

The Pine County Pioneer.

Ed C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

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VOL. XIV.

PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1899.

NO. 8

F. A. HODGE, President.

P. W. MCALLEN, Cashier.

FIRST STATE BANK PINE COUNTY. (INCORPORATED.)

Commercial Banking in all its Branches.

Insurance written in Reliable Companies.

Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper

than express or postoffice money orders.

Drafts on Europe sold. Lamp Bought and sold.

Taxes Paid for Non-Residents.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

Dr. E. E. Barnum,

Graduate of University of Michigan—1875.

Physician and Surgeon.

Office night and day over Rybok's store.
Night calls promptly responded to.

Pine City, Minnesota.

Dr. R. L. Wiseman.

Physician and Surgeon.

Office in the Rybok building, up
stairs. Side entrance.

Dr. A. C. Trumbbridge,

Dentist

Office opposite Pekengama Hotel. Office
hours, 8 to 12 a.m., 1 to 6 p.m.

E. A. Jesmer,

VENTERINARY SURGEON

All diseases of domesticated animals treated
in a scientific manner. Can be found
night and day at my farm, three miles west
of Pine City, on the Brainerd road.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

Dr. E. L. Stephan,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Drug Store—

Hinckley, Minnesota.

A. J. Stowe, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of the University of New York,
etc., etc. Office in new building it's
now occupying. Residence second
north of office.

Rush City, Minnesota.

Ed. C. Gottry,

Attorney at Law.
Late Register U. S. Land Office. Will pre-
see in all Courts of the State.

William Black, Taylors Falls, Minn.

S. G. L. Roberts,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Pine City, Minnesota.

Robt. C. Saunders,

Attorney at Law.

Hinckley, Minnesota.

J. A. Oldenburg,

Dealers in

General Merchandise.

Best Goods at Lowest Prices

Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Willow River House.

Mike Hawley, Manager.

Willow River, Minnesota.

Pine City Restaurant and Bakery.

First Door West of Kowalewski's.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies.
Kept constantly on hand. Also a
choice line of Confectionery, nuts,
and Fruits in season, as well as the
best brands of Cigars, and best
grades of Tobacco manufactured
gives me a call when in need of any
thing in the above goods.

JOS. VEVERKA.

Groceries!
I have just added to
my stock a first-class
and complete line of
Groceries, which I will
sell as Cheap as the
Cheapest.

JOS. VEVERKA.

strife and victory that make the history of our republic great, the regular army has been its shield and buckler."

No speech made on the Philippine question has contained more common sense or a plainer statement of the actual situation than that made by Senator Platt, of New York, the first he has made during his present term in the Senate. His arrangement of the Senators who are largely responsible for Aguinaldo's bumptious position follows: "There are reasons why the natives of those islands after their experience with Spanish misrule, should misundertand the presence at Manila of an American army," but there is no reason why an American Senator should misundertand it, and no justification of his course in misrepresenting it. He knows that there is no American in all this broad land who wishes any other fate to any single native of the Philippine Islands than his free enjoyment of a prosperous life. He knows that close in the wake of American rule, there would come to the Filipinos a liberty that they have never known, and a far greater liberty than they could ever have under the arrogant rule of a native dictator."

There has been much talk about the plain intimation on the floor of the Senate that Mr. Andrew Carnegie was paying regular advertising rates to get anti-expansion articles furnished by his agents, inserted in the agricultural papers, marked copies of which are now flooding the mail of Senators. The disposition of the Senators appears to be to regard this as a joke on Carnegie, which has helped the finances of numerous agricultural editors and had no effect whatever in Washington. Senator Hoar was at first inclined to defend the purchase of space in newspapers to affect public sentiment, but Senator Chandler compelled him to admit that the purchase of editorial opinion was an act involving moral piety.

An Honest Medicine for the Grippe.

George W. Wait, of South Gardner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cold, cold, chills, grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's cough remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50 cent bottle and the chills, cold, and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge & Co.

Change in the Northwestern Cycle Company.

The Northwestern Cycle Company of Minneapolis, one of the best known cycle houses in the northwest, has undergone a change in ownership, the latest of Mr. Fawkes having been purchased by Chas Litak, who for many years has occupied a responsible position in the executive department of the Soo railroad. The Company have secured the exclusive agency for one of the best wheel manufacturers and are better prepared than ever to meet both in price and quality the wishes of wheelmen. Do not purchase a wheel without asking the Northwestern Cycle Company, corner of 6th St. and 1st Ave., Minneapolis for their catalogue. The repair and supply department has been made more complete than ever. Mr. J. F. Rivers, who founded the company, continues associated with Mr. Litak in the business.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in Chicago.

Higgin Bros., the popular South Side drugists, corner 69th street and Wentworth avenue, say: "We sell a great deal of Chamberlain's Cough remedy, and find that it gives the most satisfactory results, especially among children for severe colds and cough." For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge & Co.

If you have any wood for sale call Louis Patricks. He wants all the wood he can get. Terms cash.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Items of General Interest Cleaned at the Capital of the State.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 31, 1899.

The "Reform" Press Bureau which is under the supervision of Gov. Lind and his private secretary, Mr. Rosing, who is also chairman of the democratic committee, is sending out to fusion papers some of the rankest stuff imaginable. Here is a fair sample:

"Fear and fraud defeated Bryan in 1896, but they will never do it again. The Minnesota experience proves that when the people assert themselves and go into power, as they will do beyond any question in 1900, the current of our national life will go on the same as it does in Minnesota, the same as it would have done in 1896 in the seating of Bryan. The threatening, adverse interests, which shout so loudly of danger and disaster, will be the first to run to cover, the very first to bow to the knee to the new king and to shout long life to him. Trust the money power to look out for the money power."

"It will bawl, cajole and threaten, but will always look after the custody of the money box. There is real awe in the majesty of the people. Place them in power and none is so great as to refuse proper homage. Install Bryan in the White House and the plaudits to his sagacity and patriotism will be like those of Lind in Minnesota. And the millions will hug themselves and thank God that it is so."

Republicans who voted for Lind should rejoin this and then hire somebody to boot them around a forty-acre lot. It is apparent that Mr. Lind and his party intend to devote every moment from now until next election to undermine the republican party with hopes of carrying this state for Lind and Bryan in 1900.

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In January, 1891, the late commissioner of labor, L. G. Powers, entered upon the duties of his office in the Minnesota bureau of labor. At that time there were no laws on the statute books of the state for the protection of the lives, health or limbs of the men, women or children employed in the factories, mines and workshops of the state. No employer of labor was, in any of these establishments or places, giving any intelligent thought or endeavor to guarding dangerous machinery and places, and so prevent or avoid accidents by such machinery or in such places.

At the present time the state has one of the most effective and well administered laws providing for such protection in factories that is to be found anywhere in the nation or in the world. The employers of labor in these factories have been educated to the importance of looking after the safety of their working people and are now wide-awake upon the subject as they were negligent relating thereto eight years ago. The change has been brought about mainly by the efforts of the bureau of labor, its commissioner having framed the present factory act, and secured its enactment at the hands of a republican legislature.

The prison twiné investigating committee have thus far failed to find anything wrong with regard to the sale of prison twine. Since Gov. Lind could not pick a flaw in the prison management, but on the contrary endorsed it, it was not expected that there existed any abuses. Nevertheless, it was wise for the republican party to investigate the charges, and this is being done with the greatest care. But, as stated, it seems as if Mr. Lind's endorsement of the prison management will be endorsed by the committee when its report is submitted to the legislature. Thus one of the most effective campaign lies of the fusionists is knocked squarely in the head.

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A bill is now pending before the legislature, which, if it becomes a

law, will be of much benefit to farmers, who have settled on school lands. The bill proposes to reduce the interest on school land certificates from 5 to 4 per cent. The state now finds it difficult to loan its funds even at 3 per cent, and there is about half a million dollars of the school money in the treasury at the present time which cannot be invested. It is hoped that reducing the interest on these certificates one per cent, and extending the time for payment to fifty years, will have a tendency to decrease the inflow of money into the treasury. This is the opinion of Auditor Dunn, and in his report he recommends the passage of the measure. The reduction of interest is also expected to enhance the value of unsold school lands.

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Pine Co. Pioneer.

W. P. GOTTRY, Publisher,
PINE CITY, MINN.

FRANCE has paid its last pension to Napoleon's old soldiers. In 1860 a law was passed granting \$50 a year to all non-commissioned officers and privates who had served ten years in the armies of the first empire or one of the three empires and had received a wound. For the first year the payments amounted to \$60,000; last year the sum was \$50, and the last recipient is now dead at the age of 105 years.

The conduit system of Binghamton which has been in service for 12 or 13 years, is now being converted to a trolley line. This change was brought about by investigating the power consumption. Under favorable conditions not less than 45 per cent of the current is lost in transmission. This caused a yearly loss of \$11,000. The sum was reached within 45 minutes after the trial ended Friday. Gen. Eagan,

John G. LEWIS, colored, who was the other day condemned by the senate as responsible for the massacre of the Natchez district, Louisiana, declares that he was not an applicant for the position and will not qualify. He states that he is living at peace with the white people of his section and has no desire to cause any rupture between them by accepting an office which would be distasteful to the white people.

THE bison, or snow bison of the Plains, a zoological phenomenon of great interest. Even in mid-summer the temperature during a snow bison frequently falls to 14 degrees Fahrenheit, while in the winter of 1890 it dropped to a record low zero at the end of January. The bison comes with startling suddenness, the atmosphere growing dark with whirling snowflakes where scarcely a minute before the sky was perfectly clear.

SVR THE death of Inventor Keeley there has been examination of his workshop in Philadelphia, which confirms to some extent the theory of many scientific men that compressed air was really the secret of Keeley's mysterious device. The gas cylinder reservoir is there and tubing with high pressure joints was found deftly concealed in partitions and ceilings or scattered around as though likely to be called upon at any time for service.

Truth says: "There is absolutely no foundation whatever for the report which has been going round the papers, both at home and abroad, that a marriage took place between Prince Edward, Victoria of Wales and Prince George of Greece, the governor general of Crete. No such alliance is, or ever has been, in contemplation, and the whole story is the purest of fictions, as also is the talk about Princess Victoria, who was wishing to become a hospital nurse."

THOMAS SMITH, consul at Moscow, reported to the minister of the interior that a peasant committee of the interior is at present considering the question of constructing a network of electric railways in Riga. The town corporation has taken this matter into consideration. The minister has expressed his willingness to support the town by allowing a loan for the above purpose on profitable conditions. The general cost of constructing the electric roads in Riga has been determined at \$1,600,000 rubles, or \$800,000.

ONE M. REVERDY, recently left 2,000 francs to be given to the man who was the father of the largest family in Paris. A condition of the legacy was that the children should have no property except for what they were born by their parents. The Paris municipal council, the trustees named by the testator, awarded the 3,000 francs to a son of one of the heirs, M. Valentin Bruck, who is the father of 14 children, seven sons and seven daughters, the eldest of whom is 20 and the youngest 2.

Prospect of Medical Inquiry.
The president combines both the pardoning power and the commanding power in his own hands. He may give the command to pardon or to commute the sentence of a criminal. It is generally believed he will. Gen. Eagan's mental condition is understood to be so serious that the court-martial has found it necessary to postpone its trial to a later date. The adjutant general, the chief of staff, and the general in command of the army, are conferring with the president on the present case, however, will be as short as possible.

FURTHER ACTION TO BE TAKEN.

Formal announcement of the decision will reach the president to-day, and on account of the high rank of the accused the verdict will be given by the president himself.

Gen. Eagan, friend to his friends,

is here confined to his room,

and has been unable to get up,

but has been able to write to his wife,

Gen. Eagan's friends have arranged

for him to be carried to the trial

in a chair.

He is to be tried on Feb. 1.

He is to be

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

E. C. GOTTRY Editor and Prop.

Entered at the Pine City Post Office as Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN., FEB. 3, '93.

THE BUREAU OF LABOR.

The Republicans Made it, and Lind Has Unmade it.—Affairs of State.

Before 1891 there were in the factories of Minnesota an average of about 20 deaths by accidents from machinery, per year, and a proportionate number of very severe, and also of minor casualties from the same cause. The deaths from machinery in the past four years have averaged only five per annum. The other serious accidents have been reduced in like number, and the minor casualties have been lessened to one-half of their former number. The laws of the state rate the value of a human life at \$5,000. The saving to the state by lessened accidents in factories, brought about by the labor of the bureau of labor, represents a total sum of \$75,000 annually. The money value saved to the state in the other accidents prevented cannot be less than that effected in those destroying human life. The total annual saving to the toilers of the state and to those families affected, by the bureau of labor, then is not less than \$150,000 annually, or more than suffices to pay for its maintenance from its establishment to the present time. In addition, the families and friends of more than 100 persons have been saved from the anguish of parting with their loved ones, or seeing them maimed or crippled for life, and their usefulness thus destroyed for themselves and their families. Gov. Lind has disregarded these facts, has removed the republican who is responsible for these benefits to the people, and has appointed a stone mason to conduct the bureau, who will be helpless an useless in this department.

St. Peter Tribune.—The sycotal followers of John Lind don't like his retention of Warden Wolfe at the penitentiary. It is a snap that some of them were after, and to be thus left in the soup is an ingratefulness they don't relish. In fact the Governor has brought disappointment to many, and happiness only to the few that have secured the plums.

After Mr. Lind was elected many were so generous as to believe that he would in a measure, at least, be independent of the political leeches in his party, but there are few who think so now. The appointment of E. S. Corser to the important position of surveyor-general of log and lumber for the Second district has proved that Gov. Lind must bend to the will of men who should never be elevated to public office. He has to repay those who furnished the thunder, the abuse and the campaign lies which made his election possible. In referring to Mr. Corser one of the daily papers suggests that candidates for appointment under Lind should furnish a statement of assets and liabilities with their applications. Lind made a bad blunder in appointing Corser, who is looked upon with disfavor even by the better class of democrats.

There has been some talk of repealing the law known as the corrupt practices act, which enumerates purposes for which political candidates may expend money, and requires a sworn statement of all the expenditures. The argument has been advanced that the law has not been observed except in form and that it tends to make "liars" or "show runners" for office. While the law may not be perfect any more than other laws, it has, nevertheless, on the whole, been a good measure. It has at least given many a wavy header who used to bleed the candidates a hard blow. The republican party of this state favors purifying our political system, and will not repeat the law without enacting something better to take its place.

The financial report of the statistical board of health, just issued, shows that the sanitary condition of this state is gratifying indeed. The death rate is given to be 16.1, being half more than the average for the United States. Our board of health has few superiors and few equals in the country. Its work has been as thorough as the means at its dis-

posal would permit, and the result speaks for itself. The board has been made what it is by the wise policy of republican administration. Its scope has, from time to time been extended, and among the work of the board is that of investigating and stamping out diseases among domestic animals and the legislatures during the past few years have made special appropriations for this purpose.

The bill introduced by Hon. Thomas as Torson, and passed by the house recently, to elect the railroad and warehouse commissioners by popular vote is an important measure. The commissioners have hitherto been appointed by the governor for a period of three years, one commissioner retiring every year. The pending bill as amended makes the term of office four years, one commissioner to be chosen at one election and two at the next. State conventions are to nominate candidates for commissioners immediately following the governor and lieutenant governor, and they are to be placed next to those offices on the state ticket. Since the supreme court decision in the Steensoren case, the railroad and warehouse commission has become one of the most important state departments, and legislation now pending will, when enacted into law, increase its importance still further.

Pointed Paragraphs.

The dead letter probably died at post.

But few actresses are as bad as they are painted.

The wages of sin defies alike the hard times and monopolies.

When a woman of 40 laughs heartily she actually means it.

The automatic weighing machine gives pounds in return for pennies.

The man who poses as a fancy whisker isn't much good at anything else.

It's pretty tough when the "roll of honor" consists of butterless dry bread.

It isn't what a man possesses that makes him happy, but what he doesn't want.

It is sometimes more difficult to win the father's ear than the daughter's hand.

He who depends upon the invitations of others for his meals dines very irregularly.

A low voice is an excellent thing; a woman and a low theater hat is in excellent thing on her.

Presence of mind is undoubtedly a good thing in the hour of danger, but absence of body is a great deal better.

A scientist says that if a man were to jump as far in proportion to his size as a flea could jump from Chicago to St. Louis. Perhaps he could, but if sensible he wouldn't, meago News.

DANGERS OF THE GRIP.—The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia, if reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, all danger will be avoided, among the tens of thousands who used the remedy, for a grippe we yet have to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which now conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventative of that dangerous disease. It will cure a grippe a little less than any other treatment. It is pleasant to take, for us by J. Y. Breckenridge & Co.

No Leap Year Until 1904.

The familiar rule that leap year is every calendar year with a number divisible by four will be broken in 1900, which fact need not be regarded as an indication that even then will be time for a change. This rule of the almanac may account for the proverbial activity of the new moon at the close of every century.

Then there is no leap year for eight years, February, 1900 will have 28 days, the extra day not appearing from 1896 to 1904. Centenary years are not leap years. That rule will be broken in the leap year 1900, when the interruption may be regarded as an indication that it is time for a change. Centenary years divisible by 400 are leap years, consequently there were 29 days in February, 1900, and the same number will be given to February, 2000, and again in 2400. The object of my rule is to make the calendar year coincide with the solar year.—London Answers.

JOURNALISTIC SNAP SHOTS.

Items of Interest, Wise and Otherwise, Gleamed From the Pioneer's Exchanges.

Arlington Enterprise.—When the office really seeks the man it usually finds that he doesn't want it.

Graceville Phoenix.—Some men have a regular Sunday morning attack of homesickness when the church bells ring.

Faribault Journal.—Senator Nelson's speech Thursday on the Philippine question was one of the ablest ever delivered in that body. Minnesota has two good international lawyers in the senate.

Waterville Advance.—Many employers have shown a disposition to dismiss lady employees and substitute men. This will be hard on the women who have long held positions and have young and helpless hands to support.

Wadena Tribune.—An exchange says that the Philippine belles, as a part and parcel of this glorious nation, have a perfect right to kiss Hobson. This is thought to be another republican dodge to get all the young men, and especially the volunteers at Manila, to declare for expansion.

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Faribault Democrat.—A servant girl's trust has been formed. That's the ticket. What the public wants is a servant girl who can be trusted to be in evenings by 10 o'clock, to start the fire with kindling instead of kerosene; to turn off the lights in the cellar and woodhouse; not to break the china and nick the crockery; not to mysteriously lose things; not to kick the cat or let the police man on her beat eat the last mince pie in the house. Let the trust go in its work at once.

St. Croix Falls (Wis.) Standard.—There seems to be a growing opinion that it would save considerable time and expense to elect senators by a direct vote of the people, to say nothing of being relieved of the charges and countercharges of bribery and corruption in such matters. If true they are a bad thing to discuss as though they were a master of course before the rising generation, if untrue a gentleman might have some hope of entering the senate without being suspected of being a hardened but polished scoundrel elected by the people direct.

Candy News.—The fellow who thought that taking his local paper was a waste of time and money, wrote the editor as follows: "Mr. Editor I think folks ought to stop

paying their munificence for paypers my dad didn't never talk enny and every body used to be the intelligentest men in the country, and raised the smartest family of boozes that ever dug taters."

W. C. Braun, the late editor of the *Iconoclast*, Waco, Texas, is credited with the following: "The dollar is indeed almighty. It is the archimedean lever that lifts the ill-bred man into select society and places the ignorant scoundrel in the United States senate; it makes presidents of stuffed proficients; governors of intellectual geese; philosophers of tools, and gilds infamy with supernatural glory. It wrecks altars of innocence, and pollutes the face of the people; breaks the sword of justice and blinds the goddess of liberty with chains of gold. It is the lord of the land—the uncrowned king of the commonwealth."

Lake City Graphic.—If some of the publishers of the state had the horse sense to read and digest the facts in the actions of the president instead of closing their eyes to everything he does, they would not appear so ridiculous in the sight of the public, and would not disclose the presence of a swelling under their hats as they do at the present time. There is one exchange that comes to this office that each week devotes considerable space to scorning the president for something the editor of that journal thinks should be done. In his last issue he accuses the president of not having backbone enough to turn out our officer or even reprimand him for his misdeeds. Well, brother, what do you call the order for a court-martial? and do you know that such matters have to go through a certain channel? If the president should take the matter into his own hands and rebuke or discharge those officers of which you speak, you would be the first to growl about overstepping his authority. For the past two years since you've denied the privilege of running the affairs of the state and nation, your head has been sore, and you are fast losing the many friends you once had.

Dr. Cady's Condition owners

are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Toxic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food, but medicine, and the best in the world to put a horse in prime condition.

Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge & Co.

Highest market price paid for

potatoes, by the Wilcox Mercantile company.

PINE CITY DIRECTORY.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor.—Douglas Greeley.
Treasurer.—John M. Allerton.
State Board of Deeds.—James H. H. Bell.
Clerk of Court.—E. Veenhoen.
Judge of Probate.—E. Veenhoen.
Attorney General.—L. H. McKeeck.
State Commissioner of Schools.—Robt. Blankenship.
Commissioners of Poor.—Kowalew, chairman; John L. Liss, John K. Anderson.

TOWNS CLERKS.

Brock Creek.—J. O. Swenson.
Burgess Lake.—J. M. Collamore.
Congdon.—Pine City.
Dell Grove.—C. E. Kunkel.
Friesland.—H. C. Hinckley.
Hinckley.—J. F. Johnson.
Kettle River.—W. H. Driehaus.
Long Lake Creek.—G. W. Hambleton.
Maplewood.—Pine City.
Minneapolis.—Charles Olson.
Rock Creek.—J. H. Elmer.
Rock Creek.—Howard Olson.
Sandstone.—Howard Olson.
Windemere.—A. L. Peterson.
Wolff.—F. L. Leinen.
Willow River.—W. H. T. Taylor.
Hinkley Village.—E. L. Stephan, President;
Sister, Treasurer.
Pine City Village.—T. B. Breckinridge, President.
Rothsay Village.—H. H. Peacock, President;
Bookkeeper, W. A. Kuhn, Treasurer.

SCHOOL CLERKS OF PINE CO.

Dist. No. Name. Residence.
1 John F. Holler, Pine City.
2 M. Garris, Pine City.
3 H. N. Johnson, Pine City.
4 Olof Eriksson, Root Creek.
5 August Gunn, Sandstone.
6 George Gustafson, Pine City.
7 Joe Birchard, Pine City.
8 Carl Johnson, Pine City.
9 John W. Anderson, Pine City.
10 W. E. Smith, Pine City.
11 Adam Johnson, St. Paul.
12 Matt Peterson, Rock Creek.
13 Tom Peterson, Rock Creek.
14 Andy W. Nordquist, Dasselwood.
15 J. W. Johnson, Pine City.
16 J. D. Wilkes, Sturgeson Lake.
17 Henry Strand, Pine City.
18 C. A. Johnson, Pine City.
19 Chas. Uppesen, Sturgeson Lake.
20 J. H. Johnson, Willow River.
21 D. H. Erickson, Pine City.
22 Andrew Johnson, Pine Park.
23 J. H. Johnson, Willow River.
24 R. S. Johnson, Sturgeson Lake.
25 Wm. Nelson, Pine City.

PINE CITY DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Services every Sunday morning at 10:30, evening at 7:45. Rev. H. T. Taylor, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Services every Sunday morning at 10:30. Evening services at 7:30. Every Sunday is cordially invited.

Rev. P. Knudsen, Pastor.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST.—Regular services every Sabbath. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock a.m. on first Saturday of each month.

Price 25 cents. C. A. Abel, Pastor.

SOCIETIES.

I. A. F. A. JENT.—No. 6, K. O. T. M.—Meets on first and third Saturday of each month. All visiting brothers are welcome.

All visiting brothers are welcome.

Rev. E. W. Werner, Com.

R. L. Wehrle, Secy.

POKEGRAMA LODGE NO. 77, R. P.—Meets every second and fourth Saturday of each month at 8:30 p.m. C. A. Abel, Past.

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1893, there will be a general meeting of the members of the Lodge at 8:30 p.m. at the hall of the Knights of Columbus, 11th and Low Mass High Mass at 10:30. Second meeting at 10:30 a.m. on the 2nd and 4th Saturday of each month. Week day Mass at 8:30 a.m. Supper served every Friday at 7:30 p.m. These hours are subject to change at the discretion of the Lodge.

Rev. T. L. Palmerick, Priest.

NIGHT TRAINS.

St. Paul and Duluth Railroad Time Card.

NORTH-BOUND. No. 3 Limited Express Daily.

St. Paul. Lv 9:00 a.m. 12:15 p.m. 3:15 p.m.

Minneapolis. Lv 9:35 a.m. 1:40 p.m. 4:45 p.m.

Washburn. Lv 10:00 a.m. 2:00 p.m.

West Superior. Lv 1:20 p.m. 4:30 p.m.

Duluth. Lv 1:35 p.m. 4:45 p.m. 6:30 a.m.

No. 4

Except June 1st & 2d.

Sunday. Lv 12:15 p.m. 3:15 p.m.

Duluth. Lv 9:00 a.m. 1:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m.

Superior. Lv 9:30 a.m. 1:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m.

Minneapolis. Lv 12:27 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 6:22 p.m.

St. Paul. Lv 1:30 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 6:15 a.m.

Night trains are placed in the depots at 9:45 p.m. and 12:15 a.m. and passengers are allowed to sleep on cars after that hour. Passengers in sleeping cars are allowed to remain undisturbed until 6:30 a.m. on.

▲ E. P. Proctor, Gen. Manager.

C. E. Strain, Gen. Pass. Agt.

TRY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

CHRIS. Voss, Pres.

FRANZ. GÖTTZ, Secy.

B. F. DAVIS POST, 477, G. A. R. Hall.

On the first Monday of each month, in G. A. R. Hall.

Boys, Girls, Com.

J. F. STONE, Adv.

G. A. R.—Meets on the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Miss. NETTIE MILLER, Secretary.

First publication Jan. 15, '93. 9c.

Mortgage Sale.

Notice having been made in the conditions of a mortgaged property, situated in the city of St. Paul, Minn., and delivered by Julia Tiss and A. H. Tiss, to the sheriff of Ramsey County, Minnesota, on the 6th day of January, 1893, of the sum of \$1,000,000, or thereabouts, of Mortgages, on page 88, on which date the sum of two hundred and six dollars and ten cents, and no cent, and no fraction, of principal, interest, or otherwise, was due and payable, and the same was not paid, and said mortgage, having been duly assigned by said mortgagees, and by the sheriff of Ramsey County, Minnesota, to the sheriff of Hennepin County, on the 10th day of January, 1893, of the sum of two hundred and six dollars and ten cents, and no cent, and no fraction, of principal, interest, or otherwise, was due and payable, and the same was not paid, and said mortgage, having been duly assigned by said mortgagees, and by the sheriff of Hennepin County, Minnesota, to the sheriff of Anoka County, on the 10th day of January, 1893, of the sum of two hundred and six dollars and ten cents, and no cent, and no fraction, of principal, interest, or otherwise, was due and payable, and the same was not paid, and said mortgage, having been duly assigned by said mortgagees, and by the sheriff of Anoka County, Minnesota, to the sheriff of Pine City, in Anoka County, and on the 10th day of January, 1893, of the sum of two hundred and six dollars and ten cents, and no cent, and no fraction, of principal, interest, or otherwise, was due and payable, and the same was not paid, and said mortgage, having been duly assigned by said mortgagees, and by the sheriff of Pine City, Minnesota, to the sheriff of Pine City, on the 10th day of January, 1893, of the sum of two hundred and six dollars and ten cents, and no cent, and no fraction, of principal, interest, or otherwise, was due and payable, and the same was not paid, and said mortgage, having been duly assigned by said mortgagees, and by the sheriff of Pine City, Minnesota, to the sheriff of Pine City, on the 10th day of January, 1893, of the sum of two hundred and six dollars and ten cents, and no cent, 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PINE COUNTY PIONEER

TERMS: \$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE
PINE CITY, MINN., FEB. 3, 1899.

CHIPS AND SHAVINGS.
Send Chips, etc., Around Town
and Shaving Clipped From Our
Exchange.

—Carlson has another new advertisement this week.

Bring your Potatoes to the Wilcox Mercantile Co.'s store.

—Yesterday was Candlemas day, and the groundhog saw his shadow.

The Wilcox Mercantile company want potatoes, and want lots of 'em.

—The thermometer at 44 degrees below zero is pretty snug winter weather.

—R. B. Thompson, of Minneapolis, spent Monday in Pine City, on business.

Farm wanted—Send full particulars, price, etc., at once. A. H. Russell, Akron, O.

—C. H. Griffith spent the latter part of last week and the first of this in cities below.

—Father Rabenstein spent Thursday morning at Barreton, holding mass there at that time.

—Mr. Weekly and family, who left here last fall, returned last week, and will make this their future home.

—Thursday was a nice warm day, and those having horses were out with them, enjoying the fine sleighing.

—Call for "Silver," "Dewey," "Log Cabin," "Little Boquet," and "Country Girl, the best five cent cigar in town.

—Henry Glasow and Arthur Cochran took in the Masquerade at Danewood Saturday night and enjoyed a good time.

—If the horse thief who parlored the PIONEER's official sawbuck will return it, he will be granted an unconditional pardon.

—Services at the Presbyterian church next Sunday evening as usual, morning and evening. You are invited to attend.

—On Saturday last Chas. Gustafson moved the old Wm. Smith house onto his lots, having purchased the same from Mrs. Smith.

—A few more cords of wood wanted on subscription at this office. Hurry up with your load, before wood is demobilized.

For Sale—A good farm of 227 acres within one mile of this village. A snap for some one—Enquire at this office for particulars.

—Prof. D. B. Bryan, of Rush City, the popular optician, will be at the Pioneer house, Thursday Feb. 9th, 1899. Eyes examined free.

For Sale—A good house, in fair condition, together with six double lots, cheap. Apply for particulars at store of A. Pennington. 744

—The album raffled off at Frank Cort's residence on Saturday evening Jan. 21st, was won by Ticket No. 44, held by Miss Lena Petchell.

—See Carlson's new advertisement in another column. Mr. Carlson means business, and those who patronize him will save money.

—Mrs. Jonas Gray and children, from Pine City, have been here the past week, visiting Mrs. R. C. Gray and family—Taylors Falls Journal.

—Edward McCaskell had the misfortune to smash one of his toes while loading lumber at the Bork mill at Meadow Lawn one day last week.

—Do you want repairs for your stove? F. E. Smith, the Hardware man, will furnish you repairs for any stove made in the United States.

—W. D. Young, formerly of Menomonie, Wis., now of West Superior, an old-time friend of M. S. Watt and family, arrived Saturday to pay them a visit.

—The mercury only went down to 44 degrees below zero on Monday morning, and then it wasn't so cold but that there was considerable stir around town.

—Mrs. L. H. McKusick, we are sorry to say, has had to go back to St. Luke's Hospital, where she will be under the doctors' care for the next few weeks.

—A famous fish for breakfast—keeps the whole family well—costs only 35 cents—lasts 30 days—one package of Rocky mountain tea. J. Y. Breckenridge.

—Mr. Madden, of Duluth, will be here in a short time to open up a feed store and elevator. Mr. Madden, we are informed, comes well recommended, and will be a valuable addition to our business houses.

—Call for the "Red Cross," "Manhattan," or the "Cigar Knight"—the leading ten-cent cigars on the market.

—Logs are coming in at a great rate since the cold snap. A. E. Webber is buying all the hard-wood logs he can get a hold of, for which he pays cash.

—Samuel—Don't figure on marrying a model wife unless you are a mind reader, and know for certain that she takes Rocky mountain tea. J. Y. Breckenridge.

—On Thursday afternoon the ladies of the Presbyterian church gave a lunch at the pleasant home of Mrs. Robert Greig, one and one-half miles southwest of this place.

—Alex Johnson, of the Eastside Lumber company, of Stillwater, spent Monday afternoon and Tuesday in Pine City, on business connected with the company.

—Lost—A string of sleigh bells, between the livery barn and Rev. H. Taylor's farm, on Wednesday afternoon. The finder will please leave at the livery barn, or at this office.

—On account of the cold weather which has prevailed during the past week, the saw mills were shut down for a couple of days, but are now at work again running full blast.

—Services as usual at the Methodist church next Sunday morning. In place of the evening services a concert will be given by the Sunday school. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

—More precious than pure gold because it never fails to cure your headache, indigestion, constipation, piles, bad blood. A great system regulator. Rocky mountain tea. J. Y. Breckenridge.

—The Burning question is, "When can I buy the right kind of a stove at the right price?" F. E. Smith, the hardware man, has them. Acorn Cooks and Steel Ranges, \$8.00 to \$40.00. Heating stoves, \$2.00 to \$25.00.

—Mr. Budloff Grandt, who lives down near Chengwatawa, on the government road, has a quantity of hay at reasonable rates. Those wishing to buy should communicate with Mr. Grandt, Pine City, Minn.

—Number Five, on the St. Paul & Duluth, was about nine hours late on Tuesday morning, owing to a collision about two miles south of White Bear Lake. Engineer Kelly was quite badly injured by jumping from the cab.

—On Monday last Adam Biedermann purchased the H. B. Ellwood wood property in this village. Mr. Ellwood will move on to his farm in the spring, and Mr. Biedermann will remodel the property and put it into first-class shape.

—The PIONEER acknowledges a pleasant call from Frank Cort the first of the week. Mr. Cort reports things moving smoothly in his neighborhood, though many are suffering from the grippe. The school in his district will open some time next March.

—Lee Fairbanks and Elbert Bede drove down to Danewood last Sunday afternoon returning at seven o'clock Monday morning. The boys had the misfortune to freeze their feet quite badly, Elbert having been laid up the greater part of the week.

—Pumps!
—Pump!!
—Pump!!!

When you want a Wood Pump, an Iron Pump, or anything in the Pump line, call on F. E. Smith, the Hardware Man—Miller Block—Pine City, Minn.

—One of the coldest snaps that has ever been heard of in this place has been experienced during the past week. Eleven years ago there was a day or so that was quite cold, but the thermometer has been below zero for the past week, never but once getting above that mark.

—Henry Kruse, an old resident of this place, but now of Sandstone, came down down on Saturday, and tarried with old friends until Tuesday. Henry is always a welcome visitor to Pine City, as well as at this office. Come often, Henry, we are always glad to see old friends, as well as new ones.

—Drs. Stephan and Barnum performed a surgical operation on Allie Axtell, on Saturday evening, and found that his liver was found to be covered with abscesses, and had become fastened to the diaphragm. At last accounts Allie was slowly improving, and it is the hope of his many friends that his restoration to health may be speedy.

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ORVILLE G. COX DEAD.

He Passes Away at Missoula, Montana, on Tuesday, Jan. 31st, 1899.

JONAS LOBANSON,
Hinckley City, Minn.

—The Woman's Reading club have secured Governor Lind as one of their Lecturers. The Governor will be here some time in the year, the exact date not yet having been decided upon.

—I have for sale at my residence in Hazel Park, on the north side of the river, 35 pounds of nice carpetting that I will sell for eight cents per pound.

MRS. M. GAMBLE.

—Geo. T. Angel, editor of Dumb Animals, says that half a teaspoonful of powdered sulphur placed in each shoe or stocking, will ward off grippe, malaria, rheumatism, or yellow fever. The experiment is a simple one, and might be well worth trying.

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—Geo. Vanhoover, who has been in Chicago for the past two months, visiting with his sister Etta, arrived home Thursday morning. George says that Chicago is good enough for people who like it, but Pine City suits him well enough. He has not yet made up his mind just what he will do.

—The Ladies of the Riverside Circle will give a dancing party in Hurley's Hall on Monday Evening, February 13th, and will serve an oyster supper at the Pioneer House. The North Branch orchestra have been engaged to furnish the music. Tickets including supper only one dollar.

—Members of Pine City Camp, No. 3179, M. W. A., should bear it in mind that tonight is the regular meeting night. A full attendance is desired as there is business of importance to be transacted, in regard to securing a better hall. The Knights of Pythias having a proposition to make the Camp.

—The teachers' convention that is to be held in this place tomorrow afternoon and evening promises to be well attended. Our citizens are leaving no stone unturned to make it the best convention ever held in the county. They have engaged the Court House hall in which to give the dinner, supper and entertainment.

—Sadie Glaville returned home from Willow River Saturday, after spending a week visiting friends at that place. She reports having had a very pleasant visit and that a large crowd will be down from that place to attend the teacher's convention which will be held in this place tomorrow afternoon and evening.

—Mrs. Wm. Peters, who resides up on Jarvis bay, received the sad news on Tuesday that her father had died at Mapleton, Minn., aged 83 years. On account of the poor connections of the trains Mrs. Peters was unable to arrive at Mapleton in time for the funeral, which was held at 2 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon.

—Thursday Dr. R. L. Wise, a man received a new dresser from St. Paul. The Doctor is fixing up his rooms in fine style, and when the fitting out is completed will have the finest set of office rooms this side of St. Paul. The Doctor is meeting with well deserved success, for he is working hard to build up a practice.

—Clinton McFusick took Tuesdays limited for St. Paul, where he took in the "Sign of the Cross" at the Metropolitan, with Representative Pope of Mora. Clint says it is a fine play, and worth anybody's time and money to go and see. If any one goes they should secure their tickets a couple of days ahead of time, as the theater is filled to overflowing every night.

—LAWN FOR SALE.

A large number of fine trees lots with water and electricity available for building. ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA... To protect the public we will send a sample of our tea to any person who sends us a stamp. Demand the genuine. For sale by all druggists.

ED. M. EDWARDS,
ARTISTIC
...House Painting and Sign Writing...

Paper Hanging and Decorating a Specialty.

Holiday Prints,
Handwriting,
Knotting.

Leave orders at
The Pine County Pioneer Office.

And when the Sun has sunk to rest,
The Brownies troop from East and West,
And standing up in equal line,
Permit the very latest sign.

NOTICE!

G. A. Carlson

Rush City, Minn.,

Our Spring and Summer Line of Dry Goods and Clothing will be one of the best and cheapest lines that was ever shown in Rush City, or on the line of the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad, and our aim has been to get the newest styles and best quality for the least money.

We also beg to state that we will be ready about February 15th, to show a complete line of Carpets, Linoleum, and Floor Oilcloths (not by samples), but in big rolls, so any quantity can be had and at prices that will suit you all.

All mail or sample orders will receive our best attention.

Very Respectfully,

G. A. CARLSON,

RUSH CITY, MINN.



THE RELIEF TRAIN

By Geo. E. Walsh.

IT WAS a hot, stifling August day, and the atmosphere of the great Wisconsin forest was thick and heavy with smoke. The fire had been burning for weeks, and flames had swept through the palisades tracks of the woods until the lungs seemed constricted with the labor of breathing the air.

A long, long train of ten cars stood on the main track, while crowds of curious and anxious people gathered around it. It was called the "fire train," because it was about to start on a painful journey, in a grim race with the fire神.

Early that noon a telegram had been received at Branchville from Stony Brook, which had started every inhabitant of the farm town. The message said in brief:

"Fire surrounding us. Send help at once! Will be cut off before night!"

If electrified, everybody tried to do something for those poor fellows at Stony Brook, threatened with such awful death; but the seat of the impending disaster was 50 miles away, and nothing could be done except to send a relief train to their assistance.

It so happened that another express was being made up at Branchville, and Big Mike, the engineer, determined to make the run in the interests of humanity. The conductor of the train telegraphed to the fire department, who had the track cleared between Branchville and Stony Brook.

Fully 1,000 people were assembled at the depot to see the train start upon its mission of mercy. Big Mike felt the full weight of his position, and he puffed and bluffed about like a sea lion in his element.

He was talking with his fireman when a boy of about 16 approached the engine and said:

"Then, sir, will you let me go with you?"

"What! Take a boy along on such a dangerous run? No, my son, we only want men—and brave men."

The boy's face dropped, and he added voice in a less hopeful but more pleading

"I may not be brave, but I'll keep quiet, and won't get in the way."

"Can't do it, my boy, can't do it; I tell you we may never come back alive."

"But my poor mother, she'll—"

The others entered the boy's eyes and turned head away to hide them.

"Where is your mother?" the engineer asked.

"Over there—at Stony Brook."

Big Mike cleared his throat with a loud cough before he answered.

"My, my lad, I'll bring him back to you if you can't find him."

"We can't get through, then we'll all perish together."

"But if I could go, too," the boy began again.

"You'd only be another one to perish. No, my lad, you wait here, and Big Mike will do all he can for your mother and all the rest of the people."

Just then the conductor came running along the platform, and the engineer climbed down from the engine to learn the news.

"A telegram from Stony Brook," the conductor said, excitedly, "and it says the fire is almost upon the place, and in five hours we'll be over."

"Then we'll get off at once, and I'll race the express faster than I ever did in my life, and get you all away already."

"Yes. Start up!"

The conductor waved his signal, and Big Mike let the engine give three shrill whistles to announce the beginning of the race. Then the heavy driving wheels revolved slowly at first, but thereafter with accelerated motion.

The two engines roared an hour when they dimmed into the distance of burning woods. At first they only caught glimpses of clouds of smoke; then they saw cinders and sparks flying on the wind, and finally masses of flames burst from the trees on every side.

The woods on either side of the track were ablaze, and the heat became stifling. Sometimes the wind swept clouds of sparks and flames across the track, blinding and terrifying the men. But the boy and fireman stood by their posts, and directed the steel monster in its course.

They were rushing through clouds of smoke, which prevented them from seeing the track ahead, but Big Mike never once flinched. The tops of fallen trees lay across the rails, but the tremendous power of the engine hurled them aside without once checking the terrible speed.

Every part of the ironwork of the engine was hot to the touch, and the air was almost unbreatheable. Both fireman and engineer gasped for breath, and prayed for some relief. How much longer did they have to run to get beyond the fire area?

Big Mike tried to calculate the distance, but there was no familiar landscape object in view. He looked out across the fiery country, and wondered if he could stand the strain much longer.

His attention was attracted inside a moment later by a groan, and he turned to see his fireman sink down on the floor in a dead faint.

"Now, I am in for it," Mike muttered. "I can't keep the fire going, too."

In this quandary he tried to pull the ropes which would stop the train, but found that the fire had burned to pieces. He shouted aloud to the conductor, but he knew that above the roar and blast of the fire his voice could not be heard.

But something happened that sur-

pised him more than if the conductor had spoken to him. The smoke of the woods had suddenly moved, and then deliberately stood upon end, while a face appeared out of the hole.

"Mother! Mother! I'm here!" the engineer gasped.

"How did you get in there?" the conductor asked at the station. You wouldn't let me go, and my mother was in danger."

"I stopped at his brother's firman and drew a long breath."

"Well, now that you're here, suppose you help me! Can you shovel coal?" "Yes, easily."

In a moment the boy had crawled out of the engine tank, and he swung the shovel so successfully that the fire burned brighter than ever.

"Is it still in the water tank?" Mike asked, smilingly at the hole.

"Yes, much cooler than out there," the lad replied.

"Well, go back into it, then, until I need more coal. I'll call you when it is time."

Mike—this was his name—had crawled into his cool hiding place; but before closing the top he threw a bucket of water over the prostrate fireman and then over himself.

"What's the good?" Mike said, shivering with pleasure, as the water temporarily cooled his parched, aching brows.

But the run was not by any means over yet, nor had they reached the water tanks. They had to pass through many places as they proceeded, until it seemed as if no man being could live in such a superheated atmosphere.

They entered a dense patch of trees, where the smoke rolled on in patches of flame. Great flying showers of flame flouted down upon the engine and cars from the trees on either side. The cars were ablaze in a dozen places, and the tracks were warped and twisted.

The boy began to grow faint and dizzy. A sensation of failing seemed to come over him, and he unconsciously called to his boy companion for help.

Bert opened the top of the tank to see if the engineer needed more water. As he did so he saw that the engineer had stopped breathing. Bert took hold of his smoke, and, though sitting up with his hand on the lever, he was unconscious.

In his fall backward the engineer had accidentally shut off the steam, and the panting train was rapidly slackening its pace. To stop an instant in such a desert of fire meant death to all on the train!

The boy realized this, and it took him but a minute to climb into the cab and open wide the valves.

He did not know much about a steam engine, but in this terrible run through the fiery woods he had watched the engineer so that he could stop or start the huge monster at will. It was a simple thing to do, but the boy felt elated at his discovery.

In a few minutes the engine was going as fast as ever. They were rushing along 70 miles an hour.

Hidden in his water tank he had not noticed the full intensity of the heat, but now he began to feel it, and as an oriund the fireman and engineer had passed through. With only slight protection from the blinding, burning smoke and flames, the engineer's position seemed almost unbearable.

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