The Pine County Pioneer.

Ed C. GOTTRY, Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS. TERMS: $1.50 PER ANNUM

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F. A. HODGE, President. P. W. McALLEN, Cashier.

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(INCORPORATED.)

Commercial Banking in all its Branches.

Insurance written in Reliable Companies.
Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper than express or postoffice money orders.
Drafts on Europe sold. Land Bought and sold.

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PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

That the best place to buy your Lumber and Building Material of all Kinds viz:

Sash, Mouldings, Porch Posts and Brackets, Building Paper, Lime, Cement, Stucco, Hair and Hard Wall Plaster and House Paints, was where they had a full and complete assortment of the same, and where the Lumber was all under cover and protected from the inclemencies of the weather and where you would always receive courteous treatment, whether you bought fifty cents or one-hundred dollars worth? If not call on the,

NOAH ADAMS LUMBER COMPANY.

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Pine City, - - - Minnesota.

Dr. E. E. Barnum,
Graduate of University of Michigan—1876.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office night and day over drug store. Night calls promptly responded to.
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Office in the Rybak building, up stairs. Side entrance.

E. A. Jesmer,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
All diseases of domesticated animals treated in a scientific manner.
PINE CITY, - MINNESOTA

Dr. E. L. Stephan,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Drug Store.
Hinckley, - - Minnesota.

A. J. Stowe, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of the University of New York City, 1887. Office in new building first door south of Hotel Hinckley. Residence second door south of office.
Rush City, - - Minnesota.

S. G. L. Roberts,
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Pine City, - - Minnesota.

Robt. C. Saunders,
Attorney at Law.
Hinckley, - - Minnesota.

McDonald & Kelly,
Lawyers.
Rybak Block.
Pine City, Minnesota.

WOOD WANTED.

I will pay the highest cash price for good dry bass wood delivered at the Electric Light Plant.
JOHN McCORMICK, Manager.

Pine City Restaurant and Bakery.

First Door West of Rowe's.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies

Kept constantly on hand. Also a choice line of Confectionery, nuts, and Fruits in season, as well as the finest brands of Cigars, and best grades of Tobacco manufactured. Give me a call when in need of any thing in the above goods.

JOS. VEVERKA.

Soft drinks constantly on hand. Ice cream every Sunday.

Groceries,

I Have just added to my stock a first-class and complete line of Groceries, which I will sell as Cheap as the Cheapest.

JOS. VEVERKA.

How to Make Money.

An agent can do more business working for The Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, than he can for any other institution. It has a world-wide reputation, and the new policy, issued January 1, 1899, offers greater guaranteed advantages to the insured than any other policy issued by any other company in the world. Prospective policy-holders who desire information regarding forms of insurance; prospective agents, men and women, who desire profitable contracts with the greatest Insurance company in the World, will please address E. W. Post & Son, Managers, St. Paul, Minn.

We particularly want a good agent at Pine City.

—Strange how you let that cough hang on. White Pine with Codeine 25 cents.

Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov., 15 '99.—As the time for the re-assembling of Congress approaches, interest increases relative to the probable fate of Roberts, of Utah, the seating of whom will be opposed on the ground of polygamy. The crusade against Roberts is making itself felt among members of the House. The reports that reach Washington indicate that nearly every man whose name is on the Congressional list as a member of the next House has been overwhelmed with petitions and protests. Judge John A. Barham, of California, one of the first members to reach Washington, says that he has received 50,000 petitions during the past summer asking for the expulsion of Roberts, and in addition has been visited by hundreds of ministers and others interested in the subject.

The wife of Representative Joy, of Missouri, has adopted a novel plan of campaign against Roberts. She has prepared petitions for the signature of the wives of Representatives and has sent them by mail to their addresses. She is now in Washington and in an interview stated that she believed her plan would be the most efficacious way to influence the members of the House. Roberts has not yet arrived on the scene, but it is known that he will fight any attempt to unseat or expel him.

Washington is preparing to celebrate the Capital's Centennial next year in a manner to reflect credit on both the city and the Nation. It is proposed to give the event a national scope and significance by the participation of all the states in the ceremonies. And with this end in view, the President announced the appointment of a committee, including the Governors of all the states to act in connection with the Senate and the House in the matter. $10,000 has been set apart by Congress to defray the actual expenses of the members of the committee. It seems appropriate that there should be this formal celebration of the centennial anniversary of the establishment of the seat of the National government in Washington, and the prospects for an elaborate observance are bright.

The marriage of Admiral Dewey and Mrs. Mildred Hazen on Tuesday was characterized by extreme simplicity in all its details. None but the bride's nearest relatives and the Admiral's aide witnessed the ceremony, which was performed at the residence of the bride's pastor, Rev. Father Mackin, to which Mrs. Hazen, her mother, Mrs. McLean, and her sister, Mrs. Ludlow, had driven shortly before 10 o'clock, the hour at which the ceremony was performed. As usual, Admiral Dewey had arrived before hand, and was present to welcome the party. After the marriage the Admiral and his bride were driven to the residence of Mrs. McLean where a wedding breakfast was served, and at noon the Admiral and Mrs. Dewey departed for a wedding trip. It had been planned to postpone the wedding until after the arrival of John R. McLean, Mrs. Dewey's brother, but his arrival was delayed by political and business affairs in Ohio, and it was decided by the Admiral and his fiancee to hasten the happy day. The Administration finds itself in a prospective dilemma because of the tax on tea, imposed by the Dingley bill. The Japanese delegates to the National Export Exposition at Philadelphia, are in Washington on matters connected with the commerce between the United States and Japan, and while here they will have a conference with the President relative to the tax of ten cents per pound on tea, which the delegates say is the highest tax ever imposed on that article, and has brought great hardship to tea merchants in Japan. The delegation contrasts the large duty on tea and the free entry to Japan of American cotton and argues that the true spirit of reciprocity, which both nations is seeking to cultivate, demands a reduction of the present import duty on tea.

The proposed enactment of a law by Congress providing for the establishment of a parcels system in the postal service of the United States, similar to those in force in England and Germany, is receiving considerable attention as the Congressional session draws near.

The latest development in favor of the delivery of general merchandise, now in the hands of the express company, by means of a reduction in the present rate for fourth-class mail matter, and an increase in the maximum weight limit to eight or eleven pounds, is the enthusiastic support of the National Association of Manufacturers, one of the most influential commercial organizations in the world.

The officials of the Post Office Department have been carefully considering the matter, and it is said that the matter may be presented to both Houses early in the session.

As the result of the geological survey of the Philippine Islands some interesting information is contained in a recent report regarding the mineral resources of the group. While gold exists in both Luzon and Mindina, it is comparable rather to that of the Carolinas and Virginia, than to the western gold fields of the United States, and a rush to the Philippine fields, would, it is predicted, result in disappointment. The copper deposits of Lepante seem rich and extensive; the high quality of some of the iron ores of Luzon is beyond question, and the so called coal is a good ligaite, but is not adapted to iron smelting. Its heating effect is about two-thirds of that of the best coal.

Especially For Ladies

Are those splendid compartment cars on the Burlington Limited from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago. All the comforts of home including an electric heater for your curling-iron. When you send for a ticket, insist on having it over the Burlington.

Suffered Twenty-five Years

"I suffered for twenty-five years from heart trouble, and tried endless remedies without relief. I steadily grew worse and became unable to lie down; my heart would palpitate and flutter, and at times it seemed as though I could not get my breath. I used three bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and thank God I am enjoying good health as a result. It cured me."
Mrs. Ella Schoedsler, Mt. Vernon, Ia.

DR. MILES' Heart Cure

is sold by all druggists on guarantee first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free. Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

For Fine Job Printing
CALL ON
THE PIONEER.
Cheap rates and satisfaction guaranteed.

Something

Of interest arriving now every day.

GOOD Mixed Candy, 10 cents per pound.
FRESH Taffy, 15 cents per pound.
PURE Cream Bon Bons, one pound box 40 cents, half pound box 25 cents.

Cigar Department,

A Delight to Smokers,

Old Virginia Cheroots, 3 for 5c.

DOLLS! DOLLS! DOLLS!
We have them for ONE CENT, and we have a lot for MORE.

Fine China Ware,

COME AND GET OUR PRICES

KEEP CLEAN!

We have a bargain in SOAP for November. TAR SOAP, One Cent per CAKE, Three Cents for BOX of Three Cakes.

MUSICAL GOODS AND TOYS.

Last but not least of All,
PURE DRUGS, RIGHT PRICES.

BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY.

Main St., - Pine City, Minn.

USE Pine City Milling Co's High Grade Flour.

Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction.

A Good Tonic!

A pure Mineral Water containing no organic matter is better than all the combinations of drugs you could take. The Bethania, of Osceola, is the Best, because it is pure.

New Store Opened.

We have Opened up our New Store in the Henry J. Rath Building on the east side of the St. P. & D. rail road track near the Pine City Roller Mills.

We have on hand New and Second Hand Goods that we are selling at Bargains.

BERG & RYAN.

Pine Co. Pioneer.

W. P. GOTTRY, Publisher.

PINE CITY, - - - MINN.

It is the opinion of a German oculist that the use of the ordinary slates for school-children tends to produce short-sightedness. As a substitute he recommends pen and ink or an artificial white slate with black pencil. The latter have been introduced in some of the German school.

Japanese newspapers are published in Brooklyn, San Francisco and Honolulu and Japanese magazines at Sacramento and Los Angeles. They are either lithographed or produced by manifolding process. Japanese journalism, at home as well as abroad, follows American models in general.

An eastern firm is turning out large quantities of paper tiles, which are used for roofing. They are reported to be hard and tough and the glazing appears to be of the nature of Japanese lac. They are said to be exceedingly cheap and can be fashioned in any color or shape to suit the purchaser.

The cost of mobilizing 47,000 men, transferring them 6,000 miles, equipping them and maintaining them for four months in a land destitute of surplus supplies, is estimated at $8,000,000, or $40,000,000; $25,000,000 was the sum originally estimated, and now $55,000,000 have been asked and granted, merely to begin with.

Defective flues are responsible for over 11 per cent of the fires and incendiarism is next as a cause. Last year 6,891 incendiary fires occurred. Lightning caused 3,479, spontaneous combustion 1,179, friction in machinery 295, natural gas 94, dust explosions 14, and five were caused by the sun's rays passing through window glass.

A scientist of some standing asserts that chemically pure water is poison to the human stomach, upsetting some hitherto accepted theories regarding distilled water by the argument that in distillation the water loses sundry salts that it greedily abstracts from the animal tissues when it is swallowed, thus constituting a protoplasmic poison.

Alexander Agassiz of Harvard university has never received any salary for his services to the museum of comparative zoology. Between 1871 and 1897 he has expended $750,000 of his private means without making any communication concerning it to President Eliot. He is now in the southern Pacific ocean making deep sea explorations for the university collections.

In the Austrian court it is contrary to custom for perishable articles to appear twice on the imperial table. The result is large perquisites for the attendants. To one man falls all uncorked bottles, to another the wine left in the glasses, to another the joints, and to another still the game or the sweets. Every morning a sort of market is held in the basement of the palace, where the Viennese come to purchase the remains.

It is an Italian doctor who specially recommends laughter as a cure for modern ills. The diseases influenced by a hearty laugh are numerous and range from bronchitis to anaemia. It will be interesting to see how the treatment is effected. A course of tickling is prescribed for bronchitis, for example; a course of farcical comedies might suit an anaemic patient; while puns, fired off at intervals, would be found efficacious in cases of pleurisy.

Gen. Boulanger's famous black horse Tunis has met an ignominious death. After the flight of Boulanger the animal passed from hand to hand, and finally descended to the inglorious service of drawing a cab through the streets of Paris. This proved too much for Tunis and he was sold to Armand Delogue, a well known dealer in horseflesh, by whom he was duly slaughtered, cut up and sold for stewing purposes in the market place of St. Anne.

Among the glaciers found in the Rocky mountains is Grasshopper glacier, which derives its name from the enormous quantity of grasshopper remains that are found on and in the glacier. Periodically the grasshoppers take their flight southward, and must cross the mountains. Their favorite route seems to be across the wide glacier, and in the passage scores of thousands of them succumb to the rigor of cold and wind, fall helpless upon the snow and are finally entombed in the ice.

All sorts and conditions of people patronize the Paris Mont de Piete, or municipal pawnshop. A report just issued shows that among the borrowers last year were 8,500 working people, 3,402 employees, 2,561 merchants, tradesmen and manufacturers, and 2,610 representatives of the liberal profession. Renters, who live on their dividends, frequently seek the help of the friendly Mont, and 3,299 of this class are among the borrowers. The institution is looked upon more as in the nature of a bank than is the pawnshop.

The Vanderbilt bequests are subject to a war tax of from $2.25 to $15 on each $100. The tax is $2.25 for each $100 on amounts of $1,000 or less left to a brother or lineal descendant, and $15 for each $100 of sums bequeathed to strangers in blood or a body politic or corporation. It is estimated that the national government will receive between $2,500,000 and $3,000,000, according to present calculations, from the Vanderbilt estate. In addition to this the state will collect an inheritance tax. The state will receive about $70,000 from the estate, which is valued at $10,000,000.

FAILED TO ESCAPE.

Aguinaldo and His Army Said to Be Surrounded.

CAPTURE OF LEADER'S SECRETARY.

Gen. Llanerna Narrowly Escapes—Americans Are Said to Be Making Rapid Advances—Otis' Latest Dispatch.

Manila, Nov. 14.—Gen. Young is supposed to have reached San Nicolas, about 30 miles east of Dagupan, but his wagons are far behind.

Col. Hayes has captured Aguinaldo's secretary and Maj. Coleman is in Carranglay, with an escort of 175 boloymen, on his way to the province of Nueva Visaya.

The son of Gen. Llaneras and his family are prisoners. The general barely escaped.

The correspondent of the press with Gen. Young telegraphs from San Jose that Aguinaldo did not escape to the northeast. He and his army, the correspondent adds, are surrounded. His last orders to the Filipino commander at San Jose were to hold San Jose and Carranglan at all costs.

The recent encounters were too one-sided to be called fights. The insurgents are mortally afraid of the Americans, however strong their position.

Terrified by American Yell.

They make but a brief and feeble resistance and run when the terrible American yell reaches their ears, whereupon the Americans pursue them and slay many.

The moral effect of the news that 60,000 troops are on their way here has been unquestionably great.

The insurgents are suffering more from disease than the Americans, owing to poor food, lack of medicines, and filthy hospitals, with the result that there is great mortality among them.

Gen. Lawton has intercepted a telegram from an insurgent captain to a Filipino general, reading: "How can you blame me for retreating, when only 12 of my company were able to fight?"

Dispatch from Gen. Otis.

Washington, Nov. 14. — The following dispatch from Gen. Otis was received at the war department Monday:

"Manila, Nov. 12.—MacArthur's advance Thirty-ninth volunteers and cavalry troop under Bell entered Tarlac 7:30 p. m. yesterday. Enemy fled. By great labor MacArthur succeeded in getting forward to Capas yesterday all artillery and quartermaster's transportation and will have command in Tarlac to-day. His advance pushing forward to save as much of railroad as possible, which enemy trying to destroy on retreat. Many deserters from enemy who passed in to MacArthur some 50 miles yesterday. Insurgents in that section reported to be short of provisions. Lawton pushing forward with great energy, his advance obliged to leave behind all transportation and depend to great extent upon country for subsistence. Hayes, Fourth cavalry, in vicinity of Carranglan, has captured large amount insurgent property and nearly half battalion of 225 men transporting Aguinaldo's property north to another province, but still the game or twin his private secretary and seven officers.

"Young with Third cavalry and Batson's Macabebe scouts followed by balance battalion Twenty-second infantry, leaving behind all transportation, pushed out on San Jose, Iumam, San Quentin and Mayug road and scattered enemy stationed at these points, most of whom driven southwestward. Wessels with squadron Third cavalry hastened forward to Mayug, where insurgents' supply depot was captured, securing several hundred thousand pounds of rice; 2,500 pounds of flour, 7,500 pounds salt and other provisions, 1,200 hundred uniform coats, pants, many blankets and other articles of clothing, also number of insurgent officers and 63 Spanish and 2 American prisoners. Detachments sent north to San Nicholas and is believed that Young established communication with Wheaton's troops last evening. Indications are that insurgents will not escape to mountain capitals at Bayombong without great difficulty and loss, if at all. Our troops at Tarlac, Aring, Talliveran, San Jose Bago, Humingan, San Quentin, Tayug, San Nicholas, on through Lingayen gulf with strong station at Aring, San Isidro, Cabanatuan should cause insurgents to scatter in all directions.

"Our troops have suffered great hardships and have performed most severe service, but are reported in excellent condition and spirits. The enterprise and indomitable will displayed by officers never excelled. "OTIS."

The spelling of names of towns in above is as given in the cable dispatch. As the American forces have now reached a point the maps of which are necessarily imperfect, the war department adheres to the text of the cable.

May Not Come for Some Weeks.

Washington, Nov. 14.—The replies of the European nations interested in China to the request of the state department for a formal undertaking to preserve the "open door" in the east are not expected for several weeks, inasmuch as the exchanges are now taking place in Washington, but at the various European capitals.

Bank in Trouble.

Athens, Ga., Nov. 14.—The Bank of Athens was placed in the hands of a receiver Monday. The stockholders claim the institution is solvent. The reports who for some time have been examining the books of Cashier John A. Benedict, who mysteriously disappeared several months ago, will not be ready to report within 60 days.

Killed Himself.

Bozeman, Mont., Nov. 14.—Charles E. Sutton, a young of a number of years standing at the Gallatin county bar, committed suicide by shooting and hanging himself. He had been very despondent for some time past on account of bad health, having had an operation for appendicitis performed about six weeks ago.

Gomez Refuses to Accept.

Havana, Nov. 14.—Gen. Gomez writes to La Lucha that he has seen with great pleasure the announcement of a project to raise funds to meet his personal needs, but that such a proposition would not do him honor in the execution, and that he must beg leave to refuse the offer in advance.

TROUBLE AT BARBOURSVILLE

Big Crowds Collect in Town Determined to See That Vote of Knox County Is Not Thrown Out.

Barbourville, Ky., Nov. 14.—The people of Barbourville awoke Monday morning surprised to find over 4,000 people from the rural districts congregated on the streets.

Incensed at reports that the vote of Knox county would be thrown out, and tired of waiting for the commissioners to certify the vote, they have come to town to see that their liberties are protected, as they expressed it.

Mandatory injunctions have been filed on the commissioners to compel them to finish the count. But at this hour the commissioners have taken no action. Meanwhile the crowd is increasing and becoming impatient.

People are wrought up to the highest excitement and in no humor to tolerate crookedness. If given a fair count all will be well, but if not, there will certainly be trouble.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 14.—The tangle growing out of last week's election grows worse with each day. Monday was the third day of the official count, but the work of the county boards of canvassers disclosed little information to clear the situation. Chairman Long, of the republican congressional committee, repeated his claim of a plurality of 3,111 for Taylor, based on official returns from 110 counties and unofficial returns from the remaining nine. The democratic papers and leaders here have ceased to give figures, but specials from Frankfort quote Candidate Goebel and other party leaders as saying they are confident of success.

DIED IN A SLEEPER.

Samuel L. Overstreet, United States District Attorney for Oklahoma, Found Dead in His Berth.

Joliet, Ill., Nov. 14.—Samuel L. Overstreet, a prominent citizen of Guthrie, O. T., was found dead in a berth of a Chicago & Alton sleeper when the train reached here from the west. The body was taken through to Chicago.

Mr. Overstreet was a native of Franklin, Ind., and was formerly city attorney there. He became a resident of Guthrie in 1889, forming a law partnership with Dennis T. Flynn, which lasted until the latter was elected to congress. He succeeded John Dille as register of the United States land office in Guthrie in May, 1892, and served until the expiration of his term in June, 1893. He was appointed United States district attorney for Oklahoma in March, 1898, and held that position at the time of his death. All his life Mr. Overstreet has been an active worker in the republican party and at the time of his death was a member of the republican territorial advisory board.

LOST AT SEA.

Belgian Steamer Founders Near Island of Alderney—Many of the Crew Perish.

London, Nov. 14.—On Friday night the Belgian steamer Belgique, from Antwerp for Alexandria, foundered off the Casquet rocks near the island of Alderney, the scene of the tragic disaster which last March befell the London & Southwestern railway company's passenger steamer Stella. The night was stormy. A boat was launched with 16 men, but five of these died of exhaustion and three others were drowned in the endeavor of the ship St. Ruda to rescue them. Eighteen persons, including the captain, out of a total crew of 26, are believed to have been drowned.

War on Illegal Fishermen.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Nov. 14.—The largest haul of illegally used fishing tackle ever made in Wisconsin was that completed Monday in Lake Winnebago by special wardens. Forty thousand feet of gill net, 2,000 gill nets and eight miles of set lines comprised the seizure. Two alleged illegal fishermen, Charles and August Lang, were taken after a display of firearms. Fish weighing 1,575 pounds were in the nets and were sold as provided by law.

Farmer Kills a Hunter.

Kokomo, Ind., Nov. 14.—In a fight between Fred Springer and Fred Smith and William Busby Monday, Springer was instantly killed and Busby was wounded in the shoulder. Springer and Smith were hunting, and had been ordered off Busby's farm. There is much indignation and the sheriff is apprehensive of trouble.

To Build Electric Road.

Decatur, Ill., Nov. 14.—A committee of business men and business men from Springfield and Mechanicsburg conferred with Decatur business men regarding plans for a proposed electric railway between Decatur and Springfield. The line would be 38 miles long and would cost about $300,000.

Sale of Mineral Lands.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 14.—A special to the Journal from Virginia, Minn., says it is reported from reliable sources that the Minnesota iron company has purchased the Nelson lumber company's mineral lands on the Mesaba range. The consideration was $1,000,000.

To Hold a May Festival.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 14. — The board of directors of the May musical festival met in Senator Beveridge's law office Monday afternoon. It was decided to give a musical festival the second week in May, to consist of four concerts.

President Will Speak.

Washington, Nov. 14.—President McKinley has promised to make an address at Mount Vernon on December 14, when the masonic observance of the one hundredth anniversary of Washington's death will occur.

Mutinous Trial to Begin.

New York, Nov. 14.—The trial of Roland B. Molineux for the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams will be begun to-day in the court of general sessions.

GUNS ARE SILENCED.

Boers Suffer a Serious Defeat at Ladysmith.

BRITISH WIN A FOUR HOURS' FIGHT.

Few Details of the Battle Are Received, But Transvaal Forces Are Said to Have Suffered Heavy Losses.

London, Nov. 14.—A special dispatch from Durban, Natal, dated Thursday, November 9, evening, says:

"Native runners who have just arrived here from the Drakensberg district report that the Boers suffered a severe defeat at Ladysmith this morning. The Boer guns were silenced after four hours' fighting, during which the Boer losses were heavy. No details have been received."

Must Hasten Operations.

The simultaneous attacks on Ladysmith, Mafeking and Kimberley, which were opened Thursday, manifest full recognition by the Boers of the fact that every day lessens their chances of a successful onslaught on any of the three British strongholds. Gen. Joubert's chances of reaching Pietermaritzburg can be said to have vanished. This is already reported to be admitted by Col. Schiel, the German officer commanding the Boer artillery, who is supposed to have been largely the author of the Boer plan of campaign and who, in an interview, is alleged to have said:

"The Boer intention was to have captured Pietermaritzburg and then to dictate terms. But all hope of accomplishing this must now be abandoned."

Situation Rapidly Improving.

There is no doubt that, from the British point of view, the general situation in Natal is rapidly improving. Nearly 8,000 troops reached South Africa during the last 48 hours, and by the end of the week from 6,000 to 7,000 more will be added to the British strength in Natal. These will probably be pushed forward to Estcourt, bringing the British force there up to 10,000 men and making a general attack on Ladysmith by Gen. Joubert very hazardous.

Bombardment of Ladysmith.

Estcourt, Natal, Thursday Evening, Nov. 9.—An armored train with a company of the Royal Dublin fusileers started at half-past one this afternoon and reached the break in the railway line about half a mile from Colenso without accident. Capt. Hensley, with several men, reconnoitered and met a native who said the Boers were occupying the town. While the conversation was in progress the Boers opened fire from Fort Wylie, but did no injury. Capt. Hensley then proceeded on the train, after which the fusileers volleyed the fort. As there was no response, the presumption was that the Boers had retreated. The armored train returned here safely at six o'clock. Capt. Hensley learned from the native that the Boers were numerous on the other side of Colenso. During the afternoon there was a cessation of the bombardment of Ladysmith. A heliograph was working from Fort Wylie.

Reconforcements at the Cape.

London, Nov. 14.—A dispatch from Cape Town to the war office announces the arrival there Monday of the troop ship Armenian, with three batteries of artillery and an ammunition column, and the troopship Nubia, with the Scots guards and half a battalion of the Northamptonshire regiment. This brings the total number of reconforcements to 12,802, of which about 6,000 are already on the way to Durban. The Armenian and Nubia, whose troops belong to the First division, will probably also be ordered to proceed. Nine troopships, carrying 11,000 men, are due at Cape Town to-day (Tuesday).

Didn't Intend to Surrender.

Lourenzo Marques, Delagoa Bay, Thursday, Nov. 9.—Father Matthews, who has arrived from Pretoria, says with reference to the surrender of the Irish fusileers and the Gloucestershire troops at Nicholson's Nek that after the mules stampeded the force got hard pressed by the enemy. They would have held out, however, but some subordinate, without instructions, hoisted a flag of truce on his own responsibility. Nothing then remained but to surrender.

Hanged.

Yazoo, Miss., Nov. 14.—Ed Grandison, a notorious negro murderer, thief and all-round crook, was hanged here Monday for the murders of Deputy Sheriffs Stonestreet and Everett, in this county, in July of last year. Grandison's neck was broken by the drop and death was instantaneous.

Killed by His Employer.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Nov. 14.—George Nimms, a prominent young planter, instantly killed Sam Shanklin (colored), farm hand, near Fairview Monday. Shanklin refused to do certain farm duties and threatened Nimms' life. Nimms shot him with a shotgun.

National Grange to Meet.

Springfield, O., Nov. 14.—Delegates to the state and national grange began to come in Monday, about 200 arriving by noon. The state grange convened Monday and the national grange will meet on Wednesday morning.

Reviewed by Gen. Miles.

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—Gen. Nelson A. Miles reviewed the soldiers stationed at the Presidio. Nearly 8,000 men passed in review. The soldiery made a excellent appearance and Gen. Miles expressed himself as highly pleased.

Furious Storm.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 14.—A heavy snow and rainstorm, accompanied by gales of wind, causing loss of life and damage to shipping, prevails in the maritime provinces and Newfoundland.

IS A BANKRUPT.

William E. Midgely, of New York, Is Insolvent with Liabilities of $1,716,669.

New York, Nov. 14. — William E. Midgely filed a petition in insolvency Monday. Liabilities, $1,716,669, of which $274,762 is nominally secured. Mr. Midgely was president of the American Casualty Insurance and Security company, which collapsed in 1894 after its $1,700,000 capital and surplus had been expended. Midgely, with Henry R. Bercher, Vincent R. Schenk and John W. Taylor, were indicted in connection with the failure January 25, 1895. Midgely had been lodged in the Tombs December 14, 1894. He attributed his trouble to the enmity of Austin Corbin. Mrs. Midgely, beautiful woman and prominent in Brooklyn society, labored so indefatigably to prove his innocence that she contracted pneumonia by exposure and died. A few days later a jury in general sessions declared Midgely not guilty. Midgely then sued the Long Island Railroad company for $250,000 damages for false arrest. The case was tried in February last, and he got a verdict of $20,000. Mr. Midgely's liabilities are due to his connection with the American Steam Boiler company, Bercher, Schenk & Co., and the larger company, all of which went down in the 1894 troubles.

CASTRO IS MASTER.

Confirmatory Reports of the Surrender of Porto Cabello, Venezuela, on Sunday.

Washington, Nov. 14. — Both the state and navy departments have received reports concerning the surrender of Parades at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, Sunday. The state department dispatch is from Minister Loomis at Caracas, and is as follows:

"After eight hours' fighting Castro's army took Puerto Cabello this morning with no resistance. Castro holds every port and place of consequence in Venezuela."

The navy department's report comes from Commander Hemphill, of the Detroit, which is now at Puerto Cabello. It is dated Sunday night at 9:35 and reads as follows:

"Severe fighting since Saturday morning. About 200 killed on both sides. Parades surrendered his final position to Castro's force Sunday morning."

TO BE INVESTIGATED.

Circumstances Connected with Passage of McLeod Railway Bill in Michigan to Be Probed.

Lansing, Mich., Nov. 14.—A grand jury has been called by Judge Person to investigate, it is alleged, matters in connection with the passage of the McLeod bill by the legislature last winter.

The McLeod bill gave the city of Detroit authority to purchase and operate its street railways, and was rushed through the legislature and signed by Gov. Pingree, notwithstanding a strong protest made by many leading citizens of Detroit. The bill was afterwards declared unconstitutional by the state supreme court.

An American Honored.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 14.—News has been received in this city that the executive council of the international Law association, at a meeting held in London, October 30, elected Judge Simon E. Baldwin, of the supreme court of errors of Connecticut, president of the association, to succeed Sir Richard E. Webster, attorney general of England, whose term expires this year. It was decided to hold the next conference of the association in Rouen next August, probably about August 14.

Own But Few Shares.

New York, Nov. 14.—The stockholders of the newly-incorporated telephone, telegraph and cable company of America met Monday and elected the following officers: President, William J. Latta; secretary, George F. Hawkins; directors, William J. Latta, Martin Maloney and James E. Hayes. The articles of incorporation show that Latta, Maloney and Hayes have but ten shares each. The shares are of $50 each. The authorized capital stock is $30,000,000.

Thurston to Wed.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 14.—Confirmation was made at the Thurston residence in this city Monday of the report that Senator John M. Thurston was to wed Miss Lola Pearman, of Washington. The wedding will occur in Washington one day this week, and the senator and his bride will take a two weeks' wedding trip before returning to Washington for the session of congress. He is expected to spend Thanksgiving in this city with his bride.

Prices of Lumber Raised.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 14.—White pine lumber manufacturers have agreed upon a uniform mark-up in prices, taking effect at once. The advance is 50 cents per thousand in some grades of dimensions and one dollar a thousand on some grades of uppers. Notice is given that all grades not advanced now will be shortly, making a uniform advance of one dollar per thousand all around on all grades.

Canals Soon to Close.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Superintendent of Public Works Partridge states that the canals of the state will close on Friday, December 1, except the Black River canal, which will close November 24, unless the weather is so severe as to warrant the suspension of navigation before the date set. This season has been a prosperous one.

Granted a Pension.

Washington, Nov. 14.—A pension of $15 per month has been granted by Commissioner Evans to Adelaide W. Bagley, mother of Lieut. Worth Bagley, who was killed in the war with Spain.

TORN INTO SHREDS.

Awful Result of Explosion of Nitroglycerin in Ohio.

MAN AND HIS TEAM BLOWN TO PIECES

Bits of Horse Flesh Found Miles Away from the Scene—Houses in Town of Gibsonburg Moved from Their Foundations.

Tiffin, O., Nov. 14.—A magazine used by the Bradford nitroglycerin factory to store the product of their factory, located 2½ miles east of Gibsonburg, exploded Monday afternoon at 1:30. The shock was heard at towns within a radius of 40 miles and the effects of the explosion in the immediate neighborhood was terrific. The magazine is located in the woods a quarter of a mile from any dwelling, and this alone prevented terrible loss of life. Benjamin Card, driver of a stock wagon, had brought a load of 720 quarts of nitroglycerin from the factory at Bradford and was unloading it when the explosion took place. Just how it happened will never be learned. Card and the two horses driven by him received the full effect of the explosion. He was blown almost to atoms, only a few shreds of his body being found, and pieces of horseflesh were found miles away. It is supposed that he had a companion, but this is not positively known. The explosion made a hole seven feet deep in the solid rock, and trees in the vicinity were torn to splinters. People within a mile of the place were knocked flat, pictures were torn from the walls, dishes thrown out of cupboards, windows shattered and houses moved from their foundations. All the windows in Gibsonburg were broken. There were about 1,500 quarts of glycerin on the wagon and in the magazine. Card lived in Bradford, O., and left a family. The shock was distinctly felt here.

WILL NAME PLACE AND DATE.

National Republican Committee to Meet Next Friday to Settle Question of Next Convention.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 14.—After a consultation between Senator M. A. Hanna and Mr. Charles F. Dick, chairman and secretary, respectively, of the national republican committee, the latter announced that it had been decided to call the committee together for next Friday, December 15, next at Washington to name the time and place for holding the next national republican convention. The session of the committee will continue for two days. The following named cities are mentioned as probable applicants for the national convention next year: Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco, Cleveland, Minneapolis, Denver, Kansas City, Milwaukee and Buffalo. Secretary Dick will at once issue a formal call for the members of the national committee to meet on the date above mentioned.

Street Car Men Strike.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 14. — Monday morning the union street car men called at the company's office and informed C. K. Minary, the general manager of the Springfield Consolidated Railway company, that they would not take the cars out, as he had refused to recognize the union. Mr. Minary promptly discharged the men, and paid them, they returning their badges. Not a car was run during the forenoon. At two o'clock a few cars were sent out from the street car barns, but these were called in at five o'clock.

Too Busy to See Danger.

Shamokin, Pa., Nov. 14.—While John Yunsk and Conrad Winske, young unmarried Hungarians, were engaged in a fist fight on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad track near Enterprise an express train ran them down and instantly killed them both. The men had been to a Hungarian christening at Enterprise, and, becoming involved in a quarrel, they walked down the railroad to fight it out.

Will Be Sold at Auction.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 14.—A special to the Bee from Sidney, Neb., says: The old Fort Sidney military reservation will be sold at auction on Wednesday, November 15. This is a very valuable piece of property, 640 acres in extent, containing many handsome residences and other improvements. The land is excellent and offers a good chance to investors. The sale is attracting many people.

Maryland's Official Vote.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 14.—The official count of the ballots cast at last Tuesday's election gives Col. John Walter Smith, democratic candidate for governor, 12,123 plurality over Lowndes (rep.), present incumbent. Col. Smith carried Baltimore city by 8,101. Candidates for other state officers did not run more than a few hundred votes behind the leader on the democratic ticket.

Street Car Demolished.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 14.—A locomotive drawing a caboose struck a street car on Detroit street at the Lake Shore railroad at six o'clock Monday evening, reducing it to kindling wood. Five persons were injured. A train had just passed and both the street car conductor and the gateman failed to see the locomotive and caboose approaching on the other track.

Three Perish by Fire.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 14.—A special from Detour, this county, says that on Sunday the three sons of Mrs. Kate Orr, aged eight, six and five years, were burned to death in a fire which originated in their home. The mother, a widow, was away at the time, the boys being in charge of their grandmother, who, however, escaped unharmed.

CAPITAL IS DESERTED

Aguinaldo and His Cabinet Flee from Tarlac.

Americans Occupy the Former Seat of Government, Meeting with No Resistance—Whereabouts of the Filipino Leader Unknown.

Manila, Nov. 13 — 8:25 a. m.— Col. Bell's regiment and a small force of cavalry entered Tarlac Sunday night without opposition. Where Aguinaldo, with his army, and the so-called government have fled, is a mystery.

When Col. Bell left Capas, ten miles from Tarlac, at one o'clock Sunday, he intended merely to reconnoiter. He had with him the Thirty-sixth infantry, Slaven's scouts, troop E, of the Fourth cavalry, a battalion of the Twenty-second regiment and gatling guns. The scouts, mounted, preceded the main body up the railroad. They met a hundred rebels at Murcia, but the insurgents quickly retreated. The scouts found the depot burning, but extinguished the fire and saved the building. The main column marched up the wagon road, but before reaching Tarlac divided, entering the town on two sides at eight o'clock without a shot being fired. The insurgents had evacuated the place only a few hours before, setting fire to the railway station and the rolling stock. They left a rear guard of 400 men, who, however, failed to make a stand and cover the retreat of the main force of insurgents, as they had probably been ordered to do. The rebel ordnance is reported to have been shipped to the town of O'Donnell.

The Americans are continuing their advance so rapidly that the insurgents have not the time necessary to destroy the railroad.

Bamban Captured.

Manila, Nov. 13.—Gen. MacArthur took Bamban Saturday. This is supposed to be the strongest position held by the Filipinos except Tarlac. The brief accounts of the engagement received indicate that the rebels fought according to their recent tactics, retreating after firing a few volleys. One officer of the Thirty-sixth regiment is the only American reported killed.

Gen. MacArthur began his advance at daylight, Col. Smith, with the Seventeenth regiment, on the right; Maj. Bell's command and the Thirty-sixth on the left and the Ninth in the center. Col. Smith encountered a small force at six o'clock, easily dispersing the rebels. Maj. Bell secured a position on the mountain, from which he poured an enfilading fire from rifles and hotchkiss guns upon the first line of the rebel's trenches. The Filipinos stood the fire for 20 minutes and then retreated to the mountains. Gen. MacArthur entered Bamban at ten o'clock and Col. Smith occupied Capas, the first town beyond.

Gen. Lawton's headquarters are still at Cabanatuan. Gen. Young, with his cavalry and infantry, is still pushing ahead through the fearful mud, but his exact whereabouts are not known.

Progress Delayed.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Three important dispatches from Gen. Otis were received at the war department Saturday, showing the hardships and difficulties encountered by our troops in their advance and giving a captured insurgent dispatch showing the line of argument put forward to sustain the insurrection. The dispatches are as follows:

Typhoons Hinder Gen. Hughes.

"Manila, Nov. 11.—Heavy typhoons over Panay last two days impeded the march of Gen. Hughes' troops; his column several miles inside town of Iloilo. Insurgents have abandoned strong defenses in that section."

Floods Cause Washouts.

"Manila, Nov. 11.—Lawton pushing troops through on Lupaldimran and San Quentin road; but country submerged; bridges and recently constructed rafts washed out, and wheel transportation cannot move. His reliance on wagons, only, few infantry and native scouts living mostly on country. MacArthur commenced advance early this morning. Yesterday two companies of the Seventeenth infantry under Chyowoth making reconnaissance on Malalong and Cosmopolitan road struck considerable force of the enemy, which left 25 dead on the field; our casualties reported as three wounded."

Insurgent Dispatches Captured.

"Manila, Nov. 11.—A number of official insurgent dispatches captured yesterday by Gen. Young's troops in the north are interpreted by Lawton last night. They indicate directed abandonment by enemy of country in vicinity of Cabanatuan and San Jose and hurried movements by way of Tayug over mountains to Bayombong, thence on to Aparri. Among the dispatches the following appears:

"Tarlac, Nov. 5, 1899.—Otis did not accept proposition to-day; enemy attacked our outposts yesterday because promised Mac-Ridley to take Tarlac to-day; think they cannot break through. Take care of prisoners, as therein lies our great power, especially (for) our wives. Tears is no such element (?) among (?) the government or by Mong. Spanish commissioners tried to deceive us; dealing with us as insurgents, for answer sent them away; and they withdrew greatly displeased. Quadruple alliance between Germany, France, Russia and Spain is fact, which in December we will know our fate. Throughout Europe there is sympathy for our cause—American democracy clearly in our favor, they are sure of Bryan's triumph next election. Pay no attention to your affairs and never mind the rest."

The dispatches are given verbatim as received, with several unintelligible words, including "Miserut." Inquiry is being made to learn whether this is a cable error or a word used in the insurgent dispatch.

Will Hold His Seat in Congress.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 12.—A precedent having established in the case of Gov. Hill, who for a short time held a seat in the United States senate, as well as the governorship, John Walter Smith, the newly elected democratic governor of Maryland, will, it is said, keep his seat in congress until his inauguration as governor, the second Monday in January next.

Transport Sails.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 13.—The transport Lennox sailed Friday for Manila with 50 horses and mules for the army.

BATTLE IN VENEZUELA

Porto Cabello Surrendered to Castro's Forces After a Long and Bloody Struggle.

Porto Cabello, Venezuela, Nov. 13.—Gen. Paredes, a former commander in the army of ex-President Andrade, who had refused the demand made upon him by Gen. Cipriano Castro and the de facto authorities to surrender the town, even when this was reenforced by the request of the British, American, French, German and Dutch commanders, surrendered Sunday morning at ten o'clock after a terrible battle. The aspect of the city is one of ruin and devastation, and it is estimated that upwards of 650 persons were killed or wounded during the fighting. Dr. Braisted, of the United States cruiser Detroit, and the other surgeons of the various warships in the harbor, are administering to the wants of the wounded.

Gen. Ramon Guerra began a land attack upon the town and the position of Gen. Paredes on Friday night. Desultory fighting continued until Saturday morning about four o'clock, and then a fierce struggle ensued. Gen. Paredes made a stubborn defense, but Gen. Guerra forced an entrance into the town at five o'clock Saturday. As early as eight o'clock Saturday morning the fleet arrived and began a bombardment, but the range was too great and the firing proved ineffective. Gen. Paredes held the fort on the hill and Fort Libertador until Sunday morning.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

The Strained Relations Between the Two Countries Apparently Becoming More Marked.

London, Nov. 13.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail says: An uneasy feeling regarding the relations of Russia and Japan is spreading here. There is no doubt that Japan is practically allied with China, despite the degradation which the empress dowager inflicted upon the Chinese envoys to Japan on their recent return. This was merely a tactical move, with a view to appeasing Russia. A large Russian fleet will probably wintering in Nagasaki harbor, and some remonstrance by Japan is probable. Prince Henry of Prussia, the commander of the German squadron in the North Pacific, is watching the progress of events. He recently declared in the course of a conversation that the Japanese army was in splendid condition from the European point of view.

London, Nov. 13.—Hurry orders have been received by the builders of the Japanese battleship now in process of construction at Clyde Bank, to complete the vessel as speedily as possible. The new ship, which will be one of the largest afloat, is to be finished by January 1, 1900. It is believed that these instructions are the result of increasing tension between Japan and Russia.

IS MUCH BETTER.

Continued Improvement Is Shown in the Condition of Vice President Hobart.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 13.—Vice President Hobart passed a favorable night, and the improvement that has been observed for several days continued Sunday. He ate solid food with relish and it promptly assimilated. With his meals he took milk and between meals was given milk punches. This is a marked change from his condition ten days ago. At that time he was rapidly sinking and his stomach had refused food of all kinds. For several days he lived on grapes and the juice of grape fruit, but it soon appeared that his stomach was so congested that he could not even take these. Mr. Hobart now spends most of his time in a reclining position and he sleeps without the aid of opiates. The most painful and alarming feature of his illness has been his attacks of nervousness as night approaches. These attacks have decreased. Mrs. Hobart, who has spent nearly every minute of her time during the past two weeks at the bedside of her husband, feels very much encouraged.

COST SIX LIVES.

One White and Five Navajo Indians Killed During Attempt to Arrest One of the Latter.

Flagstaff, A. T., Nov. 13.—One white and five Navajo Indians killed, two whites and one Navajo wounded was the result of an attempt of a deputy sheriff to arrest a Navajo Sa'urday ten miles south of Walnut Station, news of which has just reached here. Deputy Hogan and three other white men attempted to execute a warrant on a party of Navajos accused of stealing horses. The posse entered a brush camp where the Navajos were, when the Indians made resistance and a shot was fired at Hogan, striking him in the back, he at the same time being in a tussle with one Navajo who was trying to shoot him. Hogan drew his pistol and killed his antagonist. The fight became general and ended when the ammunition of the white men was exhausted. The result is that five Navajos are dead and one wounded. William Montgomery was shot through the heart. Hogan was wounded three times, but not seriously.

To Apportion Missionary Funds.

Washington, Nov. 13.—The annual meeting of the general missionary committee of the Methodist Episcopal church will begin here Wednesday. Most of the bishops and about 50 well-known workers in the missionary cause are expected to be present. The main object of the conference is to apportion the $1,050,000 contributed by the congregations throughout the country.

Back from the Philippines.

San Francisco, Nov. 13.—The Tennessee volunteers landed Sunday and went into camp at the Presidio preparatory to being mustered out.

A STRANGE AFFAIR.

Explosion of Dynamite Wrecks Two Buildings and Kills One Man in Urbana, Ia.

Waterloo, Ia., Nov. 13. — The little town of Urbana, in the eastern part of Benton county, was the scene of an atrocious crime early Saturday morning. The office building of the Weekly Monitor and the adjacent occupied by Jay D. Burrell as a bank and general merchandise store were blown up with dynamite and Clarence Burrell, son of the banker, killed. The crime was committed at 2:10 o'clock. At that hour the residents were awakened from sound sleep by two terrific explosions which shook the whole town. In a few minutes the streets were filled with scores of frightened men and women hurrying to learn the cause of the commotion. They found the Monitor office in ruins, blown to pieces, not a vestige of the building being left on the foundation. The Burrell store had been wrecked and was burning fiercely. A few minutes later the body of young Burrell was found among the debris in the street.

The young man had been aroused by the first explosion and with his brother Will hurried toward his father's building. Just as he mounted the steps the second explosion occurred, blowing out the front of the building and killing him instantly. The force of the shock threw the young man's body across the street. It was terribly crushed and mangled. There is no clew to the perpetrators of the deed, but it seems evident that robbery was not the motive that actuated them. The safe in the Burrell store was found intact. It contained $2,000 in money and $25,000 in notes and mortgages. Fire completed the ruin wrought by the dynamite. The loss to the Burrell store is placed at $10,000. The printing office loss is about $2,000.

No one in the little village can imagine the motive for such a crime. So far as known neither Mr. Burrell nor Editor Fisher had any enemies who would resort to such desperate tactics for revenge.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Nov. 13.—County Attorney Tobin, of Benton county, telephoned Sunday night that there was nothing new in the Urbana dynamite mystery and that no arrests had been made. A large quantity of dynamite was sold in a neighboring town a few days ago, and the authorities have been furnished a description of the men buying it. The belief now is that the bank was wrecked in an attempt to rob it.

WILL SOON RELAX.

Apparent Monetary Stringency in the East Will Be Relieved in a Short Time.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Treasury officials expect that within a short time the money drawn from the financial institutions of the east for the movement of crops and other purposes in the west will begin to find its way to New York and that the apparent stringency in money will be accordingly relaxed. This return, which this year they say appears to be somewhat later than usual, will be brought about by the payment of the debts contracted by business men in the west whose notes either already have matured or are closely approaching maturity. Meantime the authorities here declare that no exigency exists for any relief measures on the part of the government, and pending an exigency no action in that direction is contemplated.

PASSED AWAY.

Death of Orlando M. Barnes, One of the Most Highly Esteemed Citizens of Michigan.

Lansing, Mich., Nov. 13.—Orlando M. Barnes, one of Michigan's most distinguished citizens, died here of apoplexy Saturday, aged 79 years. He was the democratic nominee for governor in 1878, a member of the democratic national committee for four years, ending in 1892; a delegate to several national conventions, and prominent in business affairs. He was the promoter of the Jackson, Lansing & Saginaw Railroad company, and secured the land grant from congress under which it was constructed. At the time of his death he was chairman of the Jackson prison board and the joint prison board of the state. He was a lawyer of world-wide reputation in criminology and a man of the finest literary attainments.

FORCES CUT DOWN.

Lack of Funds Compels the Discharge of Men at the League Island Navy Yard.

Philadelphia, Nov. 13.—A general reduction of the force of the department of construction and repair at the League Island navy yard has been made. Of this, 380 men have been discharged, and it is believed that more will follow. The discharged men include ship-wrights, ship-fitters, painters, ship-smiths, joiners, plumbers, boat builders and laborers.

Naval Constructor Linnard says the reason for the cut-down is a lack of funds to keep all the men employed, although there is plenty of work for the full force.

Found Dead in His Cell.

Milwaukee, Nov. 13.—Hanson Wilise, the veteran who murdered Mrs. Maria Edgar last June by placing poison in a can of beer, and who was found guilty and sentenced to life imprisonment on the day he did so, was found dead in his cell at the county jail Sunday. A post mortem was held, the physicians deciding that death was due to natural causes.

Death of a Jurist.

Carthage, Mo., Nov. 13.—Judge John Hornbuck, aged 78 years, died here Sunday. He had taken active part in democratic state and national conventions for years.

PLENTY OF FIGHTING.

British Troops Are Kept Busy in the Transvaal—News of Recent Engagements.

London, Nov. 13.—The war office Sunday morning issued the following dispatch from Cape Town, November 12, noon: Col. Gough, at Orange river, reports that during the reconnaissance of 15 miles to a point nine miles west of Belmont on November 10 the officers of the party had first came on a Boer position taken upon a great semicircular ridge standing out into a plateau. They endeavored to make the Boers develop their strength by demonstrating with two squadrons of the Ninth lancers and a field battery on the left wing, with 3½ companies of mounted infantry on the right wing and with artillery in the middle of the plateau, out of the infantry fire. The enemy began by firing at our cavalry from a gun at the north end. As the cavalry, in open order, began to circle around the hill, the guns were followed by sharpshooters. The mounted infantry endeavored to outflank the enemy's left, in order to discover the lager, coming under a heavy and unexpected fire from a few skirmishers.

Col. C. E. Keith-Falconer, of the Northumberland fusileers, was killed. Lieuts. Beran and Hall, of the same regiment, and Lieut. C. C. Wood and two privates, of the North Lancashire regiment, were wounded. It is said that Lieut. Wood died of his wounds.

Our guns fired several apparently effective shots, but the enemy did not respond, having withdrawn with the wounded. The enemy did not fire on an ambulance. Col. Gough withdrew his force after a demonstration lasting three hours and returned to camp the same afternoon near Orange river. The guns and a few horses were brought in by rail. The wounded were sent to Orange river by rail immediately after the action. The enemy's strength appeared considerable, apparently 700, with one gun, under David Dibe and P. Van der Merwe.

London, Nov. 13.—The war office issued the following dispatch Sunday evening from Gen. Sir Redvers Buller, dated Cape Town, November 11, 10:40 p. m.:

"Col. Kekewich (British commander at Kimberley) reports that the enemy were very active on November 4, principally with the object of driving off cattle. The Orange Free State troops retired rapidly before Col. Turner, without firing. At 12:30 p. m. the Transvaal troops advanced on Kenilworth. Maj. Peakman, with a squadron of the Kimberley light horse, was hidding in the bush and gave the enemy a warm reception. The Boers retired, firing. Col. Turner reenforced Maj. Peakman, and at 12:40 p. m. the enemy opened fire with one piece of artillery at nearly 3,400 yards range. Two guns of the Diamond Field artillery were then sent in support of Col. Turner, but the enemy's guns had ceased firing after the fifth round. Consequently the guns did not come into action. The enemy's artillery fire was not damaging, and shooting was bad.

"Our casualties in the Kenilworth engagement were limited to Maj. Aylieff, of the Cape police, who was wounded in the neck. He is expected to recover. Later in the day our pickets say the Boers carried off six dead from one spot, probably killed by our maxim. The total Boer loss was probably heavy, but had not been estimated by Col. Kekewich.

"About 5:30 p. m. Col. Turner was again in contact with a new body of the enemy, on the Schnest Drift road. From the cooling tower a large number could be plainly seen about two miles to the north of the Kimberley reservoir, and others held a walled enclosure on the right flank. Col. Turner opened with a maxim and two guns of the Diamond Field artillery sent in support. He came into action at 5:47 p. m., and continued firing until dusk.

"Our further casualties there were Private Lunkel of the Cape police, who was shot through the head, and who died arriving at the hospital, and Sergt Waterman, of the Kimberley division of the Cape police, who was wounded in the dorsal well. Col. Kekewich is unable to state the enemy's loss, but says it must have been severe, judging from the precipitate retreat of the Boers.

"At 6:30 p. m. the enemy opened fire with one piece of artillery from Kampers Dam on Otto's Kopje, the latter being held by the Cape police. The enemy inflicted no damage.

Cape Town, Nov. 8.—News received from Mafeking, undated, says that on Monday the Boers shelled the town. One Boer gun was knocked out of action and the Boers retired, but were reenforced, attacked again and were again repulsed. Tuesday they shelled the Cangun kopje, with little damage. There was a general attack under the cover of artillery Wednesday, but it was repulsed by the maxims and hotchkiss guns. The Boer loss was 50 killed. The British loss was slight. Thursday shelling by a heavy gun was kept up, and the Boers massed with the intention of making an attack, but this was prevented by a thunderstorm. Friday there was desultory rifle fire and an occasional shell was discharged, but there was little loss of life, due to the excellence of the shelter in the trenches.

Estcourt, Natal, Thursday, Nov. 9 (Morning).—Heavy firing is now proceeding in the direction of Ladysmith. It began at daybreak. Some reports are so much heavier than any previously heard as to lead to a general belief that the British heavy naval guns are again active.

A party which rode out several miles north to observe the bombardment could see a "Long Tom," a 40-pounder, posted on the railway side of the Bulwana, firing at intervals of six to eight minutes. Another gun was observed in operation a little distance away. Puffs of smoke were visible on the opposite side, showing that Ladysmith was withstanding a big bombardment.

OVER THE BORDER IN CANADA.

Ottawa has 57,002 inhabitants.

At Hamilton gas costs one dollar per 1,000.

Ontario's natural gas is not giving out.

Hamilton shipped $8,000 worth of wool to the United States in September last.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in a speech at Wingham, Canada, declared that the bond between the Canadian provinces had heretofore been little but a bond of law.

BITS OF INFORMATION.

New York's fifteenth annual horse show began in Madison Square garden Monday.

Several Indian missionaries are establishing a temple of their faith in San Francisco.

Fire in the basement and first floor of the Hoyt wood building in Portland street, Boston, caused a loss estimated at $15,000.

The United States cruiser New Orleans, from New York, October 1, has arrived at Port Said on her way to the Philippine islands.

Col. Henry Inman, author and ex-plainsman, associate of Col. W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), died at Topeka, Kan., Monday, aged 62.

The government transport Garronne, with a cargo of 387 army mules for use in the Philippines, has sailed from Seattle, Wash., for Manila.

Chief Justice Fuller, of the United States supreme court, announces that the court will take a recess for a fortnight, beginning next Monday.

The Merrimac wool scouring mill at Lawrence, Mass., was damaged by fire Monday. The fire started from spontaneous combustion in the drying room. The total loss is $25,000.

The sentence of Charles Stagal (colored), who was to be hanged at Anamosa, Ia., on December 1, for the murder of Charles Brown (colored), was commuted by Gov. Shaw to life imprisonment.

A special dispatch from Shanghai says the differences between Russia and Japan have been accentuated by Japan's refusal to grant Russia a foothold on the sea front of Masampo harbor, Corea.

The United States minister at Santiago de Chili has informed the state department by cable that the Chilian legislature has ratified the treaty providing for a renewal of the Chilian claims commission.

John Armstrong, of St. Louis, son of ex-Police Sergt. John Armstrong, a check clerk at Cupples station, was found dead in the dining-room of his father's residence, 1 Rose Lourier, aged 20, his housekeeper, has been arrested.

Dr. James M. Morrison, the aged physician who was robbed and beaten by two men at his home in Baltimore, Md., on the evening of November 2, died of his injuries Monday. The thieves got nearly $1,200 in money and valuables.

Game Warden Lee is organizing a posse at Denver, Col., to expel from Colorado several hundred Indians who are encamped at the headwaters of Yellow creek, between Phippsburg and Douglas creeks, and are engaged in killing deer.

George J. Schan, 50 years old, an employe of the New York supreme court, was shot and killed at his home in New York city by his son, George W. Schan, a dentist. The father had refused to give the son money. The son was arrested.

Brig. Gen. Ludlow, military governor of Havana, who has been spoken of in connection with the governorship of Cuba, when such an office shall be established, was at the war department Monday and had a long conference with Secretary Root.

The United States circuit court of appeals, at Cincinnati, has granted a new trial to Thomas B. Youtsey, who had been sentenced to seven years for the alleged looting of the First National Bank of Newport, Ky., of which bank Youtsey had been cashier for many years.

The White Star line steamer Teutonic, which sails from Liverpool November 15 for New York, will have among her passengers John Hays Hammond, the American engineer who was confined to the jail in the Transvaal republic for participation in the uitlander conspiracy, which culminated in the Jameson raid.

BOLD THEFT.

Three Men Steal $30,000 Worth of Diamonds from a Jewelry Store in Cleveland, O.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 14.—Thirty thousand dollars' worth of diamonds were stolen Monday afternoon from the store of Sigler Bros. at No. 354 Euclid avenue. Three men entered the store, which is on the second floor. One of the trio stood at the elevator cage and the other two entered the office of Mr. Sigler. One of the strangers engaged the attention of one of the clerks and the other started to the safe, but without side was a black box, four by ten inches, containing the diamonds. Mr. Sigler says his attention was detracted for a moment, and upon turning to his supposed customer all had fled and the box of jewelry was gone. The police have no clew save a description furnished by Mr. Sigler.

THE MARKETS.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.

WHEAT—Weak and lower. December, 67½@68⅜c; May, 70½@70¾c.

CORN—Steady. Nov. 32¾c; Dec. 32¾c; May, 35¾@35⅞c.

OATS—Easy. December, 22¾@22⅞c; May, 25⅝@25¾c.

POTATOES—Market steady. Burbanks, 32@35c; Ross, 30@35c; Hebrons, 30@34c; Kings, 30@34c; mixed, 28@32c.

EGGS—Market ruling quiet. Loss off, cases returned, strictly fresh eggs, 19c; held fresh eggs, 14½@16½c; country candled, case included, 17½@18c.

BUTTER—Ruling firm. Creameries, extra, 24½c per pound; firsts, 20@22c; seconds, 18½@19½c; dairies, 16@21c; imitation creameries, 16@18c.

LIVE POULTRY—Quiet and dull. Turkeys, 8@9½c; Chickens, 6@7c; Ducks, 7@7½c per pound; Geese, $1.00@1.25.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.

FLOUR—Barely steady and fairly active, without quotable change.

WHEAT—Spot easy. No. 2 red, 72¾c; options closed firm at a net decline of 1@1¼c to a net advance of ¼c; March, 72@73¼c, closed, 73¼c; May, 72⅞@73⅞c, closed 73⅞c; December, 71 7-16@71 15-16c, closed 71⅞c.

CORN—Spot easy. No. 2, 40c; options ruled dull at a fractional decline to ¼c advance; May, 38¼@38⅝c, closed 38⅝c; December, closed 38c.

OATS—Spot dull; No. 2, 29c; No. 3, 28½c; No. 2 white, 31c; No. 3 white, 30½c; track mixed western, 28@29½c; track white, 30@34c; options nominal.

BUTTER—Strong. Western creamery, 19@23c; June creamery, 18@21c; factory, 12@17c.

CHEESE—Quiet. Small September colored, 12¼@12½c; fine October, 11@12¼c; large colored fancy September, 12¼@12½c; large October finest, 11½c.

EGGS—Strong. Western ungraded, at mark, 19@20c.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Choice to fancy strong-weight shipping, $4.10@4.15; rough to good heavy packing, $3.95@4.05; plain to choice heavy mixed, $4.00@4.12½; assorted light, $4.05@4.12½; common to choice light mixed, $3.90@4.05; fair to choice, $3.80@4.00.

CATTLE—Prime fat beeves, $5.50@5.75; choice fat steers, $5.00@5.40; good medium shipping and export steers, $4.30@4.80; plain grades, $4.75@5.25; common and rough, $4.20@4.70; fair to choice feeders, $4.10@4.75; plain to good stockers, $3.60@4.00; bulls, poor and heavy to fancy light, $3.00@4.40; fair to choice cows, $2.75@4.00; canners, $1.75@2.25; fair to choice cows and heifers, $2.40@4.15.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

WEIGHING OF GRAIN.

State Weighmaster Edward O'Brien has prepared a report covering the crop year ending Sept. 1. This report shows that during the year there were weighed 397,793 cars, and that the revenues of the office were $34,685.41. The expenditures were $7,446.26, the deficiency of $26,959.27. The total number of bushels of grain weighed was 160,940,606. Of this amount 120,265,867 bushels were wheat; 9,561,464 corn; 21,516,813 oats; 1,284,833 rye; 1,952,486 barley, and 5,926,423 flax.

Since the creation of the state weighing service in 1885 the fee has ranged from 20 cents down to 15 cents per car, and for the past two years or more the latter figure has prevailed. Up to January, 1897, when the fee was reduced to 15 cents, the department was self-sustaining. The 15-cent figure has been inadequate to meet the requirements, and on Sept. 1 the fee was advanced to 20 cents, and on Nov. 1 to 25 cents. The result of this increase was a deficiency of but $16.99 for September. October will show a surplus of about $250.

In the past five years the average weight of a car load of grain has increased from 625 bushels to an average of about 850 bushels. One car recently received and weighed at the Pillsbury "A" mill contained 1,523 bushels.

REDUCED RAILWAY RATES.

The annual report of the Great Northern railway shows a total trackage in the system of 5,859 miles, an increase of 259 miles since the last report. It was estimated in the report of last year that the reduction of wheat rates on account of the opening of the New Fosston and Duluth line, would reduce the revenue about $1,000,000. This year's report shows the reduction to be a little over $75,000, the average reduction amounting to one and one-third cents per bushel, which went to the profit of the farmer. There was a general reduction in all rates, but the increase in business was sufficient to carry the total earnings of the fiscal year to nearly three millions in excess of last year, most of which was used in the betterment of the line. Nothing perhaps better illustrates the growth of the territory traversed by the road than the increase in the amount of mail carried, which exceeds by 50 per cent the total earnings and revenue of five years ago. About the 15th inst., the company will open up its new line from Bonner's Ferry, Idaho, to Port Hill, on Kootenai River, in British Columbia, which will give steamer connections at Nelson with the line from Spokane.

A BOLD STROKE.

George Stark, late from Walpeton, N. D., made a daring attempt last night at the point of a revolver, to recover some money he lost in a faro game in Minneapolis. Had he not collided with a passer-by, in Washington alley, his capture would have been doubtful.

Stark arrived in town a week ago from North Dakota, where he had been working as a farm hand, and immediately began to buck the faro game with rather poor success. He visited the gambling house on First avenue every day, losing continually, until, becoming desperate by his run of ill-luck, he determined to make a bold strike for his money.

He presented a revolver to the dealer's head, and inking $235 from the drawer, skipped out. He was arrested and the money secured by the officers. When arraigned for trial no one appeared against him. The money was returned to him and he was released.

A MAGNIFICENT GIFT.

One hundred thousand dollars in one lump is a vast sum, and with it much good can be done. With this idea in view Mrs. John S. Pillsbury, through her husband, former governor of the state of Minnesota, yesterday presented the Home for Children and Aged Women in Minneapolis, with that amount of money.

While it had been understood by the board of directors that Mrs. Pillsbury was intending to make a gift to the home, the magnitude of the gift staggered even the most sanguine, and after the presentation speech had been delivered expressions of surprise were heard on all sides.

ATTEMPTED HOLDUP.

During a football game at Duluth, between the Ironwood, Mich., and Duluth high schools, two men made an attempt to hold up Rene Hugo, a high school boy, who was selling tickets. He put up a plucky fight, and resisted them until they became frightened and fled without securing anything. They struck him in the head as they left with some heavy implement, and he was unconscious for a time. The game resulted 18 to 6 in favor of Ironwood.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Jacob Walz, a butcher in Winona, had a close call to being killed by being hit by a domesticated deer at his home. The animal was a stag and had shown signs of viciousness.

Carl Johnson, who owns and operates a threshing machine, was seriously scalded at Nadina by the boiler of his engine exploding. Little hopes are entertained for his recovery.

Wells McNalan was thrown from his wagon near Plain View, and had several of his ribs broken, one of which pierced his lungs.

Gov. Lind has designated Justices Collins and Canty to act with Attorney General Douglas as the court of claims to adjust the Twin City Jockey club claim against the state, as provided by the last legislature. The claim is in the neighborhood of $100,000, though the original cost of the grand stand was above $100,000.

Dr. W. R. Green, of St. Paul, while shooting from his buggy at Nine Mile Creek, accidentally shot and killed a lumberman named Feeney.

A new creamery, said to be the best equipped in the state, is about ready for business.

Nelson Rust, of Itasca State Park, has been indicted for killing Wm. McMullen last October, 1898. Rust claims the deed was accidental while hunting.

Mrs. Reed and Mrs. Williams tried to settle their differences in the streets of Hardwick. They fought until separated, both being badly disfigured.

Robbers stole $160 from Ole Osmondson, while he was sleeping in a hotel at Jasper.

The German-Methodist church of Minneapolis was slightly damaged by fire while services were being held. A panic ensued, during which a young girl was either crushed or overcome by smoke. She was carried out of the church, and recovered as soon as she got fresh air.

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

ED C GOTTRY Editor and Prop.

Entered at the Pine City Post Office as Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN., NOV. 17, 1899

St. Mary's Church Notes.

Bishop of Duluth, Rt. Rev. James McGolerick, D. D., will visit Father Rabsteinek next Monday and has kindly consented as a special favor to the pastor to address the St. Mary's congregation on Tuesday. The Bishop will officiate privately at 8 a. m., public services will be short. An address by the Bishop in the church at 9:00 a. m. At 10:38 the Bishop, accompanied by a large number of clergymen, who will assist, will leave for Beroun, where a special service for the rites of confirmation and laying the corner stone of a grand new church will be held. Jos. Chalupsky gave a whole block of the choicest property in Beroun for the purpose and the St. Paul & Duluth railroad donated 10 acres. The church will be the best and largest in the county. The limited trains will stop both ways to accommodate Pine City visitors.

Mrs. Elizabeth Haley nee O'Brien, of Duluth, will preside at the organ next Sunday with special singing by William O'Brien and visitors. There will be an English sermon preached at high mass.

Such prominent citizens as F. A. Hodge, J. Y. Breckenridge, D. Greeley and others have petitioned the St. Mary's Dramatic Club to reproduce the beautiful sacred cantata entitled "Holy Night" rendered so successfully last year even on the occasion of Christmas holidays. There will be another beautiful play added, similar subject, appropriate to the season.

BUSHMORE RECEPTION.

The reception at the Bushmore Hotel at Rush City, last Friday evening was one of the pleasantest social events of the season. Mrs. Farrell, the hostess, had the parlors and spacious dining room artistically adorned with oriental luxuriousness. Everything seemed to be appropriately in place. At eight o'clock the guests began to assemble and soon the house was filled to overflowing. The cordial and generous turnout must have been highly pleasing to Mrs. Farrell as it was conclusive evidence of that worthy lady's social popularity.

The Bushmore seemed like a happy home, and a hotel combined, and the guests evinced a keen enjoyment of the surroundings.

It would be hard to describe the lunch; there were punch bowls filled with delicious beverages, posessing all the richness of flavor with the insidious sting removed. Chocolate served in rare china by beautiful hands; oystors from the Ocean; ice cream and sherbets with a profusion of luscious fruits, made up a part of the palatable menu. The Orchestra discoursed at intervals, sweet classical selections from the choicest repertoires, and we may be pardoned for indulging in the sinful wish to have witnessed some of the eager feet keeping time to its evenly measured cadences. The company broke up at the conventional hour of "twal" with hearty congratulations to Mrs. Farrell on the perfect success of her social debut in Rush City Society.

Among those present from Pine City, we noticed W. P. Gottry and wife, W. J. Gottry and mother Col. J. F. Stone and Mrs. E. W. Sloan.

We might further add that the Bushmore is fast becoming the Mecca to which all traveling men are making regular pilgrimages. It is a first class home like place.

Change in The Internal Revenue Law.

Taylors Falls, Minn., Nov. 9, 1899.

DEAR SIR: In Treasury Decisions No. 18, dated Nov. 2, 1899, (being Decision No. 21708) the Commissioner of Internal Revenue makes a decision which changes all previous rulings on this subject and of importance to Bankers, buyers of produce and others the collector of this district desires that this decision be made known to the public and parties interested, as follows.

"I have to advise you that grain and cotton tickets and the like may be cashed by a regular employe of the company issuing same, and directly to the parties to whom they are issued, without liability to the stamp tax, and they may also be cashed by a person not a regular employee of the company issuing same, provided the company deposits money with said person for the specific purpose of cashing these tickets, and provided the tickets are cashed out of the buyer's own money and no other.

Under the above ruling a bank would be be allowed to cash grain or cotton tickets without requiring stamp on said tickets, providing the party issuing the tickets deposits funds with the bank for the specific purpose of paying these tickets, which funds the bank must keep separate and distinct from its general deposit funds, and providing the tickets are paid directly to the parties to whom they were originally issued. It must be understood that the funds so deposited are for the specific purpose of cashing grain or cotton tickets and the like, and for no other purpose.

Any previous ruling inconsistent with the above is hereby modified to conform therewith."

Respectfully Yours,
AUG. J. ANDERSON,
Deputy Collector, 7th Division.

Direct Connections at Union Depots.

Are made at St. Paul and Minneapolis by all trains from Pacific Coast and Northwestern points, with the Wisconsin Central Railway thus affording a comfortable and convenient journey to Manitowoc, Milwaukee, Chicago and eastern and southern cities, via two modern trains leaving daily. For further information apply to your nearest ticket agent.

JAMES C POND,
Gen'l. Pass. Agt.
Milwaukee, Wis.

List of Letters,

Remaining uncalled for in the post office at Pine City, Minn., for month ending Oct. 31st, 1899:

Berlund, P. M.	Hubbard, Mr. Wm.
Weberg, J. M.	Franley, Wm. Esq.
Washington, Patrick.	Gust. Carlson.
Pacevion, P. Esq.	Johnson, Mr. Dagl.
Fairbanks, L. L.	Cathcart, Warren

Davidson, A. M.

Persons calling for the above, will please say "Advertised" and give the date of this list.

J. Y. BRECKENRIDGE,
Postmaster.

RHEUMATISM CURED.

My Wife had used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with great relief, and I can recommend it as a splendid liniment for rheumatism and other household use for which we have found it valuable. W. J. CUTLER, Red Creek, N. Y.

Mr. Cuyler is one of the leading citizens of this village, and one of the most prominent men in this vicinity—W. G. PHIPPIN, editor Red Creek Herald. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, Pine City.

A Splendid Chance For You.

The Farmers' (Twice-a-Week) Tribune, of Minneapolis, is making an exceptionally liberal offer to young people generally, particularly persons who have never tried soliciting newspaper subscriptions, to aid them in getting 100,000 subscribers by Jan. 1, 1900. It is perhaps the most liberal proposition ever made by any newspaper in America, and it will interest many who do not ordinarily care to engage in getting subscriptions.

The Farmers' Tribune is the daily Minneapolis Tribune and the Evening Tribune "boiled down" for the use of people who do not have time to read a daily paper. It comes to the home twice every week, filled with the best news of the world and the Northwest, the best serial and short stories, political gossip and market reports—all the best that money will buy.

Almost every body can get a few newspaper subscribers from among his friends and acquaintances and with such a generous offer as made by the farmers' Tribune it is quite worth one's while to make the effort.

Send a postal card to the Farmers' Tribune for their subscription circular and sample paper.

LIST OF PATENTS.

Granted to Minnesota Inventors this week. Reported by E. G. Siggers, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.:

C. T. Cooke, gauze carrier; J. H. Dean, St. Paul, voting machine; W. E. Hallin, St. Paul, convertible turban and visor cap; H. Hammer, Mountain Lake, trace buckle; S. L. Long, Magnolia, combined paper clip and pencil holder; A. Miller, St. Paul, Mop-head; N. H. Norby, Cooleyville, cow-milker.

For copy of any of the above patents, send ten cents in postage stamps with date of this paper, to E. G. Siggers, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

WANTED.

Live correspondents in every neighborhood in the county, to send news regularly to THE PIONEER. Write us on postal card for stamps, stationery, and general information.

NEW DRAY LINE.

Having purchased a new dray I am prepared to do all kinds of light and heavy draying on short notice, and at prices that are reasonable.

GEORGE SHERWOOD,
Pine City, Minnesota.

An Extraordinary Chance for a Bright Man to Secure a Steady Position the Year Around in Pine City and Vicinity.

DEAR EDITOR:—We want a clothing salesman to take orders for our men's custom made-to-measure suits, pants, overcoats and ulsters in Pine City, and adjoining towns and country. Any good, bright man, especially if he has had experience as a salesman in a store, agricultural implement house or where he has come in contact with people, as solicitor for tailoring, insurance, nursery stock or other goods, can make big money with our line the year around; but any good, bright man, even without previous experience, can make $150.00 a month and expenses with the big outfit we furnish him and the opportunity we give him if he will devote his time to the work; or, if we can get a good man in Pine City whose time is partly taken up with other work and who can devote his spare time to our line even if only an hour or so a day, he will do ex, ceedingly well with our agency. We have men in real estate, loan, legal, lumber, grain, railroad, express and other business who give their spare time to our line with big results. No experience is absolutely necessary, no capital required. We furnish a complete line of cloth samples and stationery, have no commission plan, no house-to-house canvas, no catchy conditions, but offer a rare opportunity for some man in this vicinity to secure high grade employment at big wages.

We are the largest tailors in America. We make to measure over 300,000 suits annually. We occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago. We refer to the Corn Exchange National Bank in Chicago, any express or railroad company in Chicago or any resident of this city. We buy our cloth direct from the largest European and American mills, we operate the most extensive and economic custom tailoring plant in existence, and we reduce the price of made-to-measure suits and overcoats to from $5.00 to $18.00 (mostly $8.00 to $10.00), prices so low that nearly everybody will be glad to have their garments made-to-measure, and will give our agent their orders.

We will furnish a good agent a large and handsomely bound book containing large cloth samples of our entire line of suits, pantaloons, overcoats, etc., a book which costs us several dollars; also fine colored fashion plates, tape measure, business cards, stationery, advertising matter and a rubber stamp with name and adress and pad complete, also an instruction book which makes it easy for anyone to take orders and conduct a profitable business. We will also furnish net confidential price list. Agent can take orders and send them to us and we will make the garments within five days and send direct to agent's customer by express C. O. D. subject to examination and approval, collect the agent's full selling price and every week we will send the agent our check for all his profits. The agent need collect no money and deliver no goods, simply go on taking orders at a liberal profit. We deliver the goods, collect all the money and every week promptly send him in one round check his full profit for the week and nearly all our agents get a check from us of at least $40.00 every week of the year.

We will make no charge for the book and complete outfit, but as the outfit costs us a, veral dollars, it is necessary to protect ourselves against anyone who would impose upon us by sending for the outfit with no intention of working, but merely out of idle curiosity, therefore, we will ask as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the reader who decides to take up this work, that he cut this article out and mail to us, with the understanding that the big book and complete outfit will be sent to him by express, he to pay the express agent $1.00 and express charges for the outfit, with the distinct understanding that we will refund the $1.00 as soon as his orders have amounted to $25.00, which amount of orders he can take the very first day.

Don't compare this with any catchy offers made to get your $1.00. The genuineness of our offer and our reliability are proven by the bank reference referred to above, or you can easily satisfy yourself by writing to anyone in Chicago to call on us.

This is a rare chance for some man in Pine City or vicinity to take up a work at once that with reasonable effort on his part is sure to net him from $5.00 to $10.00 a day from the start, and we trust that from among your many readers we will be able to get a few good representatives in Pine City and adjoining towns.

Cut this notice out and mail to the AMERICAN WOOLEN MILLS CO., West Side Enterprise Building, Chicago, Ill., and the book and agent's complete outfit will be sent to you at once, you to pay $1.00 and express charges when received, the $1.00 to be returned to you when your orders amount to $25.00.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the twentieth day of December, A. D. 1898, in the sum of Four Dollars ($4.00), and a like sum of interest and premium, which became due and payable on the twenty-ninth day of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid. That by reason of such default there became due and payable to and including June, A. D. 1899, six times in the sum of Six Dollars ($6.00). The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage elects to and does hereby declare the whole amount of said debt, principal, interest, premium and fines, due and payable by reason of such default. No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof.

Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Pine County, Minnesota, where the land herein described is situated. The name of the mortgagor in said mortgage is Charles F. Anderson (single) and the name of the mortgagee in said mortgage is the Interstate Savings and Loan Association, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota.

Said mortgage contains a covenant on the part of the mortgagor hereinafter named to keep the buildings on said premises insured, and in case of failure so to keep said buildings insured, it is agreed that the mortgagee, again at its option, effect such insurance and the sum or sums so paid by it in effecting such insurance should bear interest from time of such payment at the rate of seven per cent (7 per cent) per annum, and should be deemed and declared to constitute and be an addition, at then upon the premises hereinafter described and by said mortgage conveyed, and should be collectible with, as a part of and in the same manner as the original debt which said mortgage is given to secure.

The date of the mortgage is May 21st, A. D. 1895. Said mortgage was duly recorded on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1895, at two o'clock p. m. in the Register of Deeds' office in and for Pine County, Minnesota, in Book "H" of mortgages on pages 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86. The amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, including the amounts paid by said mortgagee for effecting insurance as per terms of said mortgage, less the withdrawal value of said Charles F. Anderson's stock, which is Two Hundred Fifty-six and 2-100 dollars ($256.02), and which has this day been applied by said Association toward the payment of the amount due on said mortgage, is Four Hundred Fifty-two and 45-100 dollars ($452.45).

The premises conveyed and mortgaged in and by said mortgage are described as follows: That tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Pine, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West One-half (W ½) of Lot Numbered Ten (10) in Block Numbered Ten (10) in Sandstone Quarries, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Pine County, said tract being Twenty-five (25) feet by One Hundred and Fifty (150) feet.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, pursuant to law, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises above described, sold at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Pine County, at the front door of the District Court House, in the Village of Pine City, Pine County, Minnesota, on Saturday, December 9th, A. D. 1899, at two (2) o'clock p. m., to pay the amount that shall then be due thereon and the expenses of such foreclosure sale, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage; subject to redemption as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minnesota, October 9th, A. D. 1899.

INTER-STATE SAVINGS and LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

Benton & Molyneaux,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
302 New York Life Building,
Minneapolis, Minnesota.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

TOWN CLERKS.

Birch Creek,	J. G. Swenson,	Sturgeon Lake
Brook Park,	J. H. Williams,	Beroun
Chengwatana,	J. M. Collins,	Pine City
Dell Grove,	F. E. Kok,	Friedland
Finlayson,	C. W. Harris,	Finlayson
Hinckley,	J. L. Folsom,	Hinckley
Kerrick,	C. A. Hanson,	Nickerson
Kettle River,	H. H. Driscoll,	Willow River
Mission Creek,	G. W. Hamblin,	Mission Creek
Pine City,	C. F. Stephan,	Pine City
Pine Lake,	Charles Olson,	Pine Lake
Polegama,	T. A. Bartlett,	Pine City
Rock Creek,	C. H. Enos,	Rock Creek
Royalton,	J. P. Davis,	Pine City
Sandstone,	Howard Folsom,	Sandstone
Windemere,	A. L. Peterson,	Moose Lake
Sturgeon Lake,	A. Ungren,	Sturgeon Lake
Sandstone Village—H. P. Welsh, president; Harry Madison, Recorder; F. L. Dennis, Treasurer.		
Willow River Village.—W. A. Doe, President; D. H. Driscoll, Recorder.		
Hinckley Village.—E. L. Stephan, President; S. W. Anderson, Recorder; Lee Webster, Treasurer.		
Pine City Village.—Julius Dosey, President; Robert Wilcox, Recorder; George Kick, Treasurer.		
Rutledge Village.—Ira Wood, President; Geo. Millet, Recorder; W. A. Kalbs, Treasurer.		

SCHOOL CLERKS OF PINE CO.

Dist. No.	Name	Postoffice.
1	John P. Holler,	Pine City.
2	J. M. Currie,	Hinckley
3	P. Knudsen,	Pine City.
4	Olof Erickson,	Rock Creek.
5	Angus Gunn,	Sandstone.
6	T. J. Itsman,	Rutledge.
7	J. P. Davis,	Pine City
8	Adolph Anderson,	Mission Creek.
9	W. E. Smith,	Pine City.
10	Adam Johnson,	Rock Creek.
11	G. A. Nelson,	Sturgeon Lake
12	Matz Peterson,	Rock Creek.
13	Geo. L. Stevens,	Rock Creek.
14	Andrew Nordquist,	Dalewood.
15	J. E. Boekman,	Pine City.
16	J. D. Wilkes,	Sturgeon Lake.
17	Henry Studt,	Rush City.
18	A. Ulbrecht,	Kerrick.
19	Chas. Ungren,	Sturgeon Lake.
20	J. L. Wilkins,	Finlayson.
21	D. H. Driscoll,	Willow River.
22	August Asmus,	Pine City.
23	John N. Peterson,	Rush City.
24	W. H. Davenport,	Brook Park.
25	J. B. Butler,	Beroun.
26	F. R. Shelorgen,	Willow River.
27	Peter Overum,	Sturgeon Lake.
28	Wm. Nieduit,	Pine City.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor.....Douglas Greeley
Treasurer.....C. G. J. Albrecht
Register of Deeds.....James Wandel
Clerk of Court.....H. J. Hall
Judge of Probate.....E. Veenhoven
Sheriff.....T. J. Hackney
Attorney.....R. C. Saunders
Coroner.....Dr. R. L. Wiseman
Court Commissioner.....W. P. Stone
Sup't of Schools.....Robt. Blankenship
Surveyor.....Frank Hockett
Commissioners—Angus Gunn, chairman; Frank Chmielewski, R. C. Simmons, Otto Kowalke, O. B. Whitney

PINE CITY DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Services every Sunday morning at 10:30; evening at 7:45. Everybody invited.
REV. H. TAYLOR, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Services every Sunday. Morning at 10:30, evening at 7:30. Everybody is cordially invited.
REV. P. KNUDSEN, Pastor.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST.—Regular services every Sabbath. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock a. m. Other services immediately following. No regular pastor.

GERMAN EV. LUTHERAN.—Service every alternate Sunday at 2:00 p. m. Evening services every third Sunday in the month at 7:30 p. m. Ladies' Society last Sunday in each month at 2:30 p.m. C. ABEL, Pastor.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.—Services each Sunday. Low Mass 8:15 o'clock a. m. and High Mass at 10:30 a. m. with the exception of High Mass on every fourth Sunday at St. Joseph's church, Beroun. Sunday school at 2 o'clock p. m. Evening and weekday services according to announcement.
REV. T. L. RABSTEINER, Priest.

SOCIETIES.

LAKE TENT NO. 83, K. O. T. M.—Meets on first and third Tuesdays of each month. All visiting brothers are welcome.
A. E. WEBBER, Com.
R. L. WISEMAN, R. K.

POKEGAMA LODGE NO. 77, K. OF P.—Meets every Wednesday evening in Hetzeneckers hall. Visiting Knights are welcome.
D. GREELEY, C. C.
A. H. LAMBERT, R. K. R. & S.

PINE CITY LODGE 167, A. O. U. W.—Meets on second and fourth Saturdays of each month in Hetzeneckers hall. All visiting Workmen are welcome.
A. H. LAMBERT, W. M.
H. J. RATH, Recorder.

PINE CITY CAMP NO. 3179, M. W. A.—Meets on the first and third Saturday evenings of each month, in Kowalke's Hall. Visiting Neighbors always welcome.
W. J. GOTTRY, C.
R. L. WISEMAN, Clerk.

TEUTONIA AID SOCIETY.—Meets on the last Saturday evening of each month, in Kowalke's hall.
CHRIS. VOSS, Pres.
FRANK GOLTZ, Sec.

B. F. DAVIS POST 137, G. A. R.—Meets on the first Monday of each month, in O. R. hall.
ROBT. GREIG, Com.
J. F. STONE, Adjutant.

RIVERSIDE CIRCLE, LADIES OF THE G. A. R.—Meets at G. A. R. hall on the first and third Tuesdays of each month.
MRS. SARAH WILKINS, President.
MRS. NETTIE MILLER, Secretary.

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The-HARDWARE-Man,

Carries A Full Line of,

"JEWEL STEEL RANGES" Best on Earth—
Heavy and Shelf HARDWARE of all Kinds—

We Buy Our Nails and Wire in CAR lots, and can Make You Better Prices Than You can get From "T. M. Roberts" or any Other Supply House.

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HEATING STOVES.....$1.00 to $25.00

Look at Our GALVANIZED WIRE CLOTHES LINES Only 15 cents While They Last.

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The
★Hardware Man.★

Have you Cold Feet?

Then go to the Wilcox Mercantile Company and get a pair of their

Nice Warm Winter Shoes.

A new and complete line just received, including all sizes and styles of lasts.

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Shoes for the Girls,
Shoes for the Boys,
Shoes for Grown-up Boys,
And Shoes for Women.

A Snap while they last.

These Shoes will be sold at
25 to 50 per cent.
Less than
the Usual Prices!
Don't Fail to See them.

Wilcox Mercantile Company.

Pine City, Minn.

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

TERMS: $1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

PINE CITY, MINN., NOV. 17, 1899

CHIPS AND SHAVINGS.

(Local Chips Picked up Around Town and Shavings Clipped From Our Exchanges.)

—Step in and see those reefers at Vaughan's.

—Services in the Lutheran church, Sunday evening at 7:30.

—Notice the "Hub" advertisement this week.

—Did anyone see enough meteors fall on Wednesday night, to pay them for staying up?

Don't fail to attend the lecture tomorrow evening, given under the auspices of the Woman's Reading Club.

—Don't forget to call at Carlson's when at Rush City.

—Contractor Ardner has completed a new school house in district No. 1.

—Have you seen that line of men's sweaters at Vaughn's?

—Enterprising people advertise in the PIONEER. Try it.

—The dancing party held at Pioneer house hall Saturday evening was well attended, and those present report having had a fine time.

—The Degree of Honor entertained their Grand Chief of Honor Mrs. Mantor, Monday evening.

Farm wanted—Send full particulars, price etc., at once. A. H. Russel, Akron, O.

—Jos. W. Neubauer pays the highest cash price for hides, furs and pelts. Give him a call.

—Mrs. Otto Kowalke departed for Minneapolis Thursday to be absent a few days.

—Remember when in need of job work, that the PIONEER competes with the cities.

—Have you seen those vestee suits for children at Vaughan's?

—Mrs. M. F. Vaughan of North Branch, visited relatives here the first of the week.

—Money to patent good ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

—Keep your boys warm with one of those fine sweaters at Vaughan's.

FOR RENT—The store building recently occupied by F. E. Smith. For terms etc., enquire of J. C. Miller, Pine City Minn.

—Rev. John Wilson will conduct union Thanksgiving services in the M. E. Church, preaching at 10:30 a. m.

—The best assortment of mens shoes and rubbers ever brought to this place, at Vaughan's

—Positively the finest line of men's and boy's clothing between the four big cities at Vaughan's.

—A fur coat to wear well must be made of skins that are properly dressed; "North Star" coats are made of such skins.

For Sale—A good farm of 227 acres within one mile of this village. A snap for some one—Enquire at this office for particulars.

—Postage stamps. Information, Accommodation, Telephone and Drugs. You know where?

Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—The North Star fur coat is made by Laupher, Finch & Skinner, St. Paul, and is sold by the most reliable merchants.

—Otto Will, of Hinckley, spent the time between trains on Thursday in the county seat attending to legal business.

—Sleep warm and comfortable during the long cold winter, in one of those fine night shirts at J. D. Vaughan's.

—Its folly to cough. Get a bottle of our White Pine Compound for 25 cents.

Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Come in and look over our line of ladies' and misses wool underwear and hosiery, at Vaughan's.

—The "Hub" is the place to buy clothing. When in Rush City, call and see their stock.

—The social held at the residence of Rev. H. Taylor under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society, of the M. E. church, was well attended and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

—Come down and see what bargains we offer in our sale beginning Monday. H. H. HARRIS,
Rush City, Minn.

In another column we publish an "Ad" from the Burlington Northern, in which they offer to send a map of the United States, printed in four colors, mounted on a roller, for the small sum of 15 cents. Read the "ad," and act accordingly.

—While in Rush City do not forget to go in and see the stock that Harris has on hand.

—J. H. Davis, of Meadow Lawn, will give a dancing party in Hetzeneckers hall on Wednesday the 22. Good music and a royal good time is promised all those who attend. Tickets 50 cents.

The best and cheapest clothing is kept where you find North Star fur coats, as the makers, Laupher, Finch and Skinner, sell live merchants only.

—Mrs. Percival, now at the residence of Geo. Payne, does dressmaking and cloak repairing in the latest styles. Come and join my class in dress-cutting and making. Bring your own material, and get your own dress made free.

—Ladies, keep your eye on the new articles coming into our store every day, and we make prices too, to make trade, try us.

Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Remember the illustrated lecture by Prof. Maria Sanford, at the Presbyterian church, Saturday evening, Nov. 18th. Will O'Brien will sing several selections during the evening.

—FOUND—A black dog with three white feet, the owner can have the same by calling on Wm. Rodeck and paying for this notice and the dog's keep.

—Dr. Forbes, Presiding Elder, of the M. E. church, for the Duluth District, will preach at Rock Creek, Tuesday evening, November 21st, at 7:30, after the preaching service Quarterly Conference will be held.

—Now is the time to begin making Holiday presents. Sofa and table covers, plain and stamped linens and materials for all kinds of handwork. Ready made work for sale and made to order by, Susan Shearer, Pine City, Minn.

—A Big Cold stopped for a little price, ask for our Cold Tablets, 15 cents a dozen.

Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Rev. Dr. Forbes will preach in the M. E. church Wednesday evening, Nov. 22nd. Quarterly Conference at 4:30 p. m., preaching services at 7:45, after which the Sacrament of the Lord,s supper will be administered.

Miss Eleanor Niller had two numbers at the Ravenswood convention, each being excellent. Her bible reading was simply grand, and the "Three Lost years" of Patsy brought tears to many eyes in the audience.—Centenary Leaguer, Chicago.

Miss Miller will give an entertainment in the Court House Hall, Pine City, Friday evening, Dec. 1st

—Chas. Avery of North Branch, manager of the Northwestern Telephone Company, was in this village Wednesday, and while here placed a telephone in the Court House and rented the room in the rear of the Connor saloon for a central office. As soon as the poles and wire arrive they will put in a local exchange. We understand that the rate will be $1.50 per month for a business place.

—G. A. Carlson, of Rush City, has the largest and finest stock of Clothing, Dress Goods, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishings, Carpets, Rugs, and in fact everything that comprises a first-class dry goods stock, which he is selling at great bargains. Do not go to the cities to buy before you look over his stock and get prices.

—Perfumes! If you look at our line, we know you will buy. "Stolen Sweets" is one of the daintiest odors.

Breckenridges Pharmacy.

—Adolph Larson, traveling in the interests of the Bethania Mineral Springs, of Osceola, Wisconsin, whose "ad" appears in this paper on the first page, visited our dealers in soft drinks on Wednesday evening. He reports having done much better here than he expected to, seeing this was his first visit. This mineral water is used quite extensively in the twin cities, they shipping a car load to St. Paul every week.

—W. H. McDonald, of the firm of McDonald & Kelly, of St. Paul, was in this place the latter part of last week attending to the business of their branch office in this place. Mr. McDonald informs us that hereafter Mr. Kelly will be in this place every Tuesday and Wednesday, and Mr. McDonald each Friday and Saturday. All those wishing to see them can do so by calling at their office at the above mentioned time.

Miss Eleanor Miller's recital was probably the best attended of the entire lecture course, and the audience greeted her royally. She showed herself to be an artist of rare ability in passing from pathos and dramatic earnestness to rollicking, jolly, boyish fun. It is difficult to decide where Miss Miss Miller's forte lies. She comes out equally strong in all. The entertainment was a fitting close to our lecture course.—Mason City (Ill.) Times.

Miss Miller will give an entertainment at the Court House Hall, Pine City, Friday evening, Dec. 1st.

—On Wednesday evening quite a number of private parties were held around town so as to see the meteoric shower that was scheduled to take place on that evening and Thursday morning, but those who lost their sleep in hopes of witnessing this wonderfull display of natures fireworks, were disappointed, for about one o'clock the sky, which up to that time had been clear, was overspread with clouds and by two o'clock but very few stars were visible.

The reading and musical recital given at the Opera House last night was the best entertainment of the kind ever given in Macomb. Miss Miller is no stranger to Macomb audiences. Everybody expected something fine from her, and no one was disappointed. Her expression, voice and gestures were perfect. Taken altogether, the entertainment was first-class in every respect and highly enjoyed by the large audience.—Macomb (Ill.) By-Stander.

Miss Miller will give an entertainment in the Court House Hall, at Pine City, Friday evening, Dec. 1st.

ANOTHER WORD TO PARENTS!

A week from Friday, (Nov. 24th) will occur the third monthly examination of the city schools, after which the parents will be given an opportunity to examine the work of the pupils for November.

Many of the little boys and girls bring their Report Books back and say "Mamma did not have time to look at my Report Book and sign it." It seems to me a father or mother ought to surely find FIVE MINUTES A MONTH to look over the work of the past month and see where son or daughter has done well or where poorly. See if you have kept his percent of Attendance and Punctuality 100. See whether the child has made his deportment 100. Please do not send the child away, when he brings you the Report Book, saying "I have no time." Please take time and do your part to make the child's Deportment, Punctuality and Attendance 100 and then you may be sure the Scholarship will not be low.

I am yours for the good of the community.

J. C. HOLLAND,
City Supt.

The Finest Limited Train.

From St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago is the Burlington electric lighted and steam heated. Every comfort that other trains have and some that no others have. Remember this when buying railroad tickets.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders

are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food, but medicine, and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge & Co.

CHICAGO, May 17th, 1897.

To Whom it May Concern:

I have known Miss Eleanor Miller, who is a graduate of the Columbia School of Oratory, for about two years. I have heard her read on different occasions, and can certify that she developed a mastery of speech, and has a fine and keen appreciation of the thought in literature.

She has given close attention to voice training so as to secure the natural expression of thought without the extravagances that have sometimes been noted in teachers of elocution. She has also given attention to physical culture, which is so important to the teaching of self-mastery. She is a woman of excellent Christian character, and worthy of confidence.

Yours Truly,
A. G. LANG,
Supt. of Chicago Schools.

Superior Dining Service.

Rev. Jesse Zeigler, of Monango, N. D. recently went over the Burlington on a trip to Pennsylvania. He writes: "I found the service and accommodations of your route superior to any I have known in the west. This is especially true of the dining service."

JOS. HETZENECKER, Agent,
Pine City Minn.

Chronic Diarrhoea Cured.

This is to certify that I have had chronic diarrhoea ever since the war. I got so weak I could hardly walk or do anything. One bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Colera and diarrhoea remedy cured me sound and well.

J. R. GIBBS, Pincastle, Va.

I had bhronic diarrhoea for twelve years. Three bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera ann Diarrhoea remedy cured me. S. L. SHAVER, Pincastle, Va.

Both Mr. Gibds and Mr. Shaver are prominent farmers and reside near Pincastle, Virginia. They procured the remedy from Mr. W. E. Casper, a druggist of that place who is well acquainted with them and will vouch for the truth of their statements. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge & Co., Druggists.

An old shoe has its place but it is not upon the foot. Throw yours away and secure a pair of the celebrated

Kellogg, Johnson & Co's Shoes

Unequalled in retaining shape and in wear lustre and comfort. All the fashionable shapes for street, dress or outing.

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THE BEST
Is always
CHEAPEST.

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Call and See.

FRANK RADLEY,

DEALER IN and IMPORTER OF

Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

I am Prepared to Entertain my Friends and Serve Them With the Choicest Goods in my Line. Give me a Call and You Will Receive the Best of Treatment.

United States Map. 15c

A copy of our handsome map, 42x28 inches, printed in four colors, and mounted on a roller, will be sent to any address on receipt of 15 cents in coin, postal or express money order. We accept no other stamps. GEO. P. LYMAN, Gen. Pass. Agt. C. B. & Q. R. R., Chicago.

DON'T BE FOOLED!

The market is being flooded with worthless imitations of

ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA

To protect the public we call especial attention to our trade mark, printed on every package. Demand the genuine. For Sale by all Druggists.

THE STORY TELLER

PATIENCE.

I put her letter by, because
With dimming eyes, I needs must pause

To fashion somewhat of her smile
From memory, a little while;

To feel again the gentle touch
That made me wonder overmuch

If such a soft caress of love
Were not for ransomed ones above,

Instead of for my earthly bliss—
This handclasp sweeter than a kiss.

I put her letter by a bit
To muse and marvel over it

As something rare beyond the ken
Of common thought and mortal men;

As something that the tender years,
Have traced with not ungrateful tears.

A sweet good-by, it is, to say
"She'll meet me later in the day."

And still I wait! And still I wait!
The years have gone—the day is late!—

A shrine of myrtle for her dust—
A letter yellowed with the rust

Of tears—a prayer to understand
Her signal from the peaceful land.

I put her letter by!—I know
Its promise will be kept, and, so,

Through misty eyes my soul shall smile
And wait in patience yet awhile.
—Chicago Daily Record.

The Rag-Picker's Bundle

By Frederick R. Burton.

IT WAS in the memorable days of 1871, when mobocracy, otherwise the commune, ruled Paris. The excitement attending the downfall of the empire had so far subsided that riots and bloodshed had nearly ceased. At the worst they were not the invariable occurrences of the day. The adherents of the old regime, however, were still apprehensive for their personal safety, and rarely showed themselves in public without manifesting in some way their submission to the new order of things. And the "citizens," on the other hand, still watched jealously many of the imperial party lest some plot should be developed that should prove subversive of the republic.

Among those whose persons and homes were under constant surveillance was Col. Pierre St. Jean, an officer who had served his country in many wars, including the disastrous encounter with Prussia the year before. St. Jean was a man of courage and invincible will. He was grievously cast down by the failure of the empire, and had no sympathy with the democratic tendency of the times. He was sometimes called "The Irreconcilable." Nothing had persuaded him to join the fight of the imperialists, and he remained in Paris to face his fate to the end. There was no one among the citizens who did not respect him, but he was none the less closely watched. When he walked into the street he was always joined at once by some fellow-countryman in a blue frock, who attended him at every step of his progress.

It may readily be believed that the colonel little relished this proceeding, but one thing was constantly in his mind to prevent him from manifesting too openly his discontent. He was devotedly attached to a 15-year-old daughter, the only member of his family beside himself, and it was for her that he exercised restraint upon his patriotic passions. For her sake he had even meditated flight, a thing most repugnant to his soldierly nature. But it had never come to this as yet, although his friends had often warned him of the danger of staying too long.

One day he set out from his house to call on his banker near the bourse. He was hardly out of doors before he found the inevitable citizen at his heels.

"Good morning to you, Citizen St. Jean," said the detective, in a suave tone.

St. Jean was more than usually netted.

"Am I never to be allowed to walk alone about my private business?" he exclaimed, sharply.

"But it is so much pleasanter to have a companion, citizen," responded the other, affably. "And there is no private business now; everything is of the people. But Citizen St. Jean knows all this, and it is useless for me to tell him so."

"I know nothing of the kind," said the colonel, irritated; "you 'citizens' are excessively impertinent."

"The citizen might not find it so if he were to respond to a fellow-citizen's salute politely instead of taking offense at it."

St. Jean was thoroughly enraged.

"You would attempt to teach me manners, would you, vagabond? Get out of my sight! Go!" And he raised his cane threteningly.

"Have a care, citizen," exclaimed the other, retreating to the street and changing his tone; "it is not too late to bring such as you and yours to the guillotine. Remember that."

St. Jean turned and went on his way without a word. The threat had reminded him of his danger, but, more than that, of his daughter's danger. The undesired bodyguard followed silently.

Late that night a pebble was tossed into the open window where St. Jean sat reading. A party of half a dozen men were passing at the time, and the missile evidently was thrown by one of them. They were talking earnestly, and apparently paying no attention to St. Jean or his house, and what was the object of the movement the colonel could not for a moment understand. He looked about the room for the pebble, and when he found it he saw at once what was meant. A scrap of paper was attached to the missile. He tore it off and found these words upon it:

"A citizen has denounced Col. Pierre St. Jean as an enemy of the republic, declaring that the colonel said, this morning, many offensive and violent things against the people. A secret friend advises him to escape at the earliest possible moment, for the people will not act slowly. But he must be cautious, for all ordinary means of escape are watched and cut off."

"The ruffians!" exclaimed St. Jean under his breath, as he read and reread the note. At first he thought that this was simply a threat by his enemies to terrify him into submission or to make him fly, for he believed that they would be quite willing to see him well out of their way. But on further consideration his estimate of the missive changed. He recalled that the republic was fond of killing those whom it considered its enemies. He remembered the cases of men personally known to him who had been led to death, whose families had been left destitute, whose estates had been confiscated. Then he marveled that he should have remained so long unnarmed. At last: "This is from a genuine friend," he exclaimed, "else it would not address me by my military title. I should have been called 'citizen!'"

The more he thought about it, the more serious the matter seemed, until he finally made up his mind to flight, but how?

"Father," said a sweet voice, interrupting his meditations, "may I come in to say good-night?"

"Yes, Marie," responded St. Jean, gravely; "come in and sit beside me a moment."

Marie obeyed, silent and wondering. She saw at once that something of serious import was troubling her father, and, drawing a low chair to his side, she sat down and raised her calm gray eyes to his.

"My child," he said, after a momentary silence, "we must leave Paris."

"Have the citizens threatened you, father?" she asked, sadly.

"Many times," replied St. Jean, resting his hand caressingly upon her head; "and at last—read this."

She took the paper and read it quickly.

"So we must go," she said, with a tremulous voice; "how cruel to treat my good father so badly. I wish I could tell them how good and kind he is. Couldn't I say something to them, father?"

"Hardly, Marie," replied St. Jean, stooping over to kiss her forehead; "they would not believe you. You had better get ready for a journey to-night. We will leave in the early morning in a closed carriage and go to a suburban railway station, there to take the train for Havre."

"But father, see! It says you must go secretly. They would surely take you in a carriage. They are about the house all the time."

"Well, Marie, how shall we go?"

Father and daughter sat silent for some minutes. St. Jean was revolving all kinds of wild schemes, involving the greatest danger to them both, for he could think of nothing but bold assaults, brilliant maneuvers, in which the enemy should be overcome by surprise and the sudden movement of the fugitives.

"I have it, father," exclaimed Marie, at last; "you can carry me!"

"Carry you?"

"Yes; aren't you strong enough?"

"Of course I am; I could carry two like you."

"Well, then, we shall be able to take a large amount of baggage, for my weight in clothing would make enough to last us a long time."

"What in the world are you thinking of, Marie?"

"Oh, I'll show you. Haven't you often seen a ragman carrying a big bag of rags that was twice as large as he was?"

"Yes, my child, many times."

"Well, now, don't you see? Come right upstairs and let us see if we cannot make a ragbag out of a bedtick, that will be large enough to hold me and a small bundle of clothing."

Marie sprang from her seat, and throwing her arms impulsively about her father's neck, kissed him fondly as she continued:

"I am sure the plan will succeed. Nobody will recognize you if you shave off that big mustache and imperial, and dress up in ragged clothes, and nobody will see me, for I shall be all out of sight—but won't it be a hard task for poor papa! How tired he will be before we get to the railway station."

Interested, but half incredulous, St. Jean followed his daughter to a chamber, where she began at once to pull a bed to pieces, talking all the time about the flight, what they should need to carry, what they should wear, and many other things that suggested themselves to her busy brain.

It was about midnight before they stopped work, and St. Jean stood, razor in hand, before a mirror, gazing regretfully at his drooping mustache.

Morning comes at last. The dark, brownish mist that pervades the street and envelops the house in a moist embrace rises slowly under the influence of the sun's rays, until, cleansed and purified by them, it hangs over the chimney tops, a white, glistening mass of vapor. Even the dull red bricks, the clothes yards on the roofs, are rendered beautiful, pictured as they are by the soft light passing through a veil of cloud. There is a man in a blue blouse leaning against the wall of a building opposite Pierre St. Jean's house. He is waiting for somebody. The great bell in a neighboring tower has solemnly tolled six strokes, and the street begins to bustle with the stir of life. The milk wagons that had cast a momentary variety on his monotonous watch three hours before are now returning lazily homeward. Another hour must pass ere he can hope for relief. He yawns and turns toward the corner, shivering slightly, as if the mist still clung to his clothing.

"Good morning, citizen," calls a man driving by in a provision cart; "how fares the watch?"

"Tedy, citizen," is the growling reply, "it's tiresome business: I could wish some one might try to escape to make things interesting for me."

The blinds are closely drawn in the guarded house, and one would think that all the occupants were sound asleep. But there is a tall, sturdy-looking man in rough clothes standing near the little side door through which the grocery man the butcher and the fruit dealers are accustomed to enter with their baskets. At his side is a huge bag that looks as if it might have been a mattress. It is partially filled with rags. At the top of the mass, with her face pressed against a window pane, anxiously peering through the blinds, is a sweet-faced little girl, clad in a much-worn, once discarded dress. What are these two waiting for? The hour drags slowly by, but they remain as fixed at their posts inside as does the man in the blue blouse in the street opposite.

At last the great, deep-toned bell in the towers tolls again. The man in the street turns once more to the corner. In a moment his face lights up with a satisfied smile, and he steps leisurely forward to meet the man who had accompanied St. Jean in his walk on the previous morning.

"Now, father!" exclaims the little girl at the window. The man at the foot of the stairs picks up his bundle, and, quickly opening the side door, steps into the street. With his bag over his shoulder, he takes a step or two and then shouts in a high key: "Ra-a-gs! Ra-a-gs!" Another step, and he repeats his cry. Then the blinds are thrown open, the window raised and a timid voice accosts the ragman and bids him enter. The side door is opened again, and the tall man disappears. Meanwhile the night watch has greeted the citizen of the day watch, and asks him: "When are we to cease guarding this enemy of the people?"

"Before noon, citizen," responds the detective, "the Irreconcilable St. Jean will be the guest of the republic."

"Good! Pleasant dreams to him till then!"

Both citizen-watchers glance at the house across the way and see the ragman enter, but make no comment, for they see nothing but a ragman.

Presently the ragman issues forth again, stooping under his big bundle, which is considerably larger than when he entered, as well it might after purchasing rags in such a great house. He crosses directly toward the watcher, crying his "Ra-a-gs! Ra-a-gs!" harshly.

"Your trade is good this morning, citizen," remarks the watch, pleasantly, observing the huge bundle.

"Thank goodness, citizen," mutters the ragman, "all things have become good under the republic."

"Aye, aye! Live the republic!"

"Yes, live the republic!" assents the ragman, but he mutters something under his breath that sounds very like: "Down with republicans!" He continues on his way unmolested. Down the long street to the right; across a public square; along—what is that? Smothered sounds from his big bundle? He briefly turns up an alley and lays the bag upon a doorstep. He opens the mouth carefully.

"Can you breathe?" he asks, anxiously.

"Yes," comes a faint reply; "but I was so afraid you would get all tired out, and I thought perhaps I might get out now."

"No, no; not yet," whispers the ragman.

"Well, then," continues the faint voice, "you must not forget to shout 'Ra-a-gs!' You haven't spoken since we left our street."

"That's so," says the astonished ragman, "I did forget that."

Shouldering his bulky bag, he emerges once more upon the street crying: "Ra-a-gs!"

"Hi! Hi!" exclaims a shrill voice from a fifth-story window. "Hi, there, ragman! I've got something for you."

"Whew!" thinks the ragman. "I don't want it."

"Why don't you come up here?" screams the shrill voice, impatiently; "I can't wait here all day."

"Bring your rags down here," responds the ragman.

"Well, what impudence! Are you drunk that you are so independent all at once?"

"S'pose I am; what then?" returns the man with the bundle, suddenly acting as if he were very intoxicated.

"Humph! In that case, I won't sell you a single rag!"

"Thank heaven!" exclaims the ragman, staggering forward under his heavy load. It seems an endless journey before he can reach a secluded grove on the outskirts of the city. There, at last, he can deposit his bundle, and the little girl who stood at the window creeps out of it.

"You dear, brave papa," she cries, kissing his beardless lips, "we are safe now, are we not?"

"Not yet, Marie," answers the ragman, and they hasten to remove several articles of clothing from the rags in the bag, after which they fold it into a small bundle and proceed to a railway station in the vicinity.

"So St. Jean and his daughter escaped, eh?"

"They did, citizen; and to tell the truth, I'm not sorry."

"Sorry, citizen? I am glad of it. He is a brave man."

"Good! Then if that is how you feel about it, I will tell you further that his banker privately warned him to go, and without St. Jean's knowledge turned all his securities into cash before the edict of confiscation was pronounced, and forwarded the money to the brave man in England."—Ledger Monthly.

Fertilization of Flowers.

Instances are known where the pollen of one tree fertilized the flowers of another five miles away.

PITH AND POINT.

There is nothing to some men except that they are smart and well educated. —Atchison Globe.

When a man discovers he is being driven to despair he should get out and wall.—Chicago Daily News.

An Art Criticism.—"She'll look better without so much powder and rouge on." "Yes. She isn't so bad as she's painted."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Like Many Others.—Williams—"Pankleigh never mixes politics and religion." Wallace—"Takes his politics straight, eh?" Willie—"No; he mixes whisky with it."—Puck.

Foreign to Him.—"Daddy?" said the little colored boy. "Well?" "What's the nationality of them 'coon' songs they sing in the theaters?"—Philadelphia North American.

"Put me off at Beacon street," said the fair passenger to the Boston trolley conductor. "I will notify you when Beacon street is reached," replied the conductor, "and be glad to assist you to alight, but I couldn't entertain the brutal thought of putting you off, my dear lady."—Philadelphia North American.

May—"Did you see Miss Woodby's fall gown? It's something terrible, but she thinks it's fine." Fay—"What sort of thing is it?" May—"Why, she's simply taken an old dress and put one of those fashionable trains on it." Fay—"Ah! I suppose she believes 'All's swell that ends swell.'" — Catholic Standard and Times.

M'KEE'S BIG INVESTMENT.

His Calf Grew Into a Cow and He Had an Elephant on His Hands.

A problem which has caused James McKee, of Brooklyn, many a sleepless night and worried him into a state bordering on nervous prostration was happily solved recently. The pigs in the clover puzzle was an easy proposition compared with the one which bothered Mr. McKee, and which was also a difficulty with relation to live stock. The problem concerned the removal of a cow that had been domiciled as a calf in McKee's back yard and had grown too big to be taken out by way it had been brought in or by any other avenue of egress from the premises.

McKee bought the calf about a year ago from a butcher who was leading it to slaughter. Goats were common in the quarter, and McKee calculated that the calf would prove an innovation in the way of a pet. So he led the little animal home and installed it in the back yard, to the delight of his own children and the envy of those of his neighbors. He took the calf through the front door of the house and the hallway, which is the only manner of getting into the yard in the rear.

This back yard is bounded on all sides by tall tenements, and there is not so much as an alley leading from it to the street. But the situation of the yard never entered into McKee's calculations with respect to the future of his new pet. One day he decided to sell her.

A German butcher from Hunter's Point called to look the cow over. The animal was fat and sleek and the butcher decided to buy it.

"But how I get her owid?" he asked of McKee, seeing only the narrow hallway leading to the street through the house.

Then for the first time a realization of the situation dawned upon McKee.

"Holy smoke, but I never thought of that!" he gasped, gazing helplessly about.

The butcher shrugged his shoulders. Suddenly, however, a brilliant idea struck him. He procured a tape measure, took the measurement of the cow and then measured the width of the hall door. Then he did some expert figuring. Finally he reached a conclusion in the matter. He decided that if the cow could be reduced in avoirdupois to a certain degree she might be shoved through the front door. So he gave instructions that the cow was not to be fed for several weeks, and then left.

Then the neighbors took a hand in the game, and many and divers were the suggestions made to McKee for getting the cow out of the yard. One proposed that a tunnel be dug under the house, another that a balloon or a derrick be pressed into service, and still another that the house be moved out of the way. But McKee acted upon none of these brilliant ideas.

The cow had lost much weight, and was led through the back door without trouble, but it was still too big to pass through the front door, and there it stuck. The butcher on the outside pulled and tugged until he got red in the face, and the McKee family on the inside pushed until they were exhausted, but the cow held fast in the doorway. Finally the butcher got an ax and chopped away on either side of the cow, and the animal at last was squeezed through.

"The next calf that I buy," remarked McKee, wiping the sweat from its brow, "will be a rabbit."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Unpardonable Sin.

Judge—What made you assault your lawyer?

Dooley—He insoolted me, sor. He rootlessly thrampled upon the dearest prejoodices av a dhown-throdden race; he mocked the tindherest sinsibilities av a unfoortoonate nation; he made a by word an' a bissin' av me sacreliest feelin's, an' in me humble capacity jeered at the misfoortoons av a licked but not vanquished paple. An', yer 'oner, O'll allow no man to dho all this widout pokin' him wan in the jaw av him.

"Dear me! And how did he make such a comprehensive foozle of it?"

"He asked me, yer 'oner, me name an' whin Oi told him Albert E. Dooley he says! 'Oh, yis; Albert Edward, av coorse. Named affther the pri'—an thin Oi pushed his face."—N. Y. World.

SOCIAL DELIGHTS.

What One Experiences Sometimes While Engaging in the Game of Whist.

"This is what a Detroit whist player is willing to take oath took place at a party where he was doing his level best for a prize:

"The large lady, his partner, gave the right shoulder of her shirt waist a hitch, motioned under her breath and then said to the other lady: "Look at that, now. It's all askew and so cooping! I don't see why you go to or how wonder you pay. It always the same way. Did you signal for trump, do you it the other hand?

"That sleeve has us three tricks," continued the complainant. Then the other lady wanted a reason for making chow chow pickledly or something of that sort. Of course, my accommodating partner went right to reading it off, giving a king to my ace when she had a three spot, revoked on another suit, led right into the enemy's strength, and then had the nerve to ask me if I saw anybody that she could have bettered her play. Say, I wanted to boil her in oil.

"I tried to keep from turning red, saying anything sarcastic, but operating a little, and succeeded reasonably well.

"Then she went to telling about a new hat her neighbor had bought. She took two five spots at a heavy cost, and then consoled me with a half-screaming explanation that she had been playing pedro the night before and had lapsed into it again without thinking. I never behaved better in my life, fergiled sudden illness, got away and made things blue for two blocks. After I was gone she told the opposition that I played a very stupid game."—Detroit Free Press.

TAKEN AT HIS WORD.

The Purchasers Complained of a Lack of One of the Elements in the Oil.

The faculty of terse and forceful speech is ordinarily an advantage, but occasionally a man gets hoisted by his own epigram. A bustling young New Yorker who was recently established in a branch of the oil business, had set out to get the patronage of a certain firm. The head of the concern was reluctant to make a change.

"The oil we have been getting is not unsatisfactory," said he, "and I fail to see why we should make a change. Are there any extra inducements you can offer? How do you propose to improve on the old quality?"

"In this way!" was the prompt answer. "I propose to give the business my personal attention. I intend to put some of my brains into every barrel of oil we send out."

The recondite phrase had the old gentleman, and he became a customer.

A few months later the hustling young man was obliged to make a journey, and in his absence, through some oversight, the quality of oil was allowed to deteriorate. It was quickly noted, and a letter now on file in the office records one of the protests. It reads: "Gentlemen: When we were induced to use your product we were assured that Mr. Blank put some of his brains into every barrel of oil. We deeply regret to observe that Mr. Blank is threatened with paresis."—Washington Star.

COL. ATKINSON'S WIT.

An Instance of Sudden and Stinging Sarcasm in His Bar Practice.

One of the judges of the Wayne circuit court tells of an incident in the bar practice of the late Col. John Atkinson that illustrates his quickness in the Christian shaft and the biting sarcasm of his irony.

He was opposed in the case on trial by all the power and influence of James H. Pound, and they were fighting like giants for every point of advantage. Pound had won a majority of the points, the colonel was nettled, and was lying low for a chance to deliver a swinging blow.

"Mr. Pound," says the judge, "when I decided a point against Pound. It had been fiercely argued by both attorneys, and in deciding it as I did I stated my reasons at length, giving authorities. I saw Pound shake his head at one of my conclusions, his lips moved, and I supposed he had made some comment, so when I concluded my decision, I asked:

"What did you say?" Mr. Pound.

"Quick as a shot, and in his most cutting tones of intense sarcasm, the colonel replied:

"Mr. Pound did not speak, your honor. He merely shook his head. There is nothing in it."—Detroit Tribune.

Worse Yet.

Snarley—They're a bad family. The father plays the stock market and the son the races.

Yorx—You'd think they were virtues if you heard the daughter play the piano.—Syracuse Herald.

They were inspecting the Texas. "The place we have just left," explained her escort as they went below, "is called the gun deck." "I see," she exclaimed, brightly. "And I suppose that place down there where they're raking the fires is called the poker deck."—Philadelphia Record.

The great trouble seems to be that bad luck is natural, while people are compelled to work for good luck.—Atchison Globe.

Most circus performers are well-posted.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

"The Best is Cheapest."

We learn this from experience in every department of life. Good clothes are most serviceable and wear the longest. Good food gives the best nourishment. Good medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, is the best and cheapest, because it cures, absolutely CURES, when all others fail. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints.

Perfect Confidence.

Perfect confidence is desirable between couples engaged to be married, but it is not always that the young woman has as fine an opportunity to establish a little confidence, to whom a wealthy bachelor friend was telling some of his troubles. After worrying her a good deal about how many young men had been in love with her, and how many she had refused, she blushed to be asked her to marry him, adding:

"Now let there be perfect confidence between us. Keep nothing concealed from me."

"Certainly," replied the giddy girl, "as we have no conveniences and jumping up, she snatched the wig he wore from his head and danced around the room with it.—Philadelphia Record.

A man's favorite joke is that he is related to the church by marriage. — Atchison Globe.

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LIVE STOCK

HANDY FEED TROUGH.

Hogs Cannot Drop Anything Into It, Neither Can They Get Their Dirty Feet in It.

The feeding trough which I use is of different lengths, according to the number of hogs in each pen. I make them, 8, 12 and 16 feet long. The bottom is made of two 2 by 10 grooved planks. On the top of these planks I spike five pieces 2 by 4, 20 inches long, "equal distance apart." These are set on edge (not flat), but before I spike them on I cut a piece out in the center 2 inches deep and 4 inches long. The depth is cut a little on the slant. Then I spike one 2 by 4 on each side of this cut 22 inches long. This 2 by 4 is also toe nailed to the bottom of

HANDY FEED TROUGH.

the trough, 4 inches apart at the bottom and a spread of 14 to 16 inches at top. Then I take an 18-inch board and nail on each side "on the inside" of these upright 2 by 4's, but I let these side boards drop into the cut made in the bottom 2 by 4, so the boards are only 2 inches from the bottom of the trough and have a 2-inch clear spread at bottom, where the swill and feed can come through. When I have this all done, then I nail a 1 by 4 on the sides, which makes the trough 2 inches deep. Then nail up the ends tight as high as the standards and the trough is complete. The dimensions I have given are for a 16-foot long trough and for old hogs. If the trough is wanted for young shoats from three to eight months old I use a narrower bottom; a 16-inch bottom is wide enough for little pigs. The 20-inch is too wide for the little fellows, as they will get in with their front feet. These boards that are put in center of trough are to keep the hogs from getting in with their feet, also to prevent spilling feed and slop on their heads and ears. I think this is the cleanest way of feeding hogs and beats the feeding floor all to pieces. I never saw a feeding floor yet but what the hogs would leave their offal on it while they were feeding and they would have to clean up their feed in their own droppings, but in this kind of a trough they cannot drop anything, neither can they get their feet in it while they are full of mud.—Cor. American Swineherd.

SALT AND WOOD ASHES.

A Good Mixture to Some of Which the Hogs Should Have Access at All Times.

Occasionally some one rises up and emphatically condemns the use of salt for hogs, but fails to give the reasons for such strong assertions. It is just as reasonable to say that man does not need salt. The digestive organs of the hog are nearer in resemblance to those of man, than any other animal. If hogs had no relish for salt, it would give some ground for such statements. Some are often killed, and that very suddenly, by getting an overdose of it, and they take this overdose because of the excessive craving of the appetite for it. Prevent this craving by a liberal supply constantly before them and they will not eat so much of it as to be sickened and killed. With man the amount used is considerably a matter of training and habit. Still we should be counted wide of the mark if we said he could be trained to do without, and that he is better off without it. When mixed with wood ashes, there is very little danger of swine eating so much of the mixture that the salt will be injurious. If the ashes are from hard wood, and unleached, they are much better because they rid the system of worms. But if we could only get the leached we would use them rather than none, as they would aid the bone formation. The hogs relish them, and will consume large quantities of them. There is always a little charcoal in the ashes that they eagerly hunt out and eat. The charcoal is an absorbent. At the commencement of new corn feeding, an abundant supply of salt and ashes should be constantly within reach. If no ashes can be had, feed them salt alone, but get them accustomed to it, before giving free access to all they want.—John M. Jamison, in National Stockman.

LIVE STOCK JOTTINGS.

Milk quickly, clean quietly and regularly.

Ventilate the stables and keep them clean.

Pony breeding is one of the most lucrative lines of breeding.

Breeding trotting horses will do for the millionaire, but it is usually a poor business for the farmer.

Permit a hog to break through a fence once and it will give you trouble as long as it lives and can find a fence that it can get through.

Almost every day the killing of people by bulls is announced. The man who will go into a pasture where there is a bull, with no means of protection, would seem to value his life lightly. The bull cannot be trusted.—Agricultural Epitomist.

SELL MATURED STOCK.

There's No Profit in Keeping Cattle or Hogs After They Have Been Fattened Fairly Well.

There is no profit in keeping any kind of stock when they have been fattened for the market; the retention of cattle or hogs that have reached a point where every ear of corn serves only to maintain their present condition is unwise and unprofitable. When they are fat sell them; you cannot afford to continue feeding them in anticipation of higher prices, regardless of the cheapness of the feed. If a hog is fat and ready for market at 200 pounds sell him, as no appreciable gain can be made after this period has been reached, on the other hand there is some danger of the animal going back, or losing fat; so it is best to place the stock on the market after the finishing touches have been put on, and yield not to the temptation, which is a strong one, to hold on for better prices, which may and may not be received.

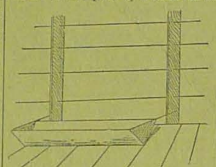
If cattle and hogs have been judiciously fed and are of good breeding they will nearly always bring a remunerative price and pay handsomely for the labor and expense involved in their preparation for the market.

Another thing—the local buyers who visit you every week or two to get stuff to send to Chicago, St. Louis or Kansas City and who of course make considerable profit thereby, should be sent to "the other fellow," as any farmer can ship his own stock, cattle, hogs and sheep, just as cheaply as the local buyer can, and thus secure the profit which the latter usually receives. He may not have a load, but the buyer may be confronted with the same difficulty, then the thing to do is to see a neighbor or two who may have stock to ship and thus make out the car load. It pays to save money wherever possible; this is one of the places where it is possible. The reason many farmers do not act in this regard as advised is that the little trouble of getting a car, loading the stock and caring for it during shipment frightens them and they are content to sell to the local buyer at less money than undergo the trouble and receive higher prices.—Farmers' Voice.

A SWINGING TROUGH.

Its Chief Advantage Is That It Is Out of the Way When the Pen Needs a Cleaning.

The trough or feed box shown in the illustration is suitable for either fowls or swine. It is the ordinary V-shape, and is held in place by a stout bar at



SWINGING TROUGH.

either end. These bars are bolted to the sides of the pen. Either iron or wooden bars may be used. When the trough is not in use it is turned up against the wall, out of the way, and fastened there. The advantage of such a trough is that it is out of the way when it is desired to clean out the pen, and any accumulation of slopped over food, to become offensive, is avoided by it.—Indianapolis News.

Educate Colts When Young.

Educate the colts to the halter when very young, and it will save time and more or less trouble. Don't put the halter on the colt's head and then commence pulling at it in a straight line, but always at an angle, or, what is better, put a small rope around his body just in front of his hips in slip-noose form, then pass the other end between the front legs and under the noose, and, give a sudden jerk on the rope you have tied around his body, and he will immediately spring forward, which is the direction you wish him to go. Whatever happens at the forward end make him go backward, and at the rear end forward. This is the natural law governing the colt's action.—Rural World.

Hogs Require Some Minerals.

A great many experienced farmers in the corn belt feel that, independent of the grain feed, our hogs require some mineral substance. The following I have now used for over a year: Two parts oil-cake meal, four soft coal, four wood ashes or charcoal, one air-slaked lime, one salt—the above by measure. I feed all pigs all of this they will clean up at one feeding once a week. I believe that this mixture, and the feeding of other grain besides corn, obviates much of the bad effect of an entirely corn ration, and increases size and strength of bone and muscle, and improves the general health and vigor of the animals.—Cor. Wallace's Farmer.

Live Weight of Cattle.

I have tried several methods of finding the live weight of cattle, and find the following the most correct: Measure the girth around the breast, just behind the shoulder blade, and the length of the back from the tail to the fore part of the shoulder blade. Multiply the girth by the length, and if the girth is less than three feet, multiply the product by 11, and the result will be the number of pounds. If between three and five feet, multiply by 16; if between five and seven feet, multiply by 23; if between seven and nine feet, multiply by 31, if between nine and eleven, multiply by 40.—F. P. Frantz, in Prairie Farmer.

If horses are permitted to stand in manure, expect scratches.

BABIES AND COMMON SENSE.

Old-Fashioned Notions in the Care of Young Children vs. the New Training.

"I always smile to myself," said a sweet old lady the other day, "when I hear old-fashioned folk pooh-pooh the ways of the modern mother. I just wish I had known as much when the stork brought my first little one. Did I have a thermometer to test the water of his bath? No, indeed, and there's no telling how often the little cherub was nearly parboiled. And those dreadful long-tubed nursing bottles! I understand that the present-day mother would as soon give her little blossom a dose of poison. I don't wonder at it. The milk always did sour in them, and of course it never occurred to me to boil the paraphernalia. Another thing that I've noticed is that the generation of women make such sensible mothers. They read up-to-date books on baby training, and they know such a lot about pulse-beats and temperatures and things of that sort that we always relied upon the family doctor to tell us about."

"I was just reading the other day," chimed in the skeptic, "that an old doctor who has been officiating at births for 40 years says that each year's crop is a little bit worse and more troublesome and nervous and fussy and collicky than that of the previous 12 months."

"Don't you believe it," the sweet old lady declared. "I have always said that a nervous mother will have a nervous baby, although it doesn't invariably happen that way, particularly if the baby is not a nursing child. But your grandfather will tell you how he walked the floor o' nights, or else how he terrorized a small infant by spanking or something of that sort. Babies have had stomach aches and teething fracases ever since Cain and Abel worried. Eve into a condition of nervous prostration and gave Adam a hopeless case of insomnia.

"I often think of the time when my first baby made this earth a paradise for me. My mother always superintended the daily bath. It was a great event. The room was got boiling hot and all the clothes were laid out, and if a single garment was overlooked and had to be hunted up after the bathing performance had begun I was called to task for my negligence in good shape. The whole family stood about in awe as the event progressed. Baby was dabbled as gently as if he were a piece of cut glass, or made of real lace and chiffon. We used to think that the water must be put on carefully and removed with the greatest gentleness. It was all in great contrast with the work of the mother of to-day, who puts her baby into a tubful of water and lets him splash and kick and enjoy life. My baby was pinned so tightly into his clothes that when once dressed his little body felt exactly like a bolt of ribbon or a pudding bag—a full, well-stuffed pudding bag. And those pins! They nearly were the death of me. We didn't have safety pins those days, and the most amazing number of the little sharp steel ones were used. Sometimes I've undressed my younker half a dozen times just to see if the pin points weren't sticking in the wrong and pain-giving direction. But it's different now. A mother told me the other day that only one safety pin was used in the wardrobe of her small daughter, and that they'd been thinking seriously of doing away with that one, only they hadn't found anything that was quite so convenient in the way of buttons or tapes."—Chicago Times-Herald.

HOW TO DRESS THE HAIR.

Practical Suggestions for Arrangement of the Coils of the Coming Season.

All the latest hair dressing shows that the pompadour is to be the fashion for the coming season. To arrange the hair after this style, divide the front part into three pieces, combing the hair forward, and then turn it back to the crown of the head. The hair should be slightly waved.

For the new hats, and also for everyday occasions, have the hair coiled high on the head in the figure eight, with the top raised to be like a loop. The front in pompadour, and at the back of the coil or twist put in a pompadour comb to keep the twist above the crown of the head. This style of hairdressing is suitable for women of from 20 to 45 years of age.

Elderly women generally wear their hair high on the head, but below the crown. The front is parted and arranged in soft waves that are drawn down over the forehead, giving a more softened look.

For young girls there are two styles of hair-dressing. One way is to part the hair in front, to roll it at the sides, and to arrange it low in the neck at the back. This is particularly pretty for curly hair, as the knot at the back of the head is very becoming.

Young girls also wear their hair in pompadour with a bow on the top of the head, the ends braided and turned up, and tied at the nape of the neck with another bow of ribbon. Sometimes the very end of the braid is put up back and fastened under the bow on the top of the head. All these methods of dressing the hair are the best styles for the coming season.—Harper's Bazar.

Table Linen Edging.

Heavy linen lace is most attractive for edging table linen. In table squares and tea cloths there is a simple hem-stitched line of drawn work at the hem, and an edge of the lace around. Doilies for platters come oval, edged with the lace, and elaborate centerpieces are chiefly lace, with a small center of fine plain linen, the lace cutting into it in fanciful designs. The elaborate drawn-work designs show elaborate floral patterns in colors of silk.—N. Y. Times.

Tea Poisoning.

Victims of tea poisoning are becoming alarmingly prevalent. Women demand the life and variety of Health, and instead of doing it naturally by building up the systems they resort to tea. They should take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters instead. By strengthening the digestive organs this brings lasting and good spirits. It tones up the nerves, drives away the blues, regulates the bowels and cures all forms of dyspepsia. All druggists sell it.

In Old Missouri.

Mrs. Goodwin—Here's a quarter, poor man. But tell me, pray, what ever brought you to this miserable state?

Dusty Rhoades—Me ammerrbeel, ma'am. I was lourin' through Iowa, an' I accidentally strey'd across de line, see?—Chicago Evening News.

Jason Crow, Oscaville, Ga., Says:

"I feel it my duty to write and let you know what your medicine, '5 Drops,' has done for me. I have had rheumatism about 18 years, but was able to be up most of the time, until a year ago last May, when I was taken down and not able to move about. About six weeks ago I saw your advertisement and wrote for a sample bottle. After taking a few doses, it did me so much good that I ordered some more for myself and friends and in every case it has done wonder and given perfect satisfaction. Dr. Woodliff, my family physician, who has had rheumatism 15 years, is taking '5 Drops,' and says it is the most efficient rheumatic medicine he has ever used. May 31, 1894."

The above refers to "5 Drops," a perfect cure for rheumatism, kidney and all kindred complaints. The proprietors, Swanson Rheumatic Co., 164 Lake St., Chicago, offer to send a 25c. sample bottle for only 10c. during the next 30 days. Be sure to read their advertisement of last week.

Anticipated News.

Mr. Isaacs (in Chicago)—Ish der a delegram for Mr. Isaacs sayin' dot his wife ist has purned down in New York?

Hotel Telegraph Operator—No! None!

"Vell, when yon comes schoost sendt it right up to my room, blease!—Puck.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

True to Nature.

She—What a good picture!

He—No, it isn't. I was not well, and I looked like an idiot that morning.

She (intently studying the photograph)—Well, it looks exactly like you, anyway.—Judge.

Every reader of this paper should give special heed to the offers which are appearing from week to week by the John M. Smyth Co., the mammoth mail order house of Chicago. In this issue will be found their advertisement of a thoroughly up-to-date, first-class sewing machine, at the astoundingly low price of $14.25. Coming as this offer and other offers do from a house with a commercial rating of over one million dollars, and of the highest character, they mark an opportunity that the shrewd buyer will not be slow to take advantage of. The John M. Smyth Co., 150 to 166 West Madison street, will send their mammoth catalogue, in which is listed at wholesale prices everything to eat, wear and use, on receipt of only 10 cents to partly pay postage or expressage, and even this 10 cents is allowed on first purchase amounting to one dollar.

The Office Boy—"Only three more days before my vacation!" The Proprietor—"You ought not to wish away your time." The Office Boy—"I ain't. I'm only wishing away the boss' time so that my time can begin."—Boston Transcript.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that's necessary. Sold by all druggists.

Struck It Rich.

Henry A. Salzer, Manager of the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., also President of the Idaho Gold Coin Mining and Milling Co., is in luck. They have recently struck a wonderful deposit of gold on their properties. As a result the stock of the Gold Coin Co. has doubled in value. Many of the patrons of the John A. Salzer Seed Co. are owners of Gold Coin Stock. The mines are located in the Seven Devil District, Idaho.

How It Sounded.

"My daughter's music," sighed the mother, "has been a great expense."

"Indeed?" returned the guest. "Some neighbor used you, I suppose?"—Boston Traveler.

The well-read man isn't always the pink of perfection.—Chicago Daily News.

Like Oil Upon Troubled Waters is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar upon a cold. Take a Tasteless Drops Cure in the morning.

There is one thing worse than not having anything good to eat, and that is to have it and not be able to eat it.—Ladies' Monthly.

$34.00 For Week Salary.

We pay $34 per week for a man with rig to introduce our stock powders to the country. Write for terms. Kansas Food Co., Dept. Y, Kansas City, Mo.

The man who is sure it doesn't do any good to kick should never join a football team.—Elliott's Magazine.

I have used Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 2, 1894.

Somehow baldness is far more contagious than goodness.—Chicago Daily News.

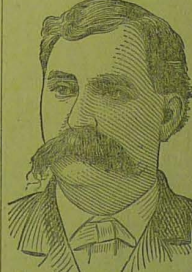
To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

KIDNEY DISEASE,

Caused by Internal Catarrh, Promptly Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Hon. J. H. Caldwell, a prominent member of the Louisiana State Legislature, says the following in regard to Pe-ru-na for catarrh:



Hon. J. H. Caldwell.

"I have used Pe-ru-na for a number of years with the very best results for catarrhal diseases. I shall never be without it. I never fail to recommend it when an opportunity presents itself."—J. H. Caldwell, Robeline, La.

Gilbert Hiner, Grays, Ky., says in a letter dated March 7th, 1894: "I have used four bottles of Pe-ru-na and I am well of my catarrh, and it cured my Bright's disease. I had been troubled for two years. I weigh twenty pounds more than I did before I was taken sick. I shall never be without Pe-runa."

Send for free catarrh book. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures all Throat and Lung diseases.

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

IS SURE

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia. Trial, 20 for 25.

PATENTS Send for "Inventor's Primer" and "Patent Your Ideas" free. Mills & Stevens & Co., Washington, D. C. Established 1864. Branches: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Cincinnati, free.

A. N. K.—G 1787

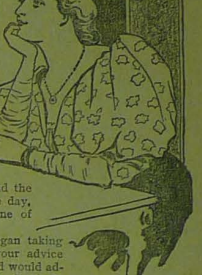
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

A WOMAN HELPS WOMEN

THERE are women everywhere who suffer almost constantly because they cannot bring themselves to tell all about their ills to a physician.

Such women can surely explain their symptoms and their suffering by letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for the confidence reposed in her has never been violated. Over a million women have been helped by her advice and medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham in attending to her vast correspondence is assisted by women only. If you are ill, don't delay. Her reply will cost you nothing and it will be a practical help as it was to Miss Ella E. Brenner, East Rochester, Ohio, who says: "I shrunk from the ordeal of examination by our physician, yet I knew I must have treatment. My troubles were backache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation and leucorrhœa. I am so grateful to you now that I am willing to have my name published to help other girls to take their troubles to you. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound used as you wrote me has made me entirely well and very happy. I shall bless you as long as I live."



Mrs. Pinkham receives thousands of such letters from grateful women.

Miss Nellie Russell, of 138 Grace St., Pittsburg, Pa., in a letter to Mrs. Pinkham says: "From childhood I suffered from kidney trouble and as I grew older my troubles increased having intense pain running from my waist to my womb and the menses were very painful. One day, seeing your advertisement in one of our papers, I wrote to you.

"When your reply came I began taking your Compound and followed your advice and am now in perfect health, and would advise any lady rich or poor to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I can praise above all other remedies. It is a wonderful help to women."

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS · GIVEN · AWAY ·

LIKE FINDING MONEY.

The use of the Endless Chain Starch Book in the purchase of "Red Cross" and "Hubinger's Best" starch, makes it just like finding money. Why, for only 5c you are enabled to get one large 10c package of "Red Cross" starch, one large 10c package of "Hubinger's Best" starch, with the premiums, two Shakespeare panels, printed in twelve beautiful colors, or one Twentieth Century Girl Calendar, embossed in gold. Ask your grocer for this starch and obtain the beautiful Christmas presents free.

JOHN M. SMYTH CO.

MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE — 150 TO 166 WEST MADISON ST. CHICAGO

$14.25 $14.25 The Best Sewing Machine on Earth

At the Price, $14.25 for Our "MELBA" Sewing Machine.

A high-arm, high-grade machine equal to what others are asking $25.00 to $35.00 for. Guaranteed by us for 20 years from date of purchase, against any imperfection in material and workmanship. The stand is made of the best iron and is nicely proportioned. The cabinet work is perfect and is furnished in your choice of antique, oak or walnut. It has seven drawers all handsomely carved and with nickel-plated ring pulls. The mechanical construction is equal to that of any machine regardless of price. All working parts are of the best silver-tempered steel, every bearing perfectly fitted and adjusted so as to make the running qualities the lightest, most perfect and nearest noiseless of any machine made. This Sewing Machine has all the latest improvements. It makes a perfect lock stitch, known as the LOCK STITCH, and will do the best work on either the lightest medium or heaviest cloths, using two threads and equal to any shuttle stitches. A full set of best steel attachments, nicely nickel-plated and enclosed in a handsome plush-lined metal, japanned box, and a complete assortment of accessories and book of instruction FURNISHED FREE with each machine.

60 DAYS TRIAL. We ship this machine C.O.D. subject to approval, on receipt of two dollars. If, on examination you are convinced that we are saving you $25 or $30 on agent's price, pay the balance and freight charges then try the machine 30 days. If not satisfied at any time within 60 days send the machine back to us at our expense and we will refund the full purchase price. **$14.25**

MAMMOTH CATALOGUE In which is listed at lowest wholesale prices everything to eat wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10¢ to partly pay postage or expressage and as evidence of good faith the 10¢ is allowed on first purchase amounting to $1.00 or above.

OUR MONTHLY GROCERY PRICE LIST FREE

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"LEADER" loaded with Smokeless powder and "NEW RIVAL" loaded with Black powder. Superior to all other brands for

UNIFORMITY, RELIABILITY AND STRONG SHOOTING QUALITIES.

Winchester Shells are for sale by all dealers. Insist upon having them when you buy and you will get the best.

Herman Borchers

Carries the most complete stock of

Ladies' and Gent's Fine Boots and Shoes

Ever Brought to this village.

Also Carries a First-Class Line of Rubbers and Slippers.

Boots and Shoes Made to Order.

Boot and Shoe Repairing a Specialty,

PINE CITY, MINN.

PINE CITY

LIVERY STABLE

W. P. GOTTRY,

Proprietor

First-Class Livery Rigs Furnished at any hour.

POKEGAMA PARK HOTEL.

A. Bergman, Managar.

Beautifully located on the shore of Lake Pokegama, about five miles from Pine City. Best of accommodations furnished at reasonable rates. Steamers run regularly between Pine City and the lake

---

New Store!

New Goods!

F. J. RYBAK'S

Elegant New Store is now open and ready for business. He carries a full line of

General Merchandise,

Boots, Shoes, Etc.

Also Farm Produce, Flour and Feed, Lime and Plastering Hair.

Thanking the public for their liberal patronage in the past, and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain, The People's Friend,

F. J. RYBAK

Pine City, Minn.

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic.

This famous remedy, by a famous physician, has the virtue of being originated by one of America's most eminent medical authorities, and has been long and successfully used and prescribed in cases of debility, nervousness, impure blood, etc. For "building up" the system it is impossible to find its equal. The first bottle is guaranteed to give satisfaction, by Breckenridge.

MONEY To PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Subscriptions to The Patent Record $1.00 per annum.

GEORGE KICK,

DEALER IN

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

We keep constantly on hand the Following Meats:

Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, Poultry,

AND GAME IN SEASON.

We also make and have on hand all kinds of sausage.

GEORGE KICK,

Pine City, Minn.

Burlington Route

Finest Trains on Earth From

ST. PAUL

AND

MINNEAPOLIS

TO

St. Louis.

And all

Southern Cities.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated

Wenzel Kubecek,

Bakery and Restaurant.

Connor Building, Pine City, Minn.

Meals at all Hours, Day or Night.

A full line of Confectionery, Cigars and Tobaccos, and Canned goods of all kinds. Give us a call at the old Crittenden headquarters, opposite the bank.

Respectfully,

STICKLE & KUBECEK.

Pine City, Minn.

He Likes It.

HON. W. McKINSTRY

Fredonia, N. Y.,

The Veteran Editor of the Fredonia Censor, writes Dr. Fenner:

"I have been using your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic, and desire to say that I like it.

I find it an adm rable remedy for the biliousness, languor and nervous depression incident to the changing seasons, sufficiently physicir g and yet not debilitating but strengthening instead."

G. A. CARLSON.

RUSH CITY, MINN.

Will Sell You

Dry Goods and Clothing

At a Great CUT

DOWN PRICE.

LADIES WINTER JACKETS AT

2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 10.00, 12,50, 15.00 and 20.00 Dollars.

MEN'S SUITS AT

2.25, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00, 14.00, 16.00 and 18.00 Dollars.

BLANKETS FULL SIZE, 4X10

.39, .59, .69 and .75 cents, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00 and 5.00 Dollars.

LADIES HEAVY UNDERWEAR AT

15, 20, 25, 35, 45, 65 and 90 cents, 1.00 and 1.25 Dollars.

Men's Heavy Winter Underware, Fleeced Lined At

25, 39, 45 and 75 Cents.

MEN'S ALL WOOL UNDERWARE AT

83 and 95 cents, 1.00, 1.20 and 1.40 Dollars.

Hats and Caps at Reduced Prices.

LACE CURTAINS AT

45, 65 and 90 cents, 1.10, 1.50, 1.90, 2.15, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00 and 5.00 Dollars a Pair.

Everything in Dry Goods, Clothing & Carpets, at Reduced Prices.

THE HUB!

Wil be Open For Business With a Full Line of

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Boots and Shoes,

In About two Weeks.

The Public Will Find One of the Best Stock of Goods

North of The Twin Cities,

At The Very Lowest PRICES.

WATCH FOR OUR CUT PRICES.

THE "HUB,"

Rush City, Minn.

Next Door to Anderson's Drug Store.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you the NEW IMPROVED ACME QUEEN PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C.O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly represented, equal to organs that retail at $75.00 to $100.00, the greatest bargain you ever saw and far better than organs advertised for sale at more money, pay the freight agent our special 90 days' offer price, $31.75, less the $1.00 $31.75 and freight charges. Less than one-half the price charged by others. Such an offer was never made before.

$31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS PRICE.

THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most durable and sweetest toned instruments ever made. Promptness illustration shows idea of it. Direct from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beauty and usefulness. Made from Solid Quarter Sawed Oak, antique finish, handsomely carved and ornamented, 42 inches high, 24 inches wide and weighs 175 pounds; contains 5 octaves, 13 stops and following pipes: Diapason, Principal, Melodia, Eolina, Dulciana, Tremolo, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diagonal Forte, Principal Forte, and Sub-Bass; and 2 Octave Couplers, 2 Tone Swell Grand Organ Swell, 4 Best Orchestral Tone of Reed stops Pipe Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 12 Fine Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 12 Charmingly Pathetic Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Rich Mellow Sweet Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Sparkling Soft Melodious Principal Reeds.

THE ACME QUEEN action consists of the celebrated Reed Bodies, which are only used in the highest grade instruments, and are fitted with Hamer, Bellows of the best rubber cloth, soft Felt Pads, leathers and finest leather in existence. **THE ACME QUEEN** is finished with a fine 4 beveled plate, with mirror, nickel plated metal frames and every modern improvement. WE FURNISH FREE a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS With every Acme Queen Organ we issue a written binding 25 year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part, given out we repair it free of charge. Try it at our risk and we will refund your money if you are not entirely satisfied. 500 of these organs will be sold at $31.75. Order at once. Don't delay.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED by our dealings with its age. Your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper, or Metropolitan National Bank, National Bank of the Republic, or Bank of Commerce, Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York, or Railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over $450,000.00, nearly entire one of the largest concerns of Chicago and employ over 600 people in our own buildings. WE SELL ORGANS AT $31.00 and up; PIANOS, $121.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest Wholesale prices. Write for free illustrated organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., **CHICAGO, ILL.**

TRY THE NEW HOME

FRANK J. RYBAK,

Pine City, Minn.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

Rotary Motion and Ball Bearings.

"Agents wanted in all unoccupied territory, Wheeler & Wilson, Manufacturing Co., 82 & 89 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill."

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills stop Headache.

Another Case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

My son was afflicted with rheumatism which contracted his right limb until he was unable to walk. After using one and a half bottles of Chamberlain's pain Balm he was able to be about again. I can heartily recommend it to persons suffering from rheumatism—JOHN SNIDER, Freed, Calhoun county, W. Va. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, Druggist, Pine City.

WHOOPING COUGH.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house.—J. L. MOORE, South Bergettstown, Pa. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, Druggist, Pine City, Minn.

Change in the Northwestern Cycle Company.

The Northwestern Cycle Company of Minneapolis, one of the best known cycle houses in the northwest, has undergone a change in ownership, the interest of Mr. Fawkes having been purchased by Chas. Litzky, who for many years has occupied a responsible position in the executive department of the Soo railroad. The Company have secured the exclusive agency for one of the best wheels manufactured, and are better prepared than ever to meet, both in price and quality, the wishes of wheelmen. Do not purchase a wheel without asking the Northwestern Cycle Company, corner of 6th St. and 1st Ave., Minneapolis for their catalogue. The repair and supply department has been made more complete than ever. Mr. J. F. Rivers, who founded the company, continues associated with Mr. Litzky in the business.

Your Cold Cured for 5c.

Get Dr. Miles' Laxative Cold Cure