army of China is said to consist of 823,000 men. Besides this, the emperor's army, there is a national army of 650,000 men, who are paid about one dollar a month. But in consideration of this munificence are required to feed themselves. The cavalry receives $3 a month, feed their own horses, and, if they are lost or killed, are required to replace them out of the pay given by the government.

ABOARD the Vizcaya there is an English speaking midshipman, Sanchez Farragut by name, who is distantly related to the great American Adm. Farragut. He is proud of his American relative, and so announced in the presence of his commanding officer. His grandfather was an American and closely related to Adm. Farragut. It is from his mother that the young middy gets his Spanish blood.

DURING the civil war the confederate cruisers captured or destroyed 80 ships, 46 brigs, 67 schooners and eight other vessels flying the American flag. The number of men withdrawn from industry to take part in the civil war on the union side was 2,772,468, while the confederates enlisted over 600,000. The expense of the war department in 1862 was $394,000,000; in 1863, $590,000,000; in 1864, $690,000,000; in 1865, $1,031,000,000.

THERE has been considerable discussion as to the proper pronunciation of Vizcaya. Captain Eulate—pronounced "Ay-oo-lah-tay," with the first two syllables run together a little, the third accented and the fourth very short—pronounces his ship's name "Vith-kye-ah," or as near that as an English tongue can get it. The second syllable rhymes with "rye," and is really two syllables, but the two vowel sounds are run close together.

SINCE the overwhelming defeat of home rule for Ireland, when the Gladstone party went to the wall, several years ago, little has been heard of the subject, but the Salisbury ministry has prepared and will doubtless pass a bill which will establish a system of local governing boards to have control of taxes, expenditures, poor relief and all other matters not properly in the jurisdiction of the courts. These county councils are to be elected by the people.

CONSIDERING that the United States army now numbers only 29,955 officers and enlisted men, the addition of two new regiments of artillery is a considerable one. At present there are five artillery regiments, with 292 officers and 3,800 men, so that the proposed addition will increase that branch of the service 40 per cent. The increase is made necessary by the large increase in the number of batteries for coast defense already made or about to be made, which have to be manned.

GERMAN analysis say that the apple contains a larger proportion of phosphorous than any other fruit or vegetable adapted for renewing the essential nervous matter of the brain and spinal cord. Scandinavian traditions represent the apple as the food of the gods, who, when they felt themselves growing old and feeble, resorted to this fruit for renewing their powers of mind and body. A modern maxim teaches us "to eat an apple before going to bed, the doctor then will beg his bread."

A RUSSIAN prince who is fond of Verdi's music has spent $6,000 to enable himself to hear "Rigoletto" whenever he pleases in his palace at St. Petersburg. The opera is acted by life-sized puppets, whose acting is regulated by machinery, and the singing is done by phonograph. The owner has secured phonographic reproductions of the principal parts as sung by the principal artists of Europe, and changes his cast to suit himself. After putting the cylinders in place the owner presses a button, and the opera proceeds automatically.

IN order that mothers who have children too young to be left at home may have the opportunity to attend church service the Epworth league of the First Methodist church of New Brunswick has adopted a novel plan. The league has an enrollment committee, which obtains the names of mothers with young children, putting their names upon the "cradle list." In a side room have been placed cradles, and volunteer nurses will take care of children while the mothers are attending services. The plan is proving such a success it is believed that it will be adopted as a future.

LEE WILL STAY IN CUBA.

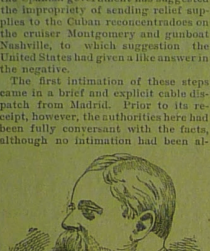
Spain's Request That Our Consul General Be Recalled Refused by President McKinley.

CONGRESS STANDS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Americans in Havana Talk of War Plans—Spaniards Look for an Attack—Warships Going to Havana—Spain Withdraws Her Request—The Court of Inquiry.

Washington, March 7.—The Spanish situation developed two new phases Sunday, when it became known that the Spanish government had formally requested the recall of Consul General Lee at his post at Havana, to which request the United States had courteously but firmly refused to comply; also that the Spanish government has suggested the impropriety of sending relief supplies to the Cuban reconcentrados on the cruiser Montgomery and gunboat Nashville, to which suggestion the United States had given a like answer in the negative.

The first intimation of these steps came in a brief and explicit cable dispatch from the Madrid. Prior to the receipt, however, the authorities here had been fully conversant with the facts, although no intimation had been allowed to get to the public on either subject. The discussions from Madrid left no further ground for reticence in Washington, and after a conference at the white house between the president, Assistant Secretary Day, of the state department, and Secretary Long, of the navy department, the following authorized statement was given out by Judge Day, as comprising everything that was to be said by the administration on the subject:



GEN. FITZHUGH LEE.

President Refuses.

"The president will not consider the recall of Gen. Lee. He has borne himself throughout this crisis with judgment, fidelity and courage, to the president's entire satisfaction.

"As to the supplies for the relief of the Cuban people, all arrangements have been made to carry a consignment this week from Key West by one of the naval vessels, whichever may be best adapted and most available for the purpose, to Matanzas and Sagua."

Beyond the foregoing those who had participated in the conference at the white house would not discuss the subject, and it was stated positively that the authorized statement comprised everything that would be given to anyone. Although the officials here are noncommittal on the subject it is believed that the request of Gen. Lee's recall was made at least a day or two ago, and that the Spanish government, after receiving the reply of the state department, has not insisted either upon Lee's recall or upon its contention that the relief supplies should not be sent to Cuba in naval vessels.

Stand by the President.

Washington, March 7.—Every member of congress who could be found stands by the president in his refusal to recall Lee and his declination to abandon the plan of sending relief to Cuba in war vessels. To a man, irrespective of party, the president will be sustained by them. It is noteworthy that throughout the long delay and the various controversies over Cuba and the Spanish complications not one word of censure has been heard or felt. Lee from republican, democrat or populist. All believe Gen. Lee is the one American who can fill the position at Havana, and with one accord they will sustain the president, even should the stand lead to war.

Talk of War Plans.

Havana, March 7.—As the conviction becomes settled that the court of inquiry will decide that there was a mine explosion under the Maine discussion among American naval officers and civilians here is prevalent as to the warlike measures which it is believed the United States government will adopt in case the question of the payment of indemnity by Spain is overruled. A majority believe that American troops will be landed at some point east of Havana and the insurgents communicated with, that the Spanish soldiery will be defeated or captured in detail, and that in the meantime a fleet of United States vessels will blockade, if not bombard Havana. No one seems to doubt that the reduction of this city would be comparatively easy. Four 12-inch guns—two west and two east of the city—are the only ones that are considered dangerous. These are not likely to be well served, while their emplacements are not modern.

Spaniards Look for an Attack.

That some Spaniards are of the opinion that an attack on Havana will be made is believed to be shown by the abnormal activity displayed on board the Vizcaya. On the best naval authority the statement is made that the Vizcaya is in a constant state of readiness for emergencies, and that picket boats are on the alert day and night inside the harbor and outside the harbor at night.

Many Warships to Go to Havana.

Key West, Fla., March 7.—The American colony in Havana is in a feverish state of excitement. Rumors that preparations for war are being made by the United States have reached the city and have caused great consternation. Thirty-eight warships will be at Key West and vicinity within the next 30 days.

Italy Will Remain Neutral.

Rome, March 7.—Premier Rudini, of Italy, said Saturday that his country would remain neutral in case of war between the United States and Spain. The people would rise in protest if the government took sides with Spain. Moreover, not a single ship that floats the flag of Italy would be placed at the disposal of Spain.

Investigation Resumed.

Havana, March 7.—With the return of the court of inquiry to Havana all sources of information or surmise are gone and nothing new is developed here. The Maine officers are under orders to remain here until the court finishes its investigation. It is the purpose to have them at hand to transfer to the fleet if suddenly needed.

Spain Backs Down.

Washington, March 8.—Spain has withdrawn her request for the recall of Consul-General Lee and it is now believed that the incident is practically closed.

The withdrawal came yesterday in the shape of an official communication from Minister Woodford. It is now stated that the request was never put in the shape of a demand, but that it was merely a suggestion on the part of Spain, and when she found that it would not be pleasantly received by this country she promptly receded.

It is learned that the Spanish objection to Consul-General Lee is based upon his sympathy for the Cubans and some of his utterances which have found their way into print.

Cruiser to Go to Havana.

The navy department announced yesterday that the cruiser Montgomery would relieve the dispatch boat Fern at Havana and that the Fern would carry provisions and relief supplies to Matanzas and Sagua La Grande. This is understood to be a satisfactory arrangement to the Spanish government and will relieve the incident of its irritating feature.

Fifty Millions for Defense.

Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, introduced the following in the house yesterday, and it was referred to the committee on appropriations:

"That there is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the national defense and for each and every purpose connected therewith, to be expended at the discretion of the president and to remain available until June 30, 1899, $50,000,000."

Lee Will Do His Duty.

Havana, March 8.—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, consul general of the United States, was questioned yesterday regarding Spain's demand for his recall. He said: "I shall continue to do my duty, which is to guard American interests."

The Court of Inquiry.

Havana, March 8.—Only surmises can be made as to how long the United States court of inquiry into the loss of the Maine will remain here, but it does not seem likely that the court's stay will be much longer protracted. Its members profess ignorance as to the time of their departure for the United States.

Miss Willard's Will.

Chicago, March 5.—The will of the late Frances E. Willard was offered for probate Friday. Most of the estate is left to Miss Anna Gordon, but Miss Willard's home in Evanston is left to Miss Gordon and Mary Bannister Willard during their lives, and will revert eventually to benefit the National Women's Christian Temperance union. The estate is estimated at $17,000, of which $16,000 is real property.

Victim of an Assassin.

Xenia, O., March 8.—At an early hour Monday morning Dr. A. A. Matthews, a prominent physician at Gladstone, this county, was called to his door by an unknown person. Upon reaching the doorway a man standing in the yard fired a revolver at him, the bullet taking effect in Matthews' abdomen, making a fatal wound. The assassin fled, and there is no clew to his identity.

Accidentally Killed.

Lancaster, Wis., March 8.—Reuben Black, a well-known business man, while cleaning a repeating rifle Monday, the charge exploded, presumably through accident, and he was instantly killed, the charge passing through the body near the heart. The coroner's jury decided that Mr. Black's death was accidental.

Luetgert Goes to Prison.

Chicago, March 7.—Adolph L. Luetgert was taken from the county jail Saturday and placed in the state prison at Joliet, there to remain for the rest of his natural life, for the murder of his wife—unless he is given a new trial and gets an acquittal through action of the supreme court of the state.

Relief for Cubans.

Washington, March 4.—Large shipments of supplies are being sent to Cuba for the relief of the thousands now starving there. The conditions are declared much worse than in Armenia by W. W. Howard, who has visited both countries.

Japan Gets Saucy.

London, March 5.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Tien-Tsin, China, says: Japan has addressed a note to Russia demanding an immediate and explicit statement on the question of the continued occupation of Port Arthur.

The Underwriter Is Safe.

Charleston, S. C., March 7.—The tug Underwriter, towing the Merritt Wrecking company's derrick Chief, came into Charleston harbor Sunday morning after a very rough passage off Hatteras.

Ask for Names.

Washington, March 4.—The governments of Japan, Germany and Sweden have asked the state department for names of their subjects who were among the victims of the Maine disaster.

TRADE OUTLOOK IS GOOD.

Indications of Unprecedented Activity Are Seen in All Branches of Business.

THE REPORTS ARE VERY SATISFACTORY.

Nearly All of the Country's Cereal Products Are Higher in Price—Spring Trade in the Northwest Opens Well—The Ratio of Failures Smaller Than for Months.

New York, March 5.—Bradstreet's says:

"Nearly all signs point to an unprecedented volume of business being done or awaiting the opening of spring trade. Aggressive strength of prices, record-breaking bank clearings and continued large exports, particularly of the lower-priced cereals, a very heavy volume of business in iron and steel and kindred lines, and generally satisfactory reports as to the volume of spring trade at leading distributive centers are among the visible features of this trade development. Nearly all of the country's cereal products are higher in prices this week, as also some varieties of provisions, Bessemer pig iron, copper, raw cotton and tin. Few decreases in prices are noted, sugar being the most important, while the list of staples steady and unchanged numbers pork, coffee, lead and petroleum. The effect of the war situation has had an encouraging effect upon southern trade, which is generally reported good and better than usual at this season. The export of corn from southern ports is an additionally favorable feature, while the practical agreement of southern iron producers as to prices, with generally satisfactory collections at most points, has imparted a decidedly cheerful tone to advices from that section. Trade is larger than usual at the central west, particularly in dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes, hardware, lumber and agricultural implements, the demand for the latter being a notable feature at nearly all markets. Spring trade has opened up well in the northwest, and the jobbing trade is quite active. Signs are accumulating that the rush of all sorts of vessels to the Pacific coast to take part in the Klondike trade has begun to affect charter rates, which are reported weaker at San Francisco."

Dun's Review.

R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say:

"Stories of the most reckless sort, disproved promptly, and many of them before they are told, affected speculation in stocks much last week and at times this week, but they have not disturbed the industries and the trade of the country at all. There is confidence that the authorities are doing what is proper to provide for public defense, and business is moving on with the assurance that it will not be seriously disturbed. In grain, cotton, meat products and petroleum markets have been strong, with gradual increases in the demand for manufactured products.

"Failures in February have been smaller than in any other month, except three of the previous five months, with remarkable decrease in the failures of $100,000 and over, though in number and amount the smaller failures show a smaller change than might have been expected, indicating that in good times or bad a large proportion is due to causes apart from the general condition of business. The ratio of defaulted liabilities to payments through the clearing houses is but $11.71 per $1,000, a lower rate than has appeared in the first quarter of any year except 1880 and 1881 of the past 22 years.

"Wheat has grown stronger, exports continuing at a rate which threatens exhaustion of supply, if trade reports of farmers' stocks are correct. From Atlantic ports 2,426,240 bushels went out, flour included, against 1,365,416 last year, and from Pacific ports 864,993, against 479,959 bushels last year. The price has risen 1 cent, but it is possible that the estimates of last year's stocks, though 50,000,000 bushels in excess of the government estimates, may prove too small. Corn has declined only one-quarter of a cent, with exports of 4,748,843 bushels, against 2,221,765 last year.

"Failures for the week have been 251 in the United States, against 246 last year, and 32 in Canada, against 59 last year."

Asked to Explain.

Washington, March 7.—The alleged planting of the British flag by the Canadian government on the summit of Chilkat pass has brought the Alaskan boundary issue into immediate prominence. The state department has had its attention drawn to the matter, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, has been asked to explain what this advance on the part of a colony subject to his country means.

Burned to Death.

Portsmouth, O., March 5.—Mrs. Nancy Powell, an aged woman residing near Otway, this county, was burned to death Thursday night as a result of her skirts catching fire from an old-fashioned fireplace. Her granddaughter, Miss Flora Slade, was terribly burned in trying to save Mrs. Powell and will probably die.

Quarreled Over a Woman.

Columbia, Mo., March 8.—Report comes from Harrisburg, Boone county, of the killing of James Ivie, a schoolteacher, by William H. Davis, principal of the public schools. They quarreled over a woman. After the shooting Davis surrendered and was released under $2,000 bonds.

A High Honor.

New York, March 8.—Dr. Andrew S. Draper, president of the University of Illinois, was elected superintendent of schools by the board of education Monday. The choice of Dr. Draper for the most important place in the educational system of the city was somewhat of a surprise.

Death of a Centenarian.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 7.—Aaron Hendricks died Saturday morning at Blue Springs, Anderson county. He was born 114 years ago on the farm where he lived his entire life. Hendricks made many rifles used by the pioneers of this region and soldiers in the war of 1812.

Mob Takes Revenge.

Rock Springs, Wyo., March 8.—Three members of the "Robbers' Roost" band of outlaws were captured by a posse in the mountains near the Wyoming-Colorado boundary line and lynched for the murder of Valentine Hay, a rancheman.

Government Receipts.

Washington, March 8.—The receipts of the government for the fiscal year up to date have been $282,398,481; expenditures, $280,245,826; excess of receipts over expenditures, $2,152,655.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending March 8.

The eighty-eighth birthday of the pope, Leo XIII., was celebrated in Rome.

Hugh J. Jewett, the famous railroad financier, died in New York, aged 81 years.

Walter B. Baker, United States consul at Sagua la Grande, Cuba, has resigned.

In a fire panic in Germania hall in Hartford, Conn., nine persons were seriously injured.

Adrian Braun, a convict in Sing Sing (N. Y.) prison, murdered his wife, who was paying him a visit.

Will Jones (colored) was lynched at Lake Cormorant, Miss., by a mob for assaulting a colored woman.

The schooner Dauntless was seized by the government at Jacksonville, Fla., on a charge of filibustering.

The United States supreme court has declared unconstitutional the Nebraska maximum freight rate act.

Judge John Newton Hendren, ex-treasurer of the confederate states, died in Staunton, Va., aged 75 years.

Advices from Tacoma, Wash., say that 10,000 persons are moving across Chilkat and White passes toward Klondike.

The six remaining Irish political prisoners in English jails, convicted of dynamite offenses, will be released in June.

In a tenement house fire in Pittsburgh, Pa., Mrs. John Enriello was suffocated and four persons were fatally burned.

Fire in the Brownell & Field company's wholesale coffee and spice house in Providence, R. I., caused a loss of $150,000.

Dr. Edwin Klebs, professor of pathology and bacteriology in a Chicago medical school, has discovered the cause of yellow fever.

Lorenzo Barnes was hanged at East Cambridge, Mass., for murdering John Deen, a farmer about 75 years old, on December 17, 1897.

Ex-State Auditor Eugene Moore was arrested in Lincoln, Neb., charged with stealing $30,000 in fees from insurance companies while in office.

John Charlton, for nine years a member of the board of United States Indian commissioners, died at his home in Nyack, N. Y., aged 68 years.

Joseph Cature, William Sutton and William Mafit were arrested at De Soto, Mo., on a charge of making and circulating counterfeit money.

"Kid" McCoy, of Indiana, champion middle-weight pugilist of the world, defeated Nick Burley, of California, in Hot Springs, Ark., in the second round.

Negotiations have been begun looking to the purchase by the navy department of several ironclads and some of the larger class of torpedo boat destroyers.

EDITOR HEDLEY ACQUITTED.

Jury Returns Verdict in Bunker Hill Homicide Case.

Carlinville, Ill., March 5.—The jury in the Hedley-Richards homicide case Friday morning returned a verdict finding Editor F. Y. Hedley, of Bunker Hill, not guilty. On the first ballot the jury stood seven for acquittal and five against. The second ballot was the same. On the third there were eight for acquittal, on the fourth nine and the fifth, taken at three o'clock, was unanimous for acquittal. The jurymen say the woman in the case was simply a side light.

Indicted.

Chicago, March 7.—Dudley Winston, president of the Chicago civil service commission; ex-Mayor Washburne, a member of the commission, and Adolph Kraus, ex-president of the body, have been indicted by the grand jury on charges of violation of the law. Robert Lindblom, a board of trade man and member of the civil service commission, was also indicted, charged with running a bucket shop. All were released on bail in the sum of $1,000 each.

Swept by Cyclone.

Mozambique, March 7.—Advices just received here from the island of Mayotta, Comoro group, says Mayotta was swept by a cyclone during the night of February 27. The government buildings were partly destroyed, many of the native villages and crops were destroyed and large numbers of people were killed or injured. Many of the sufferers were left without any shelter and are now suffering from famine.

Masons Honor Maine Victims.

Mexico City, March 7.—The lodge of survey, held by the masons Friday night in honor of the masons who perished in the Maine explosion, was very numerously attended. It was held in obedience to a joint call issued by the native Spanish lodge and the Mexican lodge. It was attended by all lodges working under the grand symbolical diet of Mexico.

Gave Himself Up.

Cincinati, March 7.—Sherwood S. Cunning, teller of the First National bank, who was arrested for embezzling $30,000 of the bank's funds, gave himself up late Saturday night. He had been released on bond, and his bondsmen have since desired to be released.

Death of a Jurist.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 4.—Judge Chase Vanderburgh, a native of Saratoga county, N. Y., a resident of Minneapolis since 1856 and for ten years a justice of the supreme court of the state of Minnesota, died at his home here from blood poisoning.

Strike Ended.

Biddeford, Me., March 7.—The strike of the 3,500 employes of the Pepperel and Laconia cotton manufacturing corporations, which began January 17, has been declared off.

Death of an Inventor.

Reading, Pa., March 7.—James H. Carpenter, inventor of the Carpenter projectile, died here Sunday night of pneumonia, aged 51 years.

WHAT CONGRESS IS DOING

Proceedings of the Fifty-Fifth National Assembly Now in Session in Washington.

THE RECORD OF EACH DAY BOILED DOWN

Important Measures in Both the Senate and the House Are Passed and Others Are Under Consideration—Busy Days at the Capital for Our Lawmakers.

Washington, March 2.—A resolution was passed in the senate yesterday for the erection of a bronze tablet in Washington to the memory of victims of the Maine. The bankruptcy bill and the Alaska homestead and right of way bill were debated. Senator Platt introduced a bill to regulate the issue of circulating notes by state banks of deposit and discontinued.

Washington, March 3.—A favorable report was made in the senate yesterday on the joint resolution for an investigation of the recent killing of the colored postmaster at Lake City, S. C. A long debate took place on the Alaskan homestead and railway right of way bill.

Washington, March 4.—In the senate yesterday the house amendments to the bankruptcy bill were nonconcurred in, and a conference committee was named. The resolution for a congressional investigation of the murder of the postmaster at Lake City, S. C., was referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

Washington, March 5.—The senate yesterday passed the bill extending the homestead laws and providing for right of way for railroads in the district of Alaska.

Washington, March 8.—The session of the senate yesterday was devoted to consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. Senator Allen (Neb.) presented the petition of 18,000 railway men of Pennsylvania in favor of legislation to prevent the abuse of the writ of injunction.

In the House.

Washington, March 2.—In the house yesterday the Loud bill relating to second-class mail matter was discussed, and during the debate an attempt to make a political speech was stopped by Speaker Reed, who announced that hereafter he proposed to hold members strictly to the subject under consideration.

Washington, March 3.—The house spent the time yesterday in debate upon the Loud bill relating to second-class mail matter.

Washington, March 4.—The Loud bill to correct alleged abuses of the second-class mail matter privilege was laid on the table in the house yesterday by a vote of 162 to 119.

Washington, March 5.—In the house yesterday the pension and consular and diplomatic appropriation bills were passed and sent to the president. At the night session 32 pension bills and nine relief bills were passed. Adjourned to the 7th.

Washington, March 8.—The bill providing for two additional regiments of artillery was passed in the house yesterday. Mr. Cannon (Ill.) introduced a resolution appropriating $50,000,000 for the national defense, and Mr. Norton (O.) introduced a resolution for the consideration of a joint resolution to recognize the independence of the republic of Cuba.

Offer a Reward.

Washington, March 5.—At yesterday's cabinet meeting a reward was offered from the special agent of the post office department on the killing of Baker, the colored postmaster at Lake City, S. C., and in view of the peculiar circumstances connected with the murder, and the enormity of the crime, it was decided to increase the government's reward to $1,500 for the arrest of the criminals.

Tragedy in Iowa.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., March 7.—While out walking Sunday night, and apparently without cause, Alfred S. Healy, about 25 years old, shot and instantly killed Miss Libbie Braischamel, a girl about 15 years old, and then sent a bullet crashing through his own head, inflicting a wound which will prove fatal.

Iowa Miners.

Oskaloosa, Ia., March 5.—The Iowa miners effected a state organization yesterday. S. P. Boyce, of Des Moines, was elected president. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the action of the Chicago miners' and operators' meeting and the eight-hour day and an advance in wages were favored.

Notorious Woman Shot.

San Francisco, March 8.—Mabel Keating, the "queen of pickpockets," was shot and fatally wounded in San Francisco by Jerry Sullivan. It is said she secured $80,000 at the world's fair in Chicago.

Sent for Life.

Creston, Ia., March 7.—Fred Fivecoats and Frank Jackman were sentenced here to imprisonment for life at hard labor for attempted train wrecking. Both are young men.

Sent to Prison.

Ottawa, Ill., March 4.—Charles Gildeon, who shot and killed Andrew Rollo at Ogdesby last September, was found guilty Monday night. He was sentenced to 14 years in the penitentiary.

Fire Losses in February.

New York, March 8.—The fire loss of the United States and Canada during the month of February amounted to $12,639,300, against $8,676,750 in the same month last year.

Two Men Drowned.

Fall River, Mass., March 7.—Michael Callery and William Tope were drowned off Spar island Sunday by the capsizing of their row boat.

STATE WITHIN A STATE.

A Slav Community in the Duchy of Saxe-Altenburg.

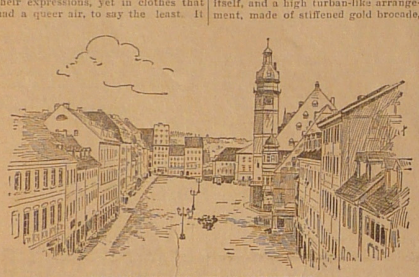
Although the Altenburgers Now Speak the German Language, They Cling to Ancient Racial Customs.

(Special Berlin Letter.)

Years ago I once stood in front of a bookstore on the Rue Madelaine, Paris, and looked, like a throng of people beside me, at the display of photographs in the show window. There were the "illons" of the day, the celebrities of the hour, the successful politicians, the most enticing danseuses at the Folies Bergires, the noted actors and actresses, all at so many francs each—their likenesses I mean, of

AN ALTENBURG BEAUTY.

course. There were also views of fine scenery, of the Alps and Apennines and in exotic countries. There were, besides, pictures of Turks, of Samoans, of Circassians in their native costumes, and among them all there were also a few which showed people of a different type than the rest, people who looked civilized, to judge by their faces and their expressions, yet in clothes that had a queer air, to say the least. It



THE MARKET SQUARE AT ALTENBURG.

amused one to listen to the comments of these blase Parisians anent these last-mentioned pictures.

"They're Turks," said some.

"No, they're a wild tribe from the Caucasus," said another.

"You're mistaken, monsieur, those are natives of Holland," quoth a third.

And so the guessing went on. None of them guessed aright. None knew the truth. I said nothing, though I did know. For these pictures showed types perfectly familiar to me, since I had once been in the little country they hail from. The pictures are not those of Turks, nor of anything like them. They were, on the contrary, the faithful reproduction of the features and costumes of a small people domiciled in the very heart of Germany—a duchy of about 400 English square miles, called Saxe-Altenberg, highly civilized at this present day, though it is inhabited by an alien race which has preserved many odd customs as well as their peculiar dress.

Curious Altenburg! Its population is purely Slav, as much Slav as is that

A GROUP OF ALTENBURGERS.

of Poland and Russia, yet 600 years of German domination has driven out the Slav tongue once universally spoken there. The soil of the little land is exceptionally fertile, so much so that all the dire oppression of centuries ago by the then autocratic lords of the manor has not been able to destroy the property of the peasants of this region, who count among the wealthiest and most purse-proud of all Germany. On market days, when the peasants flock to the big square at Altenburg or Ronneburg, it is a sight to watch them.

They came driving four-in-hands, or comfortable-looking coaches, drawn by horses that show coats shining as silk. They sell their wheat and rye, their fatted oxen and calves, their pigs and their wool at prices over which they never allow any haggling. Then, business concluded they repair to the beer houses and old-fashioned taverns close by, carrying their bagfuls of gold and silver—they never take paper—with them. And then you may see the ancient Slavic vice, if gambling is indulged in—with a passion and persistence, a cold-blooded daring, which cannot be overtopped even by the most expert poker fiend in America. They're proverbial all through Germany for that. Often, very often, they play for such high stakes that not alone the proceeds of the crop just sold are lost at a protracted sitting, but thousands of marks besides. When they play they always have the cash piled up on the table, gold and silver, and for new resources they go to those inexhaustible bags of theirs. A week ago I read of a case where one of these Altenberg peasants, a wealthy one, lost 65,000 marks (or about $16,000) at one sitting lasting from Saturday noon until the following Monday. And they never "flunk," these fellows. Never a case known where they have appealed to the courts or to the police afterwards. The game played all through Altenburg almost exclusively is "skat," the most interesting of all card games. They are, in fact, the inventors of the game of "skat," and such is its hold on those once acquiring a knowledge of it (for it is as difficult to learn as it is varied) that they are hardly ever known to abandon or forswear it again.

To-day "skat" has spread all over Germany and wherever Germans reside in other countries. National congresses are held to fix or alter the rules of the game from time to time, and the man who is known as the first inventor of the game will have a monument rising in his honor on the city market square of Altenburg itself before long, as the money for the purpose is already collected and the sculptor is now working on it.

Queer, isn't it?

Another odd feature of Altenburg life is the costume of the peasant classes. From the accompanying pictures an idea may be gained. But a few words in further explanation may not come amiss. There are visible distinctions in the get-up of the married and unmarried females, of the peasant owner class and of the mere farmers or rural laboring masses, these distinctions consisting in the hue of their apparel, in the form and numbers of the buttons, and in the headgear. The latter is, perhaps, the oddest feature, for it consists of three parts—two gayly-colored silk scarfs worn round the head itself, and a high turban-like arrangement, made of stiffened gold brocade, etc., worn over them, with long, fine ribbons to tie around the chin. Then all the women, too, wear not skirts, but a blouse and knickerbockers in one, fastened in front by buttons, and an apron, usually of striped silk, hangs down from waist to knees, but not covering the back.

It cannot be truthfully maintained by the present scribe that, judged from the aesthetic point of view, this is a very becoming costume, and I have often seen the small boy following such Altenburg women (who are much sought after for wet nurses by the wealthy merchants of Leipsic) in the streets of large cities, hooting and yelling at the droll aspect. Nevertheless, it is true that many of the Altenburg girls are quite pretty, despite their dress. The peasant boys and men of this part wear a costume which is very much like that of the well-to-do Polish peasants, with a curious little, round felt hat and a long coat, nearly always in black or brown.

He who thinks that these Altenburg peasants are fools—perhaps because they sometimes look a little that way in their strange gear—labor under a misapprehension. On the contrary, they are shrewder and brighter than the average peasant in Germany. Many of them take a course in the higher schools of Leipsic, or perhaps a year or two at the university, and then they contentedly return home to till the paternal acres for the rest of their days, as their forbears have done for lo! these many centuries back. But in their homes, old-fashioned and rustic as they look, you will miss few evidences of a higher civilization, and while their daughters often play the piano to perfection and sing well, their brothers and sons have, in the library or in the parlor, a store of good books to inform their minds, and politically considered, the little duchy is among the most progressive and liberal in Germany.

WOLF VON SCHIERBRAND.

Was Very Considerate.

Mrs. Beeson—George, why that makes you so quiet when you're out in company? You sit around like a dumb person. Why don't you talk more?

Mr. Beeson—My dear, I do talk when I am out alone. I was quiet this evening because I thought it wouldn't be just the thing for one family to monopolize the conversation.—Washington Post.

Not Losing Time.

"Did you win dat cake by walkin' foh it?" inquired Mr. Erastus Pinkley's friend.

"No, 'ndeed," the answer. "Walkin's too slow foh me. I picked de cake up an' run."—Washington Star.

Hard to Understand.

Mrs. Beacon—I do not see how Eve could ever have married Adam.

Mr. Beacon—Why not?

Mrs. Beacon—He was positively without ancestors.—Harlem Life.

SPECULATES BY PROXY.

How One United States Senator Makes Lots of Money.

Memories of Some of the Great Men of Long Ago—True Story of the Famous Dog Fight at Gilead.

(Special Washington Letter.)

Fortunate circumstances and valuable acquaintances have much to do with success or failure. At the base of all life structures there must be ability and forcefulness of mind; but circumstances of a favorable nature frequently bring out qualities which might otherwise be not only latent, but dormant.

There is a man in this city who has become wealthy mainly because of his association with a distinguished member of the senate. He is a man of shrewd business ability, and, being now well started in life, is fully competent to manage his affairs wisely and aggressively. When he first came to Washington from a little town in the interior of his state, he engaged in some real estate deals with the senator's capital. He was careful and successful. It soon became apparent to the senator that the man could be trusted, and so for many years he has handled the property of the senator in his own name, and has invested his own money with that of his patron, so that they have both grown richer and richer year by year.

It is not generally known that the senator is a wealthy man, because all the big transactions in real estate have been carried on in the name of the agent. But the senator is several times a millionaire, and the real estate dealer is worth more than half a million.

Twelve or more years ago the agent bought nearly a square mile of acreage property in the District of Columbia, subdivided it and sold town lots on long time to government clerks and others, but withheld the major portion of it from speculation. To-day there is a cable car line, and also two electric car lines, through the property. On a half acre of the original tract the real estate dealer has erected a chateau which is one of the notable pieces of architecture in the national capital. The senator and his friend are growing old together, and it is said that during the many years of their association, there has not been a single flaw in the harmony of their relations in business and friendship.

The Dog Fight in Gilead.

Ex-Congressman Dougherty, of Florida, was recently in the city and narrated an interesting reminiscence. He said: "When I was a member of the house of representatives our debates were sometimes so exciting as to be almost dangerous. When Pettibone, of Tennessee, wanted to fight with me I merely laughed at him and told him that these wrangles in the house of representatives reminded me of the great dog fight in Gilead. You must understand that Gilead is a great place for meetings in Florida, and about 14 years ago at one of the big meetings there was a dog fight, from which all other events date in that section since that time. The citizens there will tell you that this, that and the other thing occurred the year after, or the year before, the dog fight at Gilead. All the dogs go to church in that country, and so did my little 20-pound bulldog.

"When I went to the big meeting, as I entered the door a lot of dogs were lying around there, and one big fellow collared my dog. A lot of fellows rushed up and began kicking those dogs to make them let go, but they might as well have kicked against a stone wall. Before we could get them separated the 20 or 30 other dogs lying about the floor had jumped in for a hand in the fight, and for awhile there

THE DOG FIGHT AT GILEAD.

was the liveliest dog fight that ever took place inside the walls of a church. Finally I got my dog loose and took him away and tied him up to keep him from getting into another row. When I got back I found that all the men were fighting, too, so I rushed in to try to make peace, but before I knew what had happened I was knocked out three or four times. There was the liveliest time you ever saw in that church for awhile, and when it was over there were more bunged-up men and scared women and slightly damaged chewed-up dogs, in every direction than you ever saw. I tell you, the dog fight at Gilead was a tremendous affair, and I always think of it when the house gets into a wrangle; only it makes me sorry to think they don't chaw each other's ears more than they do."

Memories of Famous Men.

"I have seen all of the statesmen of two generations," says Herman Slaught, of Michigan. "I have lived long in the land, and am hale and hearty to-day because I am temperate in all things. I have seen statesmen come flashing above the horizon, growing brighter until they reached their zenith, and then fall with a thud out of sight and out of public mind. I was here in Washington when President Pierce was inaugurated. He was a very popular man, polished, scholarly, cordial, and a perfect picture of manly and soldierly perfection. I have never seen so handsome a man. Daniel Webster was the greatest man I have ever known. He was a strong man, a recognized leader, and as proud as Conkling ever was, but he avoided the extreme of vanity, so that he was never regarded as too proud of himself or of his position.

"John C. Calhoun is erroneously regarded as a cold man by the present generation. I do not understand how that impression ever became prevalent. As a matter of fact, John C. Calhoun was one of the most entertaining and fascinating conversationalists of his age, and every man who called upon him received a warm welcome. He used to have apartments on C street, near the old National hotel, where Clay lived and died. His speeches and writings indicated that he was a true intellectualist, but his personality does not show in them. He was warm-hearted and generous to a fault.

"I am glad to know that the character of Stephen A. Douglas is properly appreciated, and that he will have a good page in history. He was a born leader of men and loyal to his country. His death was a great blow to the cause of the union. If he had lived, the southern confederacy would soon have learned that no aid or encouragement to secession would have come to them from the northern democracy. He had a large following in the south as well as in the north, and his influence would have been as mighty as an army. Senator Tom Benton, of Missouri, was too bitter and sarcastic in his utterances to become great or popular. I have observed that the statesmen with the sarcastic tongues are the ones who fail in their most cherished ambitions; and when they are gone, people seem to be glad to get rid of them."

A Historical Nose Pulling.

The only official from the white house who ever had his nose pulled in the capitol was a son of President Adams. The incident is narrated in the Washington Telegraph, a newspaper which

PULLING HIS NOSE.

was published at the time, and advocated the election of Gen. Jackson. It seems that young John Adams was a rather imperious, self-conceited sort of a fellow, possessed, however, of a great deal more than ordinary ability, and that he insulted a man named Jarvis at one of the white house receptions. Jarvis sent a note challenging the young man, but he declined to pay any attention to it. About a month later, when John Adams went to the capitol to deliver messages from the president to each house of congress, after having delivered that which was addressed to the speaker of the house, as he was going through the rotunda to the senate he was overtaken by Mr. Jarvis, who pulled his nose and slapped his face. Although President Adams notified congress of the insult which was offered to his special messenger, nothing ever came of it.

Burnside's Greatest Speech.

An old employe of the senate to-day told a secret of an ancient executive session. Senator Burnside, of Rhode Island, favored the confirmation of a young man who had been appointed to an important consulate, and Senator Conkling opposed the confirmation. The speech of Senator Conkling was very severe, and, although Burnside had always been friendly with Conkling, he became impatient, angry and irritated. He frequently interrupted Senator Conkling, until the senator from New York became personal in his remarks. Gen. Burnside became so angry that in spite of the fact that he stammered frightfully, he delivered the greatest speech of his life.

Senator Conkling said: "If this were a less important consular office I would vote for confirmation, upon the recommendation of my friend, the senator from Rhode Island. But the mission is too important to confide to so young a man. New York is a great commercial commonwealth, and I must consider her interests."

Then he launched into an eulogy of New York, her vast enterprises, her great merchants and other great men. As Burnside continued his interruptions, Mr. Conkling inveighed against the littleness of Rhode Island, her little business, her little territory, little men, "including the men she sends to the senate."

Burnside thereupon became furious. He said: "Mr. P-p-p-pprres-id-dent. Mr. P-p-pres-id-dent. Oh! that I had the tut-tut-tongue of B-b-blaine."

SMITH D. FRY.

Kept Running.

"Their marriage was a runaway match, wasn't it?"

"Twice. He first ran away with her and then ran away from her."—N. Y. Evening Journal.

Circumstances Alter Tempers.

"They say Warmly's temper is absolutely uncontrollable."

"Well, that depends somewhat on the size of the other man."—Chicago Journal.

MINNESOTA STATE NEWS

Narrow Escape.

Salvadore Dadario, the four-year-old son of an Italian laborer at St. Paul, had a narrow escape from drowning. According to the father's story, the child was pushed over the bank into the Mississippi river by Angelo Macci, the nine-year old son of a neighbor. The child was saved from being carried beneath the ice by Nuncia Catini, another flat dweller, who rushed into the river and seized the child's clothing. The infant was taken home and resuscitated, but is severely ill.

Trees for Schools.

The state Forestry association offers to send a small package of box elder seeds to any teacher or pupil of any public school in the state who will send 3 cents to pay postage. The Tree Planter, which gives full directions how to plant them, will be sent for an additional 5 cents. The object of the offer is to encourage the planting of trees. Address H. W. Barrett, acting secretary Minnesota State Forestry association, Browns Valley, Minn.

Officers Elected.

At the grand encampment of the state I. O. O. F. the election of officers resulted in the elevation of the following: R. E. Patterson, Duluth, grand patriarch; M. C. Kelsey, Sauk Center, grand senior warden; Robert Romick, Lake City, grand high priest; S. W. Burgess, Mankato, grand junior warden; J. D. Two, Minneapolis, grand representative; S. E. Ferrel, Minneapolis, grand scribe; F. N. Ware, Winnebago City, grand treasurer.

For the Cubans.

A shipment of 15 tons of provisions left Minneapolis, with Cuba as the destination. This amount was made up by the commission men of Minneapolis. Some time ago the commission men passed resolutions expressing sympathy for the Cubans and sent them to congress; now they have shown their feeling in a more substantial form. The car was made up of beans, peas and dried meats.

Mortar Carriage.

The third of the big mortar carriages which are being built for Uncle Sam by the American Hoist and Derrick company, of West St. Paul, has been shipped to Portland, Ore. The immense machine was loaded at the derrick company's yards upon a specially constructed flat car, while an additional car was used for the fittings, equipments, etc.

Death Ensued.

Carl Huhn, a medical student at the state university, died at his home in Minneapolis from blood poisoning. The accident which had such a terrible result occurred Feb. 23. Mr. Huhn and his classmates were holding a post mortem examination, in which he took an active part. During this examination Mr. Huhn pricked one of his fingers with an instrument that was being used.

Statement of Fees and Taxes.

Insurance Commissioner Dearth has filed with the secretary of state the statement of fees and taxes collected by his department during February. The fees amounted to $6,847.20 and the taxes to $50,611.02. The taxes represent the business done in Minnesota during the year by stock, fire and marine companies, and is at the rate of 2 per cent per annum.

News in Brief.

Some unknown brute took cowardly revenge upon James Madigan of St. Paul by driving two five-inch nails in the quick of the left fore foot of each of his two horses.

State Superintendent Pendergast has announced the semi-annual apportionment of state funds for public school purposes at the rate of 80 cents per pupil.

Lewis Johnson, a farmer near Red Lake Falls, attempted suicide by jumping into a well. He repented and kept his head above water until rescued.

Willie Howard, a 12-year-old colored boy, broke through the ice on the Mississippi river at St. Paul. But for the heroism of one of his companions, Harry Clark, also colored, he would have drowned.

Fred Peterson, aged 17 years, living near Tyler, was killed by the accidental discharge of a revolver in the hands of his 14-year-old sister.

Martin Wenzel, living near Breckenridge, burned a straw stack. About noon his 6-year-old daughter was playing around the embers and her dress caught fire, burning her terribly about the lower limbs and waist. She lived for twelve hours, suffering terrible agony.

The Red Wing city council decided to submit a proposition to vote $15,000 bonds for the erection of an armory and city hall combined.

The drainage of the Red river valley, the plan for which had its origin in Crookston, is to receive its first full exemplification in Polk county. The Polk county commissioners have authorized the construction of five canals and the aggregate cost will be $150,000.

The press room of the Duluth Evening Herald was damaged by fire to the extent of $3,000.

Dogs of Charles Dabelstein, of Pleasant Valley, killed a wildcat that was one of the largest ever seen in that section. The fight between the cat and the dogs lasted for nearly an hour. It is believed that the killing of the cat explains the sheep depredations in Pleasant Valley for several weeks past.

The contract has been let for the scaffold on which John Moshik is to be executed at Minneapolis. The contract was let to a contractor named Smith for $58, and calls for the preparation of the of the timbers and lumber outside of the prison, everything to be made ready and set up at the proper time.

February was four degrees warmer than the average February for thirty-three years. The mean temperature was about the same as that of last year, being 19 degrees above zero.

Auger's cigar factory at Preston, with 25,000 cigars, was burned. Loss, $1,000.

NINE PERSONS DROWNED.

The Schooner Speedwell Capsizes in a Gale on the Florida Coast.

Key West, Fla., March 4.—The schooner Speedwell, Capt. Collier from Marco, Fla., for Key West, was struck by a squall Thursday while off Marquesas, 18 miles from here, and capsized. Nine persons were drowned. Among the victims were three children of Capt. Collier, and the entire Nichols family, consisting of father, mother, grandmother and three children. The family of Nichols was from Bridgeport, Conn.

The Nichols family is said to have been well to do. All had been staying for a month or two at a small hotel kept by Capt. Collier, at Marco, and they were on their way home.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Sudden Call Comes to the Mayor of Jacksonville, Ill.

Springfield, Ill., March 8.—Andrew Holly, mayor of Jacksonville, Ill., was found dead in bed at the Nicholas hotel here at 4:30 Monday morning. Mayor Holly came to the hotel Sunday morning and in the evening left an early call to return home. When he could not be awakened, Clerk Parrish forced the door and found him lying on the bed, in his night shirt, dead. It is supposed heart disease was the cause. The members of the family were notified by wire and are here to accompany the remains home in the evening.

END OF INDIAN HEAD.

Famous Indian River Landscape Blown Up with Dynamite.

New York, March 5.—Indian Head, the principal promontory in the Hudson river palisades, was blown up yesterday. The cliff rose 200 feet from the water's edge. This was done to furnish crushed stone for roadways.

Indian Head got its name because observers fancied that it had the appearance of an aboriginal chieftain brooding over the departure of his race and the encroachments of civilization. The spot has always been famous as one of the most beautiful along the rugged banks of the Hudson.

ASPHYXIATED.

Aged Couple Found Dead in Their Home in Mentor, O.

Ashtabula, O., March 8.—At an early hour Monday morning Mr. and Mrs. Justin Alexander, an aged couple residing at Mentor, near here, were found dead in their home by a washwoman who called at the house. Receiving no response to her rapping she looked through the window and saw the dead bodies of the aged couple lying on the floor, death having been due to asphyxiation caused by escaping gas from a hard coal stove. Both had been dead several hours.

FATAL SHOTS FOR TWO.

Charles W. Wood Kills Irene Breider and Himself.

Ottawa, Ill., March 7.—Charles W. Wood, of Chicago, shot and killed Irene Breider and then fatally wounded himself here just after Friday midnight in the woman's apartments. The assailant died an hour later at the Ryburn hospital. Jealousy probably caused the tragedy. A letter found in the woman's room indicates that the couple had agreed to die.

Four Drowned at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, March 4.—As the Bostonia steamed out from her wharf Thursday night for Louisville eight colored roustabouts were thrown into the river. Four were rescued and four were drowned. The dead are: Millard Dancy, Louis Jackson, Louis Miller and William Van Dike, all of Louisville. They leave families. The gang plank broke. Ten other roustabouts were starting on to the plank when it broke.

Cut in Two.

Burlington, Ia., March 7.—Lieut. Frank Kalke, of the United States army, commandant at the Iowa Wesleyan university at Mt. Pleasant, attempted to board a freight train here at 2:50 in the morning, missed his footing and was completely cut in two at the waist. He leaves a wife and two children at Mount Pleasant.

More Trouble for Spain.

London, March 8.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Hong Kong says that a fresh rebellion has broken out in the Philippines and that 53 Spanish soldiers have been killed. No further details are known at Hong Kong.

THE MARKETS.

New York, March 6.		
LIVE STOCK—Native Steers	$4 40	@ $5 10
Sheep	4 00	@ 5 85
Hogs	4 20	@ 4 40
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents	5 00	@ 5 60
Minnesota Bakers'	4 40	@ 4 60
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1 07½	@ 1 07¾
MAY	1 09½	@ 1 10¼
CORN—No. 2	27½	@ 27¾
MAY	28½	@ 28¾
OATS—No. 2	21½	@ 22
BUTTER—Creamery	19	@ 20
Factory	11	@ 15
CHEESE—Part Skims	4	@ 5
EGGS—Western	11	@ 12
CHICAGO		
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	$3 70	@ $5 60
Texas Steers	3 75	@ 4 65
Stockers	3 25	@ 4 25
Feeders	4 10	@ 4 50
Bulls	2 70	@ 3 60
HOGS—Light	$3½	@ $3½
Fair to Choice Heavy	3 90	@ 4 00
SHEEP	4 00	@ 5 00
BUTTER—Creamery	17	@ 20
Dairy	12	@ 20
EGGS	9½	@ 10½
CHEESE—Full Cream	9½	@ 9¾
POTATOES (per bu)	54	@ 60
PORK—Mess, May	10 17½	@10 40
LARD—May	5 12½	@5 17½
RIBS—May	5 05	@ 5 12½
FLOUR—Patents	4 60	@ 5 00
Straights	4 40	@ 4 50
GRAIN—Wheat, May	1 07½	@ 1 08¼
Corn, May	29½	@ 30¼
Oats, May	26½	@ 26¾
Rye, No. 2	45	@ 45½
Barley, Choice to Fancy	38	@ 40
MILWAUKEE.		
GRAIN—Wheat, May	$1 02½	@ 1 03
Rye, No. 1	49½	@ 50
Barley, No. 2	41½	@ 41¾
DETROIT.		
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red	$ 98½	@ 98¾
Corn, No. 2	32	@ 32½
Oats, No. 2 White	26½	@ 26¾
Rye, No. 2	52½	@ 52¾
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE—Native Steers	$4 40	@ $5 50
Texas Steers	3 40	@ 4 50
Stockers and Feeders	3 50	@ 4 75
HOGS—Packers	3 80	@ 4 00
Butchers'	3 95	@ 4 05
SHEEP	4 00	@ 4 30
OMAHA.		
CATTLE—Native Steers	$3 80	@ $4 90
Cows and Heifers	2 50	@ 4 00
Western Steers	3 50	@ 4 50
HOGS	$3½	@ $3½
SHEEP	3 00	@ 4 25

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

J. D. C. GOTTRY, Editor and Prop.

TERMS: $1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered at the Pine City Post Office as Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY MINN., MARCH 11, 1898.

SEEN THE CITY.

The Wednesday evening Minneapolis Journal brings the following information: Tiring of waiting for the city to take any action on the famous bill for "extras," the Minneapolis and Kettle River Sandstone company has formally begun a suit against the city so collect its bill, which amounts to $8,791.73. The complaint was served late yesterday afternoon. Benjamin Davenport and Martin Ring waited on the waterworks commitee yesterday afternoon to talk over the bill, but the aldermen did not want to talk, as the subcommittee was not yet prepared to submit a complete report.

The populist editors who are declaring that the Rothschilds will not let Spain fight on account of their holdings of Cuban bonds are probably paving the way for a belated connection of the Maine disaster with the crime of '73.—Minneapolis Journal.

The present generation has never witnessed such an outburst of patriotism as was displayed in Washington this week, when the Cannon bill, appropriating $50,000,000 for national defense was pending in Congress. The history of this bill is decidedly unique in American legislation. It passed both House and Senate without a dissenting vote, and in such an incredibly short time that the European powers may well stand in awe of a nation—able and willing to pour out its treasure and blood if necessary, in the defense of its flag. The sum appropriated is immaterial, it is the spirit in which it was accomplished, which bears significance. The leaders of all factions in Congress, have placed themselves on record as being willing to provide funds in any sum and at any time they may be called for. It is in such times as these that men learn patriotism, and discover how much the honor of their national flag means to them.

It is said that the supreme court of the United States has reversed the Courts of Utah, and holds the Utah eight-hour labor law constitutional on the ground that it is a reasonable exercise of the police power of the state for the protection of the health of the people. That settles the fate of eight-hour laws in the United States. Our courts having approved of them, the only thing which will prevent the passage of similar laws in other states will be the inactivity of labor organizations before elections, and they are unusually active at that time, as a general thing.

The rumor that Secretary Sherman is about to resign and that Senator Davis will be appointed as his successor has again been given publicity, but it is positively stated by those in a position to know, that Senator Davis would not relinquish his seat in the Senate for the State portfolio. When Senator Davis leaves the Senate, it will probably be to fill the office of President, to which his many friends hope to see him elected at the close of McKinley's second term.

Congressman McCleary doesn't speak very often in Congress, but when he does, he is worth listening to. His speech on the bill appropriating $50,000,000, rang with such utterances as this:

"This nation is great. It is so great that it can afford to be deliberate. It is so great that it can be magnanimous in its interpretation of the acts of even a foe. It is too great to have any fear, except that of doing wrong.

Every voter in Minnesota expresses his preferences at the caucus of his party this summer, there will be no talk of machine politics after the state Convention has nominated its ticket. Do your duty at the caucus as conscientiously as you do at the polls.

Contrast the condition of the United States treasury at the present time with its condition under the Wilson-Gorman tariff bill, oh ye free-traders and contemplate on the error of your ways.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, March 7th, 1898.

President McKinley is proud of the patience and forbearance displayed by the American people during their trying wait for the verdict of the Naval Court of inquiry that is investigating the Maine disaster, in the face of many unjustifiable and inflammable publications, though he is not surprised. He knows that whatever may be said or done by a few individuals that the great mass of our people realize that it would be as great an insult to the brave officers who compose that Court to take action in advance of the report of the Court as it would be to a judge and a jury of any other court to take an accused murderer in the midst of his trial and lynch him. Every preparation that wisdom and patriotism can suggest is being made to place our military and naval forces in a position to meet any emergency that may arise. If there is to be war, we shall be ready for it and we shall win.

Another step forward was taken by Speaker Reed when he ruled that it was a violation of order for a member to get the floor, when the House was sitting as a committee of the whole for the purpose of speaking upon a bill under consideration and then to make a speech upon something entirely foreign to the bill. Because it is an old custom for members to utilize any old bill that happened to be out as a basis for a partisan political speech, is no reason that it is right. Of course, the democrats claim to see in this ruling a fresh attempt on the part of the speaker to suppress free speech, but it was nothing of the sort. As Representative Dingley stated, after the democratic howl which followed the application of this ruling by Representative Payne who was presiding over the House sitting as a committe, the enforcement of the rule against irrelevant debate was necessary to correct a growing evil and to expedite public business. It does not interfere with the making of political speeches; only confines their making to proper times.

President McKinley and every member of his cabinet feel great indignation at the disgraceful affair at Lake City, South Carolina, which resulted in the murder of the postmaster and one of his children, and the wounding of three others, an official report of which has been made to the postoffice department. At the last Cabinet meeting it was unanimously decided to increase the Government's reward to $1,500, for information that will lead to the conviction of the perpetrators of the cowardly and dastardly crime, and that all the facilities of the postoffice Department and the Department of Justice should be utilized in the effort to run down the murderers.

The Senate committee on civil service, which made an exhaustive investigation of the subject, has reported in favor of removing from the classified service all deputy collectors of internal revenue, store-keepers and gaugers, and all deputy collectors of customs. The report also adopts the contention of Senator Pritchard, chairman of the committe that the Government printing office was never legally put within the classified service and is not, by right now in that service.

The delay in getting a special rule which was made necessary by democratic objections when unanimous consent was asked, reported to the House from the committee on rules for the consideration of the bill for the enlistment of two additional artillery regiments has not been caused by opposition to the bill on the part of republican members of that committee, as has been declared by sensation mongers. No republican member of the committee is opposed to the bill, but all of the republican members of the committee were opposed to any precipitate action, such as would cause the country to get the idea that the bill was an emergency measure, whereas it is only carrying out the requests of the War Department several years old. A rule will be reported and the bill will be passed.

It has been discovered that some democratic members of the House are resorting to questionable methods of making friends of old soldier voters in their districts, by grossly misrepresenting the attitude of the administration and of the republican leaders of the House towards individual pension bills. A letter written by Representative Brucker of Michigan, which is now in Washington, to a constituent for whom he has introduced a pension bill, contains half a dozen wilful misstatements that the writer will doubtless hear from quite often should he be renominated by the democrats of his district.

A map of Alaska, showing the known gold-bearing rocks, with a pamphlet describing geography, geology and gold deposits, together with routes to the gold fields, has been published, in accordance with a joint resolution of Congress, by the U. S. Geological Survey, copies of which may be obtained free by writing to one of your Senators or to your Representative.

ANOTHER PERSON TALKING THROUGH HIS HAT.

It is a peculiar idiosyncrasy of the partisan newspaper press to constantly assert in the face of all figures to the contrary that the present Dingley tariff is producing a surplus of revenue over expenditures. That such is not the case every well informed man knows and as the truth will out sooner or later it would seem advisable on the lowest ground of mere business expediency to state existent facts accurately and be spared the humiliation of recanting in the future what has been asserted in the past. We particularly recommend this advice to our esteemed contemporary, the Pine County Pioneer.—Isanti Co. Press

LIST OF PATENTS

Granted to Minnesota inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C:

Andera Anderson, Nelson, sled-propeller; Jno. C. Burns, Hopkins, stable appliance; Cornwell P. Chase, Minneapolis, permutation lock; Oliver Crosby, St. Paul, coal chute; W. A. Holgate, Duluth, combined case and cigar-tip cutter; Anthony W. Menk, Minneapolis, chain and sprocket wheel for bicycles; Caroline E. Miller, Minneapolis, skirt guard; Wm. T. Sumners, St. Paul, coin or check control bicycle rack.

For copy of any of the above patents send 10 cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

—For Sale—A good farm of 227 acres within one mile of this village. A snap for some one--Enquire at this office for particulars.

TREASURER'S AND AUDITOR'S REPORT.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Pine.

Statement of exact amount of money remaining in the Treasury of Pine County on the 28th day of February, 1898, to the credit of the following funds, viz:

State funds	$ 502.50
County funds	968.97
Town funds	4.25
School funds	591.92
Tax collections	13,565.58
	$15,637.22

Consisting of

Cash	$ 150.83
Bank Deposits	14,876.37
Town and county orders	46.76
Drafts and checks	561.26
	$15,637.22

Dated at Pine City, this first day of March, 1898

G. J. ALBRECHT,
County Treasurer.
D. GREELEY,
County Auditor.

LANDS FOR SALE.

The Following Lands are for Sale at Fair Prices, Viz:

West half (W½) of southeast quarter (SE¼) Section eight (8), Township forty (40), Range twenty-two (22).

The east half (E½) of the northeast quarter (NE¼), and the northwest quarter (NW¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section twenty-two (22). Township thirty-nine (39), Range twenty-two (22).

The northwest quarter (NW¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section twelve (12). Township thirty-eight, (38). Range twenty-two (22).

The southwest quarter (SW¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼), and the northeast quarter (NE¼) of the northwest quarter (NW¼) of Section thirty-two (32), township forty-one (41), Range twenty-one (21).

The west half (W½) of the northeast quarter (NE¼), and the southeast quarter (SE¼) of the southwest quarter (SW¼) of Section thirty-four (34). Township forty-one (41) Range twenty-one (21).

Address
THE ST. PAUL TRUST COMPANY,
Endicott Building,
St. Paul, Minn.

First publication March 4, '98-14.

Order to Examine Accounts, Etc.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Pine.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 28, 1898.

In the matter of the estate of Myrtle A. Hunt, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John W. Hunt, Administrator of the estate of Myrtle A. Hunt, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition be heard by the judge of this court on Monday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate office, in the Court House, in Pine City, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Pine County Pioneer, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Pine City, in said county.

Dated at Pine City, the 28th day of February A. D. 1898.

By the Court,
(Seal) E. VERNHOVEN,
Judge of Probate.

The Pioneer Press.

"OLDEST AND BEST."

With the SPECIAL CABLES OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The full service of the ASSOCIATED PRESS

and its PRIVATE NEW YORK WIRES.

PRINTS THE NEWS

12 to 24 Hours Ahead

of any Northwestern Newspaper.

First publication March 11, '98, 14

Order For Hearing Proof of Will.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Pine.

In Probate Court
Special Term, March 9, 1898.

In the matter of the estate of Elisha W. Sloan, deceased.

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Elisha W. Sloan, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court:

And whereas, Laura L. Sloan of Pine county, and state of Minnesota, has filed there with a petition, representing, among other things, that said Elisha W. Sloan died in said county on the 6th day of March, 1898, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said Last Will and Testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to her issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this Court, at the Probate Office, in said county, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest, the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Pine County Pioneer, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Pine City, in said county.

Dated at Pine City, the ninth day of March, A. D. 1898.

By the Court,
(Probate Seal) E. VERNHOVEN,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Pine. }
District Court, First Judicial District.

In the matter of
the Grindstone River Improvement } Order.
Company.

Upon reading and filing the Petition of Henry D. Davis and others, stockholders in the Grindstone River Improvement Company, wherein it is alleged among other things that the said Grindstone River Improvement Company is a corporation duly formed under and by virtue of the laws of the state of Minnesota, and that said petitioners constitute a majority in number and amount of the members and stockholders of said corporation, and that the business contemplated by said corporation was prosecuted until the year 1894, by which time substantially all of the logs and timber upon the banks of the Grindstone River, in the state of Minnesota, and its tributary streams, had been cut and driven down said river, so that thereafter there was and has been no further use or demand for the exercise of the rights granted to said Grindstone River Improvement Company under and pursuant to its articles of incorporation, and since which time said corporation has continued to exist in name only, and wherein said petitioners pray that judgment be entered adjudging that said Grindstone River Improvement Company be dissolved; and that such further and other relief in the premises be granted, as may be legal, just and proper

Now, on motion of Markham, Moore & Markham, attorneys for said petitioners, it is hereby ordered that all stockholders, members and creditors of said corporation, and all persons in any way interested in its property and assets, show cause, if any they have, at a general term of this court, to be held at the Court House in Pine City, in the County of Pine and State of Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 12th day of April, A. D. 1898 at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

It is further ordered that service of this order be made by the mailing of a copy thereof by some officer of said corporation to each and every stockholder thereof, whose name and address appears on the books of said corporation, or is known to such officer, except those who have signed said petition, and also to each and every person claiming to be a creditor of said corporation, whose name and address is known to such officer, on or before the first day of March, A. D. 1898, and that a copy of this order be published once in each week for six successive weeks in the Pine County Pioneer, a weekly newspaper printed and published in Pine City, in said county of Pine, and state of Minnesota, the first publication to be in the issue of Friday, February 25th, 1898.

Dated February 21st, 1898.

By the Court:
F. M. CROSBY,
Probate Judge.

MARKHAM, MOORE & MARKHAM,
Attorneys for Petitioners,
Germania Life Ins. Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

First publication Feb 11 '98. 16

Summons

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Pine. }

DISTRICT COURT, }
First Judicial District. }

Philip L. Kramer, Plaintiff,
vs.
Joseph Gray, William Tierney, and also all other persons and parties claiming to be a creditor of said corporation, whose name and address is known to such officer, on or before the first day of March, A. D. 1898, and that a copy of this order be published once in each week for six successive weeks in the Pine County Pioneer, a weekly newspaper printed and published in Pine City, in said county of Pine, and state of Minnesota, the first publication to be in the issue of Friday, February 25th, 1898.

Dated February 21st, 1898.

By the Court:
F. M. CROSBY,
Probate Judge.

MARKHAM, MOORE & MARKHAM,
Attorneys for Petitioners,
Germania Life Ins. Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

First publication March 11, '98 14

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Pine.

Default having occurred in the terms and conditions of that certain written contract for the sale of the following described lands situate in Pine county, Minnesota, to-wit:

The west half (W½) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) and the southeast quarter (SE¼) of the northwest quarter (SE¼ of NW¼ of Section) thirty-four (34) Township forty-one, (41) Range twenty-one (21) West, containing one hundred and twenty (120) acres, according to the government survey, be the same more or less, subject, however, to the right of way of the Minneapolis & St. Croix Railroad, as now operated over said land, and subject to public highway two rods in width along the north line of the northwest quarter (NW¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of said land for public use, which said contract bears date July 1, 1896, and was executed by John D. Ludden, of St. Paul, Minn., and delivered to Frank A. Wakefield, of Wahnwan County, Minn., and by reason of said default.

Notice is hereby given to the said Frank A. Wakefield, that the vendor in the said contract named, hereby exercises his right to declare the cancellation, termination and forfeiture of said contract as provided by statute, and that said cancellation, termination and forfeiture shal. take effect on May 19, 1898.

JOHN D. LUDDEN.

PINE CITY DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal.—Services every Sunday morning at 10:30; evening at 7:45. Everybody invited.
Rev. H. Taylor, Pastor.

Presbyterian.—Services every Sunday. Morning at 10:30, evening at 7:30. Everybody is cordially invited.
Rev. P. Knudsen, Pastor.

Seventh Day Adventist.—Regular services every Sabbath. Sabbath school at 11 o'clock a. m. Other services immediately following. No regular pastor.

German Evangelical Lutheran.—Services every alternate Sunday at 10 a. m. Evening services every third Sunday in the month at 7:30 p. m. Ladies' Society last Sunday in each month at 2:30 p. m. C. Abel, Pastor

St. Mark's Church—First and third Sundays services regularly, 8 a. m. Low Mass, High Mass at 10:30. Second and fourth Sundays Low Mass at 10 a. m. Week day Mass at 8 a. m. Sunday school every Sunday at 3 p. m. Vespers at 7:30 p. m.
These hours are subject to change.
Rev. T. L. Rabsteinek Priest.

SOCIETIES.

Pokegama Lodge No. 76, K. of P.—Meets every Saturday evening in Castle Hall. Visiting Knights are welcome.
Jas. M. Ward, C. C.
D. Feerley, K. R. S. & S.

Pine City Lodge No. 167, A. O. U. W.—Meets every Monday evening in Kowalke's hall. All visiting workmen are welcome.
A. H. Lambert, M. W.
W. J. Rath, Recorder.

Pine City Camp No. 428, M. W. A.—Meets every Monday evening in Kowalke's hall. All visiting neighbors are welcome.
Robt. Wilcox, V. C.
E. L. George, Clerk.

Lake Tent No. 85, K. O. T. M.—Meets on first and third Tuesday of each month, in the K. of P. hall. All visiting Tentners are welcome.
A. E. Webber, Com.
C. E. Erickson, R. K.

Teutonia Aid Society.—Meets on the last saturday evening of each month in Kowalke's hall.
Wm. Hintzen, Pres.
Frank Goltz, Sec.

B. F. Davis Post No. 137, G. A. R.—Meets the first Monday of each month in G. A. R. hall.
Robt. Greig, Com.
J. F. Stone, Adjt.

VILLAGE OFFICERS.

President ..... J. Y. Breckenridge
Councilmen.—E. A. Hough, Geo. Vercoe, Julius Dose, Robt. Wilcox, H. Spohr
Recorder ..... J. W. Axtell
Treasurer ..... Geo. Kick
Street Commissioner ..... John Sexton
Marshal ..... Jos. Thomas

Postoffice Hours.

Week days from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays from 9 to 10 a. m., and 12 to 1 p. m.
Mail south closes on week days at 12:15 p. m.
Night mail closes for both north and south week days and Sundays at 8 p. m.
J. Y. Breckenridge, P. M.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor ..... Douglas Greeley
Treasurer ..... G. J. Albrecht
Register of Deeds ..... James Wandel
Clerk of Court ..... H. J. Rath
Judge of Probate ..... E. Vernhoven
Sheriff ..... Jas McLaughlin
Attorney ..... A. H. McKusick
Coroner ..... Dr. O. S. Wilkins
Court Commissioner ..... F. Stone
Supt. of Schools ..... Robt. Blankenship
Surveyor ..... A. G. Crocker
Commissioners—Otto Kowalke, chairman; Frank Chmielewski, H. C. Simmons, John Lyden, John K. Anderson.

TOWN CLERKS.

Windermere—A. L. Pearson, Clerk. Moose Lake P. O.
Birch Creek—J. Gust. Swanson, Sturgeon Lake.
Kettle River—Wm. Kyle, Willow River.
Kerrick—Andrew Gilbertson, Kerrick.
Pine Lake—Geo. Beck, Rutledge.
Finlayson—Jas. Kemp, Finlayson.
Dell Grove—Henry Olson, Sandstone.
Sandstone—Howard Folsom, Sandstone.
Hinckley—J. J. Folsom, Hinckley.
Brook Park—J. L. Boucher, Brook Park.
Mission Creek—G. W. Hambleton, Mission Creek.
Pokegama—T. A. Bartlett, Pine City.
Okerawatana—J. M. Collins, Pine City.
Pine City—C. F. Stephan, Pine City.
Royalton—Jos. Bircher, Pine City.
Rock Creek—C. D. Enos Rock Creek.

PINE CITY
LIVRY STABLE
W. P. GOTTRY,
Proprietor,
First-Class Livery Rigs Furnished at any hour.
PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

St. Paul & Duluth Railroad.
Time Table at Pine City.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
No. 5 ..... 2:00 a. m.	No. 6 ..... 4:22 a. m.
No. 3, limited 10:54 a. m.	No. 2* ..... 12:37 p. m.
No. 1* ..... 4:30 p. m.	No. 4 limited 5:30 p. m.
No. 9† accommodation 4:30 p. m.	No. 90* accommodation 7:50 a. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

A. J. Armstrong, Agent
Pine City, Minn.
C. E. Stone, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
St. Paul, Minn.

M. L. Babcock,
Artist.
PINE CITY, MINN.
First-class Photos, 50c per dozen; Cabinets, $2.00.
Gallery opposite Rybak's store.

THE
Pine City
CASH STORE
CARRIES A FULL LINE OF
General
Merchandise,
Boots, Shoes, Etc.
Also Farm Produce, Flour and Feed, Lime and Plastering Hair.
F. J. RYBAK,
Pine City, Minn

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P INE COUNTY PIONEER

PINE CITY, MINN. MARCH 11 1898.

CHIPS AND SHAVINGS.

Local Chips Picked up Around Town and Shavings Clipped From Our Exchanges.

—Watch
—At the
—Bottom of
—J. Y. Breckenridge's
—Large advertisement,
—Found on the first page.
—Each week he will give you
—A valuable receipt. Note one on "How to Clean Paintings."

—See Barney Harris' new add in this issue.

—Try whole wheat flour, for sale by all merchants.

—F. C. Laird spent Tuesday night in this village on business.

—One hundred-bar box of Lenox soap for $2.75, at F. J. Rybak's.

—Don't forget your Fire Insurance. Call on J. Y. Breckenridge.

—Carlson, of Rush City is bound not to be beaten on prices. See his ad.

—Col. W. H. Grant, of St. Paul, has been seen on our streets this week.

—MONEY TO LOAN. In small sums on improved farm lands. Apply at this office.

—Miss Edith Olson of Rock Lake, left for Superior, Tuesday, to spend the summer.

—Will Knight, of Minneapolis, spent Tuesday night in town and took in the play.

—Farm wanted—Send full particulars, price etc., at once. A. H. Russel, Akron, O.

—For Sale—A complete set of Chambers' Encycloyaedia, cheap. Enquire at this office.

—Ed. C. Gottry, of Taylors Falls, spent the time between trains at this place, on Tuesday.

—Try "Whole Wheat Flour." It is something new—manufactured by the Pine City Roller mills.

—Fresh roasted peanuts, all kinds of fruits in their season, nuts and candies, at Jos. Veverka's.

—G. A. Carlson has a new add in this issue; look at it and then make your purchases accordingly.

—The Ladies of Riverside Circle will serve lunch in Pioneer House hall, March 15th, from 4 30 to 6 p. m.

—R. C. Saunders and wife, of Hinckley, came down on Saturday to take in the play given by the home troupe.

—N. A. Critterden is now comfortably situated in his new home in the J. W. Hunt house, which he has rented for two years.

—The warm weather of the past week has melted about all the snow, and if it continues, the green grass will soon be springing up.

—Earl Chaffee left his home at Chengwatana, on Wednesday, for the southern part of the state, where he will spend the summer.

—Services in the German Lutheran church, Sunday morning at ten o'clock. Catechetical instruction immediately after the sermon.

—There's lazy minds as well as lazy bodies. Rocky Mountain tea cures both. Good medicine. Great medicine. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, druggist.

—A man from St. Paul arrived at this place on Tuesday to look over the creamery with the intention of purchasing, if the terms are satisfactory.

—Mr. LeRoy Welty, traveling salesman for the Zenith Paper Co., of Duluth, was visiting his many customers in this village, on Tuesday and Wednesday.

—If thou findest thyself ill, consider whether too much meat or drink occasioned it. Then take Rocky Mountain tea. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, druggist.

—"I eat, drink and sleep well as ever I could." "Well," says the doctor, putting on his hat, "Rocky Mountain tea did that." For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, the druggist.

—She that will eat her breakfast in bed and spend all morning combing her head, had better take Rocky Mountain tea. Gets, em out in the morning. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, druggist.

—Dr. Trowbridge will remain at home until March 24th when she will visit Willow River for two days, but can always be found at her office on the following days of each week Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

—Land seekers are getting quite numerous around here, and we are informed that with the opening of spring, quite a colony of settlers from Iowa are expected and will take up land east of the city.

—The following officers were elected for Pine City town Tuesday: Chairman, J. VanGordon; supervisors, J. Bjorkman, H. Schmehl; clerk, Chas. Stephan; treasurer, D. Grant; assessor, Albert Mann; constable, D. Grant.

—Communion service in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning, March 13th, at 10:30. All members of the church are especially requested to be present. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody. There will be no services in the evening.

—The election in Chengwatana, on Tuesday passed off quietly, the following officers being elected: Chairman, Frank Dusbabek; supervisors, John McAdams and John Tomak; clerk, J. M. Collios; treasurer, John Holler; constables, Alex West and C. Pfelt.

—Services in the M. E. church Sunday morning as follows: Morning services at 10:30, Rev. Mrs. Clulow will preach, subject, "Diligent keeping of the heart." She also preaches in the evening, at 7:45, subject, "Excuses." All are welcome to these services.

—Prof. G. E. Johnson, principal of the Hinckley school, his two assistants, Misses Hough and Almquist, Mrs. Lee Webster, Esther Hawley and a brother-in-law of Mr. Johnson came down to attend the play Saturday and returned on the two o'clock train Sunday morning.

—Senator F. A. Hodge's new house on the point is fast approaching completion, the carpenters having been at work on the inside all winter, finishing it up. When completed, the Senator will have one of the finest houses in this part of the state, it being supplied with all modern conveniences.

—Dr. Trowbridge, the Dentist, for the next 30 days offers a large reduction of prices on all on all work not already contracted for: Teeth per single set, formerly $15.00 now $12.00, teeth per single set, formerly $12.00 now $10.00. Alloy fillings, from 75 cents to $1.00 per cavity, gold fillings a discount of 10 per cent off regular prices.

—The following town officers were elected in the town of Finlayson last Tuesday: Chairman, A. J. Oldenburg; Supervisors, John Wyttenbach, W. G. Sawyer; clerk, C. W. Harris; treasurer, A. Simmons; assessor, J. F. Wilkins; justice, J. McDonald; constables, P. Biloda, A. Bergstrom. Total number of votes cast, 37.

—The subject for debate at the Chengwatana Lyceum on Saturday evening is, Resolved, "That steam power is of greater service to man than horse power." The subject is one requiring deep study on both sides, and should prove very interesting. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present and take part in the debate.

—J. R. Ferguson, secretary of the Northwestern Traveling Library was a caller at the PIONEER Office on Wednesday. He came up to start the library, which is now in running order at the drug store, J. Y. Breckenridge being appointed librarian. This is a good thing and one that has been needed in this place for some time.

—A pleasant surprise was given Miss Edith Olson, last Monday evening, when a number of her Pine City friends gathered at her home near Rock Lake. A happy evening was passed with music and dancing and a bountiful supper enjoyed. It was in the "wee sma' hours" when the party broke up, with many wishes for her future happiness in her Superior home.

—Ed. Erickson, who has been employed as engineer at the Pine City Roller Mill, removed his family to Stillwater, Monday, he having secured a position in a machine shop in that place. Ed. has been here ever since the mill started up and has made many warm friends who friends who are sorry to see him go, but who wish him success, no matter where he may be.

—Eugene Wilcox moved his belongings from Hustletown on Tuesday. He says that he has left that hustling little burg forever, and in about three weeks will pack his turkey and his himself to the balmy state of Washington. We are sorry to lose Eugene, but our loss is Washington's gain and his many friends here wish him success in his new home, wherever it may chance to be.

—Sheriff McLaughlin received orders from Gov. Clough to go to Nickerson and stop the prize fight that is to take place there on Saturday, and giving him authority to call out the state militia, if necessary. The Governor does not know Jim as well as we do, or he would have known that the Sheriff is a host in himself and capable of stopping any number of prize fights single-handed.

—On Monday we received a letter from our old friend Roland Grant, who lived on a farm near Rock Creek until last fall, when he sold out and moved to Cornwall, Ont. From there he has moved to Cardinel, Ont., where he and the boys are employed on the government works. He is very well pleased with Canada, but has not purchased a farm, as yet. He says he likes Canada, but still has a warm place in his heart for Pine County.

—While passing the store of N. A. Crittenden, opposite the court house, stop and see the display of ladies' shirt waists in his window. He has the finest assortment that has ever been brought to this place or in fact north of St. Paul, and he is selling them at prices that defy competition. When in need of clothing, shoes, or anything in the gents' furnishing line give him a call. He will suit you in both goods and prices.

—Quite a pugilistic contest took place on Cross Lake on Monday forenoon, between Earl Chaffee, of Chengwatana, and a Bohemian who lives at the head of Cross Lake. It seems that Mr. Chaffee has a piece of land joining the Bohemian's and he broke into Mr. Chaffee's shanty and took away the door early last fall. When asked who committed the deed, he admitted having done it himself and agreed to return the property, but had not done so. When Earl met him that day and asked him about the door, he became angry and said he never intended returning it. He also abused Earl vilely and finally struck him, whereupon Earl knocked him down and turned to leave him, but the Bohemian followed and struck at him, and Earl knocksd him down again. This happened three times, the Bohemian following each time, when Earl concluded to end the trouble by administering a sound threshing and left him with the understanding that the door was to be returned on Tuesday. We have not heard whether or not he has returned the door, but if not, he had better keep out of Earl's reach.

—The drama entitled "Messmates," given by the school teachers assisted by the local talent on Saturday evening, in Pioneer House hall, was well attended, the hall being packed to suffocation by a large and appreciative audience. The play was rendered in a very fine manner. Some of the actors distinguished themselves and proved beyond a doubt that we have some talent in the town that is hard to beat. Some of the characters were excellent, especially the ones taken by J. Y. Breckenridge, Miss Willson, and Dr. Wiseman, the other parts were taken very well by the balance of the company. The receipts were a little over $46.00. On Tuesday evening the play was repeated and the receipts were a little over $25.00 making about $55.00 to be added to the library fund. It is to be hoped that seeing we have started home dramatics, it will be continued and thus furnish amusement to the citizens of this place. A home troupe will always call out a larger house than any traveling concern, no matter if they do not play quite so well. The lunch that was served after the play was furnished by, Mrs. L. H. McKusick, Mrs. G. J. Alcrecht, Mrs. S. G. L. Roberts, Mrs. F. A. Hodge and Mrs. J. Y. Breckenridge.

THE LAND OF CHRINT.

Under this title, the Passenger department of the Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad has issued a splendid series of views made by the half-tone process from photographs taken in the Holy Land. The subjects embrace people, scenery and cities, as they exist today in that famous country. The work is published in sixteen parts, each containing from twelve to fifteen views. Each picture is fully explained by descriptive reading matter. A sample part will be sent to any address on receipt of ten cents in postage, and the complete set will be forwarded, postpaid, on receipt of 95 cents. Postage stamps will not be received for the full set, but remittance must be made to the undersigned by draft, postal or express money order, or registered letter. This is a rare chance to secure more than two hundred views of the Land of Christ for less than one dollar.

Address GEO. P. LYMAN,
G. P. A., C. B. & N. R. R.,
St. Paul, Minn.

AN OLD COMRADE GONE.

Elisha W. Sloan, who has been sick for the past three months, passed peacefully away at eight o'clock Sunday morning, March 6th, 1898.

Mr. Sloan was born at Hardwick, Mass., March 18, 1837, and went to Ironton, Ohio, in the spring of 1853. From there he went to St. Louis, where he worked in a nail factory for home time, after which he worked on steamboats until 1860, when he came to Rochester, where his parents then lived. In 1861 he enlisted in Company H, 5th Volunteer Cavalry of Iowa, and was mustered out at the close of the war in 1865. He was married on Feb. 11, 1866 to Miss Laura L. Chaffee, and lived on a farm in Olmstead county, until 1871. Since then he has worked at his trade, that of stationary engineer. He worked in Minneapolis until 1887, when he came to Rush City, where he worked in the flour mill until 1892, when he purchased a farm about a mile and a half south of Rush City, near the brick yard, where he lived until July 1897, when he moved to this place, having purchased the A. E. Webber property on the north side of the river, where he passed away. He leaves a wife, one son, Amos, of Rush City, and five daughters, Mrs. Thera Turner, of Little Falls; Mrs. Ayra Peck, of St. Paul Park; Mrs. May Orme, of St. Paul; and Misses Rebecca and Nellie of this place; also four sisters, Mrs. M. Brown, Mrs. J. Door and Miss Marion Sloan, of Rochester, and Mrs. J. K. Stone, of Minneapolis, to mourn his loss, beside a host of friends and comrades.

Mr. Sloan was a member of Custer Post, G. A. R., Rush City, Rush City Lodge No. 42, A. O. U. W., Jasper Lodge No. 164 A. F. A. M.

The funeral was held from the Presbyterian church Tuesday afternoon, at one o'clock, with interment in Birchwood cemetery, Jasper Lodge A. F. A. M. having charge. A large delegation of the Masons and A. O. U. W. of Rush City and the A. O. U. W's. of this place as well as a large concourse of citizens in carriages followed the remains to their last resting place.

The PIONEER joins the many friends of the afflicted family in extending its sympathy.

—The following is a list of the Grand and Petit Jourors, who were chosen to serve at the next term of the District court which sets April 12.

GRAND JURORS.

Gustaf Sandberg	John McGann
Matz Peterson	J. P. Davis
C. H. Enos	Peter Lofdahl
Julius Doscy	Aug. Skog
Fritz DeToy	Wm. Grieninger
Christ Heisler Jr.	John Holin
Paul Johnson	Geo. Stevens
August Axumus	Nels Parsons
Robt. Wilcox	A. P. Erickson
M. C. Deau	Jonas Folsen
Peter Bersett	Albert Upgren
Walter Smith	

PETIT JURORS

Emil J. Sem	John Barret
John Lyden	Y. O. Foster
Olof Erickson	W. H. Nowark
John Denilski	Frank Chmielewski
H. H. Kruse	Martin Doneniesky
Wm. Peters	Frank Simons
John Gilmon	Peter Norell Jr.
John Novak	E. L. Skog
J. H. Stockke	Frank Neffann
Andrew Backstrom	L. C. Simmons
John K. Anderson	Paul Liebau

SCHOOL REPORT

For Month Ending March 4th 1898.

High school—Number enrolled 43, average attendance 34; attending 20 days, 14.

Grammar school—Number enrolled 48; average attendance 39; attending 20 days, 14

Third and fourth grades—Number enrolled 43; average attendance 36; attending 20 days, 15.

First and second grades—Number enrolled 57; average attendance 34; attending 20 days, 18.

Primary—Number enrolled 65; average attendance 45; attending 20 days 8.

"Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure.

Just as the name suggests, this valuable remedy cures certainly and speedily all ailments of the back, kidneys, bladder or urinary passages. It removes sediment from the urine and kidneys, thereby giving you strong, vigorous feeling, where now you feel dull and sluggish. [illegible] ases of weak bladde[illegible] men, has never been known to fail. T[illegible] first bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction. [illegible]eckenridge.

For Sale at a Bargain.

Six head of young horses, also a pony and span of mules; six years old, a wagon, and set of sleds. Good harness goes with each team.

E. L. Wilcox,
Pine City.

Pine City Restaurant and Bakery.

DRY GOODS. CARLSON. CLOTHING.

—RUSH CITY, MINN.—

Have now received our spring stock of dry goods and clothing, and can now show you the most complete line between St. Paul and Duluth; and at prices that will do more than talk.

DRESS GOODS.

150 fancy spring suiting, all new shades, for	12½c
300 plain or fancy suiting, 36-inch wide, for	20c
400 all wool serge, new shades for	35c
600 all wool serge, 42 inches wide, for	45c
25-inch Henrietta, new shades, per yard	20c
20 patterns of silks for waists, 35c quality, per yard	25c
18 patterns of 500 silks, per yard	35c

KID GLOVES.

Ladies' kid Gloves in black, tan, green, brown or ox-blood, $1.00 quality for $1.50; every pair warranted.	
Ladies' kid gloves, 5 hooks, black or tan, $1.25 quality, for $1.00.	

WASH GOODS.

10c dimity, per yard	7c
12c organdies, new patterns, per yard	10c
20c fancy dotted Swiss, new colors, per yd,	12½c
10c duck ginghams, per yard,	6c

New trimmings in braids and Novelts at the lowest prices.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

Have you seen our line of clothing? If you have not, come and look at it and hear our prices, and if we don't have the right goods at the right prices, all we say is, "Don't buy,"

$5 men's black suits, others ask you $5.00 and $6 for same suits; our price,	$4.85
25 men's black worsted suits, regular $7.50 suit; all we ask you is	5.85
25 men's clay worsted suit, regular $10.00 suit; all we ask costs us	6.85
Our regular $12.50 suit in black or fancy plaid; all we ask you is	10.85
Boys' suits at $5.00 and 6.00 go for	4.85
Boy's $5.50, $4.00 and $4.50 suits for	3.85
Children's suits for 75c, 85c, $1.00, $1.25. Up to $5.00 a suit.	
Our new spring stock of men's hats is now in, and will sell you a $1.25 hat, new style, for	.85
Or a $1.75 hat in black only, for	1.35

In fact you can rest assured that our prices are right, and our quality of goods right.

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

Yours to please,

G. A. CARLSON,
Rush City, Minn.

W. F. Glasow

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Pine City Minuesota.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Etc.

Especial attention paid to the farmers' trade. When in city call at the new store and look over my goods and prices and seethe bargains I am offering,

J. A. Franta,

Manufacturer of Harness,

And Dealer in **Trunks, Valises, Etc.**

Horse supplies of all kinds kept constantly on hand
Repairing a specialty,

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

Saint Paul and Duluth Railroad.

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Time Table of Through Trains, Effective October 3, 1897.

NORTH-BOUND. Read Down. No 3. Mixed daily	No. 1 ex Sun.	No. 5 daily	No 7 ex Sun		♣		SOUTH-BOUND Read Up. No 4 Mixed daily	No. 2 ex Sun.	No. 6 daily	No. 8 ex. Sun.
A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.				P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
8 35	1 40	10 45	5 40	....	lv	Minneapolis ar	160	3 15	7 30	9 10
9 00	2 15	11 15	6 05	....	lv	St. Paul U.D. ar	152	2 50	6 30	7 15
....	2 21	11 20	4 14	....		....E. 7th St.	152	2 40	....	7 04
9 14	2 29	11 32	4 20	....		....Gladstone	147	2 30	....	6 58
....	a 2 42	11 47	4 32	....		....Lake Shore	142	a 2 22	....	a 6 41
9 33	2 48	11 53	4 40	....		....White Bear	141	2 20	6 00	6 38
† 7 55	1 45	10 45	4 00	....	lv	..Stillwater..ar	153	3 20	7 15	7 15
....	2 51	a11 59	4 43	....		....Bald Eagle	140	2 15	a 5 55	a 7
....	2 20	a11 11	4 03	....		....Hugo	133	1 08	....	a 6 18
....	2 15	a12 31	5 10	....		....Forest Lake	127	1 54	....	a 5 57
10 00	3 23	†2 41	5 20	....		....Wyoming	127	1 48	a 22	5 47
† 11 20	....	....	6 20	50	ar	Taylors Falls lv	118	11 45	....	4 40
....	3 31	a12 51	....	....		....Stacy	119	1 38	....	a 5 37
....	3 45	a 1 08	....	....		....North Branch	111	1 20	a	a 5 18
....	3 55	1 21	....	....		....Harris	106	1 05	a	a 5 00
38	4 08	1 37	....	....		....Rush City	99	12 37	4 40	4 47
† 11 35	....	....	....	....	ar	Grantsburg lv	116	12 00	....	....
....	4 18	a 1 48	....	....		....Rock Creek	94	12 47	....	a 4 24
10 54	4 30	2 00	....	....		....Pine City	86	12 35	4 30	4 05
....	a 4 42	a 2 13	....	....		....Beroun	83	a12 23	....	a 4 05
....	a 4 48	a 2 22	....	....		....Mission Creek	78	12 17	....	a 3 55
† 11 20	† 5 00	† 2 45	....	....	lv	..Hinckley..lv	76	12 10	† 4 05	† 3 47
....	5 09	a 2 56	....	....		....Friesland	71	11 49	....	a 3 31
....	5 20	3 16	....	....		....Miller	66	11 35	....	3 10
....	5 27	a 3 18	....	....		....Finlayson	60	11 28	....	a 3 00
....	5 38	3 28	....	....		....Partridge	55	11 16	....	2 43
....	5 47	a 3 37	....	....		....Willow River	50	11 08	....	a 2 35
....	5 56	a 3 46	....	....		....Sturgeon Lake	46	10 59	....	a 2 25
....	6 07	a 3 58	....	....		....Moose Lake	43	10 47	....	a 2 05
..a.	6 16	a 4 08	....	....		....Barnum	39	10 40	a	a 1 52
....	6 27	a 4 19	....	....		....Mahtowa	30	10 30	....	a 1 35
12.50	6 55	4 45	....	....		....Carlton	21	10 00	2 40	1 00
† 1 15	....	† 7 30	....	....	ar	..Cloquet..lv	27	9 35	† 2 10	† 5 15
....	4 50	a 4 40	....	....		....Thomson	137	1 50	....	a7 54
....	a 7 05	a 4 57	....	....		....Howell	136	a 9 48	....	a12 26
....	7 14	5 11	....	....		Short Line Park	11	9 35	....	12 28
....	a 7 25	a 5 23	....	....		....Smithville	8	a 9 26	....	a 12 11
....	7 29	8 08	....	....		....West End	5	9 17	....	12 02
1 25	7 33	6 15	....	....		....West Duluth	3	9 13	3 00	† 11 30
1 40	7. 30	5 47	....	....	ar	W. Superior lv	0	9 00	1 50	11 20
....	....	a 6 11	....	....		....Oneota	4	10 12	....	a11 28
....	7 50	6 24	....	....		....20th Avenue	1	9 00	....	a11 25
1 55	7 45	6 36	....	....		ar....Duluth..lv	0	9 00	1 00	11 15
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.

a Stop on Signal. | Refreshments. | Sunday Excepted.

a Stop on signal on Sundays only.

A. B. PLOUGH, Vice-Pres't and Gen. Manager. C. E. STONE, Gen. Passenger Agt.
A. J. ARMSTRONG, Local Agent.

Uncle Wash's Escape

BY NED HUTTON.

ONE night when I sat with old Washington Burns in front of the big fireplace in the old man's home up in Calliway county the conversation languished, and we dropped into a reverie as the logs burned down to glowing coals. A rat began gnawing in the casement of the mantel, and the old man, musing himself and reaching for the tobacco jar, said:

"Thar's Hazel at it again."

I asked: "Is Hazel the rat's name?"

"It shore is, sonny," replied the old gentleman with a chuckle, "an' the way he comes by it is all on account of his liking for hazelnuts as an article ov grub. I've knowed the little varment fer a long time an' fer to kill time I'll jest call him out an' show you his leedle pecoliarity with them nuts."

Uncle Wash crossed to the corner of the room and drew forth a handful of hazelnuts from a barrel. After selecting an iron from a row on the shelf, he sat down in front of the fireplace, clasped the iron between his knees and began creaking them with an old wagon tongue pin, peering over his glasses at the hole in the casement after each nut.

When the click of the iron on the nuts began, the gnawing ceased, and presently the rat appeared at the hole. His shiny eyes surveyed the room carefully and finally settled on the old man. Then he came out on the floor, and advancing to the old gentleman's side climbed up his trouser leg and sat on his knee and waited, watching every move of Uncle Wash's hands with his little, beady eyes.

Uncle Wash cracked a nut and gave the rat the kernel, which the rat quickly disposed of, holding it between his paws while gnawing it. His capacity for nuts seemed unlimited.

By accident I overturned a chair I had been twirling, and the rat jumped from his perch and scampered to his hole in apparent great terror.

"Hazel is mighty pecoliar thataway," said Uncle Wash when he had finished the nuts and was smoking again. "He shore likes hazelnuts, an' will quit eatin' up the house any time fer a mess ov 'em, but fallin' chairs makes him nervous, kinder. Jes' the minute what he hears me crackin' nuts here in front of the fireplace, that air rat'll quit the most important piece of gnawin' he's got on hand an' come pokin' in here for his sheer, but when a racket like that happens, the leedle varment gits in a fidget fer to leave an' he does it in a hurry."

"I recollect once when he comes racin' in here lookin' fer nuts like he did jes' now, an' he run up aginst more'n he bargained fer an' raised a racket that fetched your Uncle Wash outen a difficulty that was a pinchin' him mightily, an' I reckon the rat recollects it, too. It was mighty embarrissin' to the rat, an' to another party who was here present, but it shore tickles your Uncle Wash, an' that's why I think so much ov him."

"Yaas, sir," continued the old gentleman, chuckling to himself. "Yaas, sir, that pore leedle insignificant animal shore saves your Uncle Wash from gittin' married to a widder woman onct on a time, an' on that account I kinder takes pains to look out fer him now, an' sorter comfort him when he gits skeered at chairs or the dogs movin' 'round under the house an' growlin' in their sleep.

"This here widder woman I'm goin' to tell you about was called Mis' Sile by all the neighbors 'round here. Her name I dun fergot now, 'cause I never was much interested in this female nohow, but she uster sign it up at the store as Mis' Silas Madder, after her husband, an' so everybody knowed her as Mis' Sile.

"She was jes' a widder woman fer a leedle while, when the rat averts a catastrophe an' saves your Uncle Wash a-marryin' her. She lives perty near over on the county line, an' her husband was drowned one spring trying to cut ice on the river when they was a thaw goin' on. The ice dun cracked when he was a-sawin' ov it, an' Silas fell in an' was drowned, along with a ice saw that ole Bill Gaines had bought in St. Louis an' had loaned to him. They never found Silas, nor the ice saw neither, an' I guess before Silas had drifted to the mouth of the river that air woman was chasin' over the county lookin' fer another man.

"She looks over all the avaylable fellers in this naik ov the woods, an' it looks like she finally decides ter settle down on your Uncle Wash as a fitten' victim fer matrimony; at least I knows that after that she devotes all her attentions to that end.

"It was about the time that the widder was manooverin' most an' I was a-weakenin' that I forms the acquaintance of this rat. He was kinder like the widder woman; he jes' drapt in, an' findin' the surroundings congenial, natully he stayed here.

"I first notices him one night when I was a-sittin' here like we air now, an' I was jes' passin' the time away crackin' hazelnuts when I sees him stick his head outen the hole down thar in the casin' an' look up at me like he wanted some hazelnuts, too. I rolls a couple along the floor over to him fer to see. It didn't take him two seconds to squat down on his hind legs an' gnaw off a corner of the shell an' reach in with one paw an' git the goody out an' sit thar eatin' it, listenin' between bites to the dogs movin' 'round under the house.

"Natully I takes up with the critter, mere especially since I had heerd the widder say she didn't like rats, an' I feeds him hazelnuts till he's so swelled up he kaint skeeely git back in his hole, an' the next night he comes back agin' an' sits thar eatin' nuts an' listenin' to the dogs.

"The widder woman 'ud come round every onct in a while an' sit an' chatter an' then go away. At night me'n the rat 'ud hold a leedle seance an' eat hazelnuts an' listen to the dogs. Me'n the rat grows more familiar every night an' he finally gits so he comes over to my chair an' climbs up my breeches leg an' digs his paws into my knee so he wouldn't jar off when I'd pound the nuts.

"An' then maybe in the mornin' this widder woman 'ud come drivin' over behind a ole mealy nosed mule an' pester me, askin' whether she'd better plant hog cawn er sweet cawn in the medder land she was breakin' up on her farm, an' she'd sit down here an' talk an' fuss round an' 'declare to gracious,' an' I'd fidget till she run out o' talk an' chatter an' then I'd hitch up her ole mule an' she'd go drivin' hoine, an' then I'd call out the rat and feed him hazelnuts an' enjoy the quiet, 'cause the rat didn't make no noise.

"Well, things run along in that rut fer several weeks, the widder gittin' more familiar an' I more oneasy, an' the rat jes' stayin' where he is, enjoyin' life an' hazelnuts an' provin' a mighty consolation to me. Finally 'long about the June rise in the river, I was haulin' up some driftwood from the river what I had ketched in the backwater, an' the wagon pin broke an' a big water-soaked sycamore log rolled off an' threw me down an' ketched me under it an' broke my laig, besides skinnin' me up considerable. The neighbors heard me holler an' came an' rolled the log offen me an' carried me up here an' they went for the doctor, but afore he got here that daffetched widder woman came sailin' in, right in the middle of all the misery I was a-sufferin' from.

"The widder woman never left the house after that at all, fer she said I'd need some one to tend to me, an' she would be most tickled to death fer to do it, an' the doctor agreed with her, an' so I couldn't do nothin' to stop it, bein' laid up in bed thataway with my leg strapped to a board.

"I dunno whether that laig er the widder discommoded me fer the next few days," continued the old man, "but I do know that this female was powerful irritatin' while I was tryin' to cure it. She had brought a neighbor girl over with her for company, an' she'd sit the girl under sleep in the room yonder this one, where the widder said she could hear me if I got thirsty durin' the night an' wanted a drink; but I uster stand the thirst ruther than have her come in a waylayin' me when I couldn't run, an' so I uster keep quiet. From the time she'd git up an' make the fire for breakfast she'd scold the dogs fer trackin' up the kitchen floor, an' turn the cat out fer the night, an' go to bed. She'd palaver an' talk an' fuss 'round, an' I'd squirm an' kick the kivers 'round with my well foot till the doctors said if I didn't keep still my laig would grow as crooked as the Wess nigger's was, what got broke by the nigger fallin' over a salt bar'l on a steamboat. He uster lean over the side of the bed fer to play dice on the floor with the other niggers who'd visit him.

"One night the widder woman was sittin' by the bed thar by me an' knittin' socks fer winter, an' a-clatterin', when this neighbor girl got to foolin' round an' found a ole meal sack full ov hazelnuts, an' acourse she had fer to fill her apron an' come in to show Miss Sile what she had diskivered.

"'Fer the lands sakes, Maudy, where'd you git 'em?' says the widder, when she sees um. 'Gracious Goshen! but they is jes' what I want! I have heered many an' many a time that hazelnut ile is jest the very best thing fer to make things heal right up,' sez she. 'I'll sit right down here an' crack 'um, an' in the morning I'll make some ile fer Mr. Barnes what'll fetch his limb all right in a jiffy,' sez she. An' she got a iron offen the sheff an' flopped down in a chair an' begun crackin' nuts an' a-gabbin'.

"She was a chatterin' along when I notices the rat stick his head outen the hole an' look 'round. Hazel heered the crackin' ov the nuts, an' he was shore hungry fer some ov 'em an' had come out to investigate. I knowed what'd happen, so I jes stuffed a corner of the kivver in my mouth to keep from laffin' an' watched the critter.

"The rat looked 'round a couple ov times like his appetite was affectin' him, an' then he took a run fer to climb up on ole Miss Sile's knees, jes' like he uster on mine, an' I ducked under the sheets an' listened. The rat never took into account no female attire evidently, an' that's where he missed it.

"I heered a screech an' a crash an' the widder woman went backward over her chair, the hazelnuts in her apron fallen like rain all round the room. When I peeped out she was a-gettin' up an' she grabbed the iron an' lammed it at Hazel jes' as he was a-divin' in his hole, an' she turned on me where I was all doubled up in bed laffin' an' she lambasted me till she got so het up she couldn't talk no more, an' then she struck out afoot fer home, the neighbor child a-trailin' along behind. An' then I picked the hazelnuts outer the bed where they was a-gougin' me, an' had another fit laffin'.

"I liked to starved to death lyin' there alone afore anybody found me, but I put in the time jollifyin' an' tryin' to coax the rat outen the hole by tappin' with my pipe, but he was too skeered to come.

"Timally this Wess nigger come over to borrow a fish trap an' found me, an' he staid with me after that till I got well, but it was many a day afore Hazel 'ud come outen his hole, an' when he did he was skeery. Even now, when he hears a chair fall over, he gits up an' dusts, jes like you seen him."—St. Louis Republic.

—William Henry Domville, who has just died in London, was associated with Huxley, Tyndall and others in the formation of the Sunday Lecture society and the movement for getting the national museums and art galleries opened to the public on Sundays.

A WORD OF ADVICE

To Those Coming to Alaska or the Yukon Country, or to Texas.

One thing should be impressed upon every miner, prospector or trader coming to Alaska, to the Klondike, or the Yukon country, and that is the necessity for providing an adequate and proper food supply. Whether procured in the states, in the Territories, or at the supply stores here or further on, this must be his primary concern. Upon the manner in which the miner has observed or neglected this precaution more than upon any other one thing will his success or failure depend.

These supplies must be healthful and should be concentrated, but the most careful attention in the selection of foods that will keep unimpaired indefinitely under all the conditions which they will have to encounter is imperative. For instance, in making with baking powder must be relied upon for the chief part of every meal, imagine the helplessness of a miner with a can of spoiled baking powder. Buy only the very best flour; it is the cheapest in the end. Experience has shown the Royal Baking Powder to be the most reliable and the trading companies now uniformly supply this brand, as others will not keep in this climate. Be sure that the bacon is sweet, sound and thoroughly cured. These are the absolute necessities upon which all must place a chief reliance, and can under no circumstances be neglected. They may, of course, be supplemented by as many comforts or delicacies as the prospector may be able to pack or desire to pay for.—*Alaska Mining Journal.*

A book of receipts for all kinds of cookery, which is specially valuable for use upon the trail or in the camp, is published by the Royal Baking Powder Company, of New York. The receipts are thoroughly practical, and the methods are carefully explained, so that the inexperienced may, with its aid, readily prepare everything requisite for a good, wholesome meal, or even dainties if he has the necessary materials. The matter is in compact though durable form, the whole book weighing but two ounces. Under a special arrangement, this book will be sent by miners or others who may desire it. We would recommend that every one going to the Klondike procure a copy. Address the Royal Baking Powder Co., New York.

A PRETTY INCIDENT.

The Kindness of a Spanish Lady to a Lone Soldier Boy.

A recent traveler in Spain describes a touching scene witnessed at the departure of a regiment for Cuba. All day long there had been heard the measured tread of soldiers marching through the street; all day long gayly bedecked boats had been passing to and from the vessel that was to take them to Havana. The twilight began to deepen when the correspondent saw a "startling and pretty sight"—the impetuous action of a portly, good-looking and well-dressed lady, who noticed a young soldier walking dejectedly along down the pier in his traveling gray, with a knapsack strapped over his shoulders. All the rest of the men had friends, their novias, mothers, relatives, and made the usual gallant effort to look elated and full of hope. This lad had no one, and it might be divined that he was carrying a broken heart over the seas. The handsome woman burst from her group of friends, took the boy's hand, and said: "My son has already gone to Cuba. He is in the regiment of Andalusia, and sailed two months ago. You may meet him, Pepe G.; take this kiss by proxy." She leaned and kissed his cheek."

An English boy would have shown awkwarness, but these graceful southerners are never at a loss for a pretty gesture and a prettier word. The boy blushed with pleasure, and still holding the lady's hand, said with quite natural gallantry, without smirk or silly smile: "And may I not take one for myself as well, senora?" The lady reddened, laughed a little nervously, and bent and kissed him again to the frantic applause of soldiers and civilians, while the boy walked on, braced and happy.—Blackwood's Magazine.

He Had Flung Up.

The superior court was in session and the little mountain town was crowded with people. Along about the middle of the day when the judge was worried with a tedious trial, Bill Williams, of the Lick Creek settlement, began galloping up and down the streets on his little red mule, firing off his pistol, whooping like a Sioux, and otherwise dispensing the energy which a liberal supply of corn liquor had inspired.

"Mr. Bailiff," commanded the judge, sternly, "go out and arrest that man and bring him into court."

The bailiff went timidly out of the courtroom and the judge attempted to proceed with business. But Williams' racket outside did not cease. It grew worse and the judge looked over the room for some one else to send out, and observed the bailiff sitting complacently on one of the back seats.

"Look here, Mr. Bailiff, why did you not arrest that disorderly man? Are you not an officer of the court?"

"Y-y-es," replied the bailiff, quaking with fear, "I wuz, but I've done flung up."—Atlanta Journal.

Her Gentle Reminder.

"Grace," he began, "between you and me—"

"Bob," she interrupted, "between you and me there should be nothing."

And what could he do, in face of this, but move up to her end of the sofa?—Ainslee's Magazine.

Geniality.

A quality often found in men whose whole mental and physical organizations are kept vigorous by diligence and temperance, and in simple minded men who love fun and comfort without falling into vice or folly.—Judge.

FARM AND GARDEN.

POULTHY YARD HINTS.

A Few Reliable Health and Disease Indications.

When fowls are judiciously fed, made to take exercise, and their quarters kept clean and free from filth, there is comparatively no trouble with sickness, except in cases of contagion.

When the combs and wattles of the fowls are of a bright red color, it indicates the condition of good health.

When the fowls are busy scratching, the hens laying and singing, and the cocks crowing, these are signs of good health.

When you can enter the hen house after dark and hear no wheezing, it proves there are not any roupy fowls in the flock.

When the manure is hard, and a portion of it white, it indicates a healthy condition of the digestive organs.

When the edge of the comb and wattles are a purplish red and the movements sluggish, there is something wrong.

When fowls lie around, indifferent to their surroundings, they are too fat, and death from apoplexy, indigestion or liver complaint will result unless the trouble is corrected.

When the fowls are restless and constantly picking their feathers, they are infested with vermin.

When young poultry, especially ducklings, appear to have a sore throat, and swallowing is difficult, it is the symptom of the large gray lice on the neck.

If the fowl has a bilious lock, with alternate attacks of dysentery and costiveness, it is suffering with liver complaint. A lack of grit, overfeeding and idleness will cause this trouble.

A hospital should be a part of every poultry yard. As soon as fowl gets ill, remove it to the hospital and commence doctoring it at once. The trouble with far too many is that they wait until the disease is in its advanced stages before giving medicine. A very sick fowl is difficult to cure, and when cured it is seldom of value afterward.—Rural World.

SQUABS FOR MARKET.

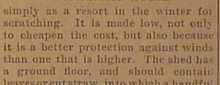
How to Raise Them Successfully on the Poultry Farm.

At this season squabs are very high and frequently bring 50 cents each at retail. The wholesale price ranges from $2.50 to four dollars a dozen. A pair of pigeons will produce from six to ten pairs of squabs a year. They are not profitable if permitted to fly at large, as boys, hawks, and other enemies destroy them, but can be made to pay if kept in a suitable building with a wire-covered yard. A house eight by 12 feet, and a yard 100 feet long, 20 feet wide and 12 feet high, will serve for 20 pairs. The food should be wheat, bread, cracked corn, fresh meat (chopped), seed of any kind, finely-chopped grass and clover, ground bone, etc. A box of ground meat, one of ground bone and one of pulverized charcoal should be kept conveniently for them, with fresh water at all times. Put high and low roosts across the pens and hang a salt codfish for them to pick at will. A point in keeping pigeons is that the sexes must be equal, as an extra male will break up the matings. Only an expert can tell the cocks from the hens when the birds are quiet. They must be kept clean and free from lice.—Farm and Fireside.

CHEAP BUT USEFUL.

A Comfortable Poultry House and Scratching Shed Combined.

The design of poultry house is one containing large windows to admit plenty of light and sunlight during the day. It may be of any size. A feature is the small and low shed, which is intended



COMBINATION HOUSE.

simply as a resort in the winter for scratching. It is made low, not only to cheapen the cost, but also because it is a better protection against winds than one that is higher. The shed has a ground floor, and should contain leaves or cut straw, into which a handful of millet seed should be thrown as an inducement for the hens to scratch. The roof and sides of both the house and shed may be covered with tarred paper or some similar roofing material which will permit of the use of cheap lumber in its construction.—Farm and Fireside.

Beginning with Poultry.

A writer advisca a beginner if he has $1,000 to put only half of it into the poultry business at first. We would advise him to start with little or no capital—at most, very little. Get a few hens and hatch the flock. One does not need costly henhouses, bone cutters, incubators and so on to start with. Many of the most profitable flocks have never seen anything of these luxuries. Most farm flocks are kept in the barn with the other stock, though shut away from it, and as to bone cutters, etc., no barn flock needs them. We vote the one who starts with a large capital. One of the strongest points in favor of poultry keeping is that it requires very little capital.—Dakota Farmer.

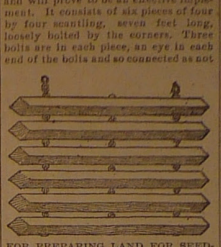
How to Keep Chicks Healthy.

Charcoal, crushed oyster shells and stone grit should be kept in small shallow boxes where the chicks can help themselves. Feed often, but only what the chicks will eat up clean in say, five minutes, and keep the feed tray and drinking fountain as clean as soap and hot water (occasionally) can make them. The practice of dumping a lot of food down on the ground or on a dirty board is poor economy. It will save time, but it will not save the chicks. Keep the coop clean by thoroughly cleaning it out every day and be sure there are no lice.—Agricultural Epitomist.

RUBBER AND EVENER.

Good Implement for Preparing Land for Seeding.

In preparing land for corn culture, the land rubber illustrated herewith may be made at home at but small cost and will prove to be an effective implement. It consists of six pieces of four by four scantling, seven feet long, loosely bolted by the corners. Three bolts are in each piece, an eye in each end of the bolts and so connected as not



FOR PREPARING LAND FOR SEEDING.

to hold each piece of scantling rigid. One bolt is placed in the center; the others one foot from each end. Chains from the outer bolts of the front scantling are brought together and serve as a place of attachment for the whiffletree. The front cutting edges of each scantling are protected and their efficiency aided by having them bound with flat iron two inches wide and one-quarter inch thick. This size rubber is found to be heavy enough and well adopted for ordinary work, but if made of pine or any light wood it will require weighting.—S. N. Cox, in Farm and Home.

TANNING FUR SKINS.

An Operation Requiring Some Care and Experience.

Soak the skins until soft, remove superfluous flesh and soak in tepid soft water one hour. For each skin make a solution of one-half ounce of borax, three-quarters ounce saltpeter and one-half ounce globular salt. Dissolve or moisten with soft water sufficient to spread on the flesh side of the skin. Put on with a brush, taking into consideration the varying thicknesses of skins and apply accordingly. Keep in a moderately cool place for 24 hours, when the skin is to be washed clean. Then take one ounce sal soda, one-half ounce borax and two ounces hard soap, melt together, taking care not to bring to a boil. Apply the heated mixture to the flesh side and keep in a warm place for 24 hours. Wash the skins clean and apply two ounces saleratus, three quarts hot soft water, four ounces alum and eight ounces salt. Dissolve in water. When sufficiently cool to allow handling without scalding the bare hand allow the skin to remain in this mixture for 12 hours. Afterward wring out the moisture and allow 12 hours to dry. Finish by pulling and working and finally by rubbing the flesh with sandpaper or pumice stone.—G. H. Hapgood, in Farm and Home.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Cultivate the corn before it is up.

Get the implements ready for spring work.

Clover will run out the common weeds.

Alfalfa is not satisfactory in the middle west.

On poor soil sow wheat a little thicker than on good.

Orchard, timothy, blue grass and clover make a good pasture.

Wire fencing is so cheap that there is no excuse for lack of fences.

Fermenting and heating in the mow are what make clover hay dusty.

Black loam earth, in a dry state, is just as good an absorbent as plaster.

Clover, clover and more clover with all the stock you can keep, will bring up a worn-out farm.

If the land is level three inches of fine pulverization of the soil is believed to be best for conservation of moisture.

There is a very general opinion among corn growers with whom we talk that we plant too thickly for best results.

Old straw stacks may be spread on the pastures in spring to advantage. It is a mulch and prevents too close cropping.

If cattle are turned on topped dressed pasture before the grass gets a good start and before there has been a good rain, it will be offensive to them.—Western Plowman.

The Use of Fertilizers.

You cannot, by the use of commercial fertilizers alone, make your land rich. Indeed, if they are ignorantly applied, the result will be the impoverishment of the soil. If you add ten dollars to your bank account and check out $20, you know the result. In like manner, when you use a small quantity of your fertilizer, it grows a vigorous plant, which enables it to gather fertility from the soil largely in excess of the materials added by the fertilizer. Judiciously used, they are a great boon to the farmer. But, I repeat, the best method for obtaining the phosphates and potash salts is on the pea and clover crops. It insures, as a rule, a fine crop of these renovators. — Southern States Farm Magazine.

Ashes with Stable Manure.

It may seem strange to advise applying wood ashes unmelched to stable manure just before it is plowed under. Yet this is often a good thing to do. While exposed to the air, especially if the manure be wet so as to leach the ashes, there will be some loss of ammonia. But so fast as the manure and ashes are turned under this waste of ammonia ceases. The ashes cause the manure to ferment rapidly, and in contact with the soil none of the ammonia will be lost. In fact, much of it will combine with the potash in the ashes, forming a nitrate of potash, which is the most effective manure known.—American Cultivator.

Florida and South-Dixie Fast Fleets.

Double Daily Sleepers between Nashville and Jacksonville, via Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon and Tifton. Buffet Sleeper between St. Louis and Charleston, via Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Augusta. For information, concerning rates to Winter Resorts, Land and Homeseekers Excursions South, Sleeping Car reservation, etc., apply to W. L. Danley, N. W. Agt. 238 Marquette Bldg., Chicago; J. H. Mettler, S. W. P. Agt. Box 699 St. Louis, Mo. For pamphlets regarding lands and resources of country traversed by Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway, address J. P. Ludlow, Immigration Agent, Room 75 Chamber of Commerce, Nashville, Tenn.

We can see no sense in having shoe strings long enough to reach clear around one's legs.—Washington Democrat.

Pres. McKinley Vs. Free Silver.

A battle of giants is going to take place this summer on 30,000 farms in America, not in talk or votes, but in yields. Salzer's new potato marvels are named above, and he offers a price for the biggest potato yield, also $400 in gold for suitable name for his corn (17 inches long and 2 inches in diam.) Only seedsmen in America growing grasses, clovers and farm seeds and selling potatoes at $1.25 a bushel. The editor urges you to try Salzer's Northern-grown seeds, and to

SEND THIS NOTICE WITH 10 CTS. IN STAMPS to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for 11 new farm seeds and potatoes, 10 to get a start, and their big catalogue. x 7

The man who regulates his wife generally has one daughter who can regulate him. —Chicago Record.

Dandruff is disgusting, an evidence of lack of proper treatment of the hair. There is a way to take care of the hair and to prevent dandruff; to make the hair soft and silky; to preserve it; to cleanse the scalp and keep it always in a healthy condition. Those who are interested should send for a pamphlet on the subject which Joseph Burnett Co., 37 India St., Boston, Mass., send free upon application.

You can't tell how little a man knows by his size.—Washington Democrat.

Cold? Stiff as a poker. Use St. Jacobs Oil. Limber as a whiplash. Cured.

Blood Humors

Spring is the Cleansing Season—Don't Neglect Your Health

You Need to Take Hood's Sarsaparilla Now.

Spring is the season for cleansing and renewing. Everywhere accumulations of impurities are being removed and preparations for the new life of another season are being made. This is the time for cleansing your blood. Winter has left the blood impure. **Spring Humors,** Boils, pimples, eruptions are results. Hood's Sarsaparilla expels all impurities from the blood and makes it rich and nourishing. It builds up the nervous system, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, gives sweet, refreshing sleep and renewed energy and vigor. It cures all spring humors, boils, pimples and eruptions.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

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Keeps both rider and saddle perfectly dry in the hardest storms. Substitutes will disappoint. Ask for your Fish Brand Pommel Slicker; it is entirely new. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

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AN OVERWORKED BRAIN.

From The Record, Pierceton, Ind.

Determined to rise in his chosen profession as an educator, Ernest Kemper, of Pierceton, Ind., overtaxed himself mentally and physically. He was ambitious, his mind was always on his work. From early morn until late at night he continually pored over his books.

"Burned the candle at both ends" Few persons, even with the strongest constitutions, can keep up under such a strain. In addition to his studies, Mr. Kemper was teaching a school some three miles from his home. Finally, his excessive study and the exposure of going to and from school in all kinds of weather undermined his health.

He was taken to his bed with pneumonia and his overworked brain almost collapsed. For several weeks he was seriously ill.

Catarrh had taken root in his system and his mind was in a deplorable condition. He was sent to Colorado where he spent three months without receiving any benefit. Then a noted specialist from Cleveland treated him without avail, and then a hospital in Chicago was tried, but all absolutely without benefit. Finally his physician recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and from the first box he began to improve. When he had taken nine boxes he was completely cured. This famous blood and nerve medicine had accomplished what all his former expensive treatment failed to accomplish. Mr. Kemper says his catarrh has entirely left him; he is strong again and weighs nine pounds more than he ever did. He gives the pills the entire credit. He is starting teaching again and feels abundantly able to continue the work. To prove that the above is true in every respect, Mr. Kemper makes an affidavit as follows:

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 10th day of September, 1897.

R. P. WATT, Notary Public.

We doubt if there will have an equal in all the range of medicine, for building up a run down and debilitated system.

Overstudy.

The mind requires not, like an earthen vessel, to be kept full; convenient food and aliment only will flame it with a desire of knowledge, and an ardent love of truth.—Plutarch.

BEETS AS LARGE AS YOUR ARM.

The editor of the "Brown City (Michigan) Banner" recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and speaking of a garden that he saw in the Edmonton district says:

"On August 23d we had the pleasure of visiting the model seven-acre garden at Edmonton owned and operated by Donald Ross, a typical Scotchman, and as whole-souled, good-natured old gentleman as you often meet. He gave the Yankees each a hearty handshake as we were introduced in succession by the Canadian Government Agent, who was our guide and pilot while at Edmonton, and to whom we are indebted for many courtesies conferred. Mr. Ross informed us that he cleared from $800 to $1,000 annually from the sale of roots, vegetables, flowers and plants. We here state that we never before saw such a growth of vegetables at that season of the year. He said that he raised 750 bushels of onions to the acre. Beets were growing as large as your arm, turnips the size of one's head, and cabbages as large as a patent rail. Following are the prices that Mr. Ross gave us as received for his produce: Beets 50 cents per bushel, carrots 40 cents, onions $1.25, turnips $5, cabbage 4 cents each, green corn 25 cents per dozen, tomatoes $1.50 per bushel, potatoes 35 to 30 cents, cauliflower $1.00 per dozen, cucumbers 15 cents per dozen, strawberries 25 cents per box, squash 4 cents per pound, and other produce in proportion. He kept a hot-house 12x180 feet heated by a furnace by means of flues. One man beside himself attended this garden, except at time of gathering the crop."

Agents of the Canadian Government are now located at different points in the United States, and using their efforts towards securing settlers on the fertile lands of Western Canada, adjoining the gold belt.

A man who has scattered a good many compliments says that it pleases a man more to compliment his children than it does to compliment his wife.—Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

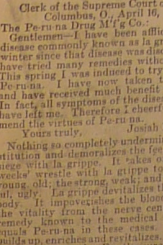
Knew His Business.

"My dear, why are you applauding that piece?" asked Mrs. Snaggs, in a tone of remonstrance. "Don't you see no one else is applauding? It is beyond the performer's ability and not worthy of applause."

"I know that," replied Mr. Snaggs, "but we must applaud pieces like that in order to get something worth listening to in the encore."—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

Delivers an Opinion Through the Hon. Josiah B. Allen.



HON JOSIAH B. ALLEN.

Clerk of the Supreme Court of Ohio.

Columbus, O., April 16, 1897.

The Peruna Drug Mf'g Co.:

Gentlemen—I have been afflicted with a disease commonly known as la grippe, every winter since that disease was discovered. I have tried many remedies without success, but this spring I was induced to try a bottle of Peruna. I have now taken two bottles of Peruna. I have now taken two bottles and have received much benefit therefrom. In fact, all symptoms of the disease seem to have left me. Therefore I cheerfully recommend the virtues of Peruna.

Yours truly, Josiah B. Allen.

Nothing so completely undermines the constitution and demoralizes the feelings as a siege with la grippe. It takes only a few weeks' wrestle with la grippe to make the young, old; the strong, weak; and the beautiful, ugly. La grippe devitalizes the human body. It impoverishes the blood. It sapps the vitality from the nerve centers. No remedy known to the medical profession equals Peruna in these cases. Peruna builds up, enriches and revitalizes. La grippe is epidemic catarrh. For the cure of catarrh in all stages and phases send for a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book entitled "Winter Catarrh." Address The Peruna Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

A Good Advocate.

ONE morning McElway Robson opened his newspaper to the column "Male Help Wanted" and studied it with a selfish interest. At 33 he was about to do his work. He had been used to work or knew how to do any useful kind of work, but he had a vague apprehension that unless he worked he would starve to death.

For the first time in his life he was in actual need of money. Except as to money he was well equipped. Against the wall in his room at the hotel were two trunks filled with clothing. The man himself was in robust health.

He had graduated at an eastern university, dawdled in Boston society, traveled in Europe and led the lazy life of a clubman. When his father died the estate dwindled away under a settlement, and McElway came into a few thousands, which he spent generously but in no haste.

When the thousands had been reduced to hundreds, McElway Robson began to dread the prospect of showing his poverty to his Boston friends, so he folded his numerous trousers into trunks, and with two hatboxes and a bundle of sticks and umbrellas he hurried away to Chicago. He had been told that Chicago was the place for a young man without capital.

After a week in town and a promenade along Michigan avenue every sunny afternoon he counted his money and found that his capital had not increased, in spite of the fact that Chicago had been recommended to him. That is why one morning he had to look at the column "Male Help Wanted."

He shivered as he glanced at the list—bakers, cutters, feeders, horseshoers, tailors and so on. He turned to the subdepartment, "Miscellaneous." Clearly, he was one of the "miscellaneous." He noted that "agents" were wanted. He shivered again. Then his eye fell on the following:

WANTED—SOCIETY YOUNG MAN TO undertake light employment; liberal pay; must have complete wardrobe, speak the modern languages and be a good conversationalist. No one well known in Chicago need apply. Address X X X 21.

"That's my description," said McElway Robson, reading it again; "but what in the world does it mean?"

He wrote a note to X X X 21, using his own stationery, with the gilt crest, and carried it to the newspaper office. Then he went to his room and had a reflective smoke, and that afternoon took his usual turn in Michigan avenue. When he came back to his hotel he found a communication summoning him to room 718 Cloud building, Dearborn street. As he opened the door into 718 he saw a short and ruddy man at a rather bare desk making signs of dismissal to a slender youth in a crumpled sack suit.

"Have I the honor of addressing Mr. Robson?" asked the little man.

"Yes, sir; my name is Robson."

"Won't you be seated? Yes, it was very good of you to call. I—" and the little man stopped and beamed in admiration.

"Will you be kind enough to tell me what kind of employment you have to offer?" asked McElway, carelessly patting his knee with a glove and looking at the little man with a cold politeness.

"Beautiful!" exclaimed the other, still regarding him with a pleased smile.

"Pray explain yourself—and permit me to tell you that I do not know card tricks and my comic songs are very bad."

"I'm not looking for anything of that kind. Let me ask you a few questions first. This is confidential, of course."

Mr. Robson saw no harm in telling about himself. The little man at the desk beamed with increasing satisfaction.

"Mr. Robson, you're just the man I want."

"Quite so—and what am I to do?"

"You are to attend an occasional dinner party and say pleasant things about your host or hostess, as the case may be. That's not hard to do, is it?"

"No, but why should I do it?"

"In the first place, because I will pay you liberally. In the second place, because your host or hostess needs—well, a good advocate. Let me explain. Suppose a family with money comes here to Chicago, takes a house or fine suite of rooms and wants to get into some kind of society—not the best, perhaps, but good. What that family needs is a little outside influence. It is vulgar for any family to sound its own praises. Somebody else must do that. Suppose I have a client living at a swell hotel—"

"A client?"

"That's what I call him. Suppose he and his wife want to get acquainted with the best people in that hotel. They can't give a dinner and invite all these people. Somebody else must do that."

"Then you want me—"

"No, that isn't your part. I know plenty of bright and trustworthy women who are willing to give dinners if somebody else will foot the bills—understand? What I want you to do is to be there to help along the couple that wants to break into that set, if I must put it plainly.

"I understand perfectly well, and I must say that I don't fancy the job."

"Perhaps not, but you need the $50 which I will pay you for every engagement. You will meet charming men and dine beautifully, and no one will know your real position except the one who employs you, and he will be forever bound in secrecy. Now, a man who travels in pretentious society has to lie more or less, anyway—"

"More," said McElway.

"Then what's the difference between lying free of charge and lying for money?"

"None at all," replied McElway, greatly refreshed by this original view of the situation. "I am in your hands."

"Good! I need you to morrow night. Mrs. Skemer, of the St. Augustine hotel, is to give a dinner in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Bloxom, who have just arrived from a place called Delafield. I promised Bloxom that I'd provide him with a man who would see him through in good shape."

Next evening, according to instructions, he went to the St. Augustine hotel, and there he met Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Skemer's apartments and was presented to eight very gorgeous persons, one of whom, Mrs. Skemer told him in advance, was a power in "society." Mrs. Skemer was delighted to meet him. Robson wondered if she knew his secret as well as he knew hers.

They went in to dinner, and Robson surprised himself. He gave himself to the novel task with all his powers of invention and his skill as a talker. He told of his delight at being so fortunate as to meet Mr. and Mrs. Bloxom again. He repeated to the whole table Mrs. Bloxom's frightened whispers to him, and gave them such an elaboration as to make them appear witty and scintillating.

Late in the evening he told Mr. Bloxom that he would accept the invitation to dinner if the others would come again. Mrs. Skemer joined his appeal. "The power" gracefully consented, and the first triumph of the couple from Delafield was complete.

The morning after that he received a note of congratulation from Mr. Helly and a summons to come to the office.

He found that little man greatly pleased.

"Well, sir, Bloxom is tickled to death," said Mr. Helly. "He said all the women were crazy about you. They want to meet you again."

"That's kind of them," said Robson, not visibly flattered. "Have you some more work for me?"

"Yes; something particular. A widow, Mrs. Hawley, just from Cedar Falls, with a barrel of money—living at the Grand Bellevue apartments. She's been here a few weeks and is trying to get a start. Devilish handsome woman, with plenty of style. Money apparently all right, but people seem a little touchy because they don't know much of her history. She married an old fellow at Cedar Falls and he died, and now she has his money—that's about all we know. We have a couple of good women pulling for her, but after your success with the Bloxom case I think you can do better than they can. You can go to that dance out there to-night and tell those people how well she stood in Cedar Falls, and that she left there because the society wasn't good enough, or something like that—understand?"

"I will construct a poet of which she will be proud," said Robson.

Robson was at the Grand Bellevue apartments at eight o'clock. A maid admitted him to a pretty parlor. He sat and philosophized on his occupation.

Presently he looked up and saw a tall and beautiful woman in an evening gown. It was Lizzie—the Lizzie who had kept the flower stand in the rotunda of the Beacon Hill hotel in Boston.

She saw him and took a backward step. The color leaped to her face.

"Mr. Robson!" she faltered.

"Is it actually you, Lizzie?"

"Why—yes," she said, gazing at him as if frightened.

"What are you doing here?"

"I live here. Didn't you know? I'm Mrs. Hawley. How did you find me? Are you the—" and she stopped embarrassed.

"You've guessed it, Lizzie. I'm 'the'. The guy'ner died and left me next to nothing. I found myself here in Chicago, and—well, I had to do something. But you! This is the surprise of my life. What does it all mean?"

"Well, it means this: You know, three years ago my brother—I don't think you knew him; he's in politics—he got me a ticket to Cedar Falls, where my sister Ella lived. She's married and out there. I went out on a visit and the funniest thing happened. Mr. Hawley fell in love with me. I met him at a big picnic, and he didn't give me a moment's peace until I married him. Rich? Why, Mr. Robson, my lawyers tell me I'm worth two hundred thousand. After he died and I waited a decent time I just said to myself: 'I'll get out of this place. It's too quiet for me, after Boston.' Of course I couldn't go back to Boston and make any splurge. Every fellow in town knew me when I was at the Beacon Hill there. So I came to Chicago, and here I am. And you've lost your money, Mr. Robson?"

"You might know I have, Lizzie, or I wouldn't be out here to help you—"

"S-h-h-h! Don't! Between you and me, Mr. Robson, I don't care much for society. What I want is a good man, and I don't care if he hasn't—"

"Well, Lizzie, when you were at the Beacon Hill I told you every day that I loved you."

"I didn't believe it then."

"Well, possibly I didn't mean it, either; but it strikes me there is something providential in this meeting. You have the money and want to save life with a good companion. You know me. Don't you think that, under the circumstances, we could come to an agreement? You know my story, and I know yours. You need my experience to guide you, and, to be candid, I need money."

"Mr. Robson, when you used to buy a bunch of violets and talk that way, I knew better. But I believe you're in earnest now. And don't I wish there wasn't to be any dance! We could go to a show."

When it came time for the Bloxom dinner the star attraction was missing, and Mr. Helly could not produce him. He had married the widow from Cedar Falls.—Chicago Record.

MORNING CALLS.

Are Often a Nuisance to the Busy Housekeeper.

There are few things more aggravating to a busy housekeeper who has but one servant or possibly no servant than the interruption of her work during the precious morning hours by a thoughtless caller. The hours of the day before one o'clock in the afternoon are the legitimate work hours of every housekeeper, and should not be interrupted by callers. Most women who have housework to do, and the care of a family, however busy they are in the morning, sit down in the afternoon with their sewing and are glad to see company at that time. The room may have now been set at rights, and the heaviest meal of the day is usually over.

Sensible women, in case of untimely callers, do not stand on ceremony, but invite their callers into the kitchen or wherever their work leads them, and go on with it. The person who assumes intimacy enough to make a morning call on a busy housewife cannot expect her visit to be considered ceremoniously. It requires some courage to invite a visitor, who says she has only stopped for a moment, into the kitchen, but there are occasions when nothing else can be done. The character of the individual must be taken into consideration. Some visitors do really stop a moment. There are some visitors who come merely to while away the time, and their minutes usually mean hours. It will not do to spend the valuable morning without work in their society. It may be that they will be offended, though no sensible woman should be. It matters little in comparison with the mischief they will accomplish if allowed to use up the valuable time which should be devoted to the work of morning, and turn the system of the house topsy-turvy. When it becomes known that a housekeeper is too much occupied in the morning, and cannot sit down with a caller, sensible women will limit their visits to afternoon. Callers come because the housewife sits down to receive them, and does not go on with her work or excuse herself. It is simply thoughtlessness that causes the morning call, which so often tries the patience of the systematic country housekeeper and sets her work awry for the day, with all the train of evils which follow, in delayed meals, unswept rooms and general discord and disarrangement.—N. Y. Tribune.

HOW LACES ARE NAMED.

Design of Pattern and Locality of Manufacture Make the Distinction.

The nomenclature of lace is decided by certain peculiarities of pattern, mesh or stitches that belong to certain localities, and it is retained even when those localities have long ceased to produce their distinctive fabrications. Valenciennes has not for many years wrought the laces that bear its name, their manufacture having long since been transferred to Ypres, Belgium; while the Chantilly laces are all made at Bayeux.

The finest French laces are made in Normandy; the cheaper ones come from the Auvergne, which was the first French province to produce pillow-lace. Bayeux, with her tributary surroundings, is the largest well-known producer of black laces; her Chantilly is "par excellence," the finest ever made. Caen is also a center for black laces. Normandy produces good black and white blondes. Guipures are made in the Auvergne, but the finest come from the Vosges. Mirecourt furnishes fine point and pillow lace. Brussels furnishes most of the Belgian needle-points, though E. Flanders, Brabant and Hainaut now supply large quantities. The old laces for which Binche, Bruges and Flanders were once so celebrated are no longer the mode, though still much prized by connoisseurs. This is also true of Malines, or Mechlin, lace and valenciennes, though the latter is returning to favor. Bruges makes a round mesh valenciennes, not so beautiful as the lozenge ground, and coarser qualities come from Courtrai and different parts of Flanders. Lille and valenciennes formerly belonged to the Netherlands, which accounts for their early proficiency in lace-making.

Flemish guipures are noted for their excellence. The Belgian and French laces are the finest, in point of fabrication, in the world. Paris is, to a large extent, an emporium for Belgian laces; she is the birthplace of fashions and novelties, and dictates lace designs, keeping alive emulation and rewarding merit through her society of decorative arts. To France must be accorded the palm for black laces, while Belgium may claim it for the vaporous fineness of her points, nothing equaling in ethereal delicacy her famous point de gaze.—Orlena L. Shackleford, in Woman's Home Companion.

Need of Cover During Sleep.

The reason that it is necessary to be well covered while sleeping is that when the body lies down it is the intention of nature that it should rest, and the heart especially should be relieved of its regular work temporarily. So that organ makes ten strokes a minute less than when the body is in an upright posture. This means 600 strokes in 60 minutes. Therefore, in the eight hours that a man usually spends in taking his night's rest the heart is saved nearly 5,000 strokes. As it pumps six ounces of blood with each stroke, it lifts 30,000 ounces less of blood in this night's session than it would during the day, when a man is usually in an upright position. Now, the body is dependent for its warmth on the vigor of the circulation, and as the blood flows so much more slowly through the veins when one is lying down, the warmth lost in the reduced circulation must be supplied by extra coverings.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

—Always look on the bright side of things—and if you are buying them it is well to look on both sides.—Chicago Daily News.

Disease

can be driven in or driven out. Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla drives disease out of the blood. Many medicines suppress disease—cover it but don't cure it. Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures all diseases originating in impure blood by purifying the blood itself. Foul blood makes a foul body. Make the blood pure and the body will be sound. Through the blood Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures eczema, tetter, boils, eruptions, humors, rheumatism, and all scrofulous diseases.

"Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla was recommended to me by my physician as a blood purifier. When I began taking it I had risings or boils all over my body, but one bottle cured me. I consider Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla the best blood medicine made."—BONNER CRAFT, Weston, Miss.

Get Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Hypnotic Wonders.

No one need to go to Paris now to see all that is marvelous in hypnotism. In the hypnotic wards of many hospitals of this country are hypnotic subjects that a mere glance, it is said, throws them into the trance state. But in order to overcome that obstinate kidney trouble, the persistent use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is necessary. Use it also systematically for malarial, bilious, dyspeptic, rheumatic and nervous diseases.

Looking Forward.

Sh—And you will always love me?

He—Do you think I'm a prophet?—Up To Date.

Wanted—Agents to Sell Murat Halstead's Great Cuba Book.

All about Cuba, Spain and War; great excitement; everyone buys it; one agent sold Eighty-seven in one day; another made $13.00 in one hour. 600 pages; magnificent illustrations; photographs, etc.; low price; we guarantee the most liberal terms; freight paid; 20 days credit; outfit free; send 6 cent stamps to pay postage. THE BIBLE HOUSE, 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

The man who makes the best of everything is always sure of a market for his products.—Chicago Daily News.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar relieves whooping cough.

Piso's Cure for Pimples on the Face.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Activity is only beautiful when it is holy; that is to say, when it is spent in the service of that which passeth not away.—Amiel's Journal.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

How many women do $40 worth of work at a missionary dinner for about 75 cents profit!—Washington Democrat.

If he was a cripple from rheumatism, he isn't now. St. Jacobs Oil cured him.

People who think they are misunderstood are really understood too well.—Chicago Record.

Rupture. Surecure. Book free. Write for it to S. J. Sherman, Specialist, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

The speculators who bull the market often have to bear the losses.—Chicago Daily News.

Even a baby was cured of a burn By St. Jacobs Oil. Read directions.

There is no rhyme for silver, but it jingles with gold very nicely.—Chicago Daily News.

The Grip may intensify aches, but St. Jacobs Oil will alleviate.

MRS. PINKHAM CONQUERS BACKACHE.

Four Women Who Owe Their Present Happiness to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When I wrote to you last June, I was not able to do anything. I suffered with backache, headache, bearing-down pains, pains in my lower limbs, and ached all through my body. Menstruations were very painful. I was almost a skeleton. I followed your advice and now am well and fleshy, and able to do all my own housework. I took medicine from a physician for over a year, and it did not do me a particle of good. I would advise all suffering women to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will answer all letters promptly, and tell them how to cure those aches and pains so common to women.—Mrs. C. L. WINN, Marquez, Texas.

I think it is my duty to write and let you know what your medicine has done for me. For two years I suffered with female weakness, bearing-down pains, headache, backache, and too frequent occurrence of the menses. I was always complaining. My husband urged me to try your Vegetable Compound, and I finally did. I have taken three bottles and it has made me feel like a different woman. I advise every woman that suffers to take your medicine and be cured.—Mrs. GARRETT LICHTY, 612 S. Prince St., Lancaster, Pa.

I had suffered for over two years with backache, headache, dizziness, nervousness, falling and ulceration of the womb, leucorrhœa, and about every ill a woman could have. I had tried doctors, but with no success, and it seemed as though death was the only relief for me. After using five bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and four packages of Sanative Wash, I am well. Have had no more pain, womb trouble, backache or headache.—Mrs. CLAUDIA HALPIN, Cream Ridge, N. J.

Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was afflicted with female complaints so that I could hardly walk. My back ached terribly, in fact, I ached all over. Was not able to raise myself up some of the time. I had no appetite and was so nervous that I could hardly sleep. I have taken but two bottles of your Compound and feel like another person, can now eat and sleep to perfection, in fact, am perfectly well.—Mrs. SUE MCCLELLAN, Adlai, W. Va.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: A Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills

"WELL DONE OUTLIVES DEATH."
YOUR MEMORY WILL SHINE
IF YOU USE

SAPOLIO

RHEUMATISM

Permanently cured by applying DR. WHITEHALL'S RHEUMATIC CURE. The surest and the best. Sample sent FREE on mention of this publication. THE DR. WHITEHALL MEDICINE CO., South Bend, Indiana.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve is the only sure cure in the world for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, White Swelling, Fever Sores, and all Old Sores. It never fails. Drawsout all poison, strengthens and cures. Cures permanently. Best salve for Boils, Carbuncles, Piles, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cuts and all Fresh Wounds. It makes small, thin skin. Book free. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.

POTATOES $1.50 a Bbl.

Largest Seed POTATO growers in America. The "Rural New-Yorker" gives SALZER'S EARLIEST a yield of 464 bushels per acre. Potatoes dirt cheap. Our great SEED BOOK, 11 Farm Seed Samples, worth $10 to get a start, for 10c. and this notice. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LaCrosse, Wis. (X)

GREAT
CLEARANCE SALE!

Seventy Cents on the Dollar

From the original price takes all heavy-weight Suits and Overcoats for the balance of February.

Come in and dress up at less than cost. You can't do as well anywhere on earth. The above are facts.

The Business to Continue

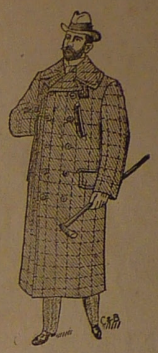
For the coming season at least, having bought Heavily for spring trade, and being compelled to take a large amount of same goods because the different houses would not accept countermands, we will be obliged to continue for a time at least. Soliciting a share of the patronage of the good people of Pine City, and county at large, and thanking you for past patronage, I am, as ever, yours,

"CRITT," the Clothier.

P. S. Remember, we can dress you up from the top of your head to the sole of your feet, for we have now in the largest stock of Ladies' and Gent's Shoes in Pine City, bought direct from Chicago. We handle the famous R. P. Smith & Sons Co.'s Shoes. **There are none better.** We have handled the same line six years, and we know what we are talking about. Try a pair and remember our motto:

"We will not be undersold by any living man or firm on earth."

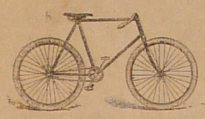
Yours up to Date for Biz.,



N. A. CRITTENDEN,

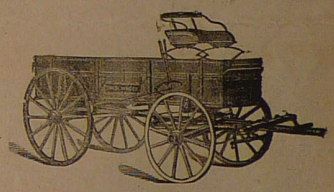
Pine City Minnesota.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR



Farm and Spring Wagons, Bicycles,

And all kinds of Farm Machinery.



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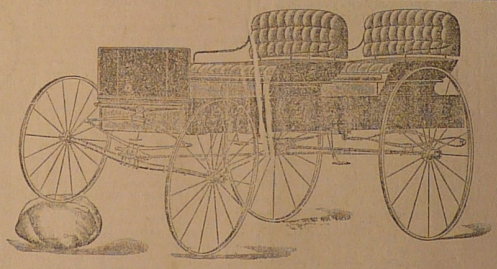

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