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# The Pine County Pioneer.

ED. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

The Pioneer has the largest bona fide circulation of any paper published along the "Duluth Short Line."

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PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY; MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1902

NO. 49

F. A. HUND, President. P. W. McALLISTER, Vice-Pres. JAMES D. BOYLE, Cashier.

## FIRST STATE BANK PINE COUNTY. (INCORPORATED.)

Commercial Banking in all its Branches.

Insurance written in Reliable Companies.  
Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper  
than express or postoffice money orders,  
Drafts on Europe sold. Land Bought and sold.

Taxes Paid for Non-Residents.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

## FLOUR

We represent some of  
the best flouring mills  
in Minnesota and can  
always supply you with  
the very best goods on  
earth at right prices.

We have all kinds of Ground Feed and Coarse Grain.  
Salt of all kinds. Oatmeal, Cornmeal, etc., always on  
hand, and we are cash buyers of all kinds of products  
and Live Stock.

FARMERS' EXCHANGE J. J. Madden, PROP.

Pine City Mercantile Company.  
GENERAL DEPARTMENT STORE.

Prepare for  
**Winter**  
by buying your  
**Storm Sash**  
at the  
**Big Store.**

Pine City Mercantile  
Company.

PINE CITY, - MINN.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10th, 1902.

The winter political population is gathering in Washington. Familiar faces are once more seen in the hotel lobbies, in the Government offices, and about the White House, or rather about the President's office building, and the newspaper correspondents are hurrying hither and yon getting "tips" and getting them denied, vigilantly watching for "news" in regard to the great national "Derby" which, probably will not be run for a year, but which has for its prize the speakership of the House of Representatives and for which there will be many entries though but one contestant can get through the place.

† † †

As a result of the unquestionable election of a republican majority in the lower chamber, numerous candidates have been announced. The first actual contestant to come to Washington and proclaim his ambition was Representative Danzell of Pennsylvania, the apostle of protection in the highest form. With an almost solid delegation back of him and many high protectionists favorable to his cause, Mr. Danzell will make a vigorous fight and believes that he will have the moral support of Senator Hanna. It will be no easy race, however. Advices from Mr. Cannon of Illinois, state that he has established headquarters in Chicago and that he "proposes to win." His long service as chairman of the committee on appropriations entitles him to recognition, but that very office has made for him many enemies whom cherished appropriation bills have fallen before his merciless ax.

† † †

Although New York already has the presidency and the secretaryship of war, she is not content and will put two contestants in the field, Representative Payne, now chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and Representative Sherman of Utica. A handsome, well dressed man appeared at the White House recently and had a long talk with the President. It was Representative Overstreet, Secretary of the Congressional Campaign Committee. He refused to state positively his mission in Washington but it is understood that he is here to present the claim of Representative Babcock who has a record of five successful campaigns which he has managed. Up in Maine there is a gentleman regarded as typical of the new disposition, who has serious hopes of presiding over the House. It is Mr. Littlefield, who was heralded last summer as the young David who would destroy the trust Goliath. Mr. Babcock has since come to Washington and is on the watch for every new arrival who holds a congressional vote.

† † †

As it to add interest to the situation, an unconfirmed rumor has reached Washington to the effect that Speaker Henderson would resign the speakership this winter and thus precipitate the fight. There is little ground for accepting the report but it makes things more interesting.

† † †

A report has been received from Iowa to the effect that Mr. Henderson would contest the gubernatorial nomination with Governor Cummins next spring and that he would have the support of Secretary Shaw who is himself credited with aspirations for the vice-presidency. Mr. Shaw, when seen after the cabinet meeting at the White House, denied that he had formed any alliance with Gen. Henderson and professed knowledge of the Speaker's intentions. It is not likely that the Secretary of the Treasury will form any such alliance while he is still in the Cabinet, but that is not saying that he would not favor popular Henderson's ambition to be "indicated" and to remove Mr. Cummins from an active share in Iowa politics.

The members of the Cabinet are now hurrying back to Washington to prepare their annual reports and to render all the assistance possible to the president in the preparation of his message. The first Cabinet meeting to be held in the new Cabinet room took place last Friday and lasted two and a half hours. It is understood that the President briefly outlined the features of his message to his advisors. In most instances the Cabinet officers are bringing their families with them and the social season will doubtless open in the near future. Numerous members of the diplomatic corps have returned to Washington or are on their way, and Secretary Hay is busily engaged with the Colombian and Cuban treaties on both of which it is said progress is being made.

† † †

General Corbin, adjutant general of the army, has made public his annual report the most significant feature of which is perhaps his urgent recommendation that the "canteen" or post exchange at which the sale of beer was permitted be restored. He states that the cases of desertion and the infractions of discipline have greatly increased since the sale of beer was forbidden by the act of Feb. 2, 1901 and alleges that none are more anxious to see the exchange restored in its previous form than those officers "of pronounced temperance views."

† † †

Senator Beveridge has returned to Washington and will make arrangements for a brief tour of Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico, which are so loudly knocking at the door for statehood. It will be remembered that the Senator promised Senator Quay that his committee would report to the Senate the bill of admission already passed by the House before the Christmas adjournment.

† † †

The President leaves Washington tonight for New York. He will attend the dedication of the Chamber of Commerce building there and will then go south. He will be present at the reception of Luke E. Wright, vice-governor of the Philippines, at Memphis on Nov. 19, and will attend the Union League dinner at Philadelphia Nov. 22, after which he will return to Washington.

### LIST OF PATENTS

Granted to Minnesota inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., W. T. Cole and F. T. Hamilton. Mechanical, printing, printing or scoring devices for printing presses. M. Geary, Sabine, hay and stalk attachment; P. Harris, Garden City, valve gear for steam engines; P. Mortinson, Lakewood, sleigh; L. Paulle, Minneapolis, corner clamp for shoe cases; A. R. Spear, St. Paul, golf ball; F. Walker, Minneapolis, carpenter.

For copy of any of above patents send ten cents in postage stamp with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

(From the Altonian, Nov. Daily Globe.) This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup in children is a welcome neighbor. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the middle of the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost as sure to cure as the whoop itself. The whoop is sure to be lost in case of burglars. Those used to be an old-fashioned remedy for croup, known as hives syrup and tallow, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Croup Remedy is better. It does not cost so much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croup begins to appear, and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. E. Breckinridge.

Cut this out and take it to L. E. Breckinridge's drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They cleanse and invigorate the system and improve the appetite and regulate the bowels. Regular size 25¢ per box.

Buy your storm sash at the Big Store.

## BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY.

We're not such much for learning,  
As slow as some old cow,  
We never had much learning  
For us to learning, anyhow,  
But in our trade we take the cake  
In that we went through college.  
If you will take the smokes we sell  
That fact you will acknowledge.

Isn't it too provoking  
When one's heart is swelled with  
pride,  
And the weed that one is smoking  
Burns like  
this  
down  
one  
side.

On, what pleasure one does find,  
What a source of perfect bliss,  
When one smokes the "all right" kind,  
And it  
burns down  
straight  
like this.

## BRECKENRIDGE'S Pharmacy

Main St. - - - Pine City, Minn.

### GOLDEN KEY PATENT FLOUR MAKES THE

We are run-  
ning steady and  
are behind on  
orders. \*



PINE CITY MILL & ELE. CO.

## Jas. Hurley

\* \* DEALER IN \* \* HARNESS & SADDLERY.

It Will Be of Interest to You  
to know that we carry the  
Largest and Best Line of Leather Goods  
in the Market.

Also a full line of  
Horse Blankets, Robes, Brushes, Curry-  
Combs, Whips, Harness Oil, Axel Grease,  
Etc., Etc., Etc.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.  
PINE CITY, - MINN.

# Pine Co. Pioneer.

W. P. GOTTRY, Publisher.

PINE CITY, MINN.

The oldest United States soldier is declared to be the survivor of Lt. Angelus Col., who is now 103 years old. He served in the Black Hawk war, the Mexican war and the civil war. Mr. Overton is a native of Pennsylvania. He walked three miles in the last G. A. R. parade at Los Angeles.

That American who has been often stung by horse-borne insects in time immune to the poison of the sting is ascertained by Dr. H. F. Parker. He reports that when he first began to keep bees he was frequently stung and that each sting was attended with acute pain; but as time went on the pain and swelling became less.

Abdul Hamid is anxious to return the visit paid him by Grand Duke Nicholas as the representative of the czar. The commander of the faithful is desirous of sending his representatives in a battlehip with a broad pom-pom as was displayed by Nicholas at Constantinople. And himself unashamed of anything his only available warship is at present held in pawn by a shipbuilding company until the bill for repairs is paid.

Some idea of the worth of Henry Clay Frick, Andrew Carnegie's former partner, may be obtained when it is stated that in the last two years he has purchased real estate in Pittsburgh, the aggregate value of which is \$10,602,000. This includes the Schedler property, at the Point, which he bought for \$2,000,000. It also includes St. Peter's Catholic cathedral, for which he gave \$1,235,000, and the new Frick building, erected at a cost of \$4,500,000.

Two Kansas boys, the sons of Martin Concannon, have made their home near Lansing, 12 miles from where they were born. They have a library which has already set the scientists of America aghast and promises in a little while to embrace in its study and interest the whole scientific world. What the boys have found, in a word, is the skull of a man who is supposed to have lived in America before the glacial period, or, from ten to thirty thousand years ago.

Hoppeston, the home of Mrs. Mary Hartwell Catherwood and the most prosperous little city in the rural agricultural district in the great state of Indiana, has recently and truthfully termed one of the most economical and successful forms of municipal government of any city in the world. The city has a population of 4,500, and the mayor of the town receives an annual salary of but 55 cents or \$1 for each term in office, the term consisting of two years.

Nelson R. Wood, of the Smithsonian institution, has made a study of the bird life of many kinds of feathered creatures. He claims that they have language of their own, in which they are able to convey their ideas to each other, and the only reason why we have not understood them is that we have not learned the tongue of the ten thousand.

Dr. Wood not only comprehends much of what birds say, but, to a considerable extent, he can make them understand him.

Most monkeys have nothing but nose holes, and no real nose, as we consider. But there is a monkey in Borneo that has a long nose, longer even than that of particularly long-nosed human beings. A specimen of this monkey, known as the proboscis monkey, has just been brought to Europe, and is now in Hastings. The queer creature has attracted much attention. It looks grotesquely human-like—very much like a man who has put on a big artificial nose for fun.

Hawaiians are laughing heartily over a joke played on the members of the senatorial commission here recently. United States Senators Mitchell of Oregon; Foster of Michigan; and Burleigh, of Indiana, were made to eat dog—no political dog, but real cooked canine. Those who are authority for the story declare that the senators ate the fare with relish and called for more. The dish was served to the party at one of the native "hauas," or feasts.

Small fry royalties are "all broken up" because Princess Emma, of Reuss, has announced her engagement to a mere country knight by name of Konig, who is Lord Forester of the principality, was forthwith bounced and Emma was ordered to keep her rooms in the Great Palace "until further notice." Konig is 22 years old, and can do as she pleases, and neither the kaiser nor any other relative can stop her from marrying Konig, the man she loves.

While the rest of the civilized world is endeavoring to care alcohol, German and Belgian papers compare notes as to which nation drinks the most, and the national pride of many papers seems to be hurt. The Belgians drink 219 liters per head of population per annum, while the German is satisfied with 155 liters of beer and 4 liters of schnapps. The English consume considerably more beer than do the Germans.

## HOW THE STATES VOTED.

Result of the Battle of the Ballots in Nearly All the Commonwealths in the Union.

### REPUBLICANS WILL HOLD CONGRESS.

Probably Elect 204 Members of the Next House—Dodd Resected Governor of New York—Results in Other States According to the Latest Telegrams.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The latest election returns show that the republicans will control the next house by a vote of 200 republicans to 175 democrats, and that they will have a majority of 21 in the senate. The congressional table by states is as follows:

State.	Dem.-Repub.	Dem.-Repub.
Alabama	1	1
Arkansas	1	1
California	1	1
Connecticut	1	1
Delaware	1	1
Florida	11	11
Georgia	2	15
Illinois	18	15
Iowa	1	1
Kentucky	1	1
Louisiana	1	1
Maryland	4	4
Maine	1	1
Massachusetts	4	4
Michigan	1	1
Minnesota	15	15
Mississippi	1	1
Missouri	1	1
Nebraska	1	1
New Hampshire	2	1
New Jersey	19	19
New Mexico	1	1
New York	1	1
North Dakota	4	4
Ohio	7	12
Oklahoma	1	1
Pennsylvania	1	1
Rhode Island	1	1
South Carolina	7	10
Tennessee	16	16
Texas	1	1
Vermont	1	1
Virginia	9	9
Washington	1	1
Wisconsin	1	1
Wyoming	1	1
Total	178	206

New York.

New York, Nov. 6.—Gov. B. B. Odell's majority over Bird S. Coler, the democratic nominee for governor, is 12,887, according to reports made to the county clerks to Albany. The congressional delegation in the next house will be composed of 20 republicans and 17 democrats. The legislature is republican.

Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Nov. 6.—Practically complete returns from the state indicate that Samuel W. Pennock, republican, for governor, received 4,000 plurality, while John C. Fricker, democrat, received 3,999. Of the 22 congressmen elected 20 are republicans and 4 are democrats. The legislature is republican.

Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 6.—Massachusetts went strongly republican, the entire state ticket being elected, the pluralities for Gov. Bates being 37,479. The state legislature remains republican.

Connecticut.

Foxbury, Nov. 6.—The Republicans will again control both houses of the state legislature by heavy majorities, and the republicans elect nine of the ten congressmen.

New Hampshire.

Concord, Nov. 6.—The republicans carry New Hampshire. Michael J. Kehoe, republican, for governor, by a plurality of 7,500. The republicans also elect both congressmen and the legislature will be republican.

Idaho.

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 6.—Returns indicate that the republicans will carry the state and congressional districts and have a majority in the legislature.

In Oregon.

Willamette Falls, Nov. 6.—Returns of the election for members of the legislature show that the senate will stand ten republicans and seven democrats. The house will stand 18 republicans and 10 democrats. Another deadlock over the election of the United States senator at the next session of the legislature is looked for.

Delaware.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 6.—Returns of the election for members of the legislature show that the senate will stand ten republicans and seven democrats. The house will stand 18 republicans and 10 democrats. Another deadlock over the election of the United States senator at the next session of the legislature is looked for.

Illinois.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—The republican triumph on the head of the state ticket, Fred A. Lincoln, for state treasurer, is estimated at 9,000. The election of the republicans a larger majority in both houses of the legislature and on joint ballot. The congressional delegation stands: Republicans, 16; democrats, 9.

Iowa.

Dos Moines, Ia., Nov. 6.—Fuller returns that the plurality of Gov. Bliss will run up to 39,975, his vote being 21,605, as against 14,715 for L. T. Dugard, the democrat. The house will stand nearly the same complexion as its predecessor—one democrat among the 32 senators and ten democrats of 100 members in the house of representatives.

Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6.—Estimated pluralities by counties received at state headquarters indicate that the republicans will win the gubernatorial election of the republican state ticket by 1,000 votes. The delegation in congress will be unchanged politically, consisting of nine republicans and four democrats. The republican majority in

the state legislature will be so large as to be almost solidly republican.

Ohio.

Columbus, O., Nov. 6.—Returns re-

ceived from nearly every county in

Ohio show that the republicans car-

ried the state by about 90,000. In all

the larger cities outside of Cleveland

the republicans made great gains.

They elected 17 of the 21 congressmen,

Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Nov. 6.—Related returns

increase Gov. Law's plurality in

the state. The latest estimate

brings his figures up to 57,000. As near

as can be figured out the next legisla-

tive will be made up about as follows:

Assembly, 75 republicans and 25 democ-

ratic; senate, 31 republicans and two democ-

ratic.

Minnesota.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 6.—With the re-

ceipt of more nearly complete returns,

the majority of Gov. Van Sant (rep.)

assumes triumph, probably by 10,000.

He is leading 60,000, and may go as high

as 75,000—a record majority in

Minnesota for a gubernatorial can-

didate. Eight of the nine congressmen

are republicans.

North Dakota.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 6.—The re-

publicans elect White for governor by

7,000 plurality, both members of con-

gress and who have good majority of

the legislature.

South Dakota.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 6.—Report

says the republicans congressional

ticket a plurality of 19,000. The republi-

cans have elected all but six or eight

members of the legislature.

Topka, Kan., Nov. 6.—A good major-

ity of the legislature, all the state offi-

cers are taken by the republicans.

Montana.

Helena, Nov. 6.—A good major-

ity of the legislature, all the state offi-

cers are taken by the republicans.

Platte City, Mo., Nov. 6.—Late returns

from the various outlying counties

indicate the election of the entire

state republican ticket by \$1,000 major-

ity. The republicans elect Peabody

for governor.

Colorado.

Denver, Col., Nov. 6.—Returns indi-

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for governor by 4,000 plurality. The

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## THE STATE ELECTION.

**Van Sant's Plurality Increases as Returns Come In.**

**John Lind Defeats Loren Fletcher for Congress in the Minneapolis District. The Legislature Overwhelmingly Republican.**

Results, official and unofficial, from all the counties in the state give Van Sant a plurality of 44,161. The returns of the various state offices held was elected by nearly the same majorities. The returns, compared with 1902, are as follows:

(Percentages—Van Sant,戎, Lind, D.)

**Athabasca**..... 528 245 797 161

**Amisk**..... 1,317 620 1,266 355

**Barrhead**..... 1,365 1,146 1,265 1,161

**Bethune**..... 1,782 723 1,964 1,027

**Biggar**..... 793 649 732 512

**Big Earth**..... 2,537 1,182 2,136 1,966

**Brown**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Canton**..... 1,133 1,124 1,278 1,066

**Cold Lake**..... 1,458 1,124 1,478 1,466

**Cosey**..... 1,387 947 949 849

**Chippewa**..... 1,389 1,245 1,385 1,286

**Clay**..... 1,596 1,451 1,941 1,421

**Dawson**..... 1,641 986 1,454 1,718

**Edmonton**..... 1,133 1,124 1,278 1,066

**Fargo**..... 1,841 719 1,481 1,080

**Dakota**..... 1,421 1,244 1,585 1,286

**Dawson**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Faribault**..... 1,346 665 2,181 1,767

**Festus**..... 1,248 732 1,386 1,385

**Glenbow**..... 1,133 1,124 1,278 1,066

**Hanmer**..... 21,118 15,418 21,115 20,655

**Hanmer**..... 1,255 651 1,385 1,286

**Hanmer**..... 911 617 1,083 1,027

**Hanmer**..... 699 469 537 493

**Hanmer**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Hanmer**..... 559 221 473 295

**Kainey**..... 1,209 731 1,385 1,066

**Kainey**..... 657 517 595 520

**Lac qui Parle**..... 1,425 447 1,833 1,286

**Lake**..... 412 475 523 645

**Lake**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Lamont**..... 946 236 648 773

**Lynn**..... 1,738 624 1,463 1,385

**Mackay**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Marshall**..... 1,209 737 1,477 1,286

**Martin**..... 1,492 665 2,181 1,767

**Minto**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Miller Lakes**..... 988 558 516 616

**Mirrion**..... 1,568 1,882 1,949 1,286

**Mirrion**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Murphy**..... 1,995 761 1,036 1,178

**Neelin**..... 1,408 846 1,256 1,286

**North Battleford**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Norman**..... 1,277 1,124 1,411 1,453

**Oleson**..... 2,153 1,879 2,491 2,097

**Oleson**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Papineau**..... 999 317 844 993

**Papineau**..... 941 288 322 349

**Park**..... 2,021 1,406 2,136 2,474

**Parks**..... 1,417 551 1,424 1,453

**Ramsey**..... 12,241 16,651 11,384 11,384

**Ramsey**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Redwood**..... 1,680 599 1,722 1,333

**Renville**..... 2,513 1,179 2,175 2,097

**Rice**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Rock**..... 983 419 1,075 1,027

**Rosenau**..... 725 626 467 626

**Saskatchewan**..... 5,000 4,600 4,725 4,725

**Scott**..... 743 284 344 344

**Shanahan**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Stevens**..... 2,223 2,469 2,184 1,453

**Stevens**..... 1,764 1,124 1,287 1,066

**Swift**..... 3,220 1,081 1,088 1,411

**Todd**..... 1,879 1,124 1,287 1,066

**Travis**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Wahsana**..... 1,949 1,490 1,829 1,666

**Wadena**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Wainman**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Watson**..... 1,008 966 999 1,124

**Weyburn**..... 1,209 1,184 1,287 1,066

**Winnipeg**..... 2,878 2,741 2,802 2,858

**Wright**..... 2,021 1,348 2,396 2,474

**Yukon**..... 1,412 485 1,373 1,294

**Medicine**..... 554,624 58,829 152,763 150,651

**Philippines**..... 554,749 2,524 2,524

**Party Estimate.**

The returns show eight out of the nine congressmen. The exception being in the Fifth (Minneapolis) district, which is still to be counted.

In the legislature the republicans will have 146 members; 42 in the senate and 104 in the house. The democrats will have 26 members; 11 in the senate and 15 in the house. The total is 171.

For the first time in the history of the province the legislature will be composed entirely of republicans.

—*Continued from page 1.*

**Fourth-District-Senate**—Samuel L. Koenig, Rep.; John C. Cole, Rep.

**Fourth-District-Senate**—D. S. Campbell, Rep.; W. H. Nolin, Rep.; J. W. Nolin, Rep.

**Seventh-District-Senate**—Samuel L. Koenig, Rep.; G. D. Hayes, Rep.

**Eighth-District-Senate**—George E. Oberhard, Mankato, Rep.

**Ninth-District-Senate**—John F. Schmitz, Rep.; Loren Fletcher, Rep.

**Tenth-District-Senate**—John F. Schmitz, Rep.; Loren Fletcher, Rep.

**Eleventh-District-Senate**—E. O. Collier, Rep.; Loren Fletcher, Rep.

**Twelfth-District-Senate**—A. C. Schreiber, Rep.; Loren Fletcher, Rep.

**Thirteenth-District-Senate**—Thomas T. Larson, Rep.; Loren Fletcher, Rep.

**Fourteenth-District-Senate**—A. C. Schreiber, Rep.; Loren Fletcher, Rep.

**ROUND ABOUT THE STATE.**

Allie Sipola, a farmer near Duluth, dropped dead in his bed.

The Crookston Lumber Company is building a \$200,000 mill at Bemidji.

The Minne Harvester Company of Minnesota incorporated a new \$10,000,000 capital stock.

The International Mining Company of Canada incorporated. The capital stock is \$60,000,000.

The state prison turned into the state treasury \$150,555.95, receipts from the sale of prison twins.

## MINNESOTA NEWS.

### Lands.

There are 2,553,100 acres of unappropriated land in Minnesota, of which 1,333,635 acres are surveyed, according to the annual report of Land Commissioner Herman. The area of reserved land is 3,965,508 acres, and 42,044,439 are already appropriated.

The report says that the survey work authorized in Minnesota during the year included three contracts, with aggregate liability of \$6,100, and thirteen small surveys of lands under special instructions. The average cost of land per acre is \$1.00, and the amount payable from the general appropriation.

There is also a contract of \$3,000 for surveying a remnant of Chippewa Indian lands, a tract of which was long of uncertain status, at the northwest angle of the Lake of the Woods.

### Sheets to Kill Him.

May Smith, daughter of parents residing at St. Paul, was shot to kill her.

The woman pressed a revolver against William's body and it struck him in the chest. The bullet struck near the eighth rib and passed through the heart. The woman was arrested and taken to the police station where she expressed regret that she had not killed Williams.

### A Young Highwayman.

Night Watchman Lyons of Morris was called upon to assist an 8-year-old boy who had shot a highwayman and held up a farmer with a twenty-two revolver, and then emptied his gun at the farmer when the latter persisted.

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## THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

**For the Week Ending Nov. 11.**  
The gold output in the Yukon this year will aggregate \$12,000,000.

President Roosevelt left Washington for a two weeks' trip through the south.

The United States supreme court will take recess from next Monday until January 1.

Judge John H. Baker, of the United States district court of Indiana, has resigned.

Burglars wrecked the safe and robbed the post office at Culver, Ind., \$1,000 in stamps.

Earthquake shocks are said to have been felt in Hancock and Houghton counties in Michigan.

The United States supreme court will be in session from January 1 to January 15.

Smith, the chief justice, has been appointed to the bench.

Onward Silver, the stallion of Monroe Chief, has been sold to a new owner.

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## BASEBALL, HARNESS HORSES AND FISHING DISCUSSED

### HARNESS HORSES

**Horses** and **Men** in the **Outward Silver**.

What did the prospective craft owner—cornfield sailor he called himself—do about it? He took an electrician into the fishing party and soon this clever workman not only had rigged up a dynamo of ten volts connected with the gasoline engine for the lighting of the boat.

The electrician was a good man, but the boat was not ready for the excursions to the fishing grounds.

The electrician was a good man, but the boat was not ready for the excursions to the fishing grounds.

## PINE COUNTY PIONEER.

ED. C. GOTTRY, Editor and Prop-

Entered in the Post Office at Pine City as  
Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN., Nov. 14, 1902.

It is estimated that the Molineux trial has cost half a million dollars.

A Montreal dispatch says that Col. Sam Huges, a member of the Dominion parliament for an Ontario district, talking on the American invasion of the Canadian Northwest said: "The Americans own it. While we have been sitting quietly with our hands folded, the Americans have come in and taken possession. Yes, yes, the Northwest is in the hands of the Americans. I do not blame them. I admire them. The Canadian does not, never did, know what he has got in his own country." Which stamps the colonel as one who knows a fact when he goes bump against it.—St. Paul Dispatch.

The Molineux trial which has been before the public for so long is at last settled forever by the acquittal of Roland B. Molineux of the murder of Mrs. Adams in New York state some three years ago. At one time Molineux was sentenced to be electrocuted and twice life imprisonment. At the trial just ended the jury was out just thirteen minutes when they brought in the verdict that made Molineux a free man. It would have been an awful thing if the sentence of death had been carried out and an innocent man been murdered. This is another case that goes to prove that no man should be sentenced to death on circumstantial evidence. The reading public will be glad that this noted trial has at last been disposed of.

"TELLING how it happened is a dismal task," says the Red Wing Argus, speaking "from the under side of the snowdrift." The Argus man comes to the conclusion that Roosevelt was the man people were voting for. He also concludes that the Hill support was a handicap, a fact democrats could not believe until the landslide came. On this point he says:

"Mr. Hill undoubtedly supported

the democratic ticket. And there is a singular phase of politics. Mr. Lind has supported the republican ticket for years. A republican candidate can be seen going down the street arm in arm with Jim Hill, and his supporters point to it as proof of the candidate's fitness. Hill approves him and Hill is an excellent judge of men. But let Hill be suspected of supporting a democrat and it is well nigh fatal. It is too incongruous. Democrats cannot afford to be seen speaking with Hill."

However, the official organ of the democracy makes a graceful submission, only hoping that some day the people will come to their senses, some day in the distant future. The election turned out right because the majority spoke decisively. Says the Argus editor:

"Democrats, by years of experience, are accustomed to submit cheerfully to the decision of the majority, and even to acquiesce in it. If the majority want Van Sant for governor, Van Sant ought to be governor. In democratic circles it is not good form to fault with the taste of the majority. One keeps his private opinions and is ready to assert it when the next test comes, but the democrats do not deny that the majority is right."—Minneapolis Journal.

### A New Appendicitis Theory.

Dr. H. C. Howard, of Champaign, Ill., explains the increase in the number of cases of appendicitis to the changes in the methods in milling flour. Up to 1875 cases of this trouble were exceedingly rare, and asserts that the modern process of milling very white flour, which takes from the grain nearly all the phosphorus and leaves only starch and gluten is chiefly responsible for the disease. He asserts that wherever a community has abandoned the old-fashioned coarse flours appendicitis has very soon made its appearance, the latest illustration being among the negroes of the south, who, while their bread diet was solely corn flour, did not know what the persons calling for the above, will please say "Advised" and give me the date of this list?

### ACTINIC RAYS KILL GERMS.

Violet light of 5,000 Candle Power  
Aids Young Tuberculous Pa-  
tient in New York.

At the Flower Hospital in New York a second experiment has been made with the actinolite, the new electrical apparatus through which the actinic rays, or the violet-colored light, which has been found to be germicidal, is thrown upon the diseased parts of the body.

The patient was the same one used in the first trial of the ray—Frederick M. Campbell, 14 years old, who, before he became ill, was a great favorite as a messenger in the streets of New York and a favorite of the boy that they sent endowed a bed in perpetuity in his name. He is the special protege of Anson R. Flower, the president of the hospital, who for a year has defrayed the expenses of the boy's care in a private room.

The boy has tuberculosis of the hip in a advanced stage.

The entire upper part of the femur has been cut away. His only hope is in the actinic ray, and although that had been used on him but once, already there was noticed a marked improvement. The latest operation lasted ten minutes.

The second patient, suffering with a secondary cancer of the neck, was brought in. The light used is of 5,000 candle power.

### Reading Roosevelt's Books.

It is the fad in the diplomatic service these days to read the books written by President Roosevelt. The embassies and legations have obtained copies of the works and the diplomats are working overtime absorbing the contents. There is, of course, a reason behind this beyond the pleasure they derive from reading the author. They are according to weakness to be played upon in their official relations with the president. This is one of the most common tools of diplomacy, and the foreign representatives will take occasion upon every opportunity to discuss with the president portions of the books in the hope of ingratiating themselves.

### List of Letters.

Remaining uncalled for in the post office at Pine City, Minn., for week ending Nov. 8th, 1902:

#### Gentlemen's List.

#### Ladies' List.

#### Misses' List.

Persons calling for the above, will please say "Advised" and give me the date of this list?

LESTER E. BRECKENRIDGE,  
P. M.

### For a Bad Cold.

If you have a bad cold you need a good reliable medicine like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to loosen and relieve it, and to allay irritation and inflammation of the throat, and to give it a cooling, healing and healing properties of this remedy and the quick cures which it effects make it a favorite everywhere. For sale at a favorable price.

JOHN R. ANDERSON,  
P. M.

**SUMMONS.**

STATE OF MINNESOTA, vs.  
COUNTY OF PINE, vs.

District Court, First Judicial District, Delano County.

Henry C. Gitter, Plaintiff.

Henry C. Gitter, Plaintiff.</p



## The Doctor's Ride

By W. E. MACLELLAN.

IT HAD snowed from early morning in this little northern town of Farmington. The wind whistled and howled, and all the afternoon it blew a gale which whirled the loose snow in blinding drifts and filled the country roads to overflowing. At dark the storm began to abate; but it was still blowing so hard that when Dr. Graham ploughed through the banks in his stable-yard for a good-night look his horses.

"Good-night, Frank," said he, with a parting smile, "the shining outside is a bright spot of his saddle-horse."

"We're in for a good rest to-night. No calls for us before morning."

Dr. Graham soon settled down in the comfortable sitting-room of his office in fine humor, by the fire and treat of tea with his mother and sister. It was after 11 o'clock before his attention was called to the outer world by the whistle of a passing train.

"That must be the express, near three hours late," said the doctor. He went to a window and peeped out through the closely-drawn curtains.

"What is the night like now, John?" asked Mrs. Graham.

"It's turned out quite fine, mother. The sky is clear, the moon is shining, and the drifts seem to have nearly stopped."

He returned to his chair and resumed his reading when his mother interrupted him by a call from the office bell.

"John, you won't go out to-night!" cried his sister. "Surely, you—?" But he was already out of the room on his way to the office door.

When it was dark, the snowdrifts of a mile with face and beard so incrusted with frost as to be unrecognizable stood before him.

"Doctor," said the man, in a shaking voice, "my boy is dying! Come quickly! Where are you? What's your hour?"

The doctor, drawing the man into the room,

"I'm Sam Williams, of Mountain River, two miles out of town. My boy Bob's out his wrist—he won't make shavin' for kindest words. His blood is watery. His mother's all alone with him. Won't you come at once, doctor?"

"Just as soon as I can get into my coat and boots. I'll save time if you'll saddle my horse for while I wait." Ringing the bell in the first stall.

Dr. Graham turned to his mother and sister, who had followed him into the office.

"What can you be thinking of, John?" cried his sister. "You told me the roads were entirely blocked. How can you expect me to get to the Williams place, or home, now?"

Williams dropped with a moan into the nearest chair. "God help us, she's right!" he said. "I forgot, too; you can't begin to ride to my house to-night. The banks are ten feet deep in places, and there's no time to wait comin' along with the snow-plow. I'd never have got here."

"Then I'll go back with you by the track," said the doctor.

"But you can't ride, that way; and Bob'll be gone before you get there," sobbed Sam.

Dr. Graham considered a moment. "The road leads the track, Sam," he said. "It hasn't been drifting since the time it came in."

"But the culverts!" cried his sister.

"There are only two open—in the road between here and my road," said the doctor. "Neither of them is more than ten feet wide. Frank can jump them."

"John," said his mother, laying a calming hand on his arm and looking searchingly into his eyes, "are you sure it is right to try riding to-night? May there not be trains on the road?"

"No, not after the evening express train."

"Go, then, and God bless you!" said his mother, as she stood aside to let him pass.

"Fetch my horse as quickly as you can," said the doctor.

Ten minutes later Dr. Graham, mounted on Frank and bending well forward in his saddle, dashed down a side street toward the nearest level road crossing, and striking the track rode along it toward the Williams home.

He found a thoroughly good road before him, and allowed his horse to break at once into a sharp gallop. Snow, old and new, plowed by heavy plows and teams, thawed, frozen again, and frequently covered and re-covered as the rains had covered the ground completely, so that a smooth, glistening path stretched away between the rails.

"Now, then, Frank, old chap," said the doctor, settling himself firmly in his saddle, "get ahead as fast as you like!"

Frank, glad to be out after his long day's housing, struck an eager pace.

More than a mile was covered before Dr. Graham drew rein. He was close upon the first of the two culverts of which he had spoken. A sharp, ringing sound, beyond the road ran across a deepening throb, as it cut across the steep side of Mountain River bank.

He knew that for the rest of the way it would be advisable to ride a good deal more cautiously.

The culvert became plainly distinguishable at a distance of 50 yards or more, and the doctor stopped his horse at a slow canter. Once for the last few paces he urged Frank with a low word, a quick, well-understood movement in the saddle. The culvert was cleaned almost as if it were a slide, and he careered on unconcernedly.

They were at the very mouth of the cutting which led into the ravine

when there was a long, shrill whistle behind. The doctor reined his horse almost violently. In the momentary silence which followed, he heard the rumble of an approaching train, the hoarse, mournful note of the engine, and the sound of iron on iron.

"Steady, Frank, steady, lad, and let me think while there's time!" cried the doctor.

"We haven't a moment to lose. That train's waiting at the last road-crossing. Before we get over the culvert and to a place where we could leave the track it would be upon us. Our only chance is to go ahead. Forward!"

Frank cleared the cutting at a few strides and leaped within the ravine, while the light but perilous road lay before him.

"Steely, boy!" urged the doctor, with a glance behind him, shining out through the dark of his saddle-horse.

"We're in for a good rest to-night. No calls for us before morning."

Dr. Graham soon settled down in the comfortable sitting-room of his office in fine humor, by the fire and treat of tea with his mother and sister. It was after 11 o'clock before his attention was called to the outer world by the whistle of a passing train.

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When it was dark, the snowdrifts of a mile with face and beard so incrusted with frost as to be unrecognizable stood before him.

"The doctor had, in reality, got a long start in the race, but it seemed to Dr. Graham that he had done almost nothing when the pursuing train swept through the cutting and into the ravine behind with a shriek and clang. He could feel the horse shrink back from the sound.

"Steely, Frank, bravely and fast!" he said, bending far forward to speak encouragement.

The splendid horse fairly flew down the grade. But the train thundered nearer and nearer, and still faster. To the desperate rider it seemed almost impossible to outstrip it.

He fought steadily against an overwhelming desire to look back. He knew well the risk of taking his attention from his horse even for an instant.

But a point was reached when his eyes were too weak to withstand the effort of seeing over his shoulder, almost expecting to be dazzled by the glare of the headlight at his very heels. To his astonishment he saw a dark, solid object sweep down the track, and in a terrible distance behind.

With the absence of headlight which indicate he could not guess, he was not time to think about it, for just then came the recollection of the second culvert, selected yards and yards off, a performance of which he had been forward.

He rode to it. The doctor uttered a great shout of encouragement and triumph as he flung himself back on his saddle for the final side of the culvert, Frank raw with unbroken strength.

The train was right on them, and some echo of that shout must have reached the engineer above the rattle of his fierce machine, for there was a sudden horse-shrinking of the engine and grinding of wheels. The rate, however, continued to be a mad and dismal one for many paces further.

Then the horse rode rapidly away, and a minute later his rider turned him aside at the crossing of the road to Sam Williams' barnyard.

The doctor rode forward the stable where Frank took at his late pasture, which had come almost to a standstill, but which, seeing him out of danger, went on its way again.

It consisted of an engine, tender and coaches headed by a high, old-fashioned snow-plow—the one, he afterward learned, which had been used to clear the road, and which was now returning to the main line for service elsewhere. It was the plow which had concealed the light of the engine, and, no doubt, it had been the cause of his not being seen before.

Dr. Graham hurried his horse to a walk, and stopped for a house which showed him that he had come none too soon. The injured boy was lying unconscious, and apparently lifeless, with his mother sobbing and moaning helplessly over him.

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## SIMPLE TESTS FOR CLOTH

How a Shopper Can Tell Whether She Gets What She Wants

In Quality.

"None but the expert," said a Chicago dressmaker who figured prominently at the recent convention, reported by the Tribune, "can distinguish the quality of a piece of cloth, unless he has had years of experience to so guide his intuition, as it were, by which the choice is known from the indifferent. Not all, however, are equally as good as the best, and these are able to command large salaries as buyers. On the other hand, shoppers are constantly deceived by flagrant impostures, which, by the operation of some new simple tests, can easily be detected."

"Of the goods sold as 'all wool,' there is not one-tenth that is genuine. In the greater part, the main component is cotton. The test is simple."

"The test is to lay a lighted match. Cotton will go off in a blaze; wool will shrivel up."

"To distinguish true, pure linen from the counterfeit article is not difficult. The cotton is more brittle than the linen, and when bent will snap. All my friends, acquaintances, and neighbors knew about my critical condition, and on one occasion I was reported dead and they came to see my corpse. The doctor attending on me advised my husband to keep my husband in a physician's office until I could undergo an operation. I could not undergo an operation. I was told that if I did not undergo an operation I could not live. Preparations were made, a room selected in the house, and they even went so far as to have a carriage brought up to the door to carry me to the physician's office. I was told that I must undergo an operation, but I did not know what he said for."

"Concerning silk, it may be remarked that the stuff our grandmothers used to talk about that 'stood by itself' is not to be despised. It has been found that a woman's hair has been greatly improved by the use of silk. Silk is a material which has devised means of giving the poorest article the beauty requisite for this purpose."

"Sheila and other sticky substances mixed through the fabric will give a strong and lasting smell of muslin.

"Silks, cotton and wool, are the three materials of cloth, and by the use of these we can at least make certain what is being offered. The color of the fabric can at least tell us something about what is obtainable for the price paid for."

"Concerning silk, it may be remarked that the stuff our grandmothers used to talk about that 'stood by itself' is not to be despised. It has been found that a woman's hair has been greatly improved by the use of silk. Silk is a material which has devised means of giving the poorest article the beauty requisite for this purpose."

"The greatest of all gifts," said the old circus man, according to the New York Sun, "was a great feaver for gold in being raised to the dead. I am taken to the grave, and had not been buried for Dean's Kidney Pills, taken when they were, I would have been either lying in the Lake View Cemetery, or invalid for the balance of my life. I will be only too glad to give my name to any of my countrymen who may be in need of kidney complaint and want to know what course to pursue to get relief."

"But at the same time he had to use some sort of gumption, or we had to use it for him, about where he was in, on account of the danger there was from other men coming by and places of the like. I well remember how we first came to realize this."

"About 20 rods or so below the show's winter quarters there was a little pond formed by damming a brook that ran through our place. There was a small grist mill on this pond, turned by one of those old-fashioned overhead water-wheels."

"The giant walked down to this little pond one warm spring day but before we took the road that day, never thinking for a minute of what must happen if he jumped into a small body of water like that suddenly, and without any warning."

"Snakes and alligators! The pond overflowed all round, and started the grist mill off its foundations and carried away the old wheel—it was like a dream, you know, of what must happen if he jumped into a small body of water like that suddenly, and without any warning."

"Well! That opened our eyes, you know, to the necessity of using some sort of caution about where to let the giant go in swimming. Obviously, it wouldn't do for him to jump in anywhere, but in little bits of water where we might come across; it would cost us too much money."

"And so he and the old man had an understanding that he wouldn't go in anywhere without the old man's permission, and we never did jump in anywhere, but in little bits of water all we could after that, except when we showed at towns on the great lakes, or at places on the coast."

## Hominy Loaves.

Cold-baked hominy will make a good dinner dish, adding to each pint two tablespoons of melted butter and two beaten eggs, salt and pepper to season well and a little milk, if necessary, to moisten it into small oval loaves or patties. Place these on a buttered pan dusted with grated cheese, take in hot oven and serve as a vegetable.—Albany Argus.

## Apple and Cress Salad.

Cold and sour tart apples, cut into small pieces about the size of dice, make a French dressing of oil and vinegar, mix with cress, then stir in this a few sprigs of cress. This is a very nice salad to be eaten with game or meat.—Washington Star.

## ALMOST A MIRACLE.

A Quaker girl, wife of a tinsmith of a young man who was apportioned for being late at a dinner party.

"Awfully glad," said she, "to see you, Mr. Black."

"The good of you to come. And all the way from New York, too! But what is it?"

"I am summoned to tender his regards. You see, we are in a terrible condition."

"Tennyson did not say 'tis all well that ends well.'"

"'Tis all right," he replied.

"Tennyson did not say 'tis all well that ends well.'"

"'Tis all right," he replied.

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## CLEAN WATERING TUB.

How a Down-East Farmer Converted a Once Dirty Spring into a Place of Beauty.

It is a molasses barrel that figures in the illustration, though barrels that have served other purposes may easily be made suitable. The spring was in a little "run," or rather at the head of it, and the cattle going there for water always trod with their feet in the mud, making the water especially unpalatable for the cattle that came soon after them for a drink to say nothing of rendering the spring totally unfit for people to drink from.

"I'll fix that now so it will be a joy forever," said Jack, a month



## WATERING TUB AND COVER.

after he had taken possession of the farm. He took the aforesaid molasses barrel and sawed it in two parts. He thoroughly cleaned out the spring and made a foundation of flat rocks for the half barrel to rest upon. He made a simple frame eight or ten feet down the "run" to hold the half barrel to rest upon, and ran a bit of iron pipe from the spring into the second half barrel. The one over the spring had a square opening made in the head, which he left in to give a place to the stones, and a hinged cover put on top. A hinged cover was also provided for the lower half barrel, so that it can be closed when desired. A tin dipper hangs inside the half barrel over the spring, and man and beast are well provided for and each can drink the water at its best.—Orange Judd Farmer.

## STRAW FOR LIVE STOCK.

In Many Sections It Will Relieve the Shortage of Hay to a Considerable Extent.

In many parts of the country the hay crop was very short, in some places being almost an entire failure. The corn crop, of course, will be immense, and for home use the corn stover will largely relieve the hay shortage. If, however, no roughage but corn stover is fed, the animals get pretty tired of it, and will not consume as much of it as they did when it changes. Now, if the corn and oats straw be saved by being dry and large quantities of it will be eaten by the cows and young cattle if fed to them once a day with the stover. Even if there should be a good supply of hay about the place, if it can be sold, it would be made to substitute for part of it, there will often be more profit in selling it than in feeding it.

There are always enough nutrients in bright, clean straw to pay the animal for eating it, and the absence of sufficient straw is a serious foal. It is the good mechanical action in the digestive organs of distending the stomach, or rather, of filling it. For this quantity of bulky feed is essential in the ration for most economical animal simulation, and when large quantities of coarser feeds are given straw will often take the place of more expensive material.

Even on our western farms, where straw is usually valued highly, many farmers maintaining that they can only afford to grow wheat at a cent price in consideration of having the straw for bedding, we waste large quantities by using an unnecessary amount for bedding, when part of it should be used in the mangers.

If straw for bedding is cut into about one-inch lengths, it will be found to be much more valuable than is used for each cow when uncultivated, and the straw will keep the floor clean and be many times more valuable as an absorbent.

When we shall have so far advanced in our methods of economically caring for, and properly using, every thing of value that our soil and our labor produce, then we will feed much more straw than now—Farm and Fireside.

## WOOD ASHES FOR THE PIGS.

The best pigs can be ever raised had of the wood ashes, with a little salt mixed in it, that they would eat, says A. C. Green, the well-known breeder of Winchester, Ind. We think it is much better to keep a mixture of wood ashes and a little salt in a bin where the pigs can go to it at will. They will go and eat the ashes in the morning, and they will eat their feed. We do not think it best to mix the ashes in the slop or feed, as that would make them eat more than they would want, and might be more than they ought to have. We have found soft lye soap, made from lard, to be good to feed and to make them hearty and growthy. We think wood ashes and a little salt, kept where the hogs can get it, are worth more than all the cholera remedies put together.

## GREEN CORN FOR PIGS.

Now Comes an Experienced Iowa Farmer Who Proclaims It Most Excellent Food.

The time of year has arrived for the theorists to get out their advice regarding the effects of feeding green corn. I have already seen many articles warning the people against the free use of new corn, and any kind of stock can more easily digest the free use of new corn than any kind of stock.

I have been feeding green corn to all kinds of stock for the last 40 years, and I have my first case to record yet which will settle the question.

The corn is in the milk stage.

I am feeding a few hogs at present.

Writing that I summered through on blue grass pasture with not more than two or three ears of new corn, and I must say I never saw hogs gain as fast as they are gaining.

I will make an assertion that will be met with very strong opposition to it. I believe that the most money may be made by allowing the pig crop winter and only grazed enough through the summer to keep them growing until new corn can be fed. I would like to give my experience here.

In the first place, we have to feed our spring litter too much grain from the start, in order to market them.

The following winter they have no time to grow bone or muscle.

They are not nearly as fat as when more matured. I give my idea, or at least my fancy, regarding hog raising for marketing.

In the first place, I would want a good old Poland sow crossed with a full-blooded Chester White, and the pleasure to come about the first of May.

She should be allowed to run in bluegrass and white clover pasture, where she may have access to plenty of water to drink and also to water in with plenty of shade. She should be just kept in a growing condition throughout the winter and the next summer.

The result is large healthy hogs. A very few bushels of corn will wonderfully when the corn is passing from the milk stage. Many will argue that it is not worth the trouble to keep so long. But you get but very little profit from your clover pasture in feeding your spring pigs, and the difference in selling a 400-pound hog against a 200-pound hog will more than balance the extra feed and labor required to grow it.—John H. Curt, in Prairie Farmer.

## HANDLING A BIG HOG.

A Comparatively Simple Method Which Has Been Found Effective and Satisfactory.

An easy way for one man to handle a large hog is by means of a three-eighths-inch rope ten feet long. Cut off three feet, and the loop in each end, as shown in cut. The remaining seven feet tie to the center of short



## EFFECTIVE HOG ROPE.

rope between the loops. Place loops over hind feet of hog and draw long rope between front feet and over nose, then back again through short rope. Pull forward more over nose, then back again through short rope. Pull forward more over nose, then back again through short rope. Continue this process until the hog is brought to a standstill. This is a comparatively simple method and has been quite effective and satisfactory by many farmers following it. William Berck, in Orange Judd Farmer.

## ALL AROUND THE STABLE.

In building a stable, have the sides built and ceiling so tight that they will prevent dust from siftting through, and so constructed as to keep cobwebs from collecting. There should be windows in at least three sides, providing not less than three square feet of unobstructed window glass to each stall.

Never allow animals of other species to be kept in the same room with milch cows.

At least once every two months, scrub your manger with water and soap, by coarsening powder.

Let the gutters behind the cows open, and with enough incline to provide good drainage.

Have the floor of your stable smooth and incapable of absorbing liquids, with enough slope to cause good drainage.

This gives frequent change of food. This increases the appetite and the more food a cow consumes the more milk she will give. A cow possesses no creative power; she only changes and transforms the food into a different form.

## Sheep Need Lots of Salt.

The ash of the blood of a sheep contains nearly 60 per cent of salts; the ash of the urine contains 40 per cent. Salt should always be placed near the sheep. Its effect on sheep is to give tone to the organism. Its presence in the blood may cause a relaxation of vital energy and an opportunity for the development of hostile parasitic organisms. If sheep are deprived of salt for a little time they will show considerable eagerness for it.

## AN INVALID WOMAN'S WORK.

Manages All the Business and Devotees of an Extensive Expressing Concern from Her Bed.

This is one little woman a sickly one at that, who accomplishes an occupation which was originally undertaken for a woman to undertake. She runs an express business, and runs it uncommonly well. Many men have run express businesses, and it is conceded that some men can run it as skilfully well, but this particular proprietor of horses and wagons manages her affairs largely from her sick bed. Here is a curious case, indeed. So situated, few women would have had courage and the strength of life to sustain such a task. She uses fair medicine bottles, but that sort of life did not suit her energetic mind, whatever her body had to say about it, says the Washington Star.

An invalid express manager, inherited the business from her husband. He had made some money; at least, she might have sold her horses and wagons and lived the life of a sofa. She has a great interest about her husband's affairs, and felt that she could run the business quite as well as it had been run in the past. Instead of selling, she bought her husband a small strict, who also died shortly thereafter.

Her first thought was merely that she could keep the business at the same level as before, but she soon proved herself a better manager than her husband, and increased her income and doubled her staff of drivers, increased. Her wagons ramble through the streets and are known of all men, but few suspect that the surname painted across their great sides belongs to a frail little woman, who, as likely as not, is in the doctors' hands at the very moment.

Women are energetic and can attend to detail, but it is rare that one possesses the executive qualities necessary to run a great business on the spot continually.

Of course, this woman expresses good subordinates, but it is not with her, a case of some one else doing the work while she remains what what goes on in her shop.

Besides ill-health, this woman had to contend with organizations far larger than herself. She is a great express competitor of the country, four or five of which send wagons through the territory, and even with the street car company, which operates a trolley express almost under her roof. Only acute management could enable her not only to hold her own, but to prosper, in the face of such competition. She does not expect every to run an express business as large as those of some of her rivals, but as long as there is a comfortable annual increase in the number of dollars doing the fair side of the balance business among the number of dollars having the fair side of the balance assets, she is content to remain prosperously local.

Her success, be it added as a last word, has not had any specific luck as an important factor. She has found herself "up against misfortune more than once. A fire, an accident to her horses and other calamities have fallen to her share and made inroads on her profits. She is so far from being a扶手 of fortune that she has never posed as a "poor thing." If she hadn't made up her mind that she was going to be "master of her fate," and, incidentally, a good, paying business.

## OLD AFRICAN GOLD FIELDS.

East Territory That Has Been Pouring Yellow Ore Into Europe by the Millions.

The gold-bearing areas in the vast continent of Africa are apparently three in number, and were first discovered in the most remote times, says the Journal of the African Society.

The first is found in the northeastern corner of the continent, including Egypt, Nubia and Abyssinia; the second extends along the whole of the western shore from Morocco to the Volta, while the third occupies the eastern districts of Ghana, the old name possibly of Guinea, was famous among the ancients for its golden throne.

Boutoku, for its golden stone, which Bowditch tells us was the capital of Ghana, and step of solid gold by which he ascended to his bed. The Ashantis were most proficient in the manufacture of ornaments made from gold, but were also almost equalled by the people of Dagombia, who inhabited a large territory to the northeast of the Ashanti country to the extent of more than 1,000 miles.

In fact, the whole of the states north and south of the great range of the Kong mountains, with extensive deposits of the precious metal, the source apparently being the Kong range itself, the northern limits being the borders of the Niger.

For centuries this vast territory poured into the gold millions of pounds of gold to the Roman metal.

During down to the Roman's time,

early in the eighteenth century, we

find six distant areas in and about the Gold Coast supplying the yellow

ore.

Bamboo Land.

Robert Bell, who has been making a study of the west coast of Ifaifin Land, reports that the island is 300,000 square miles in area and the second largest island in the world, being surpassed only by Greenland. —Geographical Journal.

## THOUSANDS OF WOMEN ARE SLOWLY DYING FROM CATARRH

Pe-ru-na Cures, That Is Why People Like It.

All the Advertisements in the World Could Not Make Pe-ru-na as Popular as It Is.

Miss Margaret Donnelly, 21 Webster Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna was recommended to me about a year ago for catarrh, which I had suffered from nearly all my life, which had given me serious trouble a few months before I took Peruna. In two weeks my head cleared up, I did not have headaches, and in a short time felt perfectly well." —Margaret Donnelly



November Colds Should Not Be Allowed to Develop into Chronic Catarrh.

Pe-ru-na Cures a Cold Promptly and Permanently.

"I am glad to recommend Peruna as it has done so much for me. I had been a great sufferer from catarrhal chronic disease, and this way I have gained

People who have been cured by Peruna many years ago have been

referred to Pe-ru-na to their friends ever since. This is the way Pe-ru-na is advertised. It advertises itself as a cure for catarrh, and this way it has gained

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Most people think the success of Pe-ru-na depends upon the use of Pe-ru-na. Undoubtedly the advertisements help some. But by far the greatest number of people who hear of Pe-ru-na direct their attention to it, and some one gets cured of chronic catarrh by Peruna. After he is cured by Peruna, his friends recommend it to his friends. Friend recommends it to friend, and news spreads from tongue to tongue.

All the advertisements in the world could not make Peruna as popular as it is. Peruna cures, that is why people like it. Peruna cures chronic catarrh after all other remedies fail, which explains why

Some one gets cured of chronic catarrh by Peruna. After he is cured by Peruna, his friends recommend it to his friends. Friend recommends it to friend, and news spreads from tongue to tongue.

When I found myself with a bad case of catarrh of the head and throat Peruna was the first thing that I thought of.

For a few weeks after using Peruna systematically I was entirely rid of this annoying and distressing disease.

"If people knew how efficient Pe-ru-na was for this trouble they would not hesitate to try it, and all the time it is in, and have never known of a case where the person was not cured in a short time." —Dr. Donnelly.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and the address where you get Peruna.

Miss Jennie Briscoe, 370 Putnam Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I heard so much in praise of Peruna as a specific for catarrhal affections that

when I found myself with a bad case of catarrh of the head and throat Peruna was the first thing that I thought of.

For a few weeks after using Peruna systematically I was entirely rid of this annoying and distressing disease.

"If people knew how efficient Pe-ru-na was for this trouble they would not hesitate to try it, and all the time it is in, and have never known of a case where the person was not cured in a short time." —Dr. Donnelly.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

It is a good idea to use Peruna.

FREE—Send name and address on a post card for our 154-page Illustrated Catalogue.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

# WINCHESTER

REPEATING RIFLES

repeat. They don't catch, or fail to extract. In a word, they are the only reliable repeaters. Winchester rifles are made in all desirable calibers, weights and styles; and are plain, partially or elaborately ornamented, suiting every purpose, every pocketbook, and every taste.

WINCHESTER AMMUNITION

Made for all kinds of shooting in all kinds of guns.

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# THE JEWETT

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 & \$3.50 SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS CAN NOT BE EXCELLED.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$4 SHOES

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Best Imported and American Crafted Shoes. Men's Goods. Wait Hand Served. French shoes in the first six months of reward will be paid to anyone who sends us \$100.00.

Caution! The general wear and tear caused by the use of inferior materials.

Show by mail or in person.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Was Designed to Meet the Demands of the Beginner and Expert Athlete.

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Send a postal will.

We will make large trial treatment with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tony sample, but a large, complete outfit.

It is the most successful preparation known to medicine as a cleansing vaginal wash.

It is a woman's special ills, curing discharges and all inflammations of the vulva, clearing the tonsils and the rectum, and clearing the ovaries and the womb.

It is a postal will.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents large bottle.

Send a postal will.

THE P. A. PATENT

PISPO'S CURE FOR

ALL DISEASES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Don't Touch Herbs, Roots, Flowers, or Drugs.

CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K.-G. 1943

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FOR TWO GENERATIONS

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

HAS BEEN THE FARMER'S FRIEND AND A HOUSE-

HOLD NECESSITY. PAIN LEAVES WHEN MUSTANG

LINIMENT ARRIVES — FOR MAN OR BEAST

Minneapolis, WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION, BULUTH.

Orders for Future Delivery Executed in All Markets.

# JOHN LINDGREN.

Groceries, Provisions, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Arctics, and all kinds of HARDWARE.

I also have a complete stock of  
Dry Goods,  
Crockery,  
and Glassware.

I have the Largest Stock of  
Jewelry For the Holiday Trade  
ever shown in this part of the county.

Farm Produce taken in Exchange.

John Lindgren,  
Greeley, - MINN.

48  
per cent. Dividends.

Spindle Top Lands  
Have the Only Gushers.

No other field on earth can compare with its already enormous output. 500,000 barrels were produced and consumed in 1901.

WE OWN OUTRIGHT  
ONE-HALF ACRE  
OF THE CORE.

Most companies own 1-16, 1-32 or 1-64 of an acre of proven oil land on Spindle Top. We lead all Minnesota companies

A Home Company  
and a Home Market.

Minnesota business men control the affairs of the company and we have already established a market for the oil in St. Paul, Minneapolis, Red Wing and other Minnesota cities.

The  
Minnesota Oil Co.,  
of Texas,

If you cannot call 403 Bank of Minnesota Bldg.  
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Burlington  
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Library  
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Cars

On Burlington Route Limited trains afford the traveler all the comforts of a good club. Easy chairs, a writing desk, current periodicals and duplicate whist are provided.

People of the kind you like to meet are the patrons of these cars. That means a pleasant evening before retiring to the sleeping car.

A competent attendant serves light lunches and refreshments from a well-stocked buffet at moderate prices.

ASK YOUR HOME AGENT TO  
MAKE YOUR TICKET DEAL  
BY THIS LINE. 

## MONEY

to loan on good security. Apply at

COLD & SPRING FARM,  
FINLAYSON, Dr. R. C. Hoffman.

  
THE DOCTOR AT WORK  
H. W. BARKER'S  
ESCALAPIUS  
will cure that headache in fifteen minutes  
25 CENTS AT DRUG STORES

Herman Borchers

Carries the most complete stock of

Ladies' and Gent's  
Fine Boots and Shoes

Ever brought to this village.

Also carries a First-Class Line of

Rubbers and Slippers.

Boots and Shoes Made to Order.

Boot and Shoe Repairing  
a Specialty,

PINE CITY MINN

Corner Store

New Goods!

F. J. RYBAK'S

Elegant Corner Store is now open  
and ready for business. He carries  
a full line of

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AT  
Poole's Gallery.

Latest Style and  
Finish. Artistic  
Posing and Light-  
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tos are the Best.

We will make large Photos  
14x17 inches in size, from any  
small negative at \$1.75. And  
larger ones, price according to  
size.

W. E. POOLE. - Artist.

William C. Engler,

DEALER IN

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

We keep constantly on hand the  
following Meats:

Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, Poultry,  
AND GAME IN SEASON.

We also make and have on hand all kinds of  
sausage William C. Engler  
Pine City, Minn.

Natural Anxiety.

Mother's regard approaching winter with uneasiness, children take cold so easily. No disease costs more little lives than colds. All the little lives sudden that the sufferer often before the doctor arrives. Such cases yield readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Liquid the most, always remains remarkably clear. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung trouble. F. S. Michael, M.D., of Atlanta, Ga., has rendered me voice just before an oratorical contest. I intended to withdraw but took One Minute Cough Cure. I recovered my voice in time to win the medal.

John W. Breckenridge.

REVIVO  
RESTORES VITALITY  
—  
Made a  
Well Man  
of Me.

THE GREAT  
FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days.

It cures all diseases, even those that all others fail.

Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men their lost strength.

REVIVO. It quickly and easily restores Nervousness, Loss of Vitality, Impotence, Rheumatism, Venereal Disease, etc.

It cures all forms of Consumption, Diphtheria, and all other diseases.

It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but

in a great nerve tonic, which gives power to the body.

It cures by drawing heat to the skin, so as to restore the fire of youth.

It cures by giving the body a new life, so as to restore the power.

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