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The Pine County Pioneer.

The Pioneer has the largest bonafide circulation of any paper published along the "Duluth Short Line."

ED. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XVIII.

PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1902.

NO. 3

F. A. HONOR, President. P. W. McALLER, Vice-Pres. JAMES B. BOTEK, Cashier.

FIRST STATE BANK PINE COUNTY.

(INCORPORATED.)

Commercial Banking in all its Branches.

Insurance written in Reliable Companies.
 Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper than express or postoffice money orders,
 Drafts on Europe sold. Land Bought and sold.

Taxes Paid for Non-Residents
 PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

FLOUR

We represent some of the best flouring mills in Minnesota and can always supply you with the very best goods on earth at right prices.

We have all kinds of Ground Feed and Coarse Grain. Salt of all kinds. Oatmeal, Cornmeal, etc. always on hand; and we are cash buyers of all kinds of products and Live Stock.

FARMERS' EXCHANGE **J. J. Madden, PROP.**

Pine City Mercantile Company.
 GENERAL DEPARTMENT STORE.

Headquarters for Santa Claus
 at the

Big Store.

The largest and most complete line of Christmas Goods ever brought to Pine City. Choice collections of Toys, Books, Toilet Articles, Furs, Silverware, Jewelry, Crockery, Chairs. If you don't know what you want, come to the Big Store, you can easily find it.

Pine City Mercantile Company.
 PINE CITY, - - MINN.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, December 22nd, 1902.

A most sanguine view of the Venezuelan situation prevails in official circles in Washington. Acceptance of the arbitration proposals forwarded by Secretary Hay have been received and, although there are some conditions imposed which will complicate and prolong the preliminaries, it is believed that both Great Britain and Germany are acting in good faith and will be reasonable when the actual negotiations are begun. Prompted by previous sad experiences in collecting debts from South American countries, both nations are endeavoring to secure some guarantee of the payment of such a ward as may be made by the arbitrators. It has been frankly stated by the administration that it will be impossible for the United States to make such a guarantee. To do so would, in the opinion of the President and his advisors, establish a precedent, which must eventually lead to all Europe looking to the United States as the financial backer of the various South American nations. On the other hand, the administration stands ready with assurances of the utmost protection it is in its power to give, to any private concern which will furnish the guarantee demanded. It is known that a representative of the Seligman's came to Washington last week to confer with the President and Secretary Hay with a view to securing governmental endorsement to a loan which would satisfy the claims of the allies but the attempt resulted in failure. At a more recent conference between Secretary Hay, Ambassador Herbert and Senator Depew, the latter representing the Seligman's, Mr. Hay pointed to the long list of instances where the United States had enforced justice to its citizens by foreign countries and it is hoped that a satisfactory settlement will be the outcome of the discussion.

Prominent representatives of the administration unqualifiedly condemn the source of certain publications which are spreading the report that Germany is endeavoring, through her Venezuelan claims, to secure a naval base on this continent. That these reports have emanated from certain naval officers appears to have escaped the notice of the administration. That they are groundless, however, is shown by the memorandum presented to Secretary Hay by the German Ambassador on Dec. 11, in which he says, "We declare especially that under no circumstances do we consider in our proceedings the acquisition of Venezuelan territory."

The blockade of Venezuelan ports, according to previous notice, became effective on Saturday at 3 P. M. Should the Caracas, which sailed from New York before the blockade was declared, arrive at La Guay or other blockaded port after that time the Allies will be entirely within their right in refusing her admission, notwithstanding sensational reports to the contrary. This statement is based on article 40 of the United States Naval code which expressly stipulates that under such circumstances the only obligation on the part of the blockading forces is to inform the approaching vessel of the existence of a blockade, and this custom has been followed by the United States in several instances.

Congress adjourned on Saturday to meet again on Jan. 5th. The most interesting feature of the closing hours of the first session was the discussion of the Cuban treaty which took place, not on the floor of either house, but in the lobbies and committee rooms. The terms of the treaty are in accordance with the predictions made in these letters, except that a reduction of 25 per cent is allowed from the Dingley rates on imports from Cuba. In some in-

stances, the discounts on American goods going into Cuba will be as high as 40 per cent from the duties on goods from other nations but the general average will be 31 1/2 per cent. Considerable interest and some apprehension has attached to the question of ratification. There are authorities in Congress who say that the Senate has full power to ratify a treaty negotiated by the President without the sanction of the house and there are many others who claim that where a treaty modifies the revenue laws the concurrence of the house is essential. While the problem promises to become the subject of considerable debate in the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, it is not believed that it will prove a serious obstacle. Representative Payne told your correspondent today that he was sure the prerogatives of the house would be respected and that he anticipated that the treaty would be promptly ratified. He suggested that if the treaty was ratified by the Senate without a clause requiring the sanction of the house, a course he deemed improbable, it was quite likely that the President would then bring the matter to the attention of the House with the recommendation that such legislation be enacted as might be necessary to make its provisions effective.

The House has appropriated \$500,000 to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General in the enforcement of the anti-trust laws. The appropriation was made on the impulse of the moment and as an amendment to the legislative and judicial bill but virtually conforms to the bill offered by Representative Herburn soon after Congress convened. It is the opinion of many members of both houses of Congress that this will be the extent of the anti-trust legislation at this session. It is believed that the Senate will approve the amendment and it will then be argued that it would be wiser to wait until the Attorney General has demonstrated the full scope of the present laws as well as their deficiencies before attempting to enact new law or amend the old ones.

But one question remains to be settled before the Columbian treaty will be ready to be signed, and that is the question of annual rental of the required areas of land. Columbian representatives that at the present time she receives revenues amounting to upwards of \$400,000 from the zone. From the Panama railway she receives \$250,000 and the remainder from other sources, such as port, tonnage and lighthouse dues, etc. She therefore demands that the United States agree to an annual rental of \$500,000 which amount Secretary Hay regards as too large. The initial payment has been agreed upon and will amount to \$10,000,000. It is believed by the administration that the existing difference will be overcome and that the treaty will be ready for the Senate when Congress reconvenes on January 5.

LIST OF PATENTS
 Granted to Minnesota inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co.,
 For copy of any of above patents
 L. L. Freeman, Kanarara, corn harvester and shock; H. O. Kolbun, Ester, shock loader; J. M. Bebens, Jordan, box and buckle device for harness; M. B. Lloyd, Minneapolis, vehicle axle; J. R. McGiffert, Duluth, log loader; P. Nicolay, Minneapolis, means for supporting and operating distributing spouts; H. Stahmer, Owatonna, display stand; E. W. Street, Minneapolis, bevel square; C. C. Webster, Minneapolis, apparatus for supplying fire men material to molds; J. Wurschmidt, Roseau, folding rule or straight edge.
 send ten cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

ST. PAUL VIAVI CO. Room 200, 27 East Seventh Street.
 Office hours, 1:30 to 5:30 p. m.
 Correspondence invited. St. Paul, Minn.
 Buy your storm sash at the Big Store.



This might do for Aguinaldo in Manila, but would be a little chilly here just now

- However -
We have a Great Stock of CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Jewelry, Cut Glass, Dolls, Toys, Albums, Toilet Cases, Choice Candy, Fine Cigars, Fancy Pipes, Tobacco, Christmas Candles and Holders.
 Come and look at once. Prices all right. And last but not least: Reiger's California Perfumes, made where the flowers grow.
 We Wish You a Happy and Prosperous New Year!

BRECKENRIDGE'S Pharmacy
 Main St. - - Pine City, Minn.

GOLDEN KEY PATENT FLOUR MAKES THE
BREAD.

We are running steady and are behind on orders.

Isn't that a good recommendation for our flour...

PINE CITY MILL & ELE. CO.

Jas. Hurley
 DEALER IN
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

It Will Be of Interest to You to know that we carry the Largest and Best Line of Leather Goods in the Market.

Also a full line of Horse Blankets, Robes, Brushes, Curry-Combs, Whips, Harness Oil, Axel Grease, Etc., Etc., Etc.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
PINE CITY, - - MINN.

Pine Co. Pioneer.

W. F. GOTTSY, Publisher.
PINE CITY, MINN.

A WEEK'S RECORD.

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the United States senate on the 17th the pension appropriation bill was passed. It carries \$20,000,000. The amount carried by this bill is \$14,000,000. A resolution was passed to enable the United States to acquire to stamp out the foot and mouth disease, which has become epidemic in New England states. In the house the legislative appropriation bill was passed. It carries \$1,000,000,000. The bill provides for the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust act. The bill also provides for the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust act.

DOMESTIC.

Because of jealousy John W. Williams fatally shot his wife and killed himself at St. Joseph, Mo.

Fire at Huron, S. D., destroyed the Huron opera house. It was owned by W. L. Miner and valued at \$25,000.

The interstate commerce commission's annual report declares that railroad mergers practically have suppressed competition. Grave danger exists unless the law is amended to fit new conditions. Injunctions against rate cutting react on shippers.

Senator Dewey introduced a bill for emergency currency, allowing national banks to issue circulation to the extent of 30 per cent. of their capital in time of stringency.

A shipment of gold bullion worth \$185,000 has just been made by the United States assay office in Deadwood, S. D., to the mint in Philadelphia.

The president sent to the senate the reciprocity treaty with Cuba and the United States will recognize the blockade of Venezuela ports. The government's attitude will be that of a neutral power toward belligerents.

The bank at Mullens, S. C., was broken, the safe dynamited and about \$6,000 in cash stolen.

A material increase in the number of cases of pneumonia and severe colds among the people of Washington is attributed to the coal famine.

The total assessment for the year in the state of Illinois is \$1,020,127,000, of which Cook county gives \$230,250,772.

The terminal station of the Long Island City railroad, at Long Island City, was destroyed by fire; loss, \$60,000.

Mathias H. Utzler, alias John Brandtlinger, pleaded guilty of the murder of Mrs. Robert Garrison in Johnston township, Michigan. He was sentenced to solitary confinement at hard labor for life in the state prison at Jackson.

William Mahan and John Wallace, both firemen, were killed as a result of a collision at Little Ferry Junction, N. J., between two freight trains.

A pitiful plea from Daisy Lawrence, aged ten, induced Gov. Savage, of Nebraska, to pardon her father, who is serving a three years' sentence in the state penitentiary for embezzlement.

John Bartlinger, or Utzler, as his name proves to be, has confessed that he murdered Mrs. Robert Garrison, who was found shot to death in her home in Bedford township, Mich.

James Osman, of Williamsport, Pa., is dead as a result of injuries received in the explosion in the waterworks tunnel at Cleveland, O., last Sunday. This makes four fatalities among those injured in the explosion.

Postmaster Charles Melgan, of Ogden, Utah, who was recently found guilty by a federal jury of embezzling government funds, was sentenced to one year and a day confinement in jail.

J. D. Rockefeller gave a Christmas gift of \$1,000,000 to the University of Chicago, with an addition of \$200,000 to make up a deficit in the budget. Rockefeller has been reported to place the remains of Mrs. Grant in the tomb with the body of her husband at Riverside park.

Chas. Gray, of the coal strike commission, suggests that steps be taken to secure a law to prevent the employment of children at night.

John A. Sheridan, Charles J. Denay, Charles Gubik, Edmund Bersch, and T. E. Albright, ex-members of the St. Louis house of delegates, were convicted on charges of bribery in connection with the passage of the Suburban street car bill. Each man was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

A burglar shot by Rev. D. B. Shellenbarger, at Barnersville, Pa., on November 30, died in his cell at the county jail.

Nonunion men, some of their relatives and a number of the number of coal appeared before the coal strike commission and told their stories of alleged boycotts, intimidations, dynamiting and violence in various forms, during the late strike.

Because he thought he had failed to pass his examinations, Everett Harmon, of Malcom, Pa., at the Iowa Wesleyan university, committed suicide.

The president has decided that it will not be necessary to send the Cuban reciprocity treaty to the house of representatives.

City Marshal R. W. Coulter and Justice A. E. Murray, who fatally wounded Friday night at Farmington, Ia., by George Stillwell, a deputy fish commissioner, who was afterwards shot to death by a post office guard, A. P. Smith, Michigan, will not permit the McGovern-Corbett fight which was to have been held in Detroit next month before the McGovern-Corbett fight.

President Roosevelt and representatives of the government from all branches of the government and the diplomatic corps attended the funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Julia Dent Grant in Washington. The remains were taken to New York and placed in the tomb of her illustrious husband, Gen. U. S. Grant.

The twentieth century thank offering fund of the Methodist Episcopal church, amounting to \$20,000,000, is now filled, according to an announcement made by Secretary Miller, of Rochester.

The annual meeting of the national bureau of industrial statistics will be held at Washington April 28, 29 and 30, and May 2 and 3, 1903.

As a result of a recent collision between the Stockton flyer and the "Owl" train on the Southern Pacific at Byron, Cal., 10 deaths have already been recorded.

The anthracite coal strike commission held its last session of the year Saturday and adjourned to meet in Philadelphia on Tuesday, January 6.

C. Whayne, of Louisville, Ky., who carried \$300,000 insurance, is found to have died by accident.

A strike involving the entire clothing industry of Chicago and affecting 25,000 workers is impending.

Claims by postmasters against the government amounting to millions are being submitted to congress.

Differences in laws is the cause of confusion in amounts due various officials.

After January 1 Indianapolis, Ind., will be the labor headquarters of over half a million union workers in America.

Officials of over 20,000 American and Canadian workmen will locate there.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

"Gen. Peanuts," who for a number of years was one of the best known military and civilian commanders with Barsum's and Forepaugh and Sell's circuses, was found dead in bed at New York.

Gen. Wagner Swaine died in New York of a complication of diseases.

Charles P. Griffin, one of the best known political leaders in Ohio and former speaker of the Ohio legislature, dropped dead of heart disease in his office in Toledo.

Charles E. Griffin, former secretary of state of Indiana, who last week was stricken with paralysis, died at his home in Hammond, Ind.

FOREIGN.

Leading men of Caracas urge President Castro to yield to a force and commission the United States minister to make the best terms possible with the rebels in agreement.

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Parliament was prorogued by royal commission until February 17.

The census taken at Pultenach, Russia, was totally destroyed by an earthquake Tuesday. The number of fatalities is not known. The population is threatened with starvation.

The French authorities have become convinced that the death of Mrs. Ellen West was accidental and have decided to drop the case against M. De Rydzewski.

Three officials, two soldiers and 150 natives, mostly children, were killed by the earthquake which destroyed the town of Andjan, Russian Central Asia. Over 300 were injured and 5,000 buildings destroyed.

Admiral Dewey called information that he has assigned American warships to positions near the Venezuelan coast.

Nearly 5,000 letters it is said are being mailed to America and will settle in Colorado, New Mexico and Texas.

M. and Mrs. Humbert, Eve Hamberg, and the three D'Arignans connected with the Humbert scandal in Paris, were arrested in Madrid, where they have been since May 9.

TERRIBLE DISASTER.

Collision Between Schooners in Massachusetts Bay.

BOTH VESSELS GO TO THE BOTTOM.

Eleven Members of the Crews Perish—Avalif Hardship Faced by the Ten Survivors of the Disaster.

London, Dec. 23.—The second edition of the Times Monday prints the text of a wireless Marconi message received from the Canadian government as follows: "Ottawa, Dec. 21.—The government of Canada through the Times desires to congratulate the British people on the accomplishment by Marconi of the greatest feat of modern science has yet achieved. (Signed) "CARTRIGHT, Acting Premier."

The representatives of the Marconi company say they have been receiving trans-Atlantic messages for a week. They add that the message to King Edward and others came through without a hitch and practically instantaneously. It is calculated that the company will be able to handle 1,000 words per hour. As soon as it is able to get the post office authorities to connect Poland with the inland telegraph the company will commence regular communication between Cornwall and Nova Scotia.

Gloucester, N. S., Dec. 23.—His wireless message, transmitted from Canada to King Edward VII., Marconi has received the following reply, signed by Lord Knollys, the king's private secretary: "I have had the honor of submit-

ting your telegram to the king and I am commended to congratulate you sincerely on the successful issue of your endeavors to develop your most important invention. The king has been much interested in your experiments, as he remembered that the initial ones were commenced by you on the royal yacht Osborne in 1895. (Signed) "KNOLLYS, "Private Secretary."

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Aged Man Kills His Son-in-Law During a Quarrel and Then Poisons in His Own Blood.

Easton, Pa., Dec. 23.—Francis Schmidt, of Allentown, aged 62 years, shot and killed his son-in-law, John Grigan, aged 35, Monday night, and then killed himself by drinking arsenic.

Most of the small boats were smashed and some of the men killed by the collision. The men of both boats, by quick work, launched the long boat of the Palmer, into which clambered the captains of both vessels and 13 others. There was no moment for storing food or water in the boat, and the rowers had propelled it only a short distance from the schooner when the Palmer went down. Three minutes later the Cray disappeared.

Without food and water, drenched to the skin, spray pressed to their garments because of the bitter cold, the 15 survivors underwent sufferings indescribable. The men of both boats, by quick work, launched the long boat of the Palmer, into which clambered the captains of both vessels and 13 others. There was no moment for storing food or water in the boat, and the rowers had propelled it only a short distance from the schooner when the Palmer went down. Three minutes later the Cray disappeared.

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In the three days and a half the boat drifted steadily off shore until it drifted ashore Sunday morning it was 45 miles from the coast. There the look-out on the fishing schooner Man-hasset caught a glimpse of the boat and with a shout alerted the ten men who were in the cabin of the schooner. Capt. Malone at once ordered on all sail and brought the schooner into Boston.

MARCONI'S TRIUMPH.

King of Italy Receives Wireless Message from the Station at Cape Breton.

Home, Dec. 23.—King Victor Emmanuel Monday morning received the wireless message from Marconi forwarded from Cape Breton, Cornwall and sent a congratulatory reply.

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NOAH—UP TO DATE.

Uncle Noah Sam—Well, you did find an olive branch, this trip, didn't you?

wards the Cape Ann shore. When off Thatchers' island they split tacks and headed north on the port tack, and thereupon having the right of way. The survivors were inclined to lay the blame of the accident on the schooner of the Cray, who had charge of the deck at the time, and who went down with the ship. They are of the opinion that he should be held responsible for the disaster, but instead the Cray was the victor.

The Nebraska supreme court has decided that the marriage of divorced persons within six months of the granting of a decree in that state is void.

A St. Louis hotel keeper was held responsible by a jury for the death of a guest who perished in a fire, and the widow was awarded \$5,000 damages.

Rev. H. H. Follenhauer, of Hamburg, Minn., a widely known Lutheran pastor, has been chosen president of Concordia college at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Charles H. Mickey of Nebraska refuses to countenance an inaugural ball, and has stopped the preparations for the annual function at the state capitol.

Commissioner Verkes of the internal revenue bureau, decided that soap dispensers who mix distilled spirits in soft drinks must pay for a liquor license.

The Indiana supreme court in a damage suit to recover for the death of a brakeman at the Monon "man-killing" bridge at Putnamville holds that the victim was to blame.

Joseph Downey, member of the board of education in Chicago and formerly commissioner of public works in that city, is making a trip to Japan to win a sloop of \$20,000.

At the presentation of credentials by Ambassador Tower to Kaiser Wilhelm his majesty promised a very good, though not a very large, subsidy for the St. Louis exposition.

The Illinois legislature will be asked to amend the state law to prevent corporations organized elsewhere from evading state tax and license. Indulgences offered by New Jersey to Arizona are declared to aid evasion.

A ROYAL SENSATION.

Crown Princess of Saxony Is Mysteriously Missing.

SHE FLED FROM HER HOME AT NIGHT.

Left a Dummy Figure in Her Bed—The Closest Search Fails to Reveal Her Whereabouts—Theories as to the Cause.

Dresden, Saxony, Dec. 23.—The crown princess of Saxony fled from her home on the night of December 11. The Dresden Journal says: "The princess, in a state of intense mental excitement, suddenly deserted her family at Salzburg and went abroad. The Saxons court functionaries for the winter, including New Year's reception, have been cancelled."

The foregoing paragraph in Monday's official journal, which was issued by order of the king and crown prince of Saxony, has turned into truth what, for several days past, has been regarded as an incredible tale. The crown princess of Saxony, surrounded by numerous attendants waiting and numerous attendants, has vanished so utterly that the police for ten days have been unable to trace her. The official announcement was made in order to obtain the aid of the general public in finding the princess and her whereabouts. It is believed that she preferred to remain in retirement at Salzburg rather than to return to her husband and children at Dresden cannot longer be maintained.

A Complete Mystery. Accompanied by the crown prince Emperor Francis Joseph, near Salzburg during the night of December 11 and 12, as told in Dresden, is the princess, who appeared to be in an unusually tranquil mood, retired before 11 o'clock. Three hours later, when a maid looked upon her in the chamber something in the appearance of the bed prompted her to go closer and examine it. Instead of the princess, the maid perceived a dummy figure. She awakened the lady-in-waiting, and the latter, with other members of the princess' suite searched all the neighboring apartments, then the entire castle, and finally the grounds of the castle for the princess, but no trace of the missing woman was found. At dawn the police of Salzburg were informed of the disappearance, and inquiries were made throughout the whole country, but with no tangible result.

Suicide or Elopement. A number of what seemed to be traces of the princess were shown to the police, but a preliminary examination by the police. The inquiry by the end of that day had extended to all parts of the kingdom of Saxony, and on Tuesday night, and ended by the end of the second day to all of Europe. The theory of suicide was suggested, and a fruitless search for the princess' body has been made. All the ponds and other pieces of water in the vicinity of the castle have been dragged without result.

The disappearance of the princess doubtless will cause the circulation of many stories. It is already related that she eloped, but inquiries made here have brought out nothing to substantiate or support this statement.

No Trace Found. Vienna, Dec. 23.—The flight of the crown princess of Saxony has caused great excitement here. It is reported that Archduke Ferdinand, accompanied by one of his courtiers, set sail to Geneva, whether it was supposed the princess had fled, but he failed to find any trace of her. The princess' brother, Archduke Leopold Ferdinand, is said to be with her, but nothing can be ascertained as to her whereabouts.

Due to Domestic Trouble. It is officially explained that the princess' disappearance is due to mental derangement. There is little doubt, however, that it was caused by domestic discord growing out of her husband's relations with an actress of the Dresden court theater. It is asserted here that the princess frequently threatened flight on this account, and that she was induced to flee by her father, the grand duke of Tuscany, for counseling her to forgive her husband. It is rumored that the princess was accompanied by the Prussian tutor of her children.

Dean of Winchester Dead. London, Dec. 23.—Rev. William Richard Gove Stephens, dean of Winchester, is dead.



Uncle Noah Sam—Well, you did find an olive branch, this trip, didn't you?

wards the Cape Ann shore. When off Thatchers' island they split tacks and headed north on the port tack, and thereupon having the right of way. The survivors were inclined to lay the blame of the accident on the schooner of the Cray, who had charge of the deck at the time, and who went down with the ship. They are of the opinion that he should be held responsible for the disaster, but instead the Cray was the victor.

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In the three days and a half the boat drifted steadily off shore until it drifted ashore Sunday morning it was 45 miles from the coast. There the look-out on the fishing schooner Man-hasset caught a glimpse of the boat and with a shout alerted the ten men who were in the cabin of the schooner. Capt. Malone at once ordered on all sail and brought the schooner into Boston.

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Without food and water, drenched to the skin, spray pressed to their garments because of the bitter cold, the 15 survivors underwent sufferings indescribable. The men of both boats, by quick work, launched the long boat of the Palmer, into which clambered the captains of both vessels and 13 others. There was no moment for storing food or water in the boat, and the rowers had propelled it only a short distance from the schooner when the Palmer went down. Three minutes later the Cray disappeared.

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NOT YET ACCEPTED.

President Has Not Replied to Invitation of Powers.

OFFICIAL REQUEST NOT RECEIVED.

He is Disinclined to Act as Arbitrator, But if He Insisted Upon, He Will Shirk No Responsibility.

Washington, Dec. 22.—President Roosevelt has not accepted the position of arbitrator of the Venezuelan controversy. In fact, when the official day closed he had not received, formally or officially, a request from the European powers that he act as arbitrator of the dispute. These accounts are made on the highest authority. In an informal manner the president has been notified that the European powers are desirous of securing in the present South American difficulty desire that he should undertake the responsibility of acting as arbitrator of the points at issue between them and Venezuela. Thus far, they merely have been taking "soundings," with a view probably of ascertaining how he would receive a formal proffer to act as arbitrator. The president, so soon as he received the first intimation that he was desired to be arbitrator of the Venezuelan controversy, expressed emphatically his judgment that he matters to be arbitrated should be referred to the Hague tribunal. In the view of the suggestions made has been conveyed to the European powers, together with a strong presentation of his reasons for the decision he holds. No response of a formal nature to these representations has been received.

No Change of Opinion.

The president and his advisers have had a long conference Monday after the former's return from his Virginia trip. They carefully went over the situation as it has developed since Saturday, but it is understood that nothing has arisen during the past 48 hours to warrant the president in changing his opinion as to the desirability of his acceptance of the position of arbitrator. So far as can be learned, no specific reasons have been advanced by the European powers for objecting to the reference of the Venezuelan question to the arbitration of the Hague tribunal. It is believed that the president should arbitrate just such controversies as that which has arisen between Venezuela and the powers, and that it would be desirable from every viewpoint that the present dispute should go to that tribunal for adjudication. There are the objections, which Great Britain, Germany and Italy have to a reference of Venezuelan difficulty to the Hague tribunal is not a matter of administration, at this time. Even the nature of the objections, if there be any, is not known. The negotiations looking to the appointment of an arbitrator have not progressed sufficiently yet to develop such objections as the powers may have.

Takes a Compliment.

The acceptance by the powers of the principle of arbitration as applied to the Venezuelan question, is a matter of great gratification to the president and his cabinet. That all the powers have intimated, too, that they would prefer the president should arbitrate the present dispute is taken as a notable compliment to the president personally and to his administration. It is the hope of both the president and his advisers, however, that while there is a precedent for his acceptance of the post of arbitrator, the president will consent to a reference of the controversial matters in the Venezuelan question to the tribunal at The Hague.

Will Shirk No Responsibility.

While it is recognized by the president's closest advisers and by the president himself that some unpleasant possibilities attend his performance of the duties of arbitrator of the pending Venezuelan difficulty, his friends assert that he will shirk no responsibility that he may deem it his duty to undertake, but will accept if the powers should insist on it, though he is very reticent to do so.

Germany the Prime Mover.

It is quite evident from the developments here that Germany is the originator and promoter of the suggestion that President Roosevelt act as arbitrator. Great Britain and Italy, it is believed, incline toward arbitration by The Hague tribunal, but of course they would not indicate any preference officially in the matter if President Roosevelt gave the faintest intimation of accepting the charge. Indeed, officially, the allies stand on record as supporting the German lead in this matter.

Formal Request Made.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—The notes of Germany and Great Britain formally insisting President Roosevelt act as arbitrator in the Venezuelan dispute were handed to the United States ambassador here and to the United States charge in London Monday.

Blackened Names.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The following children have been received from Commodore Diehl, of the Marietta, which now lies at La Guayra. The message comes from the Marietta, the Marietta and the Marietta.

British view animal established.

effective blockade from and after December 20 of La Guayra, Curacao, Guayana, Colombia, Cartagena and the mouth of the Orinoco. Vessels sailing from the Orinoco and the West Indies before the date of noti-

fication allowed grace, steamers ten days, sailing vessels 20 days. Other ports, steamers 30, sails 40 days. Vessels in blockade ports 15 days. Full text if desired.

THE CUBAN TREATY.

Reasons Why the President Did Not Send the Document to the House.

Washington, Dec. 22.—President Roosevelt has let it be known that before he reached his decision to send the Cuban reciprocity treaty to the Senate and not to the House, he consulted freely the leaders of the House and the members of his cabinet. After mature consideration, it was determined that it was unnecessary to send the Cuban treaty to the House, notwithstanding the fact that that affected revenues of the government. Precedents were looked up carefully, and it was found that previous reciprocity treaties had been sent directly to the Senate for ratification. This was notably true of the Newfoundlands, which were regarded as being on all fours with the Cuban treaty. No objection ever was raised to the consideration by the Senate of the Cuban treaty. It can be said to be the purpose of the president, when the Cuban treaty shall have been ratified by the Senate to send the treaty to the House, and Congress with a recommendation for such enabling legislation as will make the treaty operative. This will afford the House an opportunity to be heard by the Senate, and it is expected, to stamp with its approval and its individuality the negotiations for reciprocity with Cuba.

TWENTY-FOUR ARE DEAD.

Over a Score of Victims of Terrible Collision Between Trains in California.

San Francisco, Dec. 22.—At the Southern Pacific hospital in this city Monday morning it was reported that no more deaths had occurred in that institution as a result of Saturday night's disastrous collision at Byron, and that the injured are doing well. The death roll now numbers 24. The following names of the dead are as follows: Robert Newick, William L. Temple, Leonard S. Erwin, Tung Tai Gung, Chinese woman; Ah Quoy, Chinese girl; Richard Post, Yaku Maigowa, Hadra Maigowa, Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, Clarence D. Cluff, Miss Mabel Vese, Miss Birdie Elliott, Charles A. Scott, Charles D. Owens, Miss Minnie Mayer, F. S. Eastman, Frank Dick, Chinese woman; Carl Mayer, unidentified young white woman, Miss Alice Sullivan, K. K. Vernon. Three others unidentified.

Honor to Dewey.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Dec. 22.—Rear Admiral Sumner arrived here Monday and Admiral Dewey will reach here today. There will be a public reception and demonstration in honor of Admiral Dewey, who will go to the palace, escorted by artillery, infantry and mounted police, and accompanied by a procession of school children. The governor, the military commandant and other officials will be present to receive the admiral at the palace. The public reception will follow.

Young Girl Punished.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—A Polish school girl named Kopek has been sentenced to 14 days imprisonment in Suowazka, province of Posen, for lese majeste in having thrown a brooch with Emperor William's picture in it to the floor and stamped upon it. Such brooches were presented to the public schools when his majesty visited Posen.

American Capital in Mexico.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Five hundred million dollars in gold is the amount of American capital invested in Mexico by 117 American companies, firms and individuals, according to estimates carefully prepared by Consul General A. D. Barlow, at Mexico City. Practically all of this amount has been invested within the past five years.

Armed Suffering at Andijan.

London, Dec. 22.—A dispatch from New Marghela, Russian Turkestan, reports that the earthquake at Andijan killed 2,500 people in and near that city, and destroyed 16,000 houses. The rumblings continue. The authorities so far have not been able to cope with the destitution of the starving, unsheltered populace.

Engine Runn Away.

Liberty, Ind., Dec. 22.—A helper engine on the Chicago and Indiana Harbor dayton got beyond control early Monday morning, made two wild runs toward Connersville and this place wrecked the train. The engine demolished four engines, killed two men, and injured two others.

Passengers Saved Under.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 22.—Fire on passenger train No. 30, on the Burlington, running from Denver to Deadwood, were buried beneath ten feet of snow for 20 hours. They were rescued Sunday night after ten hours' work, by a relief force sent from Sidney, Neb.

Flames in Piano Factory.

New York, Dec. 22.—Fire that started from an unknown cause Monday night in the big seven-story piano factory at 225 East 10th street, did damage to the extent of \$250,000. The factory was almost entirely destroyed.

Java Judge Dead.

Cedar Rapids, Dec. 22.—James D. Clifton, former district judge and prominent pioneer lawyer and republican politician, died suddenly Monday at the residence of his wife, from heart failure. He was 63 years old.

LOOKS LIKE A CAGE.

Pulpit Used by Whitefield in His Travels from Home.

Famous Belle is Now Preserved in New York City—Its Authenticity Established by Indisputable Evidence.

Visitors at the rooms of the American Tract society in Nassau street, New York, lately have been confronted by a queer sort of wooden cage on the wall. Those who looked twice at it, saw on it the sign "George Whitefield's Pulpit."

This pulpit, says the New York Sun, is one of the most highly prized relics of the American Tract society. For years it has not been put on anything like public view, but it has been kept none the less carefully on the shelves of the society.

The frame of the pulpit is about six feet high, with the floor of the pulpit about three feet from the ground. The top and successive coats of paint, stain and varnish have done much to hide its identity.

The most striking feature of the pulpit is the number of haws, hooks and hinges which bind its frame. These, which have charges of the relics are quite as numerous as the fact and to offer the explanation that the pulpit is of the folding variety. It was constructed in that way so that it could easily be carried in a wagon or even by a strong man.

The identity of the pulpit as Whitefield's is not questioned by those who use it, although they have no available data concerning its movements after Whitefield died in 1770. Rev. Dr. Charles S. Robinson, the famous hymn writer, who died only a few years ago, said that it was "well authenticated as Whitefield's traveling pulpit—that which he carried with him and from which he was wont to preach the thousand times that he heard his voice."

Whitefield's preaching in England as an evangelist, particularly after his



WHITEFIELD'S PULPIT. (Now in Possession of the American Tract Society, New York.)

dispute with Wesley, brought to him larger audiences than he got over in the colonies in America, and it is thought that he did not bring the traveling pulpit here. At any rate, according to the testimony of the old standing officers of the American Tract society, the pulpit was presented to the society some time before 1830 by a man who picked it up while traveling in England.

It has been exhibited only a few times in this country, once at the Centennial exhibition at Philadelphia in 1876 and again at the world's fair at Chicago in 1893.

Whitefield came to America seven times after his death, occurring on a seventh visit, while he was at Newburyport, Mass. The first time he made here went to Georgia at the request of the Wesleyans. It is thought that he did not bring the traveling pulpit here. At any rate, according to the testimony of the old standing officers of the American Tract society, the pulpit was presented to the society some time before 1830 by a man who picked it up while traveling in England.

All of the historians agree as to the power of Whitefield's voice. It seems not unlikely that he was accustomed to emphasize his utterances by pounding the frail structure of his pulpit, for it now bears traces of having been used vigorously. The wood has been cracked and chipped off around the fastenings of the upper railing, as if some heavy hand had once marked the time of his creed upon it.

British Take Three Islands.

According to advices received from Sydney, H. M. S. Sparrow has returned from a protracted cruise wrecked the South sea group. During the cruise the warship's officers, and Chief Petty Officer, killed two men, and injured two others.

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WILL DEFEND SMITH.

Senator Hanna Comes to Aid of General Who Was Relieved by President Roosevelt.

Senator Hanna has interested himself in the case of Gen. "Jake" Smith, known as "Hell-Fighting Jake," who was summarily relieved by the president on account of his "wild and warring" order in the Philippines, and in all probability will introduce at this session a bill to restore him to the army. All of the brigade generalships have been filled, and Mr. Hanna's plan is to introduce a bill in the Senate restoring a new one for the sake of restoring Gen. Smith.

Before this is done Senator Hanna will consult with the president to find out under all the circumstances, Mr. Roosevelt desires to keep Gen. Smith in the army. He wishes it understood that he does not intend to precipitate any content with the president and only move in Gen. Smith's behalf because he thinks an injustice has been done and because a large number of army officers support him in this view.

Senator Hanna will confer with Gen. Chaffee in Cleveland within a few days in regard to the case and will be guided largely by his opinion. Inasmuch as the general, since his return from the Philippines, has expressed the opinion that Gen. Smith's campaign in Samar was no more severe than the circuit standard warranted, it is altogether probable that he will urge Senator Hanna to move for reinstatement.

Gen. Smith has already said that his orders from Gen. Chaffee were even more vigorous than he himself is credited with giving, and it is known that the two officers stand together on the case.

Senator Hanna will not introduce his bill until he has been convinced that a majority of his republican colleagues will support the measure.

PRINCE IN CONGRESS.

Hawaii Will Be Represented on the Floor of the House by a Genuine Sprig of Royalty.

The election of Prince Kapu Kalamano, the delegate from Hawaii, introduces to the Congress of the United States its first member of royal blood. This princely son will be without a vote. He will get his salary and privilege of the floor and that will let him out. Prince Kapu's real name is John Kuniu Kalamano. It is written thus by native Hawaiians who know him and his family. He is a brother of Prince David who was a delegate to the national democratic

convention in 1900, and who cast the vote maintaining silver in the democratic platform.

The generally accepted name of Prince Kapu came to him not at his baptism, but by the consent of his public either in Hawaii or elsewhere. He is a member of the royal family. He has been elected as a republican, but his personal sympathies are strongly royalist.

Those who know Prince Kapu say he is a belligerent and touchy on points of honor regarding himself and his race. He is a born fighter, and when the House was broke out he tendered his services to the British government as a soldier and saw active duty on the fields of South Africa. He has a medal from the King of Great Britain in recognition of his soldierly bearing and faithful service in the Boer fighting.

It is stated that Prince Kapu will not be present in his own country and he has been mixed up in many personal quarrels in his own country and is a man whose anger is feared more than any other anger. He is married to a young woman, and he is a member of the society of his own people rather than the American or non-native elements of the inhabitants of the archipelago.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

To Guard Against Fire.

The so-called Morris bill, for cutting the pine on the ceded Chippewa reservations, requires every purchaser of timber to "burn or remove a sufficient amount of the tops and residue to prevent a fire from breaking out in the timber left standing." It is thought by many that the time has come when timber owners generally in this state are conforming to a similar rule, and each year, say before the 1st of March, burn or remove the tops and branches of their trees which have been cut down, and thus in case of their failure to do so the state, through the local fire wardens, should do it, the expense to be a lien on the logs. If such a law were enacted by our legislature it would be well for the state to enable the local fire wardens to burn as soon as practicable the old slashings, which are a menace to the safety of settlements. Some lumbermen have always made a practice to burn their slashings, and they say it is not very expensive.

Mistaken Jump.

George Burke, a fireman on the Hastings & Dakota division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, jumped from his engine while going full speed by a junction near Farmington, Minn., between the main line and the Iowa & Minnesota division and the Hastings line, and sustained injuries which may prove fatal.

When the train, which was an extra freight, was nearing the junction, Burke thought he saw some object ahead, and fearing a collision, jumped for his life. Engineer F. E. White, on seeing his fireman jump, immediately stopped the train and the crew went back and found Burke lying unconscious beside the track. Upon examination they found that he had sustained a fracture of the skull.

After Relief.

A searching party, with Oliver Gilbert at its head, is to be sent out by Governor Van Sant in quest of the old Red River cart, carriages, robes, whips, harness, etc., which went to make up the collection of curios in Minnesota exhibited at the cotton centennial exposition at New Orleans in 1884. The state historical society will provide a permanent repository for the relics when they are found. All trace of these relics has been lost since they were last exhibited at the state fair in 1885. All communications bearing on this subject should be addressed to Mr. Gibbs, who represented Minnesota at the Louisiana exposition, at 99 Spruce place, Minneapolis, care of W. H. Colburn.

A Small Fortune.

The late Fred Adkins, of Delano, left a big surprise for his relatives. He lived with his grandson and has had the privilege of having a room to himself. He had in the room a small box which he kept locked with an ordinary padlock.

When the box was opened it was found to contain, besides papers, \$5,000 in gold and currency, which he had kept unknown to any member of the family.

Renovated Butter.

Reports of the internal revenue department at St. Paul show that 25,085 pounds of "renovated" butter were manufactured in Minnesota last month. According to the same reports no less than 1,000,000 pounds of such butter is made in this state every year. The compound pays a revenue tax of one-quarter of a cent in gold and currency, according to legal definition, is a grade produced by mixing, reworking, reconditioning or refining butter into a product that is denatured or made less palatable by the introduction of some acid, alkali or chemical substance.

Fee Received.

State Auditor Dunn has just received \$2,835.40 from the grain inspection of the state railroad and warehouse commission, fees collected for the inspection of grain during the past month.

He also received \$2,203.50 from the board of managers of the Soldiers' Home, retained from pensions received by the quarter was \$7,801.50, of which the pensioners were paid \$4,942.

News Notes.

John Schmitt, Jr., a young farmer, was found dead in a snow drift buried in snow and frozen to death near Rochester.

Ladies of the village of Fertile have organized a cemetery improvement society for the purpose of caring for the "Desert Hill" cemetery.

The Chicago Steamship Company is paying \$500 a day to keep open the channel at the head of the lakes so that coal may be brought in.

George Burt, indicted for grand larceny for stealing \$130.00 from his roommate, was found guilty at Breckinridge.

Twenty-eight feet of cattle belonging to Mrs. Nell Graham, near Owatonna, were driven to the rendering works and killed, having been consumed by W. Amos, deputy tax collector, as being infested with tuberculosis.

In a suit between one that Bessemer ore finds may be made in the territory north of the Musselshell, Mesquiere range, which is the only Bessemer property in this region.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Business District Devastated by Aid of West Conflagration in Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., Dec. 22.—The worst fire which has ravaged the business portion of the city since the disastrous mill fire from fire in a conflagration of 1867 broke out at 1:30 o'clock Monday morning in a four-story building on Commerce avenue directly opposite the Central Hotel. The conflagration, which was in full possession of the building, was extinguished by the Knoxville Fire company. In two hours' time buildings adjoining it on Commerce avenue, occupied by Broyles, McCallister & Lacey, agricultural implement dealers, the L. David Commission company, the immense establishment of the George Brown Hardware company on Gay street, Franklin Grain company and the H. H. Gate & Co. building on the same street had been completely gutted.

Commercial insurance men say the loss will be between \$400,000 and \$500,000. Other estimates place it much higher.

There was a very spectacular one and attracted a crowd numbering into the thousands. It is a miracle that no one was hurt with the showers of falling glass, and the terrific explosion of the Brown Hardware company that scattered bricks, burning embers and all conceivable articles of merchandise. The company's building saved at least the business district from a loss of \$5,000,000 at the least. The flames being easily handled after the big structure had fallen.

REFRESHED BY HIS OUTING.

President Roosevelt and Family Return from Their Short Visit to Rapidan, Va.

Washington, Dec. 22.—President Roosevelt and family arrived in Washington from Rapidan, Va., at 11:25 o'clock Monday morning. They were met at the station by Secretary Cortelyou and were driven directly to the white house. The trip from Rapidan was made without incident. The announcement was made at the executive offices that between Christmas and New Year's day the president would not make any appointments for receiving callers, and that during that week he would have no regular office hours. He will spend as much time when they are air as he can find, and will ride, as his duties will permit.

School Statistics of New York.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 22.—According to a statistical summary issued by the state department of public instruction, the total amount expended for the support of elementary, secondary and higher education in this state during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, was \$42,311,937, of which secondary education cost \$4,628,225; and academies, \$2,182,212. The total amount expended amounted to \$22,716,230. The average cost per pupil based on average daily attendance was \$41.14, a decrease of \$0.54. Based on the number of 1901 the total amount of maintaining the public schools amounts to \$3.14 for each man, woman and child in the state.

Hanged.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 22.—Jerry Kimbrough, convicted of criminal assault upon Mrs. Taylor of Hanover county, about a month ago, was hanged at Hanover courthouse Monday. He confessed the crime.

Waterloo Killed by Engine.

Waterloo, Ia., Dec. 22.—Charles A. Gilbert, one of the oldest conductors of the Illinois Central, was run down by a switch engine Monday and instantly killed.

THE MARKETS.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

WHEAT—Steady. Chicago, 1 1/2c; St. Louis, 1 1/2c; Minneapolis, 1 1/2c; Duluth, 1 1/2c. CORN—Weak. New York, 1 1/2c; St. Louis, 1 1/2c; Minneapolis, 1 1/2c; Duluth, 1 1/2c. BUTTER—Easy. Creamery, 20c; Dairy, 18c. EGGS—Firm. At mark, cases, 25c; 1/2c; 1/2c. CHICKENS—Easy. Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 10c; geese, 10c; ducks, 10c. POTATOES—Easy. Rural, 10c; Burbank, 10c; Rose and King, 10c.

Flour, Steady.

WHEAT—Spot steady. No. 2 red, 75c; hard red, 75c; soft red, 75c; white, 75c. CORN—Spot steady. No. 2, 10c; white, 10c; yellow, 10c. BUTTER—Spot steady. No. 1, 20c; No. 2, 18c; No. 3, 16c. EGGS—Spot steady. No. 1, 25c; No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 21c. CHICKENS—Spot steady. Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 10c; geese, 10c; ducks, 10c. POTATOES—Spot steady. Rural, 10c; Burbank, 10c; Rose and King, 10c.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Good to prime, heavy, 10c; good to choice, heavy, 9c; medium, 8c; light, 7c. CATTLE—Good to prime, heavy, 10c; good to choice, heavy, 9c; medium, 8c; light, 7c. SHEEP—Good to prime, heavy, 10c; good to choice, heavy, 9c; medium, 8c; light, 7c.

Other News.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—The following children have been received from Commodore Diehl, of the Marietta, which now lies at La Guayra. The message comes from the Marietta, the Marietta and the Marietta.

British view animal established.

effective blockade from and after December 20 of La Guayra, Curacao, Guayana, Colombia, Cartagena and the mouth of the Orinoco. Vessels sailing from the Orinoco and the West Indies before the date of noti-

JOHN LINDGREN.

Groceries, Provisions, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Arctics, and all kinds of HARDWARE.

I also have a complete stock of
Dry Goods, Crockery, and Glassware.

I have the Largest Stock of
Jewelry For the Holiday Trade
ever shown in this part of the county

Butter and Eggs taken in Exchange.

John Lindgren,
GREELEY, - - MINN.

48
per cent. Dividends.

Spindle Top Lands Have the Only Cusbers.

No other field on earth can compare with its already enormous output. 500,000 barrels were produced and consumed in 1901.

WE OWN OUTRIGHT ONE-HALF ACRE OF THE CORE.

Most companies own 1-16, 1-32 or 1-64 of an acre of proven oil land on Spindle Top. We lead all Minnesota companies

A Home Company and a Home Market.

Minnesota business men control the affairs of the company and we have already established a market for the oil in St. Paul, Minneapolis, Red Wing and other Minnesota cities.

The Minnesota Oil Co., of Texas,

403 Bank of Minnesota Bldg. ST. PAUL, MINN.
If you cannot call write for particulars.

Burlington Route

St. Louis and the South

Are conveniently and comfortably reached by our two trains a day.

The Limited, leaving Minneapolis at 7:50, St. Paul 8:35 p. m. daily, arrives in St. Louis the following afternoon. Combination Compartment and Standard Sleepers and Reclining Chair Cars.

The Scenic Express, leaving Minneapolis at 7:50, St. Paul 8:05 a. m., except Sunday, arrives in St. Louis early next morning. Sleeping Cars from Rock Island south.

This is the most direct route from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Clinton, Davenport, Rock Island, and all Mississippi River cities. Passengers by either train make close connections with lines south southeast and southwest in St. Louis Union Station.

ASK YOUR HOME AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON.

The Worst Form.

Multitudes are singing praises of Kodol, the new discovery which is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by digesting what they eat, by cleansing and sweetening the stomach and by transforming their blood that makes you feel good all over. Mrs. Cravill, of Troy, I. T., writes, "For a number of years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia which grew into the worst form. Finally I was induced to use Kodol, and after using four bottles I am entirely cured. I heartily recommend Kodol to all sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia." Take a dose after meals. It digests what you eat. John Y. Breckenridge.

Photographs
AT
Poole's Gallery.

Latest Style and Finish. Artistic Posing and Lighting. Platno Photos are the Best.

We will make large Photos 14x17 inches in size, from any small negative at \$1.75. And larger ones, price according to sizing.

W. E. POOLE, - Artist.

William C. Engler,

DEALER IN

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

We keep constantly on hand the Following Meats:

Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, Poultry, AND GAME IN SEASON.

We also make and have on hand all kinds of sausage
William C. Engler
Pine City, Minn.

Natural Anxiety.

Mothers regard approaching winter with uneasiness, children take cold so easily. No disease costs more little lives than croup. It's attack is so sudden that the sufferer is often beyond human aid before the doctor arrives. Such cases yield readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Liquidifies the mucus, allays inflammation, removes danger. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung trouble. F. S. McMahon, Hampton, Ga. "A bad cold rendered me voiceless just before an oratorical contest. I intended to withdraw but took One Minute Cough Cure. It restored my voice in time to win the medal!" John Y. Breckenridge.

GEORGE SHERWOOD'S Dray Lie.

We are prepared to do all work in our line in a workman like manner.

Geo. Sherwood, Prop.
Pine City, Minnesota.

MONEY

to loan on good security. Apply at

GOLD & SPRING FARM, FINLAYSON, Dr. R. C. Hoffman.



My Friend Why will you allow the pains of one of your kind when
H. W. BARKER'S ESCULAPIUS will cure that Headache in ten minutes
25 CENTS AT DRUG STORES

Herman Borchers

Carries the most complete stock of

Ladies' and Gent's

Fine Boots and Shoes

Eye Brought to this village.

Also Carries a First-Class Line of
Rubbers and Slippers.

Boots and Shoes Made to Order, Boot and Shoe Repairing a Specialty,

PINE CITY MINN

Corner Store
New Goods!

F. J. RYBAK'S

Elegant Corner Store is now open and ready for business. He carries a full line of

General Merchandise.
Boots, Shoes, Etc.

Also Farm Produce, Flour and Feed, Lime and Plastering Hair.
F. J. RYBAK,
Pine City, Minn.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

JOS VOLENEC.

FRESH, SALT and SMOKED MEAT.

Fish, Game and Poultry,

In Season.
Telephone Number 44.

Pine City, - - Minn.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT RENOVATOR
PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS IN 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Slighty Emission, Lost Power, Falling Memory, Weakness, Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indigestion, which unfit one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but it also gives pure tonic and blood builders, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It works of History and Common Sense. Look on having REVIVO, as it can be carried in your pocket or mailed \$1.00 per package, or at \$2.00, with a post paid wrapper, guaranteed by name or returned free written guarantee by name. Address: The Revivo, 1200 Broadway Pl., ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Pine City By
J. Y. Breckenridge.

In all the world no cure like H. W. Barker's Cough, Catarrh, Consumption Remedy, at J. Y. Breckenridge's Drug Store

Bilious Colic Prevented.

Take a double dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as soon as the first indication of the disease appears and a threatened attack may be ward off. Hundreds of people who are subject to attacks of bilious colic use the remedy in this way with perfect success. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge.

Buy an Iowa Dairy Cream Separator. It will facilitate your labors.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspepsia have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take. **It can't help but do you good**

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The U. S. Code contains 2 1/2 times the U. S. Code.

Send me the names of any persons whom you know may have the western fever, with any knowledge you have regarding them and I will gladly see that they receive information about the Northwest and its future possibilities and the low rates now prevailing to all points in the northwest. For further information address any agent of the Nor. Pac. Ry. or G. P. & T. A., N. P. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

A Liberal Offer.

The undersigned will give a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to any one wanting a reliable remedy for disorders of the stomach, biliousness or constipation. This is a new remedy and a good one. J. Y. Breckenridge.

Come to the

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

for your Fancy and Commercial Job Printing.

Smoke Sapharosa Se. cigar.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Free Lunch Always on hand.

LOUIS STEINPATZ

Good Combination Pool and Billiard Table in Connection.

DEALER IN

PURE WINES, FANCY LIQUORS.

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC CIGARS.

We carry a large variety of Bottle Goods. Buselmeier Beer always on Tap. Phone No. 35.

H. W. BARKER'S

COUGH CATARRH CONSUMPTION REMEDY 50c
IN ALL THE WORLD NO CURE LIKE THIS

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY J. Y. BRECKENRIDGE.

BETHANIA MINERAL WATER
and any good-by to kidney and bladder diseases and dyspepsia.
IT CURES.
OSCEOLA, WIS.

Look Out for Fever

Biliousness and fever disorders of the season may be prevented by the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. These famous pills are not grip. They move the bowels gently, but copiously, and by the use of the tonic properties give the strength to the glands.
John Y. Breckenridge.

The New Hardware Store

is stocked with a full line of Hardware,

Paints, Oils.

Also agent for the celebrated **Electric Seal Red Oil** for illuminating purposes.

JOHN BARTA, Proprietor.

Money to loan on good security. Apply at Gold Spring Farm, Finlayson.
Dr. R. C. Hoffman

WANTED 6 YOUNG MEN from PINE COUNTY at once to prepare for the Positions in the Government Service—Railway Mail Clerks, Letter Carriers, Custom House and Departmental Clerks, etc. Apply to Inter-State Corres. Inst., 2mo. 7-18 Cedar Rapids, Ia.

Stepped Against a Hot Stove

A child of Mrs. Geo. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath, stepped back against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great agony and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the house, she thought she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Mrs. Benson is a well-known resident of Kellar, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and especially valuable for burns, cuts, bruises and sprains. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge.

WANTED.

A young man to act as Local Advertising and business Manager. Send reference and 4 cents in postage stamps for particulars and catalogue of goods we manufacture. Swartzburg Manufacturing Co., 1234 Central Ave. N. E. Minneapolis, Minn.
Builders of Gasoline Engines, Dynamos and Motors, Pleasure Boats and launches. Wood and Iron turning lathes.