

# The Pine County Pioneer.

Ed C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM

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PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1893.

NO. 14

F. A. HODGE, President.

P. W. MCALLEN, Cashier.

## FIRST STATE BANK PINE COUNTY. (INCORPORATED.)

Commercial Banking in all its Branches.

Insurance written in Reliable Companies.

Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper

than express or postoffice money orders.

Drafts on Europe sold. Large Bought and sold.

### TAXES PAID FOR NON-RESIDENTS.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

Dr. E. E. Barnum,

Graduate of University of Michigan—1878.

Physician and Surgeon.

Office night and day over Ryback's store.

Night calls promptly responded to.

Pine City, Minnesota.

Dr. R. L. Wiseman,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office in the Rybak building, up

stairs, Side entrance.

Dr. A. C. Tröwbridge,

Dentist

Office opposite Pokegama Hotel, Pine

hours, 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

E. A. Jesmer,

VETERINARY SURGEON.

All diseases of domesticated animal treated in a skillful manner. Can be found night or day at my farm, three miles west of Pine City, on the Brainerd road.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

Dr. E. L. Stephan,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Drug Store.

Hinckley, Minnesota.

A. J. Stowe, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of the University of New York. Practice in new building at door of Post Office. Received his diploma in office.

Hinckley, Minnesota.

S. G. L. Roberts,

Attorney and Counselor

at Law.

Pine City, Minnesota.

Robt. C. Saunders,

Attorney at Law.

Hinckley, Minnesota.

J. A. Oldenburg,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

B. & S. Goods at Lowest Prices

Finlayson, Minnesota.

Willow River House.

MIRE HAWLEY, Manager.

Willow River, Minn.

## Pine City Restaurant and Bakery.

First Door West of Kowalew's.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies

Kep constantly on hand. Also a choice line of Confectionery, nuts, dried fruits in season, as well as the finest brands of Cigars, and neat goods. We have a large manufacture. Give me a call when in need of anything in the above goods.

JOS. VEVERKA.

## Groceries!

I have just added to my stock a first-class and complete line of Groceries, which I will sell as Cheap as the Cheapest.

JOS. VEVERKA.

which he is engaged. This is strictly official.

Gen. Brooke, military governor of Cuba, and Gen. Otis, military governor of the Philippines, have each been authorized to enlist a battalion of natives for the regular army, if they consider it wise to try the experiment. The officers will, of course, be Americans.

Administration officials are not at all concerned over the renewed report that Germany had succeeded in purchasing the Caroline Islands from Spain. They regard it as a matter that concerns only Spain and Germany, and are consequently indifferent as to whether the report is true or otherwise.

Now that Gen. Lawton and the reinforcements he carried with him have rejoined those he carried with him, it is expected that a rushing campaign will at once be set in motion against the Filipinos, and decisive results are looked for very soon. In late dispatches, Gen. Otis says he has information that the whippings already administered have made the rank and file of the Filipinos anxious to give up, and that it is all their leaders can do to keep them in the field. As the campaign against them is liable to consist largely of bush fighting, Gen. Lawton's extensive experience in Indian fighting will make his services invaluable. The sort of man Lawton is may be judged by one of the names given to him by hostile Indians in the western years ago—"Man-who-gets-and-fights-in-the-middle-of-the-night." The war department has

asked him to be ready to leave him tree-handed to carry out the campaign in his own way. Unless called back by something urgent, he will probably stay at Thomasville a couple of weeks, possibly longer. Although it is not his intention to transact any routine business while away, Secretary Porter will remain at the White House for the purpose of making telegraphic reports to him of anything important, and receiving any orders it may be necessary for him to give.

In a statement just made public concerning the work of the last congress, Chairman Cannon, of the house appropriation committee, gives a more detailed statement of the appropriations made than was possible for him to make earlier, and says:

"During the whole of the four years covered by Mr. Cleveland's second administration, the material and industrial condition of the country was calamitous, and its concomitance did not bring satisfaction to any American citizen. But the Fifty-Fifth Congress, beginning with the administration of William McKinley, and promptly called in extraordinary session, as promptly enacted legislation which has yielded the additional revenues needed to pay all the ordinary expenses of the government, and has at the same time protected American labor. With the enactment of that legislation, hope and confidence struck men, and the condition of the whole country improved, and has continued to improve up to the present day. Labor is now universally employed with increased wages, and with such employment the means are supplied for increased consumption. The vast increase of the navy, and the creation of an army of a quarter of a million men, together with the increase of taxation, have not to any appreciable degree checked our industrial advance, which began so incidentally with the incoming of the present administration and the Fifty-Fifth Congress."

The navy department has no information that Admiral Dewey's health is in a precarious condition. Months ago Admiral Dewey was given leave to come home whenever he desired to do so, and he has since remained at his post from choice, and because he desired, and because he desired to complete the work to

### ANGLING AS A RECREATION.

Why the Dissipates of Isak Walton Should Interest Themselves in the Preservation of Our Forests.

BY FRANK H. CARLETON.

An angler would do my heart good to dwell upon angling as a recreation, beneficial and enjoyable to all, from the barefoot boy, with his simple hook and line, and pole cut from the neighboring wood, to the disciple of Isak Walton, who with delicate bamboo rod, deftly casts his artificial fly. A sport equally enjoyed by all, from the man whose physical labor is hard, and who occasionally gets a day off to "go a-fishing," up to the great Webster, who composed while angling at Marshpee Brook parts of his famous narrative afterwards delivered at the laying of the corner-stone of Bunker Hill monument.

It is true as Father Isak Walton wrote in his "Complete Angler" published nearly three hundred and fifty years ago, "Angling is the contemplative man's recreation. It is an art, and an art worthy of the knowledge and practice of a wise man."

Every fisherman knows that to be a good angler requires excellent judgment, great practice, rare skill, a full degree of endurance, and a lively imagination. Perhaps the last named quality of a lively imagination is not absolutely necessary, but it helps tremendously when "luck" is bad and the fish don't bite, and it develops the poetic and aesthetic features of the art, and gives that intense love of nature which every true angler should have. And were a moral argument needed in favor of angling, we could cite the favor of angels, who could cite the favor of man.

The old story of the republicans being divided into Rad and anti-Road has once more been given a start by those who would enjoy nothing more than to see the republicans split into such factions.

There is no more foundation for the story now than there has been for its numerous predecessors. If Speaker Reed lives he will be elected to speak at the next house, unless he positively declines to serve at such a meeting.

To have fish and fishing we must have an abundance of water suitable for the propagation and growth of fish, and an ample supply for food for the fish. Without forests we cannot have fish or fishing.

But it may be asked, what have the preservation of forests and reforestation got to do with fish, food and fishing? To those who have studied the results of forest destruction, these statements need no explanation, but for the benefit of others I briefly refer to a few facts, well known to those who have given study and attention to the subject.

Well wood-d districts are more subject to rains than treeless regions, and forests are vast reservoirs of humidity, lessening the dryness of the surrounding atmosphere, aiding the flow of springs and streams, and throwing off great volumes of humid air. Not only do they prevent freshets and overflowing banks, but they hold back the melting snow a degree in spring, and through the warm months of summer they feed the springs, streams and lakes slowly with a constant quantity of pure and cold water, the result making the supply of water constant, and reducing the temperature of the water in the streams and lakes, and giving the clear and cold water in which fish delight and thrive.

Years ago Humboldt wrote: "In a falling tree . . . men under all climates prepare for subsequent generations two calamities at once—a lack of firewood and a want of water." John Crombie Brown, the great British authority on forestry, has summed up the subject in these few words: "In a wellwooded land the rain may be found to be diffused in showers over a great part of the year, while in a land otherwise under similar conditions, but



## Signs of Spring



Convey a warning that certain ailments—General Debility, Dyspepsia, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Liver Complaints, etc., need attention. There isn't anything better for a Blood Purifier than our

## French's Sarsaparilla.

Nothing secret or mysterious about it. Simply Sarsaparilla, Iodide of Potassium, Dandelion, Stillingia etc.—drugs you perhaps know something about and which are recommended by all medical works and physicians.

Then it is carefully and honestly made of the best drugs, like everything else that we make, and we give you a bigger bottle than you usually get, and charge but 90 cents for it.

## BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY.

Main Street, Pine City, Minn.

devoid of forests and other vegetation, the rain falls at distant intervals—months or years apart, and falls in torrents. And again, in the former case, the rainfall may be generally diffused over the whole area, in the latter it may fall in torrent here and there, leaving extensive regions unvisited by rain for long periods.

There is no substitute for forests as producers of rain, either by irrigation or by attempts to blow up the clouds and bring down water by fireworks; and where irrigation is feasible it cannot continue long on a large scale after the forests are gone.

The want of forest protection has produced terrible results and great disasters caused by the intermittent and irregular actions of long droughts and great floods and inundations, is evidenced by the history of Spain, Italy, France, Sicily, Chili, Peru, Mauritius and other countries, and especially by the western sections of the United States.

But these questions are also of the greatest importance to fishermen, and it is time that they fully appreciated the importance of forest protection as a means of yielding a constant supply of water, food and shelter for fish, and well understand that the destruction of the forests, more than any other factor, has reduced the supply of fish, and fully explain why fishing has so rapidly declined in this state within the past few years, and fishermen must fully understand that if forest destruction is not stopped, the years of fishing in Minnesota are numbered.

James C. Pond, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

G. A. Carlson, of Rush City, has the largest and finest stock of Clothing, Dress Goods, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishings, Carpets, Rugs, and in fact everything that comprises a first-class dry goods stock, which he is selling at great bargains. Do not go to the cities to buy before you look over his stock and get prices.

# Pine Co. Pioneer.

W. F. GOTTRY, Publisher.

PINE CITY, MINN.

The emperor of Austria has just received a piece of tapestry, representing an allegorical design, that was woven by a new process in a few hours. It is 80 inches square and represents the cost of \$8,000,000. Three hundred silk threads fill one inch. By the ordinary process the work, including designing—which is not necessary in the new method—will have taken three years.

In Nagasaki, Japan, there is a firework shop where they make fireworks of great size that, when exploded, sail in a life-like manner through the air and perform many movements exactly like those of living birds. The secret of making these wonderful fireworks has been in the possession of the eldest child of the family of each generation for more than 400 years.

Prince Sasean, a nephew of the prince of Siam, has been placed in a railroad shop in England, where he is learning the principles of mechanics. His elder brother, Prince Bovadee, has been for some time in another large concern learning mechanical and shipbuilding. The king of Siam is keenly alive to the advantages of such a training, and in this way western ideas are civilizing the east.

The German government is making an experiment in the feeding of artillery horses by feeding them on a patient food. This is composed of fresh blood from the slaughter houses, mixed with sugar, rye, wheat, and hops. It is claimed that the albumen in the blood, aided by the other two ingredients, makes the new forge very strengthening. As the new production is very cheap, the cost of maintenance will be sensibly decreased.

Every Siamese girl who reaches a certain age without marriage is ticked and labeled as a prostitute. She is given a card which she must show to the king, who binds himself to find husbands for them. His method is delightfully simple. A prisoner in any of the Siamese jails may gain his pardon by paying one of the multitude of prostitutes. Whether he is married or not is not of great consequence, for in Siam it is not necessary to draw the line at one wife.

There are two counties in Washington," says Senator Wilson, "of that state, 'each nearly as large as the state of Massachusetts, and one of them is as great a gold field as South Africa.' The camp of the Republic will be made of 10,000 inhabitants in a year and a half. In this wonderful country there are mountains full of gold, and back of the mountains are magnificient agricultural lands. Washington is the place for making money now.

A HAMPTON (Me.) woman, Mrs. E. B. Maddocks, has in her possession a sugar bowl which was once the property of King Louis XIV. It was given to her mother 1818, who had it made in Paris. The bowl is of porcelain and is in a case of its own. The bowl was passing along a sidewalk when it accidentally dropped on the floor, making the aforesaid nick.

The oldest lighthouse in existence is believed to be that at Coruna, Spain. It was built in the reign of Trajan and reconstructed in 1802. England and France have lighthouses which have been built by the Roman conquerors. The famous Cordova tower of Spain, at the mouth of the Gironde, in the reign of Henry IV. After standing 257 years it was still considered to be one of the best lighthouses in the world, although its height has been increased.

The clock in Greenwich, Eng., which records "Greenwich time," which by navigation is used throughout the world, with a slight variation in longitude, has a dial with three circles. One circle is for seconds, one for minutes, one for hours. It is a 24-hour dial, but does not tell the universal time. The time starts from 0 in all cases—seconds, minutes, hours, and so on. The first second is not completed until 11 is reached.

PEOPLE Cuba bound must remember that, while only one-tenth of the island's population is white, there are no large tracts of real estate in the island. Every inch of ground is owned by some individual. Cuba, therefore, offers but small opportunities for "speculation." The opening of the country for colonization and investment is not the opening of Oklahoma, where the first man to drive a stake has a "claim" on a portion of land. Cuba's shores may be open to settlers, but the present impoverished owners, but nevertheless such say may be said for.

Within eight more months, however, the world will have become a ruler of the present time. By that time the extra 11 days lost to make up the changes from the old Indian calendar to that of the present calendar will have accounted for, and the world will run around in just 365 days, and no more. The idea of the coming century will be to have the world's population for forcing the unwilling people to settle in Cuba. Nineteen hundred, while one of the even years ending a quartet, will be a leap year simply because in arranging the dates it was purpose to let out.

## HOT CAMPAIGN PLANNED.

Gen. Otis Says He Is Now Ready to Push the War Against the Philippine Rebels.

### THE OPERATIONS TO BECOME VIGOROUS.

Late Dispatches Say That Aguinaldo Is Still Defiant, But the Rank and File of His Forces Are Ready and Awaiting to Lay Down Their Arms and Sue for Peace.

New York, March 11.—A dispatch to the Journal from Washington says: Dispatches were received near midnight at the white house from Gen. Otis, who has decided to make his next move in the Philippines, and part of the plan of his campaign to bring the war to a speedy close. Gen. Otis says that while there is a disposition among a great many of the Filipinos to submit, the rebels are determined to hold out. Aguinaldo and other leaders are continuing resistance to the end. Gen. Otis thinks that under these circumstances there is nothing to be gained by diplomacy. He counsels the abandonment of such a policy, and says that the only way to bring the rebels to reason is to push the vigorous, persistent and aggressive campaign until the island of Luzon has been brought into complete subjection to the United States. This policy is to be pursued in all the other islands. The work in the field will be under the direction of Gen. Lawton.

Lawton Resumes Manila.

Manila, March 11.—The commanding officer of Col. W. E. Smith, Maj. E. McCausland, Capt. David S. Elliott and Second Lieutenant Eugene S. French, who were killed in action, were shipped home Friday by the United States transports and arrived with military honors. The Second Cavalry volunteers, furnishing the escort from the hospital to the pier. The train of former storms will make a total fall of snow about eight to twelve feet on an average. In some places the drifts are from the top of one roof to the other. Telegraph wires are down and all communications are by private ride.

**Maulia a Naval Base.**

New York, March 11.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: The government has decided to have a naval station at Maulia. It is proposed to build big docks there to shelter with fully equipped machine shops, so that the largest of our battleships in Asiatic waters may be docked and repaired there in case of necessity without being compelled to return to the United States. The troops that reached here on board the Grant will be disembarked immediately.

**Maui a Naval Base.**

Prague, March 11.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: The government has decided to have a naval station at Maui. It is proposed to build big docks there to shelter with fully equipped machine shops, so that the largest of our battleships in Asiatic waters may be docked and repaired there in case of necessity without being compelled to return to the United States. The troops that reached here on board the Grant will be disembarked immediately.

**Admiral Dewey Not Comprised.**

Washington, March 11.—The statement can be made on the authority of the detail office of the navy department that Admiral Dewey will not be relieved at Manila until he chooses to do so. He has not given any intimation of a purpose to apply for relief of the immediate future, and from the few declarations he has let fall the departing admiral has endeavored to make him do so to contemplate an early retirement. Consequently there is no fear for the story that Admiral Soley or any other admiral has been selected to take command of the Asiatic station.

**Three Towns Captured.**

Manila, March 11.—James H. Creelman cables the New York Journal: Gen. Wesleyan captured the last town of the New Zealand column, began the great rearward movement against the insurgents Monday morning by a rapid and well executed movement against the enemy's country. Gen. Wesleyan captured three towns and on the 13th the Aguinaldo army north of Manila from the center with its troops to the south. The town of Guadalupe, San Nicolas and Pasig were captured in succession, and a large section of the Filipino army driven before the advance.

**The Relief at Gibraltar.**

Gibraltar, March 11.—The United States hospital ship Relief from New York on March 3, for Manila, has arrived here to relieve the sick and wounded by Capt. Harding, hospital commander. Eight women nurses accompany Maj. Bradley.

**Three Men Killed.**

Lincoln, March 11.—A blinding storm of snow and wind was the cause of a bad collision on the Burlington road about two miles west of Lincoln at six o'clock Saturday evening. The accident resulted in the death of three men and serious injury to four others.

**Days American Economists.**

Philadelphia, March 11.—The French state railways, operated under the control of the French government, have placed an order with the Baldwin locomotive works of this city for ten high-speed locomotives, to be finished in four months.

**La Fayette Dollars.**

Washington, March 14.—The designers of the mint are engaged upon a design for the new La Fayette dollars.

50,000 of which are to be minted by the United States government as a complement to the French dollar.

**Twenty First List.**

Washington, March 14.—The total number of deaths on account of the Spanish war reported to the adjutant general's office between May 1, 1898, and February 28, 1899, in killed on service, 322; died of wounds, 125; died of disease, 100.

**To Select a Commander.**

Philadelphia, March 14.—The executive committee of the national board of administration of the grand army will meet in this city April 12 to select a commander in chief to succeed the late Gen. James A. Sexton.

**Brewer Founds a Fine Building.**

Chicago, March 14.—John S. Goding, president of the Cook Brewing company, and well known among liquor dealers throughout the west, died yesterday at 61.

**Death and Suicide.**

Chicago, March 14.—In the presence of his children James Madigan Wiley, his wife and committed suicide in this city. Domestic trouble was the cause.

**Queer Mistake.**

Chippewa Falls, Wis., March 12.—During a snowstorm here there were sharp flashes of lightning and roaring thunder.

### PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT.

General Increase in Wages of Employees Presages Much Better Times in the Business World.

New York, March 11.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "By the assurance of good business in the future, we are enabled to be optimistic. The general advance in earnings of cotton mill operatives, in most cases ten percent, of iron and steel workers, of 10 percent, and tin plate and sheet workers from 10 to 15 percent, and of coal miners, in some instances 15 percent, will set a pace which most establishments will follow. These have reduced wages in the past years, but the increase in the last two years has been so great that it is to be apprehended when such a change may occur it will be necessary to consider a tenth increase in the wages of employees of the entire value of exports of cotton goods."

"The volume of business shows no signs of decline, and the general increase in wages of 10 percent in the same week of last year and 0.9 percent in the same week of this year is evidence of a steady increase in the volume of business."

"Exports of wheat do not fall below 50 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of the wheat last year was 49.6 million bushels, against 23.9 in 1897, and 24.6 in 1896."

"Exports of corn did not fall below 20 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of corn last year was 18.2 million bushels, against 15.8 in 1897, and 17.7 in 1896."

"Exports of tobacco did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of tobacco last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of wool did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of wool last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of leather did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of leather last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of iron and steel did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of iron and steel last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of coal did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of coal last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of tin did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of tin last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of copper did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of copper last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of lead did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of lead last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of zinc did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of zinc last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of silver did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of silver last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of gold did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of gold last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton seed did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton seed last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton oil did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton oil last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton waste did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton waste last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton linters did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton linters last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton seed hulls did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton seed hulls last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton seed meal did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton seed meal last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton seed oil did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton seed oil last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton seed cake did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton seed cake last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

"Exports of cotton seed flour did not fall below 10 million bushels a year, as may have been the case in 1898, and the export of cotton seed flour last year was 9.5 million bushels, against 8.5 in 1897, and 8.2 in 1896."

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# THE NATIONAL EXPENSES.

Chairman Cannon Gives Extended Report of the Labors of the Fifty-Fifth Congress.

## ANNOUNCES THE TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS

**The Amount in \$1,500,000,000 and Expenditures in Contracts—The War with Spain Cost \$80,000,000—Division of the Excess—Success of War Revenue.**

Washington, March 11.—Availing himself of the privilege accorded by the house of representatives previous to adjournment, Chairman Cannon has prepared for the congressional record a more extended statement of the appropriations made by the Fifty-fifth congress than he made the day before adjournment. He places the total appropriations for the entire country at \$1,500,000,000, and the amount authorized for future congresses under the continuing contract system for battleships, river and harbor improvements and public buildings at \$70,000,000. The total appropriations made at the last session Mr. Cannon places at \$677,500,000, and the amount authorized for future congresses under the preceding session at \$20,500,000,41 below the appropriations of the preceding session. Mr. Cannon attributes this reduction to the extraordinary war expenses of the preceding session. Of the total appropriations for the congress he says that the sum of \$482,500,000 is directly chargeable to the war with Spain, and that the ordinary expenditures for the two years covered by the congress were \$1,044,580,273, and this sum exceeds the total appropriation of the Fifty-fourth congress by \$39,765.

**Division of the Excess.**  
This excess is accounted for as follows: For payment of pensions, \$3,75,200; for the postal service, to meet increased demands of commerce, \$16,619,53; for river and harbor improvements, \$3,401,128; for constructing new ships, \$6,000,000; for the relief of the world, \$1,200,000; for the Paris exposition, \$1,210,900; for new public buildings, \$5,000,000; for payment of judgments against the government under the Bowman act, and for the French subscription claims, \$30,100,700; total, \$40,287,516.

**Success of the Excess.**  
In addition without taking time to discuss in detail the causes that led thereto, congress declared war against Spain, and the prompt and decided success of the army and navy upon land and sea have never been equaled anywhere in history. The most extended period of war in our history was witnessed in the institution of additional revenue legislation, and that legislation is now bringing into our treasury an additional \$100,000,000 per annum. The vast increase of the income tax and the creation of an army of 250,000, together with the increase of taxation, have given us a powerful weapon to check our industrial advance, which began coincidentally with the income of the present administration and the Fifty-fifth congress."

**Will Not Shirk Duty.**  
On account of Mr. Cannon's desire to enter upon the precise definition of future legislation, saying: "I prefer rather to await the logic of events and the full information that will doubtless come, as I hope between now and the organization in December next of the new congress," it is evident that the amateur and prediction-making United States could not if they would, and would not if they could, part with the territories acquired from Spain by the treaty of peace or shrink their duties and responsibilities touching them."

**Talmage Resigns.**  
Washington, March 10.—Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage, who for nearly four years past has been pastor of the First Presbyterian church of this city, has resigned. It is his intention to continue his residence in this city and he will devote most of his time to literary pursuits.

**Went on the Rocks.**  
Halfax, N. S., March 13.—The new Allen line steamer Castilian from Portland, Me., to Halifax, took on water at an early rock just near Yarmouth, but the passengers and crew were saved. The vessel was valued at \$75,000, and the cargo at \$40,000.

**Adjourns Without Electing Senator.**  
Dover, Del., March 14.—The general assembly adjourned at 11 o'clock Monday without electing a United States senator. The election of a senator now goes to the next session, and a special session of the legislature is called for the purpose of an election.

**Peace Conference.**  
The Hague, March 10.—The peace conference, otherwise the congress of representatives of the powers, called by the czar to discuss the possibility of taking up the general question of disarmament, will meet here on May 18.

**Segments of Native.**  
Washington, March 11.—For the purpose of experiment the administration has determined to enlist some native troops in Cuba and the Philippines, and perhaps in Porto Rico.

**Says They Are Hypocrites.**  
New York, March 11.—Bishop Potter, of the Episcopal church, in an interview last evening, said that the negroes were hypocrites and liars whom he described as "the slaves of the slaves."

**A Woman Hanged.**  
St. Sébastien, Que., March 11.—Mrs. Cordelia Poirier and Samuel Parslow were hanged here for the murder of Jérôme Poirier, the woman's husband.

## IS AGAINST MILES.

**The Report of the War Commission Shows Charges of Embalmed Beef Were Not True.**

Chicago, March 11.—The war inquiry has completed its investigation at the stock yards Friday afternoon and returned to headquarters in the Pullman building. Having made a few discoveries of interest in connection with the process of preparing army beef the court will proceed to examine witnesses and get the evidence in official hands.

Five hundred typewritten pages of testimony have been taken by the board of army officers investigating the beef scandals, and they have come to the conclusion that Gen. Miles was not guilty in making the charges he did concerning the conduct of Gen. Miles and the commanding department. The testimony has been gathered not only where public scrutiny was possible, but also in secret. Lieut. Col. George R. Davis, recorder of the board, leaked out Friday, was in Chicago investigating the packing processes before the board met.

## WORK OF A CYCLONE.

**Many Houses Wrecked and Hundred People Left Homeless in Oklahoma City.**

Oklahoma City, O. T., March 13.—A cyclone struck the city and left two hundred people homeless. The city is in ruins, the streets are strewn with the remains of demolished homes and uprooted trees, while scores of people are suffering from bodily injuries.

Rooftops of houses were lifted and carried long distances, and roofs and walls were blown out in some instances, and in others crushed entirely. Buildings were twisted from their foundations, while trees, telegraph poles and fencing were scattered everywhere. Nearly 100 houses were destroyed and twice that number more or less damaged.

## A BANK PLUNDERED.

**Burglars Steal a Large Sum from an Institution at Amherst, Wis.**

Milwaukee, March 11.—A Journal special from Waupaca, Wis., says that robbers effected an entrance into the Bank of Amherst Friday and stole the safe, \$1,000. A. Pomeroy, cashier of the bank, says that the amount of the loss was \$5,200. Notes and other commercial paper were scattered about the floor of the vault, and the bank will probably not lose anything except the specie. The bank is capitalized at \$50,000. A reward of \$500 is offered for the capture of the robbers.

## Water Highest in Years.

Paul, Minn., March 14.—A Preston (Minn.) special to the Dispatch says that Saturday night water reached the highest level ever made for the past 25 years. All the south and east part of town was under water and much damage was done. An ice jam forced the Conkey mill dam and when it broke the large cakes of ice, some 20 by 30 feet and three feet thick, were cast all over the flats. The streets south of Main street were filled with ice.

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## Seized a Shaker.

Cincinnati, March 13.—Joseph A. Wilson, a young Shaker, committed suicide at Whitewater Village Community, this morning, taking poison.

He was originally from Jackson, Mich., where his parents still live.

The suicide is supposed to have been caused by insanity.

## Arbor Day in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., March 15.—Gov. Tamm has issued a proclamation setting apart Friday, April 21, as "Arbor Day" to be observed by planting trees,

## THE MARKETS.

New York, March 14.

LIVE STOCK—Steers, \$14 to \$19.  
Hogs, \$12 to \$19.  
Pork, \$12 to \$19.  
FLOUR—Winter Straight, \$20 to \$42.  
WHITE BREAD, \$20 to \$42.  
COOK, No. 2, \$20.  
May, \$20.  
Oats, \$20.  
White, \$20.  
BUTTER—Creamery, \$12 to \$20.  
CANDY—White, \$12 to \$20.  
EGGS—CHICAGO, \$12 to \$18.

CATTLE—Choice Steers, \$20 to \$25.  
Butchers', \$18 to \$25.  
Bulls, \$18 to \$25.  
HOGS—Light, \$12 to \$18.  
HOGS—Dark, \$12 to \$18.  
BEEF—Greasier, \$12 to \$18.  
EGGS—White, \$12 to \$18.  
POOTERED (over butter), \$12 to \$18.  
LARD—May, \$12 to \$18.  
LARD—July, \$12 to \$18.  
LARD—Aug., \$12 to \$18.  
GRAIN—Wheat, May, \$65 to \$75.  
Oats, May, \$65 to \$75.  
Barley, No. 2, \$65 to \$75.  
GRAIN—WHEAT, KANSAS, \$65 to \$75.  
Corn, May, \$65 to \$75.  
Oats, May, \$65 to \$75.  
Barley, Choice, \$65 to \$75.  
MILWAUKEE, \$65 to \$75.

NEW YORK, \$65 to \$75.

CATTLE—Native Beef, \$12 to \$20.

HOGS—Native, \$12 to \$20.

SHIRT—Native Mutton, \$18 to \$20.

CATTLE—Native Beef, \$12 to \$20.

Cows and Heifers, \$12 to \$20.

Sheep and Lambs, \$12 to \$20.

HOG—Mutton, \$12 to \$20.

SHIRT—Native Mutton, \$12 to \$20.

CATTLE—Native Beef, \$12 to \$20.

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## PINE COUNTY PIONEER

ED C. GOTTHEY Editor and Prop.

Entered at the Pine City Post Office as Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN., MARCH 17, 1899

The Shamrock grows green today. Long live old Ireland, and the blessed memory of St. Patrick.

Thus, W. Alexander has been appointed deputy warden of the penitentiary at Stillwater, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of F. H. Lemons.

The continued tide of prosperity has drawn out the calamity hoppers. An occasional mournful yawn is heard from William Jennings, but Bill's a back number now, and don't count for much.

Court was held in the bush in St. Clair County, Mo., by the judges, in order to keep out of the hands of the federal officers, and they succeeded. When next they hold court it may be on an air ship.

The Republicans elected their ticket in Atlantic City, N. J., by 600 majority, and other towns that held elections on that date were right in line. And still they say that the G. O. P. is bussed up in the east.

If G. C. T. is authorized to organize three or four regiments of the provisional army from the U. S. volunteers how at Manila it will give those who want more war and fighting a chance to remain, and those who want to return home can do so.

In the death of Col. John T. West, of the West Hotel, which occurs on Monday evening last at 10:30 o'clock, Minneapolis loses one of its most respected citizens, and one who will be missed not only by the people of Minneapolis, but by a large circle of friends throughout the state.

A move is on foot in Washington to hold a Peace Festival the latter part of May. They would better wait until peace reigns supreme. At this time it does not look as though things would be quieted in the Philippines by that date. When the insurgents are conquered it will be plenty of time to have Jubilees.

The sale of pine lands on the Leech Lake reservation has been withheld from the market, the result of agitation kept up all winter by various interests. There has been considerable money expended in having this timber estimated, but the estimates will be preserved to show that the work was honestly and faithfully done.

The hospital ship "Relief," bound for Manila, arrived in Gibraltar on the 13th inst., with a cargo of medical supplies sufficient to last an army of 25,000 men one year. It also has eight women nurses on board, who are going to the front to administer to the wants of the sick and wounded. Capt. Harding is in command of the ship.

J. Adam, in his last Budget advocates the institution of a national summer school, to hold yearly sessions at Duluth. The idea is a good one, and should be acted upon by the citizens of the Zenith City. No only would the toll-worn pedagogues of the nation be benefited by a month's sabbath at the head of the lake, where their health would be invigorated and spirits revived by the clear, bracing atmosphere that is found only near the base of old Gitchie Gami, but the chit-dwellers themselves, through contact with the most intelligent and educated entities of the country, might possibly be lifted to a high mental plane. The national summer school is a good idea—why it alone

The speech of Father Abraham in the last number of Poor Richard's Almanac, published by Benjamin Franklin in 1757, "contains the words of many ages and nations, well-chosen and formed into one connected discourse." Why did not it publish it? It attracted wide attention and was copied in all of the newspapers in America and England, and translated into many foreign languages. Would not like to read it? Get a copy free of charge at J. V. Breckinridge's drug store.

### A Letter From Ecuador.

Mr. Harry Reid received a lengthy and very interesting letter recently, from Mr. Emery Cady, one of the Evangelists who held meetings here in the tent last summer. The letter was sent here to be read by a number of his friends in this vicinity, and is too long to publish in full, but we give the following extracts:

Mr. Cady left Rutledge on Nov. 1, for a week's visit with his mother in Nebraska, and from there went to Kansas City, where he joined a party of missionaries—three ladies and three gentlemen. They left New York on Nov. 28, and had a rather stormy voyage. At Panama they found the heat very oppressive, but the fruit was plentiful, cheap and delicious. Bananas and oranges sell for three and four cents per dozen.

They spent ten days at Guayaquil, Ecuador, a city on the coast, which is very healthy in the rainy season, which begins about Dec. 24. The journey up country was made on mule or horse back. Much of the road was only a mountain trail, often only two feet from a precipice down which you could look several hundred feet. At one time they were some 1,300 feet above the sea, and only a mile from snow, although so near the equator. Here they found the daisies and dandelions in full bloom. Their path took them around three sides of Mt. Chimborazo, which is 21,220 feet high, and the pride of Ecuador. Where they are stationed now at Ambato, Ecuador, they are 8,554 feet above the sea.

They are just entering the fruit season—cherries, one-half cent per quart; strawberries, 2 cents per quart—these are on the market all the year, pears, 70 to 80 for 5 cents, peaches, 40 to 60 for 5 cents; potatoes, 40 cents per bushel; California flour, \$10 per 100 pound barrel. Native flour is very poor, mostly ground in stone mortars.

They cut their grain with a ten inch scythe, as many as forty men to an acre, which was quite a contrast to our self-binders.

The plateau land is very healthy.

Mr. Cady thinks that is a great opening here for Yankee ingenuity, and many foreigners are getting rich. There are two political parties—the Liberal and Conservative, the former being in power at present. A war has been raging between the two parties since the Liberals granted the right of way for a railroad from Guayaquil to Quito. A battle was fought the last of January near Ambato, which resulted in a victory for the government troops.

As to their missionary work, they started a Sunday School on Jan. 20, and six children came. The next meeting brought twenty-two women and children, and at the third more came. The children sang the hymns they learned on the streets, and were stopped by the police.

They have traveled miles over the country, selling Bibles and distributing tracts. Mr. Cady expects to remain at Ambato for at least a year.

### Grand Jurors—April Term, 1899.

The following Grand Jurors are summoned to appear at the term of court on Tuesday, April 11, 1899, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Chas. F. Stephan, Henry Olson, John Beck, John Carroll, Henry Kruse, Wm. Kyle, Adolph Bjork, Frank Clark, B. N. Johnson, Nels Halstrom, Matt Peterson, A. D. Leonard, John Walton, Leo S. Brown, Frank Baumgard, Chas. Blomgren, L. G. Simonsen, M. G. Scollo, Chas. Olson.

### PETTY JURORS.

The following Petty Jurors are summoned to appear at said term of court on Tuesday, April 18th 1899, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Irvin Westcott, Aug. Asmus, C. H. Eason, John Novak, Frank Shorten, Chas. Beck, O. Ericsson, John Voula, Frank Al. L. Peterson, John S. Lyons, Frank Danianus, Ossie Gunderson, Gustave Saaberg, D. H. Erickson, James Novak, L. P. Nelson, Henry Gridley, Peter Peterson, J. F. Johnson.

For photographs call on me at my new gallery south of the railroad depot.

JAMES LOWMAN,  
Pine City, Minn.

### Township Officers Elected.

The following officers were elected at the annual town elections held in the various towns, as far as the returns have been received:

#### PINE TOWN.

Chairman, J. S. VanGordon; supervisors, H. Schmelz, P. Sogmoen, Clark, O. Stephan; treasurer, T. Sticha; assessor, A. Mavis; justice of the peace, C. F. Stephan; constable, Herman Johnson.

#### CHENGAWANA.

Chairman, F. Dubskob; supervisors, F. Dushuek, J. McAdam; clerk, Jerry Collins; treasurer, Jos. Holler; constable, ——Hansperly.

#### POKEMANA.

Chairman, F. Dushuek; supervisors, F. Dushuek, J. McAdam; clerk, Jerry Collins; treasurer, Jos. Holler; constable, ——Hansperly.

#### WILLOW CREEK.

Robert Derr, chairman; supervisors, F. Dushuek, J. McAdam; clerk, Arthur Bartlett; assessor, ——Ballat; treasurer, Peter Wasmek.

#### ROCK CREEK.

Geo. Walton is going into the poultry business.

Miss Nellie Peterson is visiting her sister in Duluth.

A. W. Kent made a flying trip to Rush City Saturday.

A. M. Matson spent Sunday at his home in Rush Point.

Dr. G. C. Vibrance was visiting in this burg last week.

Leona Hamleton, of Mission Creek, is teaching the Foster school.

Joe Parra says the town is dead since Jack Bassett went away.

John Gilman made a business trip to Duluth the latter part of last week.

W. R. Bays, of Siloam Springs, Ark., is buying potatoes at this place.

Born To Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Thayer, on Sunday, March 12, 1899, a young son.

Hugh Alire has returned from Broome, where he has been at work for three years.

Adolph Anderson has secured a school at the head of Lake Pokegama, commencing April 3.

J. D. Hyde left Monday for his former home in St. Louis, Mo. He fired down a run of potatoes.

John Matson arrived home from Deer River, Silver Star, where he was employed by Dunn & Marcell.

A Swerdford has moved his house, and is remodeling and adding all the modern improvements, steam heat etc. Which accuses our suspicions.

Joe Parra just received word from Deer River, that his daughter Debra had been married for a couple of months. He is now smoking a good cigar daily on the strength of it.

J. W. Bassett went out on the road the first of the month for Barret & Barrett's cider and vinegar house, of St. Paul. Will he have the same territory, viz: southern Minnesota and the Dakotas?

Oscar Peterson, who has been employed by Gilman & Marson as chief fireman and horse trader, resigned his position last week, and departed for his home at Rush Point. We are sorry to lose such a hot sport.

The entire caucus ticket was elected with the exception of W. E. Anderson, who was elected assessor.

The other opposition to the caucus ticket is W. N. Peterson to the cause, J. H. Walton, supervisor, A. S. Swedes against A. P. Erickson for treasurer, and A. W. Kent against J. W. Bassett for constable.

Alex Dunn came down from Deer River a short time ago, where he was employed by Dunn & Marcell, formerly of this place. He informs us that they are doing a good business and have a fine location. Alex will move his family up there, to take up a claim when the reservations open for settlement.

At a caucus held at Erickson's store Saturday evening the following officers were placed in nomination:

Chas. Lindstrom, chairman, J. H. Walton and A. J. Anderson, supervisors; C. A. Lindstrom, C. F. Erickson, treasurer; H. W. Wiseman, assessor; J. W. Bassett, constable.

I have been engaged with chemists for fourteen years, and nothing seems to give me relief. I was not able to avoid all the time constant suffering. I had tried everything I could hear of and was told to try Chambray's Pain Balm, which I did, and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured. I am happy to say that I have not returned to ——Ends, Erickson, Cal. Forwards by J. V. Breckinridge, druggist, Pine City, Minn.

For photographs call on me at my new gallery south of the railroad depot.

JAMES LOWMAN,  
Pine City, Minn.

### COUNTY DIRECTORY.

#### COUNTY OFFICERS.

Attorney, Douglas Greeley; Register of Deeds, James Wandal; Judge of Probate, H. J. Hall; Sheriff, B. J. Hawley; Auditor, D. L. Wiesman; Superintendent of Schools, Right Blankenship; Surveyor, Frank Drisko; Frank Chmelowski, B. C. Shumaker, Otto Kowalewski, B. W. Whiter.

#### TOWN CLERKS.

Bird Creek, J. G. Swenson; Stump Lake, Brook Park, J. G. Swenson; Chisago, J. J. Johnson; Elbow Lake, C. E. Kuhn; Elk River, C. A. Harris; Finland, C. F. Kuhn; Grand Portage, C. A. Heitz; Hinckley, C. A. Heitz; Iron River, G. W. Hamblin; Mission Creek, G. W. Hamblin; Pine Lake, Charles Stephan; Pokegama, T. A. Hartlett; Pine Woods, H. L. Peterson; Royalton, Jos. Bierer; St. Croix, W. C. Johnson; St. Louis, W. C. Johnson; St. Paul, W. C. Johnson; St. Thomas, A. L. Peterson; St. Vitus, W. C. Johnson; Starvation Village, W. C. Johnson; Harry Madis, W. C. Johnson; F. L. Remond.

Willow River Village—W. A. Den President.

Hindley Village—L. Stephen, President; S. E. Anderson, Recorder; Lee Wells, Trustee.

Pine City Village—J. V. Breckinridge, President; G. W. Axtell, Vice President; Fred Truesdell, Secretary; W. A. King, Treasurer.

Ridgeview Village—In Wood, President; George W. Johnson, Secretary.

Starvation Village—W. A. Den President.

W. H. Remond, Attorney.

W. C. Johnson, Clerk.

W. C. Johnson, Auditor.

W. C. Johnson, Sheriff.

W. C. Johnson, Coroner.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Taxes.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Land.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Roads.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Water.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Woods.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Game.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Fish.

W. C. Johnson, Commissioner of Game.

W. C. Johnson

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

TERMS \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

PINE CITY, MINN., MARCH 17, '89.

CHIPS AND SHAVINGS.

*Local Chivs Picked up Around Town  
and Shavings Clipped From Our  
Exchanges.*

Carlson has another new advertisement this week.

Wanted—A few cords of wood on subscription—at this office.

Services as usual at the Presbyterian church, next Sunday, Rev. P. Knudsen officiating.

Mrs. M. L. O'Brien, who has been very ill for some time past, is, we are pleased to state, slowly improving.

See Anna A. Lahodny's new advertisement in this issue, and when in need of anything in her line, give her a call.

E. Seavey came down from White Pine Saturday, and spent Sunday at home. He returned on Wednesday.

Prof. Howard Hay and wife, and little daughter Jean, of Sandstone, spent Saturday and Sunday visiting Pine City friends.

For Sale—A good farm of 227 acres within one mile of this village. A snap for some one. Enquire at this office for particulars.

Dr. Trowbridge has decided to give a liberal reduction on all classes of dental work except extracting, during the month of March.

For Sale—A good house in fair condition, together with six double lots, cheap. Apply for particulars at store of A. Pennington. 74

Mr. Alf. Rice and child, Mrs. Keith Rice and Mrs. Stark of Horris, went to Grantsburg yesterday, to attend the funeral of Mrs. Charles Rice.

There is no one now who wants snow. We have plenty at present, but when more comes, if it does, let it come without a wind accompanying it.

A. Bergman, of the Pokegama Hotel, spent Tuesday night and Wednesday in Minneapolis, on business. He was accompanied by his daughter.

The Lutheran congregation will observe Lenten time with appropriate services on the Passion of Christ, every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Mrs. J. J. Murray has been quite ill at her home in this place for the past week or so, but we are pleased to state that she is slowly recovering.

Mrs. W. R. Buttrick came down from Mabaita on Wednesday, and took Thursday morning's accommodation for Grantsburg, to attend the funeral of Mrs. Chas. Rice.

Mrs. R. H. Stewart, of Menomonie, Wis., arrived on Wednesday, and departed by team for Meadow Lawn, where she will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kilgore.

Window Shades.

Brass Curtain Poles.

All the newest things in curtain chams and Trimmings. Look at them. SMITH'S HARDWARE STORE.

Burg'r Bros' sawmill is running every night until 9:30, and even then it is feared that they will lose quite a number of hardwood logs by sinking, as soon as the ice goes out.

Rev. Dr. Forrest of Duluth, will preach and administer the sacrament of the Lord's Supper in the M. E. church on Tuesday evening the 23d inst. All are cordially invited to attend.

A house and five lots for sale cheap for cash, within ten minutes walk of the business portion of the village. For particular call on or address this office. This is a bargain for spot cash.

Take this month—keeps you wet, all summer. Drives away impure blood. The greatest spring tonic ever offered. Rocky Mountain Tea. J. Y. Breckinridge, druggist, Pine City, Minn.

For REST—House with 6 rooms; also one building suitable for any line of business, also stable. All in good location on street. It will be rented for one year. Apply to A. J. Lovelik, Pine City, Minn.

Fred E. Brown departed on Saturday for Rush City to work for the Rush City Mercantile company during the sale of the Crittenden stock of clothing, which they are sealing at 45 cents on the dollar.

Are you thin? Would you like to get fat and plump? Try! "Laughing" twaddle's work—now take Rocky Mountain Tea—twill do the business. 35 cents. J. Y. Breckinridge, druggist, Pine City, Minn.

If our friend M. M. Barnes is an strict disciplinarian on board a steamboat as he is in the school room, he'll surely make the steamer get down to business.

It warms the heart like sunshines, cheery and like old wine, gives hope for the future, blots out the past. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents. J. Y. Breckinridge, druggist, Pine City, Minn.

On Tuesday A. F. Bruckett completed the making of his new pilot drivers and Wednesday morning he took it up the river to where he will commence the driving of piles where the high water took them out last spring.

C. H. Griffith built a fire in the creamery on Tuesday, and had everything running but the separator. Amos Sloan assisted him in filling the boiler, which had to be filled with water drawn from Cross Lake last barrels.

On Tuesday afternoon the sad news was received of the death of Mrs. Charles Rice, who passed away at her home in Grantsburg on Monday afternoon. The funeral services were held at Grantsburg on Thursday afternoon.

M. E. Church Sunday as follows: Morning at 10:30 subject, "Excuses for not Unititing with the Church." Evening, Young People's Meeting at 6:45. Preaching service at 7:30. Subject, "The Atonement." Every body invited.

Mrs. Anna A. Lahodny has just returned from St. Paul and Chicago, where she purchased her spring stock of Millinery, Dry Goods and Notions, which will arrive in a few days. Watch these columns for notices of spring opening.

We are pleased to report that Willie Buselman, who has been very ill for the past month, is rapidly improving, under the skillful treatment of Dr. Wissman, and it will only be a short time before he is up and around again.

William Parsons, who has been living in town for the past two months, moved back onto the N. A. Crittenden farm, three miles south of this place on Monday. Mr. Parsons runs the farm last summer, and has it again for this season.

Farmer adjacent to the Pine City Creamery should bear it in mind that the creamery will open for business next Monday. All those having milk cows should give the creamery folks a call as they guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Geo. B. Record, the well known contractor of Towanda, N. Y., says, "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for a long time, and have found it superior to any other." For sale by J. Y. Breckinridge, druggist, Pine City, Minn.

John Anderson, who has been at work up on Ann Lake, came home on Monday. He says that all the concerns in the vicinity of Ann have put in a good winter's work, much better than they expected to, on account of sickness, and the scarcity of men.

Pumps!

Pumps!!

When you want a Wood Pump, an Iron Pump, or anything in the Pump line, call on F. E. Smith, the Hardware Man—Miller Block—Pine City, Minn.

Saturday evening we had one of the worst storms of the season. All trains on the railroad were behind time from three to seven hours. The 2:00 a.m. passenger came in at 4:40 pulled by three engines, it taking that number to get the train out of White Bear.

M. S. Watt & Co have their tea house nearly full of congealed water for the summer trade. Those wishing that luxury laid down at their door every morning during the hot summer months, should leave their orders at this office where they will receive prompt attention.

Mrs. Rodiek and Miss Kruger wish to inform the ladies of Pine City and vicinity, that they have opened up doors making parlor in the second house south of the Catholic church on the Brunswick road, where they will be pleased to see all those having work in their line.

Will Lambert, who has been at home all winter, departed on Sunday for West Duluth, where he will enter the employ of Weland & Wade, of that place, and also play ball during the season with the West Duluth team, of which Mr. Wade is manager. Will has a good thing at West Duluth, and his many friends in this place wish him success.

George Goodwin, of Beauclerc, arrives on Maunday, to take charge of the Chengwatawa dam. George has had charge of the dam ever since it was built, some twenty-eight years ago, and it would not soon natural for anyone else to have charge of the dam. George's many friends are glad to see him back again.

The United Workmen and Degree of Honor will give a dance on the evening of Easter Monday, in this village. A good crowd had the best of music will be in attendance. Tickets, including supper, \$1.00. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged for spectators. The place where the dance will be held will be announced in our next issue.

John Algire, of Rock Creek, passed through this place on Tuesday, from Nickerson, where he has been at work on the woods for the past three months. While in town feeding and resting his team, a young man who came down with him, had the misfortune to go to the side off the horse, which is vicious. The horse took him by the lip, which had to be dressed by the doctor.

Having been appointed General Agent for Pine County for the "HOUSEHOLD SEWING MACHINE," I can offer you the lowest prices and the best of terms. There is no better Sewing Machine made than the Household. Every machine warranted for ten years. Sold on monthly payments.

F. E. Surru, Hardware Store,

The village authorities contemplate repairing the wagon bridge across Snake River at this point so as to at least make it last for the coming summer, when there will have to be a new bridge built next year.

The old bridge is in very bad shape, and it will take considerable work to make it hold out through the summer, but if no heavy loads are hauled across, it will no doubt stand the travel.

Rev. E. Edwards, pastor of the English Baptist church at Minersville, Pa., when suffering with rheumatism, was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says, "A few applications of this liniment proved of great service to me. It subdued the inflammation and relieved the pain. Should any suffer or profit by giving Pain Balm a trial it will please me." For sale by J. Y. Breckinridge, the druggist, Pine City, Minn.

Mr. Bushey, of Brook Park, came near losing one of his horses in an air hole on Snake River, near the mouth of Mission Creek. By the aid of his companion and the other horse he succeeded in pulling the animal out. Parties not knowing the river should be careful in driving on the river at this season of the year, as there are a number of places that always open up before the ice comes unsafe to drive on elsewhere.

Adolph Munch, of St. Paul, was up on Tue-day, and visited the voting precincts of Pine City Town and Chengwatawa, to see what action they had taken in regard to the appropriating of the monies for the bridge across Chengwatawa dam. Both of the towns voted in favor of the bridge, and Mr. Munch ordered the necessary material for the finishing of the bridge. Mr. Munch always tried to do the fair thing by the people of these towns, and if some of them had not played the bay act, the bridge would have been completed long ago.

It is reported that at the election in the town of Chengwatawa, just Tuesday one of the citizens approached the polls and called for a blank ticket, and was told by the judge to take one which was already ruled out. The citizen replied, that wanted to vote his own ticket—not some one else's, but was informed that he could take what was offered him, or go without. We are informed there is considerable kicking over the way elections are conducted in the above named town, and that there is trouble brewing.

The Ladies of the M. E. church will serve meals in the store building recently occupied by N. A. Crittenden (if the building is empty) during the Farmer's Institute this month. Following is the menu.

Roast Pork.	Meat-Pies.	Roast Beef.
Potatoes.	Cabbage.	Turnips.
Brown Bread.	.	Rolls.
Salads.	Pickles.	.
Pies.	Cakes.	.
Coffee.	.	Tea.

DIED.

At her home about four miles north of this place on Mission Creek, at 45 a. m. March 16th, 1889, Mrs. Franklin Rich, aged 45 years.

Mrs. Rich's maiden name was Franklin Root. She was born in Cattaraugus county, New York, Sept. 21, 1843, and was married to George Rich July 16th, 1863, at Sparta, Wis. They came to this place in October, 1870, and lived until three years ago when Mr. Rich purchased the farm where she died.

Mrs. Rich for the past year has been an invalid, and most of that time had to be handled like a baby. Last summer she went to St. Paul to be treated, but came home in about a month no better than when she went away, about six weeks ago she went to Astbury hospital, St. Paul, and remained for a little over three weeks, but the doctors there told her that she could not live, as she had cancer of the liver, and about two weeks ago she came home to die. Everything that medical skill could do for her was done, but without appearing to afford her any relief. She has been a great sufferer for some time past, but was always patient, and expressed herself as being satisfied with the way she was treated.

The funeral will be held at Ballato either Saturday or Sunday, when she will be laid to rest by the side of her mother.

The PIONEER, with the many friends of Mr. Rich, extends its sympathy.

Card of Thanks.

I hereby wish to express my heartfelt thanks to the many kind friends and especially to Mrs. H. Taylor, Mrs. A. Pennington and Mrs. Mat Jongbauer, for their kind assistance during the sickness and death of my beloved wife.

CAREY RICH.

A. E. Webber has all of his lumber hauled from the Meadow Lawn sawmill, and piled in his yard at this place. He has done a remarkably good winter's work, and paid out in spot cash over \$8000. A. E. has rented his steamboats to M. M. Barnes and Silas Loucks, who will run them during the coming season. The boys should do well this season, as they are fine young men, and well liked by everyone. Silo undersheds the running of the boat to perfection, and Barnes will have charge of the engines. Mr. Webber expects to be in the south the greater part of the summer, hence his reason for renting the boats. We are very sorry to have A. E. leave us, as he is the kind of a business man any community can be proud to own as a citizen. But Mr. Webber is well to it in oak land's business, and is never so happy as when dealing in oak, and he informed us that he was going where he would not have to wait for snow in order to log. The PIONEER wishes him success, no matter where he may go.

Notice to Dairyman Tributary to Pine City, Creamery.

The Pine City Creamery will resume operations on Monday, March 20th, 1889. I trust that we can secure the co-operation of all dairy men in the vicinity.

Yours Respectfully,

S. S. Simpson.

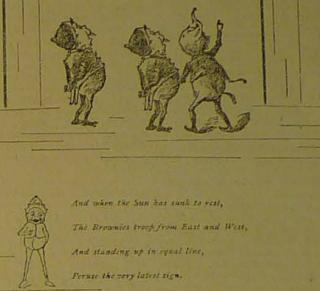
That valuable book to be given away at the close of the first noon session, contains important information that the farmer can use to advantage every day in the year.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT for a good, reliable salesman, handling our Lubricating Oils, Belts, general Mill and Thrasher supplies from catalogue and samples. Liberal terms and profitable commissions. Address—Crown Supply Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

ED. M. EDWARDS,  
ARTISTIC  
...House Painting and Sign Writing...

Paper Hanging and Decorating a Specialty.  
Painted Finish,  
Wall-papering.

Leave address at  
The Pine County Pioneer Office.



CALL ON  
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**PIONEER**  
For Your  
Job Printing!

THE BEST  
Is always

CHEAPEST.

OUR WORK  
Is always  
THE BEST!

Call and See.

Grand Spring Opening  
of New and Fashionable  
**MILLINERY GOODS,**  
At the New Store of  
Mrs. Anna A. Lahodny,  
Milliner and Dressmaker.

For every 15 worth of goods sold we will give 10 worth of credit, and for every \$10 worth of goods sold we will give a 50 cent discount. For every \$1 worth of goods sold we will give a dime with dividends.



**WHERE THE DIFFICULTY LIES.**  
Aunt Patience used to tell me, in my youthful days gone by,  
That the world would suffer had he better laugh than cry.  
There wouldn't be no sympathy expressed  
If I did, but the world would pat the shoulder of a  
other who was glad.  
A mother's love is ever true; she took pains  
to teach it to me,  
And made me to heed it, didn't matter  
where I was.  
So I've followed out the maxims, and I've  
done what I tried like a hero.  
It isn't hard to bear it, but it's mighty hard  
to grin.

You know that fame's elusive and that  
trouble seems to chase.  
The fuller who's a gorgh in life's quilt  
has got to have his way.  
The way to fortune's rough tread for  
dread, aching feet;  
And there's the way to envy, hills of worry  
But still you're your burdens and you try to  
do what's right;  
You strive with all your strength to win  
the battle when the odds are against you;  
And then when all is over, and you find  
you didn't win,  
It might be hard to bear it, but it's mighty hard  
to grin.  
And so I'm testifying to the motto's wondrous truth.  
To follow out the maxims in the aged or the  
young.  
A toller man gets used in life to disappoint-  
ment's sting.  
And after while sets calloused so he'll bear  
nothing but the thorn.  
But that ain't all the motto, for the diffi-  
culty's where  
I tell you it's mighty pleasant," sorter like  
you didn't care;  
To look like you was happy when in trouble  
Is hard to bear it, but it's mighty hard  
to grin.  
—Roy barrel Greene, in Midland Maga-  
zine.

### The Life of a Man

"T is in a question," Prof. Kirkhoff said, quietly, "between this and that."

Saying thus, he looked down at the two objects between which choice has to be made. "This" was a man, a brown-skinned man of the desert, stamping his way across the desert, his eyes unseeing eyes, wide open motionless save for an occasional twitching of the limbs as the fever shiver shook him; silent except when his parched lips uttered a hoarse whisper of dolorous delirium. The professor's gaze did not linger upon this pitiful figure. It traveled to "that"—two loads of clay tablets, evidently of extreme antiquity, and closely covered with a strange eneurotic character which had been carefully strapped by his companion to the backs of two kneeling camels.

"Seeing we are now reduced to two beasts only," he went on, his shifting feet an anxious sign, "we had best take this camel which lay dead some 20 yards off, seeing also that we are in a waterless desert, probably 24 hours ride from the nearest well, and that this man is a dead weight in the pack—"

"You don't dream of abandoning the pack-horse?" Dick Harding broke in.

The professor glanced uneasily over his smoked spectacles. Harding was a puzzle to him, a man of distinguished scientific attainments, capable of strenuous exertion, but one who occasionally betrayed a vein of semi-mentalism altogether out of place in connection with scientific exploration. Kirkhoff had had inconvenient experience of this familiarity more than once during the year past, when Harding in the remote fastnesses of Tibet. "You wouldn't leave him here to die?" the Englishman persisted.

The professor rubbed his forehead thoughtfully. "He's bound to die soon in case—"

"I do see that at all. If we can keep him alive till we get out of this—"

"Impossible, my friend. He cannot walk and these two camels cannot carry him in addition to you and me and the tablets."

"Then leave some of the tablets be- hind."

The professor fairly gasped for breath.

"Leave—leave behind some of the tablets?" he stammered. "Leave the records of our travels? Leave the Arcadians? Is a thing of yesterday—to be swallowed up by the next sand-storm? Give my great discovery, the greatest of the century, maimed and imperfect, to the world? Hardly, you must be mad. What's the life of a Khrizig Tartar beside these priceless things?"

Kirkhoff's short-sighted eyes gleamed angrily behind his glasses; his voice was thick with passion.

"What's a Khrizig Tartar?" he growled, like a wild animal. "It's a man, anyway." Harding retorted. "Suppose I refuse to leave this fellow?"

"Then—the professor became all at once ominously cool—"I shall be forced to remind you that I am the head of this expedition and you my salaried assistants. Also that these animals are my property. I go and they go with me. You can join the party or not, as you please."

Harding grew pale. "That is the choice you offer me? Then I say you are a blackguard."

"And I say?" indifferently, "that you are a fool, and will you mount?"

"Well!" furiously.

The German shrugged his shoulders. "Have it your own way," he said. And, gathering up the long, leading rein which he had fastened to the head of one camel, he prepared to seat himself on the other.

But as Harding sprang upon him suddenly, "No, you don't!" he cried. "You shall serve me one, you brute, though it were a hundred times your property!"

"Stand off!" the professor cried. With Harding's arms around him, there ensued a trial of strength, whereby the issue seemed of little, whether the men were ill matched. Kirkhoff was the taller and heavier, but then he was also the elder by 23 years and Hard-

ing's naturally lithe habit of body had known an English public school and university training. The result of a conflict was still uncertain, when he suddenly loosed his hold and fell back, leaving the prize of contention, the led camel, almost in the other's clutch. Harding stopped to seize his fallen comrade's halter and again set to find himself covered by his antagonist's revolver.

"Now, perhaps?" the man of science observed, "you're comin' to have reason, and use, my good friend," as Harding's hand went briskly to his breast pocket. "I drew the charge while you were asleep this morning, in view of possible difficulties. You know I have a revolver in my coat pocket, and I can find himself covered by his antagonist's revolver.

"Now, perhaps?" the man of science observed, "you're comin' to have reason, and use, my good friend," as Harding's hand went briskly to his breast pocket. "I drew the charge while you were asleep this morning, in view of possible difficulties. You know I have a revolver in my coat pocket, and I can

**MRS. COOPER,**  
The Most Famous Sculptress in  
the World, Entirely Cured  
by Pe-ru-na.



MRS. M. C. COOPER.

Mrs. M. C. Cooper, of the Royal Academy of Arts, is one of the greatest living sculptors. She has modeled busts of half the nobility of England, and is now in Washington making busts of distinguished Americans. Mrs. Cooper has just completed a bust of Mrs. Lincoln, which is now in the Corcoran Art Gallery. Huskin, the great artist, placed Mrs. Cooper as one of the greatest sculptors and painters of this century. Mrs. Cooper is an ardent friend of the poor, and in a speech dated January 26, written from Washington, says the following: "I take pleasure in recommending Pe-ru-na for catarrh and grippe. I have suffered from both for months, and after the use of one bottle of Pe-ru-na I am entirely well."—Mrs. M. C. Cooper.

For a free book on catarrh entitled "Health and Beauty." This book is written especially for women, and may be found to be of great value to every woman. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

#### War was a blessing.

"This here last war," remarked the old man, "it's a good thing. John drawn of a big pension for one ear and three fingers—the ole man's worth a million. I don't know what's to become of us. I'm going to work to be young and strong, and the death to which you stand condemned is death by hunger and thirst. A few hours would exhaust the scanty remains of food, water left in the skin and sad-dlebag lying hard by the dead camp and then he had disappeared. Harding looked about him, reviewing this situation. It was no cheery prospect that met his eye: a dead waste of sand hills, north, south, east and west, white sand hills, stretching away to the horizon. Two dark horses alone break the pale surface of the wilderness—the stiffening bulk of the dead camel and the limp figure of the fever-stricken came driver. Truly a mournful picture to a stranger, especially to a stranger who comes without a cent to his name."

Harding shook off anticipations of coming torture to take stock of his surroundings. He had been a trifle afraid of the desert, but for the supposed exhaustion of the expedition's medicine chest, had never been serious one. Escape was yet possible.

Escape? From a trackless wilderness in which they could only wander and to far, having no single instrument by which to determine their position? In this way? Pushing back his hair, the man made an effort to sit up.

"The master? Where is the master?" he asked, looking about him in surprise.

Harding laughed grimly. "Heaven above, master, since he has left his home here."

And heaven alone knows to this day the course of the wretched Kirkhoff's wanderings. When Harding and the Khrizig, guided by the instrument which he had lost, reached the camp of the Englishman, reached after漫游 toils and sufferings, the confines of human habitation they could obtain no tidings of their vanished chief. And although Harding insisted on organizing a new expedition to search for him, its labors were fruitless.

His fate remains as unknown to the world as the history of that ancient empire whose records lie buried in the sands of central Asia.—Chicago Record.

Dropy treated freely by Dr. H. G. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The great dry-up treatment in another column of this paper.

It has been said that speech was given to conceal his thoughts. This is not the true answer. Speech was given to man to express his thoughts, not to understand no woman ever made a fool of me!" She—"Indeed! Who did it, then?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Flax Oil for Consumption has saved many lives. Dr. J. P. Clark, of New Haven, Conn., March 12, 1890, Dr. Wm. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 2, 1894.

A married man can tell his over-the-dark by the holes in the pockets.—Washington Daily Democrat.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. We are giving away free samples.

Knowledge is power only up to the point where a person knows it all.—Topics.

Something is wrong with the use of St. Jacobs Oil for Neuralgia, Subdural and Cerebral Convulsions.

The man who is full of himself hasn't much space to fit anyhow.—Town Topics.

Sudden weather changes bring Soreness, stiffness, St. Jacobs Oil brings a prompt cure.

The nickel-in-the-slot music box "don't play for a cent!"—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Cure Rheumatism with St. Jacobs Oil. Promptly. It saves money, time, suffering.

A package is usually done up well for an express purpose.—Golden Days.

Deep as is the Sciatic nerve, St. Jacobs Oil will penetrate and cure Sciatica.

Don't get mad; it will settle on your liver.—Atchison Globe.

Diastroms Transposition.

A well-known and general—old Illi- strate—Irishman, who once represented the Melungeon division in the Victorian parliament, invariably read out speeches that were prepared for him. On one occasion, in the speech which was inserted in the speech of the anticipated opposition, a special paragraph was inserted in the speech which the author had written, as follows: "I am quite aware that many of ye are agin me and me politics. But surely we are all working for the good of the colony. It is only a 4stall that me opponents are marching one way and meself another, but we must remember that we are all shcritiv! to reach the same goal!"—Chicago Chron.

#### HIS MORNING TRAIN.

Mr. KELMER'S Was in a Hurry and  
Got His Commission  
Mixed.

He had reached the door in his usual morning spirit for the train, when his wife called for him.

"Yes," he answered, with his hand on the knuckles.

"I had the garden dug over yesterday," she cried, "and I want you to bring some plants to me."

"All right," he snapped, "what do you want?" Hurry up, I must catch my train."

"I want you to bring me some flowers for the dining-room, you might bring me—"

"Oh, hurry!" he retorted, with a show of impatience.

"Well, I think—"

"Quick, get dressed, with the door open."

"H—r—oses," was the answer that reached his ears.

"H—r—oses?" he repeated, with a smile.

At once he feared he might have been a little harsh in the morning, so he went out and gathered some roses from the bushes, and carried the thorny, scratchy things home in the evening, to the peril of his hands.

He had laid the offering at his wife's feet, and was surprised to see her burst into tears.

"What's the matter?" he asked.

"I'm not all right," she sobbed; "I don't want roses."

"But, my dear," he protested, "you can't have roses—I know it was the weeping again."

"You made me—you were in such a hurry, and I wanted roses."

"I'm sorry—I was the shortest distance of all."

