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The Pine County Pioneer.

The Pioneer has the largest bonafide circulation of any paper published along the "Duluth Short Line."

ED. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS. TERMS: $1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XVIII. PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1903. NO 49

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING DEDICATED

A Modern Structure Takes the Place of the Old School Building. The Remodeled Building Completed After an Expenditure of $19,000. Exercises Held in the Large New Assembly Room in the Presence of a Large Audience. State Supt., J. W. Olsen, Gives an Address. Much Credit Paid to Our Efficient School Board and Corps of Teachers.

Another mark has been made in the progress of education in our village. Last Friday evening the dedication exercises for the new public school building, which has been erected in Pine City during the past few months, were held in the large assembly room of that building and every seat was taken up by parents, scholars, and others who have the best interests of public instruction at heart.

THE OLD.

The high school building as it now stands with the old main building as a center and the large wings on either side, stands as a monument to the enterprise and interest taken by our people in the welfare and education of our coming generation, and we can pride ourselves on having the largest and finest school building on the "N. P. short line."

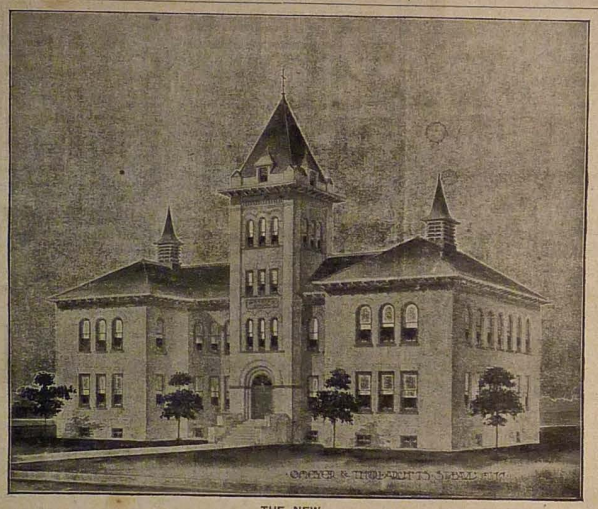
We publish two cuts, one of the building as it appeared before the enlargement and improvements were begun, and the other gives a front view of the completed structure as it stands today.

The "Webster School," as it was named, was erected in 1893 at a cost of $8,500, and the addition built this summer at a cost of $10,500 brings the total cost of the remodeled structure to $19,000. These figures include one of the finest heating plants that could be procured. O'Meyer & Thori, of St. Paul, were the architects, and the contract was let to Mr. Jackson, of White Bear, whose work was very creditably and conscientiously performed, and would undoubtedly have had the building completed, or nearly so, within the specified time had it not been for the wet weather which prevailed during the summer.

School district No. 3 was first organized in 1869, and then comprised what is now Chengwatana and part of Pokegama towns. In 1871 the boundaries were reestablished by the county commissioners, and later more territory was cut off from the district until now it is confined to Pine City alone.

The first school officers were C. Berry, clerk; P. T. Metler, treasurer; and R. K. Burrows, director.

Independent School District No. 3 was organized on the 13th day of June, 1899. The first officers were S. G. L. Roberts, president; H. J. Rath, P. W. McAllen, J. W. Axtell, Mrs. A. Pennington, and J. C. Miller, (deceased.) The present officers, to whose enterprise we are indebted to for the new building, are, D. Greely, president; H. J. Rath, secretary; Jas. Hurley, treasurer; J. W. Axtell, J. Adam Bede, and Robt. Greig, members of the board. The Board has always done all in its power to secure the best teachers possible and at the present time our schools are in charge of the following corps of teachers: E. W. Chamberlain, superintendent; the Misses Anna Henneghan, principal; Francis Wyman, May Simmons, Ione Prescott, Hilma Constantine, Elizabeth Day, and Kate Barnum.



THE NEW.

THE DEDICATION EXERCISES were very appropriate, and the different numbers were listened to very attentively by all present. D. Greeley, chairman of the board of education, opened the exercises with a few fitting remarks, and he also introduced the different speakers.

Robert C. Saunders was the first speaker announced and spoke for some length on education and defined what he thought to be the primary steps for every young person when starting out in school life. He said that if a scholar was a good penman, could read fluently, and was good at figures, he or she could easily accomplish good results in whatever branch of work they might decide upon for the future. He closed his remarks by paying a fitting tribute to the School Board for their untiring efforts in securing such a beautiful edifice, and the teachers of the different departments for their ability as instructors.

County Superintendent Blankenship gave a brief history of the school system of Pine county and devoted his remarks particularly to the growth of the county schools in the past seventeen years or since his residence here.

The principle speaker of the evening was introduced, and State Supt. of Public Instruction, J. W. Olsen of Minneapolis, delivered a very instructive and interesting address. He complimented Pine City on the beautiful and spacious school building which the residents had seen fit to erect, and the advancement the school had made in the past few years, showing that a great interest was taken in educational matters in this village, and he believed that we had as good a corps of teachers as could be obtained. He addressed most of his remarks to the young, pointing out to them what there was in store for those who were diligent in their studies, and made the best of their opportunities. Mr. Olsen is a fluent speaker and all of his remarks were listened to with profound interest.

These addresses were interspersed with beautiful solos and choruses by several of the well known soloists and singers of this place. The chorus was comprised of Mrs. E. W. Chamberlain, Mrs. G. J. Albrecht, Miss Anna Wescott, Dr. E. E. Barnum, and Arthur Olsen. Mrs Dr. Barnum is also a member of the chorus, but she was not able to appear on account of a severe cold.

The following was the order of the numbers rendered during the evening:

Introductory Remarks.....D. Greeley
Invocation.....Rev. Ferguson
Soprano Solo—"Clover".....
.....Miss Bessie Lambert
Address.....Robert C. Saunders
Song—"The Foresters".....Chorus
Address.....Co. Supt. Blankenship
Barytone Solo—"The Mighty Deep"
.....Arthur Olsen
Song—"Hark Appolo".....Quartet
Address.....State Supt. Olsen
Soprano Solo—"My Own United States".....Miss Nellie Madden
Benediction.....Rev. Andrews

HUNTER'S HOT SPRINGS.

It is not necessary for residents of the Northwest to go to the South and East for hot water pleasure and curative baths. Near Springdale, Mont., on the Northern Pacific, are Hunter's Hot Springs, temperature 148 degrees to 168 degrees Fahr., flowing 2000 gallons per minute, 40000 feet above the sea in the foot hills of the Crazy mountains, overlooking the Yellowstone river and valley. Good hotels, cottages, baths houses, swimming pool. Rates $2.50 per day, $15.00 per week, including baths. Baths are good for all rheumatic, skin, liver, kidney and stomach diseases. Appointments comfortable and satisfactory. Railway rates low. The region is a natural sanatorim. For information write J. E. McCormick, Hunter's Hot Springs, Mont.; or Chas. S. Fee, G. P. & T. A., Northern Pacific R'y., St. Paul, Minn.

F. A. HODGE, President. P. W. MCALLEN, Vice-Pres. JAMES D. BOYLE, Cashier.

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Drafts on Europe sold. Land Bought and sold

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The Farmers Exchange

Flour and Feed

We represent some of the best flour mills in Minnesota. You can always be sure of getting the very best flour at our store.

We have a big stock of everything in the feed line.

We are cash buyers of Live Stock and produce, Hides, Wool, etc.

Respectfully,

J. J. Madden.

DRUG STORE.

Now About Fancy China Dishes.

Have you seen our new ones? We shall be pleased to show them.

And the prices—They are right.

Then our 10-cent Counter. Many a useful article on that. Do not miss looking at it once.

Books!

No end to the titles, and prices never so low before

Large line of paper covered Novels	10c
Long list of cloth bound Books	25c
" " " " "	35c
Complete Shakespeare in 4 volumes	$1.50
" Kipling in 5 volumes	1.50

All the Magazines on our News Stand as fast as they come out. Subscriptions taken for any Newspaper or Magazine in the world, at regular prices.

Come and see what we can do for you.

BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMC'Y

MAIN STREET, PINE CITY.

Take an equal amount of good flour and poor flour, make a baking of each and note the results.

We make good flour and it costs no more than poor flour. WHY NOT BUY IT? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?

P. S. Our mills are now grinding the finest wheat we can buy, shipped from North Dakota. . . . .

PINE CITY MILLING & ELECT. CO.

LUMBER.

If you want to buy Lumber, Lath, Shingles, or anything in the building line, let us figure with you. Our Stok is complete and our prices attractive.

P. W. McALLEN, PINE CITY.

Pine Co. Pioneer

W. P. GOTTRY, Publisher.

PINE CITY, - - - MINN.

President James J. Hill, of the Northern Securities Co. was wrecked in Wisconsin the other day. He took off his coat and set to work with the train hands to clear the track, carrying ties, shoveling sand and lending a helping hand with the heavier pieces of debris whenever his services were required.

The countess of Warwick intends to establish agricultural settlements in different parts of England, where women who are expert in horticulture, dairy farming and poultry rearing can work on the co-operative principles. She believes that the problem can be solved by training intelligent and educated women to these callings.

Electricity is making rapid progress in the land of the Nile. Not only Cairo and Alexandria, but almost every city in the interior is now lighted by electricity. The telephone system of the larger cities is being extended, and electrically propelled boats will soon ply on the Nile. The system of electric tramways is also being greatly extended.

It is reported that a Hamburg firm has received an order to equip the Chinese emperor's palace at Peking with electricity. For this purpose a dynoma with four steam engines and 16 transformers will be required. Not only is an order of this kind important in itself, but the prestige it will give German industries in that country will be very considerable.

Three canes which at one time belonged to distinguished Americans have been presented to the York (Pa.) Historical society. One was originally the property of Stephen A. Douglas; another was owned by James Buchanan before his election to the presidency, and the third was the property of Roger B. Taney, chief justice of the United States.

The latest craze in New York among the very wealthy is an extravagant style of invitation card. Not long ago the wife of a millionaire ordered 200 of these from a local firm and they cost her just $10 each. The cards were made of ivory edged with gold, the name of the guest and hostess being lettered in gold on one side, the other being hand-painted. Cards at $5 each are quite common.

A power transmission installation is now being erected at Bageline, in Italy, in which a pressure of 40,000 volts will be used—the first instance in Europe of so high a voltage being employed. The project is designed to distribute power to the town of Brescia, and the neighboring works. Power will be derived from the River Caffaro, rising in the Tyrolean Alps, and feeding the Chiesa.

The right or otherwise of a shirt waist man to enter the dining-room of a hotel is about to be settled in a Philadelphia court. One hot day last July De Wolf Norman, a Quaker City man of social note, entered a dining-room minus coat and waistcoat, but wearing a neat shirt waist and belt. He was informed that gentlemen so attired would not be served there, and despite his protests he was ejected. Mr. Norman consulted his lawyer, who has begun a suit for damages against the hotel man.

Sorely tried housekeepers in New York and vicinity hope great things from a newly started movement for a servant's guild whose main object will be to thoroughly train acceptable girls for the duties of domestic service. Mrs. Russell Sage has been especially prominent in the movement. In her view the chief trouble in keeping good servants lies usually with the mistresses, who are inclined to be inconsiderate slave drivers. The title of the new organization is to be the Women's Domestic guild.

The greatest ocean depth ever discovered was sounded only a short time ago, during the recent cruise of the Albatross in the Pacific, Prof. Agassiz being in charge of the expedition, and near the island of Guam. There the beam trawl, attached to a steel cable, was lowered to the depth of 35,579 feet, five miles, almost at high as Mt. Everest. By means of thermometers attached to the trawl it was found that the water at this depth bore the temperature of only 35 degrees, just a little above the freezing point.

An exceedingly interesting communication was made to the Academie des Sciences recently by M. Raphael Dubois, professor of the University of Lyons, who informed the learned body that he had found the means of acclimating the pearl oyster and reproducing pearls on the coast of France. Before the assembled scientists, M. Dubois exhibited several living specimens of the genuine pearl oyster cultivated in the Mediterranean. The pearls shown were of the species known as margeritisera vulgaris (Jameson).

Statistics for the year ending August 29 show that automobiles killed as many persons in England in a week as railroad trains did in a year. The accidents enumerated in England and Wales during the period mentioned were 2,991, the persons injured being 2,964 and the deaths 411. The figures show an average of 76.75 accidents per week, with 57.52 persons injured and 7.9 killed every week. During the last 12 months the total number of passengers and railway officials killed on British railways was eight, the injured being 324.

EXTRA SESSION CALLED TO ORDER

Congress Convenes in Washington in Accordance with Proclamation of the President.

At the Roll Call Seventy Senators Answered—Joseph G. Cannon Chosen Speaker of the House—Several Bills Are Introduced and Other Business Is Transacted.

Washington, Nov. 10.—With galleries crowded, with the chamber a mass of elaborate floral tributes and nearly every senator in his seat, the gavel of President Por-tem. Frye sounded at noon Yesterday calling the senate together in the second extraordinary session of the Fifty-eighth congress. At the roll-call 70 senators answered, and President Pro-tem. Frye declared a quorum present.

Senator Hoar and Senator Gorman were appointed a committee to join a committee appointed by the house to inform the president congress had organized and was ready to receive any communication he had to make.

A resolution offered by Senator Culom fixing 12 o'clock, noon, as the hour for convening daily sessions was adopted, after which the senate, at 12:14 p. m., adjourned.

In the House.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The house of representatives of the Fifty-eighth congress yesterday held its first session and except for the naming of committees, which will follow later, organization was completed. Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, whose elevation to the speakership was assured months ago, was formally elected speaker and inducted into office.

Many Bills Introduced.

Several hundred bills were introduced in the house, among them being the following: Admission of New Mexico as a state; restoring the army canteen; giving congress the right to regulate the trusts; to increase the pay of rural free delivery carriers; providing a territorial form of government for Alaska; to abolish government by injunction; to elect senators by popular vote; prescribing the death penalty for the crime of killing the president of the United States, the vice president, ambassadors or ministers of foreign countries accredited to the United States. Adjourned.

MINERS QUIT WORK.

Ten Thousand Men Strike for Eight-Hour Day in the Colorado Coal Fields.

Denver, Col., Nov. 10.—More than 10,000 coal miners in Colorado went on strike Monday for an eight-hour day, increased wages and other concessions. The strike was ordered by the national executive officers of the United Mine Workers of America after the coal companies refused to confer with union representatives concerning the demands of the men. Of the idle men, 6,000 are in the southern coal fields; 2,000 in the northern coal fields, and 1,800 in Fremont county. One hundred mines have been closed down. A few independent properties in the northern coal fields and elsewhere will not stop work, since the operators have agreed to concede the eight-hour day and also increase wages. Less than 1,000 miners will remain at work, according to reports from the affected districts. The announcement comes that 600 have gone out in Colfax county, N. M. The others in that territory are now negotiating with the mine owners.

Entire Family Murdered.

Marianna, Fla., Nov. 10.—The dead bodies of five negroes, badly mutilated, have been discovered in a cabin eight miles from this place. The bodies have been identified as Henry Kelly, his wife and three small children. Kelly, his wife and one of the children had been murdered by having been beaten over the head with some blunt instrument, while the two younger children had been decapitated. Two negroes have been arrested on suspicion.

State Bank Robbed.

Parkers Prairie, Minn., Nov. 10.—The State bank was robbed Sunday night, the safe being looted of every dollar it contained. The burglars blew a hole large enough to let them through the outer vault door and blew the inner safe all to pieces. As nearly as can be ascertained they secured a little over $3,000. They used nitroglycerin and knew just how to handle it. The bank carried burglar insurance. There is no clew.

Bryan Loses.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 7.—Judge Livingston W. Cleaveland, of the probate court, handed down a decision in the Philo S. Bennett will case, holding that the secret letter directing Mrs. Bennett, the widow, to pay William J. Bryan $50,000, was not a part of the will. The effect of this is to prevent Mr. Bryan from obtaining the money mentioned in the letter.

Memorial to Victoria.

London, Nov. 9.—In memory of the "best of mothers-in-law," is the tribute to the late Queen Victoria, inscribed on a memorial just erected at the royal mausoleum at Frogmore. The memorial is a beautiful statue of the Saviour, 17 feet high, sculptured and sent from Denmark at the expense of Queen Alexandra.

Anarchist to Be Deported.

New York, Nov. 9.—Judge Lacombe, of the federal court in New York, ordered the deportation of John Turner, the English anarchist, being the first application of the new law forbidding "reds" entrance here.

COLOMBIA PROTESTS.

Complains of Course Taken by the United States—Embarking of Troops Prohibited.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The United States of Colombia has lodged a protest with the state department against the action of the United States in connection with the events which have occurred on the Isthmus of Panama. The terms of the protest could not be ascertained, but it is known that strong objection is made to the attitude of the United States in general and against interpretations made by this government of the treaty of 1846 between the United States of America and the United States of Colombia.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Embarking of Colombian troops from Buena Ventura or any other Colombian port for the Isthmus will not be permitted by the Washington government and American warships will be ordered to any port upon receipt of an intimation that Colombian troops will attempt to sail for the Isthmus. The Washington government holds that this policy is in the interest of the general good.

Berlin, Nov. 10.—The foreign office says Germany will, of course, recognize the republic of Panama after the United States' formal recognition. The German government has not yet requested the United States to protect German citizens and their property, because, apparently, they are not in danger.

BOILER EXPLODES.

Fatal Accident Occurs at Agricultural College at Columbus, O.—Engineer Is Killed.

Columbus, O., Nov. 7.—While students of the agricultural college at the Ohio state university were witnessing the harvesting of a field of corn for ensilage purposes by a machine, operated by an old traction engine shortly before ten o'clock Friday, the boiler blew up. The hurling pieces of iron tore through the crowd of students. The engineer, Charles Pepper, was blown about 50 feet from the engine and his body was terribly mangled by the debris and scalded by the hot water from the boiler. Eight persons were injured.

Prof. Vernon H. Davis, assistant professor in horticulture, had his hand badly cut and mashed.

MOTION IS GRANTED.

United States Supreme Court Advances Case of Minnesota vs. Northern Securities Company.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The United States supreme court Monday granted the motion recently made on behalf of the state of Minnesota to advance the hearing of the case of that state vs. the Northern Securities company, and named the 4th of January, after other cases already set for that date, as the time for hearing the case.

The state has asked that the case be set for hearing in connection with the proceeding of the national government against the securities company, for which December 14 already has been designated.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

Children Play with Can Which Had Contained Nitroglycerin and Four Are Killed.

Lancaster, O., Nov. 9.—Four children were instantly killed by an explosion of nitroglycerin at Buck's Run, in Hocking county, Sunday. The dead are Oscar Bohn, and Charles Bohn, aged 14 and 12; their eight-year-old sister and the nine-year-old son of Robert Conrad. The children were playing with a can which had contained nitroglycerin and it is supposed struck it with a stone. The home of the Bohns was partially wrecked. The bodies of the children were terribly mutilated.

Death of William L. Elkins.

New York, Nov. 9.—William L. Elkins, master of millions and one of the noted, picturesque duo of financial giants who made the coupled names of Widener-Elkins famous for great enterprises in both America, in Europe and even in Africa and the far east, died Saturday night at his suburban mansion, at Ashborne, near Philadelphia. He was 71 years old.

Showed Their Feeling.

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 7.—As showing the depth of resentment over the success of the United States in the Alaska boundary matter, during the performance of a minstrel troupe here the music of the American anthem was vigorously hissed. When the flag formed itself in the stage lights, the expressions of dissent became so loud that the curtain was hastily rung down.

Anarchist to Be Deported

New York, Nov. 9.—Judge Lacombe, of the federal court in New York, ordered the deportation of John Turner, the English anarchist, being the first application of the new law forbidding "reds" entrance here.

Strike Ordered.

New York, Nov. 9.—President Frank Buchanan, of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers of America, has ordered a strike the country over on all contracts held by the Iron League of New York.

Emperor Under Surgeon's Knife.

Berlin, Nov. 9.—Emperor William underwent an operation Saturday for the removal of a growth from his larynx. The operation was not a serious one.

Battleship Maine Sails.

Newport News, Va., Nov. 10.—Under rush orders to proceed to Colon, the United States battleship Maine steamed out of the harbor Monday afternoon.

Secretary Root Returns.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Secretary Root has returned from his duties abroad in connection with the Alaskan boundary commission.

MET DEATH IN A BURNING MINE

The Terrible Disaster Occurs in the Kearsarge Mine Near Virginia City, Mont.

Nine Men Known to Have Lost Their Lives in the Shaft, Among Them the Superintendent, Who Gave His Life for Others—Names of Those Who Perished.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 7.—A Virginia City special to the Miner says fire in the Kearsarge mine, six miles from Virginia City, killed nine men. The damage to surface buildings is slight. Among the dead is Superintendent R. B. Turner, of Butte, one of the best known mining men in the northwest. Four bodies have been recovered.

The Victims.

The dead are R. B. Turner, superintendent of the Kearsarge mine; George Allen, stationary engineer; John Tobin, James Powers, Edward Labredy, William Fleming, Robert Donnelly and two unknown men, all miners. All the dead miners are from Butte and were single men. The Kearsarge is one of the principal gold mines of the state, and is considered very valuable. It is operated by the Alder Mining company.

Superintendent Killed.

Superintendent Turner gave his life for his men. He was at breakfast and partially dressed when the alarm came. Dashing into the house in his shirt sleeves, with another miner whose name has not been learned, Turner made his way into the main tunnel. Here they found everything ablaze. They groped their way down and dragged out five bodies, including Tobin's. In a second attempt they did not come out and were later brought forth dead by the rescuers, the man who so heroically aided Turner perishing with him.

Inquest Held.

As soon as the news reached Virginia City every one hurried to Summit. County Attorney Duncan and Acting Coroner N. D. Johnson, who started out to hold an inquest on John Tobin, remained to perform a like duty over the bodies of the others. Superintendent Turner had a wife and one child, a boy, who were living at the mine.

Labor's Leaders Meet.

Boston, Nov. 10.—The twenty-third annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, which was opened in this city yesterday and which will continue probably for at least 14 days, got into working order before an adjournment was taken late in the afternoon. President Samuel Gompers delivered his annual address to the delegates and Secretary Frank Morrison and Treasurer John B. Lennon presented their annual statements.

Two Killed by Gas Explosion.

Pittsburg, Nov. 7.—An explosion of gas in a pit at the repair shops of the Pennsylvania railroad here Friday killed William Skiles, aged 18, and Stewart R. Breit, aged 30, almost instantly. The men were at work in the pit repairing a hydraulic jack, when the gas formed from chemicals used in operating the jack ignited from a lighted torch. Both men were terribly burned.

Sent to Prison.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—Charles Welsman, one of the vice presidents of the Hebrew Jefferson club, was sentenced by Judge Adams in the United States district court to serve three years in the state penitentiary and to pay a fine of one dollar for his connection with the fraudulent naturalization of aliens in the St. Louis court of appeals.

Emperor to Participate.

Berlin, Nov. 7.—Emperor William's schooner yacht Meteor will go to the United States in the spring to take part in the ocean yacht race for the Emperor's cup.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Ohio Gives a Large Republican Plurality—Tammany Successful in New York—Other States.

Columbus, O., Nov. 5.—The republican plurality in Ohio is about 115,000 for governor and the majority in the legislature on joint ballot for senator is 93. The counties carried by the democrats were all in the rural districts, all of the larger cities being in the counties that gave republican pluralities.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 5.—Unofficial estimates place Gov. Cummins' plurality over J. B. Sullivan, democratic candidate for governor, at 75,000. Gov. Cummins ran somewhat ahead of the remainder of the republican state ticket. The democrats will have 23 of the 100 members of the next house, a gain of six, and eight of the 50 members of the senate, a loss of two.

Philadephia, Pa., Nov. 6.—Complete returns of the vote cast on Tuesday for state treasurer give Mathues (rep.), 513,672; Hill (dem.), 228,611; Mathues' plurality, 285,151. For auditor general, Snyder (rep.), 500,411; Dewalt (dem.), 236,505; Snyder's plurality, 263,906.

New York, Nov. 5.—George B. McClellan (dem.) will be the next mayor of Greater New York, having defeated Mayor Seth Low for reelection by a plurality of 63,617. The state gave a majority of nearly 250,000 in favor of the proposition that the state shall spend $101,000,000 for improving its canals.

Boston, Nov. 5.—With the exception of the falling off in the socialistic vote, the election in Massachusetts very nearly paralleled that of last year. Gov. John L. Bates was reelected by the republicans by a plurality of 35,849 over Col. William A. Gaston.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 5.—Complete returns from the 152 districts of the state received reelect Gov. L. F. C. Garvin by 1,587 plurality, a decrease of 6,151 votes.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 5.—Returns show that Barnes has been elected associate justice of the supreme court by from 7,000 to 11,000 and the balance of the republican state ticket by about 14,000.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 6.—The returns from the wards of Baltimore city and the Maryland counties are now substantially complete, and they show a plurality of 12,375 for Edwin Warfield, democratic candidate for governor. The returns also show that the democrats will have a two-thirds majority in each branch of the next legislature, and a majority of 49 on joint ballot.

Given a Life Term.

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 7.—On his plea of guilty, Judge Mohan, in the Mason county circuit court at Havana, sentenced Edward Barton, a horse trader of Springfield, to the penitentiary at Joliet for life. On July 10 last Barton shot and killed Irving Rosenfield, a prominent merchant at Mason City, and seriously wounded Julius Frank, a clerk, who came to the rescue of his employer.

No Currency Legislation.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Members of the senate finance committee, after conferring with the president, decided against the passage of a general currency bill by congress during the winter, and say the only financial legislation will be an act to define the security which may be accepted for government deposits in national banks.

Wages Increased.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Judge Grosscup ordered a ten per cent. increase in the wages of the barn and shop men of the Union Traction company. Unions are jubilant, the action of the court being the first recognition of the unions.

Parks Sentenced.

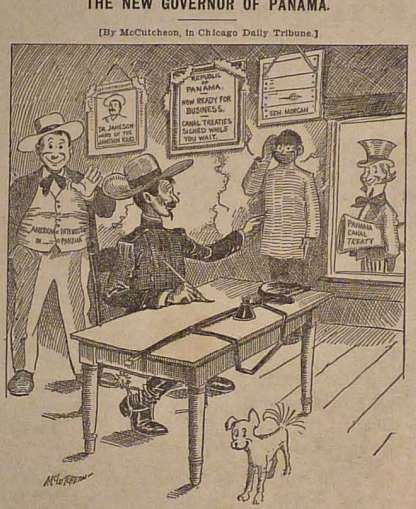
New York, Nov. 7.—Sam Parks has been sentenced to two years and three months in Sing Sing prison. This sentence was passed on the charge of extorting $500 from the Tiffany studios.

Sawmill Burned.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 7.—The N. H. Heiway sawmill, in this city, was totally destroyed by fire between four and six o'clock Friday morning. The loss is $65,000; insurance half that amount.

THE NEW GOVERNOR OF PANAMA.

[By McCutcheon, in Chicago Daily Tribune.]



"Say, Boy, See If There's Anybody Out There That Wants a Treaty Signed."

MORE PUPILS ARE IN THE SCHOOLS

The Average Daily Attendance Is the Largest That Has Ever Been Reported.

For the Entire Country It Reaches the Total of 10,992,273—The Entire Enrollment Is 18,080,840—Interesting Statistics from Report of Commissioner of Education.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The report of the commissioner of education for the last fiscal year places the total number of pupils enrolled in the common schools during the year at 15,925,887, or over 20 per cent. of the entire population. The average daily attendance for 1902 was 10,992,273, being 69 per cent. of the total number enrolled. This is the largest average attendance on the number enrolled ever reported in the United States. The actual average number of days attended by each pupil enrolled reached 100 days, which was 22 days in excess of that of 1870.

Average School Term.

The average school term for the first time in the history of the United States reached 145 days. The average monthly wages of teachers for 1902 were $49 for men and about $40 for women. Less than 28 per cent. of the teachers were men, or 122,392 out of a total of 439,596.

The private schools are tabulated at 1,103,901 for the elementary schools and 168,636 for academies and other secondary schools.

Total Enrollment.

The total enrollment for the year, including public and private, elementary, secondary and higher education, was 17,460,000 pupils, and to this there should be an addition made for evening schools, business schools, private kindergartens, Indian schools, state schools for defectives, orphans, etc., 620,840, making a grand total of 18,080,840 in general and special schools.

The increase in the length of the school term to 145 days is due to the growth of cities and large villages. The school year includes 200 days in nearly all of the large cities and 180 days in the majority of the villages. The average schooling of the entire population is placed at 1.022 days.

Value of Property.

The public high schools enrolled 75 per cent. of the entire number of secondary students. The value of the school property of the high schools of the United States amounted to nearly $125,000,000; that of private schools of the same grade amounted to about $65,000,000. About one-half of the private schools are controlled by religious denominations.

ATTEMPT IS SUCCESSFUL.

S. F. Cody Finally Crosses Channel in His Kite-Boat—Trip Takes Thirteen Hours.

London, Nov. 9.—After several failures S. F. Cody Saturday succeeded in crossing the channel in his kite boat. He left Calais at 11 o'clock Friday night and reached Dover 13 hours later. He encountered much shipping and had some narrow escapes.

Cody had previously made two unsuccessful attempts to cross the channel from Dover to Calais in a collapsible boat drawn by a kite on October 10 and November 4, respectively. The kite he employed was somewhat on the principle of a box kite and was capable of lifting several tons. The boat weighed four tons and was decked with canvas. It resembled a miniature submarine boat. A combined steering gear manipulated the kite and the boat's rudder alike and enabled Cody to maneuver with comparative ease.

Sees Loss in Texas Cattle.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 9.—The West Texas Stockman, an authority on live stock matters, in its latest issue, says that the total number of cattle in the state will not exceed 7,000,000 head, of which 5,000,000 are range cattle, and that the depreciation in values during the past year represents a loss of at least $21,000,000 to Texas cattlemen. Stockmen generally believe that this estimate of 7,000,000 head of cattle in the state is too high.

Cashiers Arrested.

Jordan, Minn., Nov. 9.—H. S. Schreiner, cashier, and A. G. Schaeffer, assistant cashier, of the Scott County bank, which closed its doors a week ago, have been arrested, pending an investigation into the affairs of the concern. It is alleged they received deposits after the bank was insolvent. They were released on $2,000 bail bonds each. The total assets of the bank amount to $143,881, the liabilities $154,054.37.

Dies After Long Sleep.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 10.—Bessie Knecht, the "sleeping girl," is dead. Miss Knecht was taken to a hospital last February in an unconscious condition. After 47 days she partially revived, but soon sank into a comatose condition again, and never fully regained consciousness.

Entire Family Murdered.

Marianna, Fla., Nov. 10.—The dead bodies of five negroes, badly mutilated, have been discovered in a cabin eight miles from this place. The bodies have been identified as Henry Kelly, his wife and three small children.

Seed Merchants Assign.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—A receiver has been appointed for D. Landreth & Sons, seed merchants. The liabilities are about $150,000, and the assets much less. The house is one of the oldest in the country.

THE MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

President Roosevelt on the Need of Legislation for the Cuban Republic.

WE ARE IN HONOR BOUND TO GIVE THE ISLAND TRADE ADVANTAGES

Says Proposed Reciprocal Arrangements Will Be to Our Advantage Also—The Whole People of the United States Will Be Benefited—Sees Danger in Failure.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The following is President Roosevelt's message to the extraordinary session of congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: I have convened the congress that it may consider the legislation necessary to put into operation the commercial treaty with Cuba, which was ratified by the senate at its last session and subsequently by the Cuban government. I deem such legislation demanded, not only by our interest, but by our honor. We cannot with propriety abandon the course upon which we have so wisely embarked. When the acceptance of the Platt amendment was required from Cuba by the action of congress of the United States, this government thereby definitely committed itself to the policy of treating Cuba as occupying a unique position as regards this country. It was provided that when the island became a free and independent republic she should stand in such close relations with us as in certain respects to come within our system of international policy; and it necessarily followed that she must also to a certain degree become included within the lines of our economic policy. Situated as Cuba is it would not be possible for this country to permit the strategic abuse of the plan by any foreign military power. It is for this reason that certain limitations have been imposed upon her financial policy and that naval stations have been conceded by her to the United States. The negotiations as to the details of these naval stations are on the eve of completion. They are so situated as to prevent any idea that there is the intention ever to use them against Cuba, or otherwise than for the protection of Cuba from the assaults of foreign foes, and for the better safeguarding of American interests in the waters south of us.

These interests have been largely increased by the consequences of the war with Spain, and will be still further increased by the building of the Isthmian canal. They are both military and economic. The granting to us by Cuba of the naval stations above alluded to is of the utmost importance from a military standpoint and is proof of the good faith with which Cuba is treating us. Cuba has made great progress since her independence was established. She has advanced steadily in every way. She already stands high among her sister republics of the new world. She is loyally observing her obligations to us; and she is entitled to like treatment by us.

The treaty submitted to you for approval secures to the United States economic advantages as great as these given to Cuba. Not an American interest is sacrificed. By the treaty a large Cuban market is secured to our producers. It is a market which lies at our doors, which is already large, which is capable of great expansion and which is especially important to the development of our export trade. It would be indeed short-sighted for us to refuse to take advantage of such opportunity and to force Cuba into making arrangements with other countries to our disadvantage.

This reciprocity treaty stands by itself. It is demanded on consideration of broad national policy as well as by our economic interest. It will do harm to no industry. It will benefit many industries. It is in the interest of our people as a whole, both because of its importance from the broad standpoint of international policy and because economically it intimately concerns us to develop and secure the rich Cuban market for our farmers, artisans, merchants and manufacturers. Finally, it is desirable as a guaranty of the good faith of our nation towards her young sister republic to the south, whose welfare must ever be closely bound with ours. We gave her liberty. We are knit to her by the memories of the blood and the courage of our soldiers who fought for her in war; by the memories of the wisdom and integrity of our administrators who saved her in peace and who started her so well on the difficult path of self-government. We must help her onward and upward; and in helping her we shall help ourselves.

The foregoing considerations caused the negotiation of the treaty with Cuba and its ratification by the senate. They now with equal force support the legislation by the congress which by the terms of the treaty it is necessary to render it operative. A failure to enact such legislation would come perilously near a repudiation of the pledged faith of the nation.

I transmit herewith the treaty, as amended by the senate and ratified by the Cuban government.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

White House, Nov. 10, 1903.

Colombia's Protest.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Secretary Hay, during a call at the white house Monday morning, placed in the hands of the president the Colombian protest against the course pursued by the Washington government on the Isthmus and its attitude toward the new government of Panama.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

For the Week Ending November 10.

About 150 houses were destroyed by fire at Jermie, Hayti.

Mrs. Thomas A. Hendricks, widow of the late vice president, died at Indianapolis.

Nine men were arrested at Belleville, Ill., for alleged implication in a negro lynching on June 6.

The gunboat Newport has been ordered to San Domingo at full speed because of rebellion there.

Terrible earthquakes have occurred at Turshis, Persia, and 350 persons were killed and numbers injured.

A savings bank for negroes, with a colored woman for its president, has begun business in Richmond, Va.

Berlin dispatches announce that Japan and Russia are near a peaceful settlement of questions in the far east.

Frank Pickett, a Boston reporter, died at Detroit as a result of a 51 days' fast undertaken to cure stomach trouble.

Twenty-four Chicago state banks and trust companies report for October 15 an increase of deposits of $5,595,000 over August 11.

The president has appointed Daniel Thew Wright, of Cincinnati, to be justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

Lieut. General Young has decided that the garrison in the Philippines shall consist of four regiments of cavalry and nine of infantry.

J. W. Warr, secretary of the Moline (Ill.) Building, Savings and Loan association, is said to be short $27,000 in his accounts.

The balance in the Cuban treasury on November 1 was $3,843,000, and the surplus accumulated during the last seven months was $1,205,000.

Election day in Kentucky was marked by scenes of violence, several men being murdered and others fatally wounded in clashes at the polls.

Forty persons were killed by railways in Chicago during the month of October. Steam roads killed 26, electric cars ten, cable lines four.

Lieut. Albert M. Beecher, ordnance officer on the battleship Maine, fell from the forward turret, a distance of 40 feet, at Newport, R. I., and was killed.

Samuel Adams, a negro, was lynched by a mob at Pass Christian, Miss, for assaulting the wife of one of the most prominent residents of the place.

By a majority of 175,000 the voters of New York state declare in favor of deepening the Erie canal to admit 1,000-ton barges, at a cost of $101,000,000.

A new counterfeit five dollar silver certificate, series of 1899, check letter A, plate No. 161; Lyons, registrar; Roberts, treasurer, has been discovered.

A plan to protect Denver, Col., girls from mashers has been launched by Miss Louise L. Hardin, of the Business Woman's club. A street patrol of girls is planned.

The Cuban congress met in regular session and President Palma in his message expressed hope for speedy action on the reciprocity treaty by the United States.

Leonora Smith, aged 18 years, was shot and killed by her jilted lover, Hosie Bowers, aged 20, at her home near Topeka, Kan., after which Bowers killed himself.

James Murphy, Monongahela, Pa., aged 12, was shot to death, and John Johnzon, aged 11, wounded by Earl Flory, 13 years old, who was angered by calling names.

A timber suit involving western Montana land worth $2,000,000 was settled by a Butte court in favor of Senator W. A. Clark, defendant, over the United States government.

Two earthquake shocks were felt at St. Louis and buildings rocked and the telephone service was disarranged. Shocks were also felt at Memphis, Louisville and in Illinois.

Mrs. Ida F. Guiler, of Bunker Hill, Ill., accused of giving poisoned candy to a son of James W. Checksfield, causing his death, was acquitted by a jury in the county court at Carlinville.

Strike of iron workers employed on Iron League and Building Empoyers' contracts in New York is ordered and iron workers' unions throughout the country are asked to quit work in sympathy.

THE MARKETS.

	New York, Nov. 10.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers	$4 25 @	5 15
Hogs, State, Penn	5 20 @	5 50
Sheep	3 75 @	4 25
FLOUR—Minn. Patents	4 60 @	4 75
WHEAT—December	85¾@	86
RYE—State and Jersey	56 @	58
CORN—December	50⅝@	50¾
OATS—Track White	41½@	45½
BUTTER	19 @	27
CHEESE	10⅝@	11¼
EGGS	19 @	31
	CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Fancy Beeves	$5 40 @	5 70
Texas Steers	3 40 @	3 40
Medium Beef Steers	3 90 @	4 25
Plain Beef Steers	3 00 @	3 85
Common to Rough	2 50 @	3 75
HOGS—Assorted Lights	5 20 @	5 25
Heavy Shipping	4 95 @	5 10
Heavy Mixed	4 85 @	4 90
SHEEP	3 10 @	4 25
BUTTER—Creamery	11 @	21½
Dairy	14 @	16½
EGGS—Fresh	21 @	23
POTATOES (per bu)	55 @	61
MESS PORK—Cash	11 50 @	11 62
LARD—Cash	6 90 @	6 95
GRAIN—Wheat, December	72⅛@	73
Corn, May	43 @	43⅛
Oats, May	34 @	36⅝
Barley, Fancy	57 @	60
Rye, May	52⅝@	52⅞
	MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n	$2⅝@	$2⅞
Corn, December	43 @	43⅛
Oats, Standard	27⅝@	28
Rye, No. 1	56 @	57
	KANSAS CITY.	
GRAIN—Wheat, December	$71⅝@	71⅞
Corn, December	37 @	37⅛
Oats, No. 2 White	30 @	30⅛
Rye, No. 2	49⅝@	50
	ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Beef Steers	$4 25 @	5 40
Texas Steers	2 50 @	3 60
HOGS—Anchors	5 10 @	5 15
Berkeys, Best Heavy	4 85 @	5 20
SHEEP—Natives	3 50 @	4 80
	OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	$3 75 @	5 40
Cows and Heifers	2 50 @	4 00
Stockers and Feeders	3 10 @	4 00
HOGS—Heavy	5 00 @	5 10
SHEEP—Western	4 00 @	4 30

MINNESOTA NEWS.

A New Industry.

A new industry, which opens a new market for tamarack, a variety of wood that is common in Northern Minnesota, and heretofore little in demand, is being established in that section. The timber is being sought for ship knees for use in the construction of wooden vessels at the Atlantic coast shipyards. It is said that the only supply of timber, oak and tamarack, has heretofore been procured entirely in Maine, but that the supply there has nearly become exhausted and the prices are very high. Northern Minnesota has a vast amount of tamarack and it is cheap.

Three camps for the getting out of tamarack ship knees have been established in the vicinity of Columbia station on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, sixty miles north of Duluth, and the product will be shipped to Bath, Me., all rail. Select ship knees at the Bath shipyards are worth $7 to $8 each. A tamarack tree twelve or more inches in diameter is selected. It is cut off from four to five feet above the ground, and the main root, always running at right angles to the stump, is cut off at about the same distance, forming an "L" shaped timber. The pieces must measure at least twelve inches in diameter.

About 1,000 of these knees are required in a large wooden vessel. The elasticity, as well as strength and true angle, count in the value of the ship knees. About 150 of the knees make a car load.

A Dual Life.

A strange case of a dual life was revealed in the Minneapolis police court. Timothy Lammers, or Mr. Simpson, as he is known outside of business hours, was sent to the workhouse for thirty days as a result of the revelation.

A detective had been watching the man for some time. In the role of Lammers, a crippled beggar, he was well known. Once in his room, however, he dropped the role, and would emerge an hour later resplendent in fine linen, diamonds and patent leather shoes. He was also well known in the downtown cafes as Mr. Simpson, where he spent the money he collected by begging.

On the street he was dirty, his face was wrinkled and, his body bent. He used a crutch, around which one leg was twined to indicate a serious defect in his anatomy.

Probably False.

John Norbum of St. Paul visited the Minneapolis police headquarters and told the police of a plot to dynamite the Minneapolis flour mills. The man says his wife overheard two men discussing the plan, and he came at once to report it.

The police are declined to believe that there is nothing in the man's story, and say that if there is such a plot it is the work of a few hotheads and not of the larger portion of the strikers. The strike, for one in which so many men were involved, was conducted in a most orderly manner, and at this date no violence is looked for.

Too Much Foot Ball.

Death as the result of the big football game—not from injury but in the form of too much enthusiasm.

While the bands were playing "See, The Conquering Hero Comes," while the bubbling mobs of players, admirers and students were parading the streets with "Ziss-Boom-Bah!" megaphones and blatant fog-horns, Louis Hart, excited beyond the point of human endurance by overpowering enthusiasm, dropped dead at the corner of Seventeenth stree and Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis.

Arrested.

Frank Lattimer and P. Burns were arrested on a Selby avenue street car in St. Paul by the sheriff of Superior, assisted by two Ramsey county deputies and a Pinkerton detective.

It is alleged that the men are members of the gang which recently robbed the postoffice at Superior.

When captured on the street car, the men carried loaded revolvers. They are now in the Ramsey county jail.

November Strawberries.

The Minnesota climate finds indorsement in the fact that in the vicinity of Minnetonka large quantities of strawberries were harvested.

Four quarts of large red berries were on exhibition in Excelsior and several baskets of the fruit were brought to Minneapolis by lake residents.

The second crop of strawberries this year has been unusually large.

Good Investment.

Minnesota has $20,000,000 invested in public school buildings and school property and this does not include investments in the university and the schools. None of the state's other investments will bring anything like the returns derived from these few millions.

News Notes.

There will be 254 cases on trial before the Ramsey county district court during November.

The St. Paul police department is greatly worried by small burglaries committed in the business section of St. Paul. Saloons seem to be the chief victims.

It is thought that Glen Adams, 22 years old, the son of a farmer, and Charles Gregory, a stranger, aged 45, were drowned in Bemidji lake while attempting to cross with a boat load of stolen goods.

Governor Van Sant has granted requisitions for the return of Mary Williams and Ed. Williams, wanted in Danville, Ill., for robbery. The pair are now in custody in St. Paul. A requisition from the governor of Wisconsin was also granted for the return for Pat Burns, under arrest in St. Paul, and wanted in Waukesha, Wis., for burglary.

THOSE EARLY GREEKS.

They Were Hard on Their Captives, But Some Modern Americans Are Worse.

"For downright, concentrated essence of meanness, commend me to the early male Greeks," exclaimed the summer girl, surveying with pride the array of trunks of all shapes and sizes with which she was starting for an August campaign at the seashore, relates the New York Times.

"Why particularly male?" queried her younger brother, as the baggage wagon disappeared around the corner and he dropped wearily into a piazza chair, mopping his brow.

"Because I read the other day that the mean old things besieged a city, Carya, I think it was, to punish the people for having joined with the Persians against the Greeks. The city fell, and the Greeks burned it to the ground and murdered all the men."

"My, but that was tough, wasn't it?"

"Oh, that wasn't anything. It's what they did to the women that makes me furious. They took them all back to Greece as prisoners, and made them walk through the streets in a triumphal procession like cattle in a parade at a county fair. Worst of all, they made a law that the women should never have new dresses or jewelry, but forever wear the same robes and ornaments in which they were captured.

"They did this for the cheerful purpose of continually mortifying the poor creatures with the remembrance of their captivity, as if they were likely to forget it. Now, wasn't that outrageous? Think of having only one dress for years and years, and having to trapse through the streets in a yearly parade in it, at that."

"Gee, no. I think it was great. I wish I'd been a brother to one of 'em, instead of a modern miss. My back won't get over helping lift those double-deckers of yours all winter. Those old Greeks had a lot of horse sense, I'm thinkin'."

The summer girl adjusted her green veil spotted with white and gave a contemptuous sniff.

"You're as bad as the rest of the men to talk, but I notice you all pick out the girl that have the most fetching clothes, just the same. I expect you'd have egged on those Greeks in the rest of their meanness, for it wasn't enough to deprive the women of their extra clothes, but they went to work and had big statues made to represent the prisoners, and stuck 'em up in front of their public buildings for pillars, so that future generations might remember the victory and know for sure some of the particular varieties of contemptibleness the early Greek male was capable of. They called the statues Caryatides, after the city, so there could be no mistake about the insult intended. The disgusting things!

"But, mercy, it's time we went to the train. Here, you can carry my coat and golf sticks and tennis racket and umbrella, and, oh, dear, I forgot to send the dress suit case by the expressman, but it isn't heavy. You won't mind, dear. I've got my candy, and these flowers and my book to carry."

"Gee," sighed the boy, "I wisht I was a early Greek."

CANNED FRUIT LORE.

Points of Information Which May Be of Service to the Young Housewife.

At this season, when the home canning is just being completed for the year, and those who have been unable to do the canning at home are visiting the markets in quest of the winter's supply, a few suggestions upon the selection and care of canned foods may not be amiss, says Good Health.

After the cans which have been filled at home have cooled and the tops have been screwed down tightly, place them in a cool place, bottom upward, and watch closely for a few days. If the juice begins to leak out, or any appearance of fermentation is seen, it is a sign that the work has failed, and the only thing to do is to open the can immediately, boil the fruit and use as quickly as possible; recanning will not save it unless boiled for a long time. If no signs of spoiling are observed within two or three weeks, the fruit may be safely stored away in a dark, cool place. If one has no dark storeroom, it is an advantage to wrap each can in brown paper, to keep out the light.

Sometimes the fruit will settle so that a little space appears at the top. If you are perfectly sure that the can is tight, do not open to refill, as you will be unable to make it quite as tight again, unless you reheat the fruit, in which case you would be liable to have the same thing occur again. Air is dangerous because it is likely to contain germs, though in itself it is harmless.

If mold is observed upon the top of a can, it should be opened, and the fruit boiled and used at once, after carefully skimming out all moldy portions. If there is evidence of fermentation, the fruit should be thrown away, as it contains alcohol. If care be taken to provide good cans, thoroughly sterilized, and with perfectly fitting covers; to use only fruit in good condition; to have it thoroughly cooked, and at boiling temperature when put into the cans; to have the cans well baked and heated, filled completely and to overflowing, and sealed at once while the fruit is still near boiling temperature, there will be little likelihood of failure.

Load Off Her Mind.

Uncle George—I don't like to say anything, Carrie, against your Mr. Fleeing. He appears to be a nice sort of chap, and there's no denying that he's got lots of money, but how did he get it? They do say his ancestors were no better than pirates.

Carrie—And they left him the money? Oh, I'm so glad! I was afraid you were going to say his father or grandfather worked for a living, or some disgraceful thing like that.—Boston Transcript.

SMILES

A HOPELESS CASE.

Visitor to Asylum—That's rather a bad case, isn't it? What brought him her?

Attendant—Well, they say his wife once made him go shopping with her, sir.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Universal Belief.

I say with due civility
That some time, soon or late,
The thought comes unto each and all
That they might soon be rich and great
If, with their own ability,
They had their neighbor's gall.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Irrefutable Argument.

Aged Husband—You are going to ruin me with your extravagance. You don't need that cape any more than a cat needs two tails. How often have I told you never to buy anything because it is cheap?

Young Wife (with an air of one who has got the better of the argument)—But it was not cheap; it cost $50.—Tit-Bits.

A Narrow Escape.

Although the boy ne'er learned to spell,
His future wasn't wrecked;
He simply used quotation marks
And wrote in dialect.
—Washington Star.

YELLOW JOURNALISM.

Newsie—Extry! Four hundred found dead!

Rube Comeon—Where? Where?

Newsie—In a graveyard! Extry! Extry!—Chicago Chronicle.

The Foolish Worm.

De eahly buhd he catch de wuhm—
Leas' ways dat what I heahd—
Which show de wuhm ain't got no head,
Poh if he had he'd stay in bed
En fool deeahly buhd.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Enjoyed a Joke.

Jimson—I just tell you, you can't find a man anywhere who enjoys a good joke better than I do.

Friend—Guess that's so. I have heard you tell the same joke 40 times, and laugh at it every time.—N. Y. Weekly.

A Wise Boy.

Sunday School Teacher—Now, Bobby, can you tell me what becomes of people who steal?

Bobby—Yes, sir. If they are not caught before they get rich they become kleptomaniacs.—Puck.

TRADE MARK.

Shuffles—Dey say Bulky Butters is from Boston.

Limper—Yep. He allers carries a baked-bean can.—Chicago Daily News.

Indirectly.

Nockem—I suppose you find it necessary to mind the baby occasionally?

Peckham—Y—yes; that is, I find it necessary to mind my wife when she tells me to mind the baby.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

They'd All Catch It.

"Bubbubs is trying to give all his friends the shake."

"You must be mistaken. Every time I meet him he tries to induce me to move out near him in Swampville."

"Exactly, and Swampville is full of malaria."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

One Indication.

"Do you know whether that stranger who is going to settle down in this block has a large family or not?"

"I am quite sure he has. He has rented the smallest house in the neighborhood." Chicago Tribune.

The Smart Editor.

"Can you tell me what sort of weather we may expect next month?" wrote a subscriber to the editor of a country paper, and the editor replied as follows:

"It is my belief that the weather next month will be very much like your subscription."

The inquirer wondered for an hour what the editor was driving at, when he happened to think of the word "unsettled." He sent in the required amount next day.—Tit-Bits.

These Strenuous Times.

'Twas Shakespeare first declared to us
That "all the world's a stage."
But it's more like continuous
Performance in this age.
—Philadelphia Press.

WOULD BE HARD LUCK.

Miss Knowitt (pensively)—I believe that what a man does in this world he will do in the next.

Mr. Wise—I hope not. I'm a fire insurance agent.—Chicago Chronicle.

A Menace to Society.

The Colonel—Well, boys, this is my last night at the club. I've gotten to be a fearful menace to society, so there's nothing left for me to do but go away and be a hermit for the rest of my life.

The Chorus—Why?

The Colonel—Because I've lived here so long I know everybody's family history.

The Chorus—What of that?

The Colonel—And, confound it, I've got into the habit of thinking aloud.—N. Y. Times.

ALL THAT WAS NECESSARY.

"Charley never thinks of playing the races any more," said young Mrs. Torkins.

"I'm glad to hear it," said the friend. "How did you persuade him to quit?"

"I didn't persuade him at all. I accepted it in a spirit of patient resignation and told him that if he lost any more I was going to do the cooking myself."—Washington Star.

Recognized It.

"This," smiled the fond young wife as she passed a plate of dessert to her husband, "is cottage pudding. I made it myself."

The man tasted of it.

"I'd known it was cottage pudding," he asserted.

"You would?" she asked, delighted.

"Yes. I can taste the plaster and the wall paper. What did you do with the shingles and the bricks for the chimney?"—Judge.

Rather Unusual.

She—Have you noticed that young Shortleigh is paying a good deal of attention to Miss Gotrox?

He—Yes; and it's the first time I ever knew him to pay anything.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

What Would Happen.

"What would happen to-day," said the thoughtful citizen, "if Diogenes were to go through one of our great cities with a lantern looking for an honest man?"

"That's easy," answered the Chicago man. "Some one would steal his lantern before he had gone three blocks."—Washington Star.

Rank Outsider.

Bacon—To what family of vegetables does the onion belong?

Egbert—I don't think it belong to any family. I think it's a rank outsider.—Yonkers Statesman.

PINE COUNTY PIONEER.

ED. C. GOTTRY, Editor and Prop.

Entered in the Post Office at Pine City as Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN. Nov. 13, 1903

SENATOR Morgan will now enter tain us with his views on the canal question.

LONG live the new republic of Panama! May she enjoy to the utmost the fruits of the Panama canal.

IT is rather tough on the farmers of Kansas to have their wheat rotting on the ground because they can not get cars enough to haul it.

IT is generally known that express companies in this country carry parcels for English mercantile houses at about one fifth the rate charged our home people. The price is the result of a special arrangement made with the British government. Nice, patriotic fellows, they are!

AN exchange asserts that Wall street has become absolutely devorced from Western industries. Some years ago a situation like the present one on the New York stock exchange would have shaken the whole country to its foundations. Now the troubles of the Wall street men have become merely a local issue and do not effect the general prosperity of the country. Western activities and money are at home. The business is real. Their crops are in sight. Their money is in the bank, or invested in local industries, farms, cattle ranches, sugar factories, irrigation reservoirs and business blocks. These values do not shrink in a day, and are not matters of sentiment and speculation. Nothing short of a disasterous crop failure can check the present prosperity. The farmer now is not in the condition of 1893, he was carrying a heavy mortgage, and had to borrow from month to month and year to year to harvest and move his crops. To-day he is intrenched behind a farm which is paid for, and a bank account which is ample, to say nothing of the wheat in his barns and the cattle in his fields. The farmer is prepared to stand off the wolf for a long siege and so long as he is prosperous the rest of the country will do very well. It is the farm, not Wall street, that supports the country.

THE Columbian officials would probably be willing to take that ten million on any kind of a platter now.

IT isn't to be wondered at that the Mexicans are apposed to having American ideas introduced into their country. More than one-half of their population do not work.

The Poor Man and the Church.

THERE seems to be a disposition on the part of many of the churches of the country to disregard the spiritual welfare of the poor man in favor of the rich.

It is unfortunate, but too true.

Men and women of wealth and so-called refinement dominate the majority of the houses of worship, with the result that the poor workingman is gradually becoming forced to the conclusion that he is out of his element and not wanted.

Many of our ministers, while well meaning perhaps, preach to the higher social set and forget that a heart beats in the breast of the poor man in shabby clothes who occupies the back seat.

If he makes his appearance at the social affairs he is looked at askance and made to feel his inferiority. When a woman in fine raiment passes him she gathers up her skirts in fear of coming into contact with one of the "common people."

And what does the poor man do?

After receiving a few of these rebuffs he comes to the conclusion that there is no place in the house of God for him, and he remains away.

And where does the fault lie?

With the minister and the rich man. With the minister because he fails to use his position to bring about a better feeling of Christian spirit between the two extremes. With the rich man because of his presumption in considering himself above a man who is honest but poor.

The house of God should be a place of refuge for all people, and the soul of a poor man should be cherished as much as the man with his millions.

Banish worldly ideas when you enter the church, and remember that God never judges a man by his dollars and cents.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. } ss
County of Pine.

District Court.
First Judicial Distriet.

Andrew Pearson and Josephine Pearson,
Plaintiffs,
vs.
John W. Nelson, also all other persons and parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in or to the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court, of the First Judicial District in and for the County of Pine and State of Minnesota, and serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the Village of Pine City in Pine County Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated November 11th, A. D. 1903.

L. H. McKUSICK,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Pine City, Minn.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. } ss
County of Pine.

District Court.
First Judicial Distriet.

Andrew Pearson and Josephine Pearson,
Plaintiffs.
vs.
John W. Nelson, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced and is now pending in the above named Court against the above named defendants for the purpose of having the Plaintiffs' title to the lands described in the complaint herein and hereinafter described, established and quieted in the plaintiffs and for the further purpose of obtaining judgment that the defendants and each and all of them have no estate, right, title or interest in or to, or lien upon the said lands or any part thereof. The lands affected by said action are situated in the County of Pine, and State of Minnesota and are described as follows to-wit:

The North half of the Northwest quarter (N½ of the NW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22) in Township Forty-five (45) North of Range Eighteen (18) West.

L. H. McKUSICK,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
[49-02]

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. } ss
County of Pine.

District Court.
First Judicial District.

Gustave Olson,
Plaintiff.
vs.
Davis W. Willinan, Erastus D. Edgerton, J. L. Davis also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the First Judicial District, in and for the County of Pine and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the Village of Pine City, in Pine County, Minnesota, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated November 11th, 1903.

L. H. McKUSICK,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Pine City, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. } ss
County of Pine.

District Court.
First Judicial District.

Gustave Olson,
Plaintiff.
vs.
Davis W. Willinan, Erastus D. Edgerton, J. L. Davis also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced and is now pending in the above named Court by the plaintiff above named against the above named defendants for the purpose of having the plaintiffs title to the lands described in the complaint herein and hereinafter described, established and quieted in the plaintiff and for the further purpose of obtaining judgment that the defendants and each and all of them have no estate, right, title or interest in or to, or lien upon the said lands or any part thereof. The lands effected by said action are situated in the County of Pine, and State of Minnesota and are described as follows to-wit:

Lots Two (2), Three (3), Four (4) and Five (5) in Section Thirty-four (34), and the Southwest quarter of the North-east quarter (NW¼ of NE¼) and Lots Five (5), Six (6) and Seven (7) in Section Twenty-six (26) all in Township Thirty-eight (38) North of Range Twenty (20) West.

L. H. McKUSICK,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
(49-51)

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of $48.10, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Andrey Sundel, Mortgagor, to Zebulon Pheatt, Mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of August, 1897, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pine County, in the state of Minnesota, on the 12th day of August, 1897, at 5 o'clock P. M., in Book K of Mortgages, on page 275, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section number twenty-six (26), Township number forty (40), Range number nineteen (19), and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ of se¼) of Section number twenty-six (26), Township number forty (40), Range number nineteen (19), in Pine County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pine County, at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Pine City, in said County and State, on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1903, at two o'clock P. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $48.10 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and $25.00 as attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated, November 5th, A. D. 1903

ZEBULON PHEATT,
Mortgagee.

MITCHELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys,
Duluth, Minn.
(49-2)

Order to Examine Accounts, Etc.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. } ss
County of Pine.

In Probate Court.
Special term, November 9th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Louis C. Simmons, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of J. S. Foster, administrator of the estate of Louis C. Simmons, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law:

It is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday the 7th day of December A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the Court House in the Village of Pine City, in said County:

And it is Further Ordered, That notice hereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Pine County Pioneer, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Pine City, in said County.

Dated at Pine City the 9th day of November A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
HENRY WILCOX,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.
49-52

Order for Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, } ss In Probate Court.
County of Pine.

Special Term, October 19th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Richard G. Robinson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Henry J. Rath as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Richard G. Robinson at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and it appearing by such petition that there is insufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold:

It is Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this Court on Monday the 16th day of November A. D. 1903 at ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the Village of Pine City in said County and State, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said Henry J. Rath to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition:

It is Further Ordered, That this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Pine County Pioneer a weekly newspaper printed and published at Pine City in said County of Pine and State.

Dated at Pine City this 19th day of October, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
ROBERT WILCOX,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.
46-50

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, } ss. In Probate Court.
County of Pine.

Special term, October 16th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Magnus Larson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto N. E. Ekberg of Ramsey County, State of Minnesota.

It is Ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the Court House in the Village of Pine City in said County, on the following day, viz: April 25th, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is Further Ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Pine County Pioneer, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Pine City in said County.

Dated at Pine City this 16th day of October, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
ROBERT WILCOX,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.
(46-50)

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Pine. } IN PROBATE COURT.

Special Term October 17th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Hunl, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Marie Hunl of said county.

It is Ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the Court House in the Village of Pine City in said County, on the following day, viz: April 25th, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is Further Ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered Further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Pine County Pioneer, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Pine City in said County.

Dated at Pine City this 17th day of October, 1903.

By the Court,
ROBERT WILCOX,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.
(46-50)

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. } ss.
COUNTY OF PINE.

In Probate Court, Special term, October 30th, 1903.

In the matter of the guardianship of Elizabeth J. Maddox, minor.

On reading and filing the petition of Percival M. Brown, as guardian of said minor, representing among other things that said ward is seized of certain real estate in Pine County, Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said ward part of the same should be sold and praying for license to sell the same. And it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court from said petition that for the benefit of said ward said real estate should be sold:

It is ordered that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this Court on Monday the 23rd day of November A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the Village of Pine City in said County and State, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said Percival M. Brown to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is Further Ordered that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Pine County Pioneer a weekly newspaper printed and published at Pine City in said County and State.

Dated at Pine City this 30th day of October A. D. 1903.

ROBERT WILCOX,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.
[47-50]

Order for Hearing Upon Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. } ss.
County of Pine.

In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the estate of Lucretia B. C. Thompson deceased.

The petition of Fred A. Hodge having been duly made and filed in this Court, representing among other things that one Lucretia B. C. Thompson who resided last prior to her death at Keesville in the State of New York died at Keesville in the state of New York, on the 25th day of April 1879, seized of an estate of inheritance in certain lands in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, described in said petition, and that said petitioner has an interest in said lands, and that more than five years have elapsed since the death of said Lucretia B. C. Thompson deceased, and that administration has not been granted on land of said estate in this State, and praying that the descent of said lands and of the interest of said petitioner therein be by this Court determined and said lands assigned to those persons as may be entitled thereto by law.

Now Therefore, It is ordered that the said petition be heard at a term of this Court to be held at the Court House, in the Village of Pine City, in said County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on Monday the 23rd day of November A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.

It is Further Ordered, That notice of said hearing of said petition be given by the publication of this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Pine County Pioneer a weekly newspaper printed and published in said Pine County.

Dated October 30th, 1903.

HENRY WILCOX,
(PROBATE SEAL) Judge of Probate.
(47-50)

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

B. J. ENGER
DEALER IN
New and Second Hand Furniture, Stoves, and Tinware. Also a Fine Line of Carpets and Rugs.
Sole Agent for the
Rosseline Pennsylvania Oil.

THE DEMON OF PAIN

relaxes his hold upon his victim when the poor sufferer of

Rheumatism

finally gets hold of nature's best remedy,

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

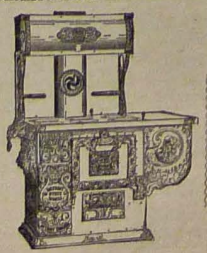
IT HAS CURED THOUSANDS—IT WILL CURE YOU.

We receive unsolicited testimonials every day in the year, and doctors prescribe our remedy frequently, when all others have failed.

HEAD OUR GUARANTEE:

We guarantee 6088 to be free from all mercuries, irons, cocaines, opiates, salicylates and all poisonous drugs. For sale and guaranteed ONLY by

J. Y. BRECKENRIDGE



JEWEL STEEL RANGES

We carry these Ranges in all sizes and Prices from $28.00 to $46.00.

HEATING STOVES

Etsate Oak,s and Estate Air Tights, the best made, running in price from $10.00 to $25.00.

CHEAP AIR TIGHT STOVES
—from $2.25 to $5.00.

We have a few second hand Heaters and Cook Stoves that it might pay you to look at.

BARGAINS

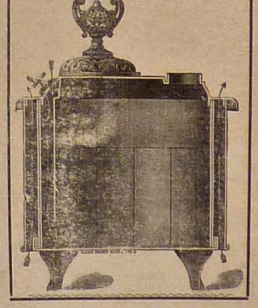
Stove pipe, made from best 27 Gage Iron, per joint 10c.
Stove pipe, made from Russion Iron, per joint 20c.
Stove pipe Elbows 10c.
During the next 30 days or while they last we offer —6 dozen— 4-tined long handled manure forks strap ferrules "Jackson Brand" at only 45c.
Scoop Shovels, large size, only - - 75c.

We furnish repairs for all Stoves ever made in United States or Canada.

SMITH, THE HARDWARE MAN
PINE CITY, MINN.

AIR TIGHT HEATERS.

Come in and see our Air Tights. They are the best and will give more heat for the amount of fuel used than any other stove on the market, and therefore they are money-savers.



We carry a complete line of Stoves. Also Hardware, Jewelry, Furniture, and Undertaking Supplies. Some great bargains in Second-Hand Heating and Cook Stoves.

D. GREELEY
SUCCESSOR TO
WISEMAN & CO.

News of the Week.

Chips Picked up Around Town and Vicinity.

NOTICE

Hereafter all matter for publication and copy for advertisements must reach this office by Thursday morning.

R. Bacon, of Brookpark, was in this village Thursday.

B. J. Enger departed on Thursday for a few days sojourn at Duluth and Superior.

Nick Perkins departed on Saturday for a few days visit in St. Paul, on business.

J. S. Mitchell spent the latter part of last week transacting business in the twin cities.

The snow which fell to the depth of about an inch on the 9th inst, had all disappeared by Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lewellen and two ladies, of Brookpark, spent Saturday in this village on business.

Leroy Welty, of the Zenith Paper Co., Duluth, was with his many customers in this village, Wednesday.

The present cold weather has put a damper on plowing and the farmers are busy attending to other fall work.

Geo. Blata, Thos. Henderson and Alex Henderson were among those from Beroun who were at the county seat on Wednesday.

Miss Louise Buesch, of St. Paul, arrived in this village last Saturday to spend a few days visit with her father, Jos. Buesch.

Miss Annie Squires is improving daily from her recent severe attack of pneumonia, which will be good news to her many friends.

Chas. Galles departs today for Grand Rapids, Minn., to accept a position as head clerk in the grocery department of a large store.

Since the change in the weather the hunters are having a great time plugging lead at the ducks. Quite a number of the feathery tribe have been killed this week.

Last Saturday evening Carl Buselmeier made a score of 267 in a ten-pin game at Rath's bowling alley. This is within 12 pins of the score made by H. J. Rath about a month ago.

S. Kilgore is kept quite busy sawing wood with his rig, and as soon as he finishes his work in town he will move his rig out to his farm in Meadow Lawn, and saw wood to be delivered in town.

Capt. E. L. Seavy has commenced to rig up for the winter's work in the woods. He will have his camps in the same place as last year and, providing the weather is favorable, put in more timber than last year.

Mrs. Eugene Barnum arrived in this village on Monday of this week for a few weeks visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Wilcox. We are pleased to state that Mrs. Barnum is rapidly recovering from her recent illness.

A brother of Henry and Peter Felton moved his family here the first of the week and will settle on a piece of land that he purchased from the railroad company and Mr. James Hurley. Mr. Felton hails from the southern part of the state.

While feeding a threshing machine last Tuesday, Alex Henderson, of Beroun, had the misfortune to suffer a very serious accident. A sliver flew up and penetrated the eye-ball, and he may loose his sight. He came to this village for medical attendence.

Jos. Trenda, who moved his family from here to Dakota last spring, with the intentions of making his home, returned on Tuesday with his family and household goods, and will again make his home in Pine Town, where he owns property. Joe says Dakota is a good country but he likes Pine county better.

A grand ball will be given in Rath's hall Wednesday evening, Nov. 25th. First-class music will be furnished. The proceeds will go towards making up the deficient funds which the management was compelled to dig down for individually. Everybody is invited to attend.

The young people's card club was entertained last evening (Thursday) at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Laing. After refreshments had been served, the party broke up about 11:30. A very enjoyable evening was spent in playing progressive pedro.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. John Hady, Nov. 5th, a boy.

F. E. Smith spent Tuesday at Brookpark on business.

J. J Madden has received a carload of apples for the winter.

Herman Hahn, of Henrietta, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in this village on business connected with his land deals.

Albert E. Blanchard returned from the western part of the state on Tuesday. He has been working in the harvest fields for the past two months.

Harry Willard departed on Thursday for Sioux Falls, S. Dak., where he went to accept a position with Dr. Keller, the noted doctor of that place.

The work of putting in the furnace in the Hurley block was completed on Wednesday of this week and the plant works well. Roy Wiseman had charge of the work.

John W. Hunt returned to the northern part of the state on Tuesday's night train and he will again continue his work of exploring land for the Government.

"We had just a lovely time," was the verdict of a party of Pine City lair ones who drove to Rush City Sunday afternoon, and partook of supper at the Grant House. They were the Misses Lillian Perkins, Flora Kerr, Bessie Lambert, Kate Brackett and Ella Galles.

The Town Board of Pokegama on Saturday last signed a contract for an Austin Grader and on Tuesday the machine came and the same has been delivered to the Town. They saw that they could do more and better work with a machine than by the old method, and at less expense, having tried the village grader this summer.

We are pleased to state that Mrs. F. A. Hodge, who is at a hospital in Minneapolis where she underwent an operation on Thursday of last week, is improving, and at last reports she was feeling as well as could be expected. Mrs. Hodge's many friends are anxiously awaiting her return home, and hope that her former good health will be restored.

John Grant, brother of Dudlif Grandt, moved his family here from Chicago the first of the week, and will settle on the old Connor's place on the Government road. Mr. Grandt's household goods arrived the latter part of the week and as soon as he can erect a house, will commence housekeeping. Several of Mr. Grandt's old eastern neighbors are thinking strongly of coming out here to reside.

Auditor Greeley had issued 316 hunters' licences up to Thursday evening against 400 for last year at the same time. But this decrease in numbers is easily accountable; last year licenses cost but 25 cents while this year the permission to hunt big game costs $1.00. So far the state will receive $316 less 10 cents per license which is the auditor's fee. It is expected that by Saturday evening the number will have reached the same as last year if not more.

This week Dr. A. Lyons commenced the work of fitting up a hospital to occupy the room over the Hurley harness shop, and he will also use the room recently occupied by the Pine Poker, for a laboratory, operating room and kitchen. Dr. Lyons is one of the best physicians and surgeons in the state and there is no doubt but what the undertaking will meet with glowing success and will give those suffering a chance to have the best of treatment at a normal price. No one can afford to suffer when they can be treated better in an hospital than at home.

The Farmers' Institute will soon be with us, and all those interested in anything pertaining to farm work should not fail to attend. A large book (The Institute Annual) containing over 350 pages of useful information on every subject connected with farming duties, will be given to every farmer who applies. Be at Rath's Hall, Pine City, on the 28th inst, and you may receive many dollars worth of useful information. It is an institute for the farmer, and this is just the reason that every farmer with a bit of enterprise should attend. Everything is free, as it is all state work.

LIVE STOCK.

In order to produce the best results for the feeder, must be fed on good rich feed, the richer the better.

It is a daily occurance for a farmer to tell us that he has been buying the bran and shorts made by the big mills and did not realize what he was losing by not buying that made by us, which is so much richer feed.

Our bran and shorts is worth fifty per cent. more for feeding purposes than the bran and shorts made by the big mills.

You can it at our.

Retail Department

Remember the place in the Rybak Block,

PINE CITY MILL & ELEVATOR CO.

Apple only 30c per peck at the Big Store.

Buy your winter apples now. A car just received at the Big Store.

J. S. Mitchell, of the "Home Plate saloon" will serve a turkey lunch on Thanksgiving day.

We acknowledge a pleasant call from Bro. J. F. Wrabek, of the New Prague Times, on Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Wrabek spent a few days hunnting and visiting with old time friends in this village and vicinity.

On Thursday H. C. Pitt moved his family to St. Paul where Mr. Pitt will have charge of the line work for the A. T. & T. Co. Mr. and Mrs. Pitt have made scores of friends in this village during their residence here, and whom they are sorry to leave, but hope to again make their home here in the future. A Mr. Greenfield, of Minneapolis, will have charge of the local exchange, the position held by Mr. Pitt for the past four years.

Wiedlman—Schmehl.

At the residence of the groom's parents in Pine Town on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Miss Mary Wiedlman and Mr. William Schmehl were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony by Rev. A. Schultz of the German Lutheran church. Miss Bernetta Wiedlman, sister of the bride, and Mr. Herman Smith, stood up with the bride and groom.

The bride is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wiedlman, of Pine Town, and is well known here as well as in the country where she has resided. The groom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schmehl, and has made this county his home the greater part of his life. He has a host of friends that wish him and his bride a long and happy life.

After the wedding ceremony had been performed a royal dinner was served to the large number of guests that had assembled. Among those from out of town who were in attendance were, John C. Rixtron and family of Superior, Mrs. Stellow and son of St. Paul, and Mr. Chris Schmehl of Montana.

A large number of very handsome presents were presented to the young couple by their many friends. After spending the evening in dancing the party left for their homes with the best wishes for Mr. and Mrs Schmehl. We join in congratulating the happy young couple.

Foot-Ball.

Last Saturday afternoon the "All Scrubs" and "High School" foot ball teams met on the gridiron on the north side of the river or on what was formerly the ball grounds, and a battle royal was waged for some two hours. The thought factory boys were too light for their sturdy opponents and therein lies the reason for their defeat which took place in two twenty-minute halves of play. The score was 16 to 6, and had it not been for a fake pass, which was very neatly executed, the high school would have received a nice, big, round goose egg. For the first game ever played by most of the men, it was more interesting than expected and the few who turned out to witness the contest were treated to a fairly good exhibition.

But Sunday afternoon the same elevens, with the exception of a few new men on each side, gave a far better exhibition of how the great game should be played, and a large number of spectators saw the game from the side lines. The high school team had filled up most of the weak spots with heavier men, picked from anything but Latin exponents. With these two teams backing up and down the sod, and running around the ends, the fiercest kind of play was witnessed.

During the first half the "high school (students?)" had their opponents licked so far as ground gaining was concerned and were playing in the "Scrubs" territory most of the time. But in the second half after a few good pointers from their captain, Fritz McKusick, and with a determination to "do or die," the "town boys" played with a vim that would bump the mighty Gibraltar from its foundation. After the brain expansionists had forced the overall brigade to the five yard line, the latter named vets got the pig-skin and pushed through the line and skirted the ends until within twenty-five yards of the "High School's" coveted goal, when Chaffee was chased over for a touchdown, and this within a few minutes of the call of time.

Going back to the first half we see Hurley, Collins and Drews making trick plays and end rushes that would send your peepers to the garret for a night's rest, and the "Scrubs" could no more hold them than a love-sick youth could turn down his dear Cinderella at a church social. Their touchdown was made on an end run play. Hurley carried the ball and the interference boxed the right end of the "Scrubs," and Hurley did the rest by making quite a sensational forty-yard sprint for a touchdown.

Take it through and through and the game was quite as interesting (to us) as the Minn.—Mich. game, at least the score was the same—6 a 6. Next Sunday afternoon the teams will again try for supremacy, and the line-up will be the same on the "Scrubs"—that's only their nick name—side with the exception of two players, whose places have been well filled. Although it is worth a good deal to see twenty-two men actively engaged in fighting for opposite points of a 110-yard field with an inflated pig-skin as an object of amusement, it will not cost anything to see the game Sunday, but remember to bring along your furs if the weather is cold. The admission fee for the game Thanksgiving Day has not yet been decided upon.

Following was last Sunday's line-up:

"All Scrubs"	"H. S. and Scrubs"
C. Brandes, r e	l e, Green
F. J. Madden, r t	l t, P. Spearing
Robt. Wilcox, r g	l g, J. Nelson
E. Dosey, c	c, F. Smith
Chaffee, l g	r g, P. Edin
H. Brackett, l t	r t, H. Hart
A. Olsen, l e	r e, W. Henderson
F. McKusick, Capt, q	q, C. Kirch
Connacker, r h	l h, J. Drews
Rasmusold, l h	r h, F. Hurley, Capt.
Sherry, f b	f b, W. Collins

Referee, Mick Hurley; umpire, Wm. Lambert; time-keeper, Chas. Galles; linesman, Oscar Brandes and Carl Larson; touchdowns, Chaffee 1, Hurley 1; goals, Josey 1, Smith 1; time of halves, 25 and 20 minutes.

Business Locals.

10 per cent. discount on beds, mattresses, springs, pillows, comforters, blankets, and heating stoves, at B. J. Enger.

Sick headache results from a disordered stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by L. E. Breckenridge.

For Sale—Choice 80 acres partly improved, new house, near Pine City, small payment, balance 6 per cent. J. A. Armstrong, 55-17th, St. North, Minneapolis, Minn.

I have several milch cows, some fresh; also two horses, that I will sell at bargains. Call on premises, two miles from Pine City, on the Hinckley road. W. W. Clark.

During the month of November I am giving 10 per cent. discount on beds, mattresses, springs, blankets, comforters, pillows, and heating stoves. B. J. Enger.

When bilious try a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and realize for once how quickly a first class up to-date medicine will correct the disorder. For sale by L. E. Breckenridge.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O., Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Duggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous serface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c., per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Best Liniment.

"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is considered the best liniment on the market," write Post & Bliss, of Georgia, Vt. No other liniment will heal a cut or bruise so promptly. No other affords such quick relief from rheumantic pains. No other is so valuable for deep seated pains like lame back and pains in the chest. Give the liniment a trial and become acquainted with its remarkable qualities and you will never wish to be without it. For sale by L. E. Breckenridge.

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Chicken-Lice, Mites, Hog Lice.

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For Full Directions for Use See Circulars.

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"DULUTH SHORT LINE" TIME TABLE.

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No. 105 Daily	No. 103 Limited Daily	No. 101 Except Sun.	Mile From Duluth			East Bound, Read Up. No. 102 Except Sun.	No. 104 Limited Daily	No. 106 Daily
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.				P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
11 10	1 55	9 50	0	Lv	Duluth	2 10	7 00	6 30
11 25	2 10	9 15	6	Lv	W. Superior	1 50	6 40	5 10
11 40	2 24	9 26	7		W. Duluth (Ave.)	1 39	6 30	5 55
* 11 54	.....	* 9 34	9		Smithville	* 1 30	.....	* 5 43
* 12 08	.....	* 9 43	11		Short Line Park	* 1 21	.....	* 5 32
* 12 18	.....	* 9 55	16		Howell	* 1 12	.....	* 5 18
* 12 26	.....	* 10 02	19		Thompson	* 1 06	.....	* 5 09
† 8 10	† 2 25	9 25	97	Lv	Cloquet	1 30	† 9 10	† 7 30
* 12 30	2 55	10 05	21		Carlton	1 05	6 00	5 05
* 1 00	.....	10 30	32		Mahtowa	12 40	.....	* 4 30
* 1 15	a	10 43	39		Barnum	12 30	a	* 4 18
* 1 25	.....	10 53	43		Moose Lake	12 21	.....	* 4 07
* 1 42	.....	11 05	49		Sturgeon Lake	12 11	.....	* 3 53
* 1 54	a	11 13	54		Willow River	12 02	a	* 3 42
2 03	.....	11 21	58		Rutledge	11 55	a	3 32
* 2 16	.....	11 33	65		Finlayson	11 45	.....	* 3 20
* 2 25	.....	11 39	66		Miller	11 36	.....	3 10
* 2 36	.....	11 47	71		Friesland	* 11 29	.....	* 2 56
3 07	4 14	11 59	76		Hinckley	11 20	4 20	2 42
3 15	.....	* 12 08	79		Mission Creek	* 11 11	.....	2 23
* 3 25	.....	* 12 17	83		Beroun	* 11 04	.....	2 17
3 36	4 26	12 28	89		Pine City	10 54	4 17	2 05
* 3 47	.....	12 44	94		Rock Creek	10 45	.....	* 1 53
.....	.....	11 50	116	Lv	Grantsburg	11 25	.....	.....
4 00	4 51	12 57	99		Rush City	10 30	4 00	.....
* 4 13	5 01	1 10	106		Harris	10 24	3 49	* 1 23
* 4 20	* 5 10	1 20	111		North Branch	10 14	* 3 42	* 1 10
* 4 45	.....	1 36	119		Stacy	10 00	.....	* 12 52
4 53	5 28	1 45	123		Wyoming	9 53	3 25	12 43
* 5 04	5 35	1 54	127		Forest Lake	9 46	3 16	* 12 31
* 5 22	.....	2 08	135		Hugo	9 35	.....	* 12 16
5 32	* 5 53	2 15	140		Bald Eagle	9 25	* 2 57	* 11 59
7 00	7 15	3 30	153	Ar	Stillwater	7 30	1 [illegible]	10 45
5 35	5 55	2 20	141		White Bear	9 27	2 [illegible]	11 55
* 5 43	.....	* 2 22	142		Lake Shore	* 9 22	.....	* 11 40
6 00	.....	2 35	147		Gladstone	9 09	2 40	11 27
6 06	.....	2 40	150		East 7th Street	9 04	.....	11 20
6 20	6 25	2 50	152	Ar	St. Paul	8 55	2 25	* 11 16
7 00	7 00	5 30		Ar	Minneapolis	8 15	2 00	10 30
A. M.	P. M	P. M.				A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Stop on Signal. †Lunch. †Except Sunday. a Stop on Signal Sundays only.

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A. M. Trow, Glenville, Freeborn county, will have charge of the Institute. Mr. Trow will be assisted by other well qualified speakers.

The hours for holding the Institute are from 10 a. m. sharp to 12 m., and from 1:30 p. m. sharp to 4 p. m. Every hour will be rich in instruction, and should not be missed.

There will be no fixed program, but the work will be confined largely to the wants of the locality; consequently the importance of being there continuously.

Many hesitate to ask oral questions, and for all such the question box is their source of information. Prepare your questions in writing at your leisure on what you want to know, and put them in the question box; then at the proper time they will be distributed to the parties in whose department they properly belong, and they will be read and answered, so the whole audience will get the benefit.

At the close of the FORENOON session, a very valuable book of over 350 pages (the Institute Annual), devoted to Agriculture Stock Raising, Horticulture, Dairying, Sheep Husbandry, Swine Husbandry, Poultry Raising, Domestic Economy, etc., etc., will be given FREE. This book is estimated by those who have carefully examined it, to be well worth from $5.00 to $25.00 to those interested in the subjects therein contained. No farmer should miss this FREE GIFT at CLOSE OF FIRST SESSION.

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OUR SERIAL.

AN EXCESS OF CAUTION.

I've jes' been readin' up about them rapid transit wrecks
A-sendin' people right an' lef from this world to the next,
I really ain't a-feelin' quite as envious as before,
An' Mandy ain't complainin' 'bout the hay hoss any more.
Let others go a-racin' 'round so reckless an' so free,
Ol' spring wagon's plenty good enough fur me.

We used to think we'd like to ride inside a railroad car;
But you sit aboard one minute; then you don't know where you are—
Somebody blows a whistle, or somebody pulls a switch,
An' furt thing anybody knows, you've landed in a ditch.
When I start out a travelin' the country fur to see,
Ol' spring wagon's plenty good enough fur me.

I have longed to take a steamboat an' go sailin' far away;
But s'pose she starts a leak—There isn't nothin' more to say.
It must be fascinatin' to plow the briny foam;
But if there's any breakdown, there's no chance to walk back home.
Umbrellas ain't no good if once they dump you in the sea;
Ol' spring wagon's plenty good enough fur me.
—Washington Star.

A Daughter of the Sioux

By GEN. CHARLES KING.

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CHAPTER XXIII.—CONTINUED.

And there, in the hallway, throwing off his heavy overcoat and "arctics," there, with that ever faithful aide in attendance, was the chief they loved dropped in, all unsuspecting, just to say good-bye. "I knocked twice," began Hogan, but Ray brushed him aside, for, catching sight of the captain's face, the general was already at the door. Another moment and he had discovered Field, and with both hands extended, all kindliness and sympathy, he stepped at once across the room to greet him.

"I was so very sorry to hear the news," said he. "I knew your father well in the old days. How's your wound? What brought you back so soon?"

And then there was one instant of awkward silence and then—Ray spoke.

"That was my doing, general. I believed it best that he should be here to meet you and—every allegation at his expense. Mr. Field, I feel sure, does not begin to know them yet, especially as to the money."

"It was all recovered," said the general. "It was found almost intact—so was much of that that they took from Hay. Even if it hadn't been, Hay assumed all responsibility for the loss."

With new bewilderment in his face, the young officer, still white and trembling, was gazing, half stupified, from one, to the other.

"What money?" he demanded. "I never heard—"

"Wait," said the general, with significant glance at Hay, who was about to speak. "I am to see them—Mrs. Hay and her niece, at nine o'clock. It is near that now. Webb cannot be with us, but I shall want you, Blake. Say nothing until then. Sit down, Mr. Field, and tell me about that leg. Can you walk from here to Hay's, I wonder?"

Then the ladies, Mrs. Ray and her charming next door neighbor, appeared, and the general adjourned the conference forthwith, and went with them to the parlor.

"Say nothing more," Ray found time to whisper. "You'll understand it all in 20 minutes."

And at nine o'clock the little party was on its way through the sharp and wintry night, the general and Capt. Blake, side by side, ahead, the aide-de-camp and Mr. Field close following. Dr. Waller, who had been sent for, met them near the office. The sentries at the guard-house were being changed as the five tramped by along the snapping and protesting board walk, and a sturdy little chap, in fur cap and gauntlets, and huge buffalo overcoat, caught site of them and, facing outward, slapped his carbine down to the carry—the night signal of soldier recognition of superior rank as practiced at the time.

"Tables are turned with a vengeance," said the general, with his quiet smile. "That's little Kennedy, isn't it? I seem to see him everywhere when we're campaigning. Moreau was going to eat his heart out next time they met, I believe."

"So he said," grinned Blake, "before Winsor's bullet fetched him. Pity it hadn't killed instead of crippling him."

"He's a bad lot," sighed the general. "The little mixture of white blood in his veins has spoiled him utterly. Wing won't fly away from Kennedy, I fancy."

"Not if there's a shot left in his belt," said Blake. "And Ray is officer-of-the-day. There'll be no napping on guard this night."

At the barred aperture that served for window on the southward front, a dark face peered forth in malignant hate as the speakers strode by. But it shrank back, when the sentry once more tossed his carbine to the shoulder, and briskly trudged beneath the bars. Six Indians shared that prison room, four of their number destined to exile in the distant East—to years, perhaps, within the casemates of a seaboard fort—the last place on earth for a son of the warlike Sioux.

"They know their fate, I understand," said Blake, as the general moved on again.

"Oh, yes. Their agent and others have been here with Indian Bureau orders, permitting them to see and talk with the prisoners. Their shackles are to be riveted on tonight. Nearly time now, isn't it?"

"At tattoo, sir. The whole guard forms then, and the fore are to be moved into the main room for the purpose. I am glad this is the last of it."

"Yes, we'll start them with Flint at dawn in the morning. He'll be more than glad to get away, too. He hasn't been over lucky here, either."

A strange domestic—(the McGrath having been given warning and removed to Sudsville) showed them into the trader's roomy parlor, the largest and most pretentious at the post. Hay had lavished money on his home and loved it and the woman who had so adorned it. She came in almost instantly to greet them, looking piteously into the kindly bronzed face of the general, and civilly, yet absently, welcoming the others. She did not seem to realize that Field, who had stood in silence by the side of Capt. Blake, had been away. She had no thought, apparently, for anyone but the chief himself,—he who held the destinies of her dear ones in the hollow of his hand. His first question was for Fawn Eyes, the little Ogallala maiden whose history he seemed to know. "She is well and trying to be content with me," was the reply. "She has been helping poor Nanette. She does not seem to understand or realize what is coming to him. Have they—ironed him—yet?"

"I believe not," said the general. "But it has to be done to-night. They start so early in the morning."

"And you won't let her see him, general. No good can come from it. She declares she will go to him in the morning, if you prohibit it to-night," and the pitiful, jeweled hands of the unhappy woman were clasped almost in supplication.

"By morning he will be beyond her reach. The escort starts at six."

"And—these gentlemen here—" She looked nervously, appealingly about her. "What they—all know?"

"These and the inspector general. He will be here in a moment. But, indeed, Mrs. Hay, it is all known, practically," said the general, with sympathy and sorrow in his tone.

"Not all—not all, general! Even I don't know all. She herself has said so. Hush! She's coming."

She was there! They had listened for swish of skirts or fall of slender feet upon the stairway, but there had not been a sound. They saw the reason as she faltered at the entrance, lifting with one little hand the costly Navajo blanket that hung as a portiere. In harmony with the glossy folds of richly dyed wool, she was habited in Indian garb from head to foot. In two black, lustrous braids, twisted with feather and quill and ribbon, her wealth of hair hung over her shoulders down the front of her slender form. A robe of dark blue stuff, rich with broidery of colored bead and bright-hued plumage, hung close clinging, and her feet were shod in soft moccasins, also deftly worked with bead and quill. But it was her face that chained the gaze of all, and that drew from the pallid lips of Lieut. Field a gasp of mingled consternation and amaze. Without a vestige of color; with black circles under her glittering eyes; with lines of suffering around the rigid mouth and with that strange pinched look about the nostrils that tells of anguish, bodily and mental, Nanette stood at the doorway, looking straight at the chief. She had no eyes for lesser lights. All her thought, apparently, was for him—for him whose power it was, in spite of vehement opposition, to deal as he saw fit with the prisoner in his hands. Appeal on part of Friends Societies, Peace and Indian Associations had failed. The President had referred the matter in its entirety to the general commanding the field, and the general had decided. One moment she studied his face, then came slowly forward. No hand extended. No sign of salutation—greeting—much less of homage. Ignoring all others present, she addressed herself solely to him.

"Is it true you have ordered him in irons and to Fort Rochambeau?" she demanded.

"It is."

"Simply because he took part with his people when your soldiers made war on them?" she asked, her pale lips quivering.

"You well know how much else there was," answered the general, simply. "And I have told you he deserves no pity—of yours."

"Oh, you say he came back here a spy!" she broke forth, impetuously. "It is not so! He never came near the post—nearer than Osborne's village, and there he had a right to be. You say 'twas he who led them to the warpath—that he planned the robbery here and took the money. He never knew they were going, till they were gone. He never stole a penny. That money was loaned him honestly— and for a purpose—and with the hope and expectation of rich profit thereby."

"By you, do you mean?" asked the general, calmly, as before.

"By me? No! What money had I? He asked it and it was given him—by Lieut. Field."

A gasp that was almost a cry following instantly on this insolent assertion—a sound of stir and start among the officers at whom she had not as yet as much as glanced, now caused the girl to turn one swift, contemptuous look their way, and in that momentary flash her eyes encountered those of the man she had thus accused. Field stood like one turned suddenly to stone, gazing at her with wild, incredulous eyes. One instant she seemed to sway, as though the sight had staggered her, but the rally was as instantaneous. Before the general could interpose a word, she plunged on again:

"He, at least, had a heart and conscience. He knew how wrongfully Moreau had been accused—that money was actually needed to establish his claim. It would all have been repaid if your soldiers had not forced this wicked war, and—" and now in her vehemence her eyes were flashing, her hand uplifted, when, all on a sudden, the portiere was raised the second time, and there at the door way stood the former inspector general, "Black Bill." At sight of him the mad flow of words met sudden stop. Down, slowly down, came the clinched, uplifted hand. Her eyes, glaring as were Field's a moment agone, were fixed in awful fascination on the grizzled face. Then actually she recoiled as the veteran officer stepped quietly forward into the room.

"And what?" said he, with placid interest. "I haven't hear you rave in many a moon, Nanette. You are your mother over again—without your mother's excuse for fury."

But a wondrous silence had fallen on the group. The girl had turned rigid. For an instant not a move was made, and, in the hush of all but throbbing hearts, the sound of the trumpets pealing forth the last notes of tattoo came softly through the outer night.

Then sudden, close at hand, yet muffled by double door and windows, came other sounds—sounds of rush and scurry—excited voices—cries of halt! halt!—the ring of a carbine—a yell of warning—another shot, and Blake and the aide-de-camp sprang through the hallway to the storm door without. Mrs. Hay, shuddering with dread, ran to the door of her husband's chamber beyond the dining room. She was gone but a moment. When she returned the little Ogallala maid, trembling and wild-eyed, had come running down from aloft. The general had followed into the lighted hallway—they were all crowding there by this time—and the voice of Capt. Ray, with just a tremor of excitement about it, was heard at the storm door on the porch, in explanation to the chief.

"Moreau, sir! Broke guard and stabbed Kennedy. The second shot dropped him. He wants Fawn Eyes, his sister."

A groan of agony rang through the hall, shrill and piercing. Then the wild cry followed:

"You shall not hold me! Let me go to him, I say—I am his wife!"

CHAPTER XXIV.

That was a gruesome night at Frayne. Just at tattoo the door leading to the little cell room had been thrown open, and the sergeant of the guard bade the four prisoners come forth—all warriors of the Ogallala band and foremost of their number was Eagle Wing, the battle leader.

"THE SECOND, BETTER AIMED, PIERCED THE VITALS."

Recaptured by Crabb and his men after a desperate flight and fight for liberty, he had apparently been planning ever since a second essay even more desperate. In sullen silence he had passed his days, showing no sign of recognition of any face among his guards until the morning Kennedy appeared—all malice forgotten now that his would-be slayer was a helpless prisoner, and therefore did the Irishman greet him jovially. "That man would knife you if he had half a chance," said the sergeant. "Watch out for him!"

"You bet I'll watch out," said Kennedy, never dreaming that, despite all search and vigilance, Moreau had managed to obtain and hide a knife.

In silence they had shuffled forth into the corridor. The heavy portal swung behind them, confining the other two. Another door opened into the guardroom proper, where stood the big, red hot stove and where waited two blacksmiths with the irons. Once in the guard room, every window was barred, and members of the guard, three deep, blocked in eager curiosity the doorway leading to the outer air. In the corridor on one side stood three infantry soldiers, with fixed bayonets. On the other, facing them, three others of the guard. Between them shuffled the Sioux, "Wing" leading. One glance at the waiting blacksmiths was enough. With the spring of a tiger, he hurled himself, head foremost and heading low, straight at the open doorway, and split his way through the astonished guards like center rush at football, scattering them right and left; then darted round the corner of the guardhouse, agile as a cat.

And there was Kennedy confronting him! One furious lunge he made with gleaming knife, then shot like an arrow, straight for the southward bluff. It was bad judgment. He trusted to speed, to dim starlight, to bad aim, perhaps; but the little Irishman dropped on one knee and the first bullet tore through the muscles of a stalwart arm; the second, better aimed, pierced the vitals. Then they were on him, men by the dozen, in another instant, as he staggered and fell there, impotent and writhing.

They bore him to the cell again—the hospital was too far—and Waller and his aides came speedily to do all that surgery could accomplish, but he cursed them back. He raved at Hay, who entered, leading poor, sobbing little Fawn Eyes, and demanded to be left alone with her. Waller went out to minister to Kennedy, bleeding fast, and the others looked to Hay for orders when the door was once more opened and Blake entered with Nanette.

"By the general's order," said he, in brief explanation and in an instant she was on her knees beside the dying Sioux. There and thus they left them. Waller said there was nothing to be done. The junior surgeon, Tracy—he whom she had so fascinated only those few weeks before—bent and whispered: "Call me if you need. I shall remain within hearing." But there came no call. At taps the door was once more softly opened and Tracy peered within. Fawn Eyes, rocking to and fro, was sobbing in an abandonment of grief. Nanette, face downward, lay prone upon a stilled and lifeless heart.

Flint and his escort duly went their way, and spread their story as they camped at Laramie and "the Chug." The general tarried another week at Frayne. There was still very much to keep him there; so, not until the end of 8 miles had gone down did we at other stations learn the facts. The general, as usual, had little to say. The colonel talked for both.

[To Be Continued.]

A Fasting Traveler.

It is almost impossible in Macedonia to get anything to eat on St. John's day, because a fast is kept there in commemoration of the beheading of St. John the Baptist. The author of "The Tale of a Tour in Macedonia" says that at Serres he found a state of things he had never expected to encounter: a whole town in a starving condition. He went to the hotelkeeper and remonstrated with him humorously.

"My dear sir," said he, "is it just, is it right, is it saintly, is it even reasonable that I should condemn myself to the worst of deaths because St. John, some 2,000 years ago, had his head cut off?"

"It is not lawful to argue about such matters," was the serious reply.

"I do not wish to argue. I wish to eat."

At length, by dint of money, patience and persuasion, the traveler managed to obtain a little bread and cheese and some grapes, and with these he had to be content until the fast was over.—Youth's Companion.

Morbid Mental States.

Misanthropy, selfishness and narrowness are productive of disease. Misers are almost always melancholy and dyspeptic. Thousands become ill by centering their minds upon themselves and attaching too great significance to minor symptoms. The writer once met a man who was quite terrified, thinking he was likely to suffer from an attack of apoplexy at any moment, simply because he now and then felt a peculiar tingling or other sensation in one of his legs. Persons suffering from neurasthenia are very likely to aggravate their maladies by introspection. The mind should be helpfully occupied by useful employment. An active interest in philanthropic work of various sorts is a useful means of counteracting the tendency to self-centering which often accompanies chronic invalidism. Thus one may help himself by helping his neighbor.—Good Health.

By the Short Cut.

One of the great newspapers is printed in an office that has three full stories below the ground level, the enormous presses resting on foundations even below this depth.

An "old subscriber" came to look at the establishment one day, and the business manager showed him round. They had inspected the editorial and composing rooms and the business offices, and last of all they went to look at the engines and presses.

The stairway leading down to the basement had several landings, and to the visitor it seemed that the journey would never end.

"Well," he gasped, as they stood at last on the very bottom floor, "I see you have arranged to get your news from China by the shortest route!"—Youth's Companion.

Story of a Family Name.

There is a family named Fennen living in the north of England whose original name was Purvis. Two hundred years ago Frank Purvis turned pirate and was killed fighting on his ship. The family then decided to relinquish the name of Purvis and take that of Fennen and ever since the eldest son of the family on attaining his majority signs a pledge that he will not resume the name of Purvis. The pledge has been handed down from father to son and bears some fifty signatures.

ART ENTHUSIASM.

It Did Best All How Much Admiration There Was in the Picture.

When the artist son of John Harper was a raw student his father was very much interested in his work. One day he saw a nearly finished picture on the easel, relates the New York Times.

"Ah! that's fine," he burst out. "Good! There's lots of life, lots of animation in that, my boy. You've struck the right thing now—life and action."

"But, father, I don't understand what you mean."

"Why, that picture has action, movement in it. Look at those horses, rearing and tearing ahead, together with the grimness of their riders, are standing up in their stirrups, shouting and waving their sabers over their heads—the whole picture is movement and animation. What is it—Napoleon's last charge at Waterloo?"

"No, father, that's your best patch in a strong wind."

Chicago's First Railway Half Century.

Under the above heading the Railway Age, in referring to the recent centennial celebration of the city of Chicago, said:

"The world had not heard of railways in 1803. It was about 25 years after the starting of Chicago before the first locomotive went into service in the United States. As early as 1836 a few far-seeing men among the pioneers in the country between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi river determined that a railway ought to be built from Galena, an ambitious town in the lead mining regions, 170 miles to the northwest of this point, that it secured a charter for the Galena & Chicago Union railroad, giving Galena the honor of precedence in the title, because it was the more important place. They were determined that the first railroad should start for Galena from this little town on Lake Michigan! It only became there was a few men here of the railway building spirit. These men might have started a Chicago at some other point on Lake Michigan more attractive by nature than this. The pioneer railway was to determine the location of the greatest railway center in the world, and when William B. Ogden and his associates determined that here should be the starting point of the railway to unite Galena with the lake, they did the thing which made Chicago.

It was 12 years after the charter was granted before the first piece of road was completed. The panic of 1837 stopped the surveys, and construction was not begun until 1847, but on November 20, 1848, the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad ran its first train from Chicago west to Harlem, 10 miles. Within three years it had reached Elgin, 43 miles, and by 1854 had been extended to Freeport, 120 miles westerly from Chicago, where it stopped for good. The Galena road never reached Galena. The gap of 51 miles between Freeport and the original goal of its ambition was substantially filled by the construction of the Illinois Central on the way to Dubuque, and the Galena & Chicago Union company, having decided on a more direct line to the Mississippi river, built the "Dixon Air Line" from Turner Junction on the old road, 30 miles west of Chicago, on to the Mississippi, which was reached at the end of 1855. The pioneer road had built a branch, from Belvidere, Ill., into Wisconsin and was proposing an extension from Janesville, where a competitor, under the name of the Chicago, St. Paul & Fond du Lac, began to build a road direct from Chicago into the same Wisconsin territory. That road became the Chicago & Northwestern, and its line now forms the Wisconsin division of the present company. In 1864 the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad company was consolidated with the Chicago & Northwestern, Milwaukee & Chicago railroad companies, which had built a line between the places named in their titles, and this was the origin of the Milwaukee division of the Northwestern road. The Chicago & Northwestern system and the entire railway system of the Northwest, therefore, started in 1848 from the Galena & Chicago Union road, and it was fitting that to commemorate the inauguration of the tremendous interest to which Chicago owes so much the city should place in the wall of the modern Northwestern Railway station a tablet marking the site of the first railway depot in Chicago.

Which?

The president had an informal reception in his office recently and a number of visitors were presented to him. One lady introduced herself as from Jacksonville, Fla., and said: "Mr. President, I have come all this way just to see you. I have never seen a live president before." Mr. Roosevelt seemed much amused. "Well, well," he said. "I hope you don't feel disappointment now that you have seen one. Lots of people in these parts go all the way to Jacksonville to see a live alligator. I wonder which kind of a tourist feels the most sold."

BETHSAIDA.

A Tale of the Time of the Caesars—By Malcolm Dearborn, Author of "Lionel Ardon."

This story covers an interesting period, that of the brutal Tiberius Caesar and the trial and death of Christ. There are two scenes in which the Saviour figures, as he is being led to execution, and the effect his presence produces on the two chief personages of the story is graphically described.

The hero, Aristarcius, is a Roman noble of great wealth. His father, Petronius, has been doomed to death by order of Augustus Caesar, whom he had unintentionally offended. On his last night on earth, while Petronius was looking from the roof of his palace, he witnessed a strange light in the heavens. It rose, opened, vibrated, then slowly disappeared in its course towards Syria.

While he was still gazing at it, a slave approaches and announces to him the birth of a son. The Roman marvels, and at once associates the wondrous light in the heavens with the birth of his son. The light, of course, was the star of Bethlehem, proclaiming the birth of Christ, whose influence over Petronius' son makes up the main incidents of the story. That night Petronius dies by his own hand to avoid the ignominious death planned for him by Augustus.

Aristarchus, grown to manhood, becomes disgusted with the materialism and rapid luxury of Rome, and is, moreover, involved in a quarrel with Tiberius during one of the latter's drunken orgies. He flies Rome, and turns Eastward in his course. There he learns of the strange fame of the "Nazarene," whom he forms a desire to see. His wish is granted by a sight of Jesus as he is being led to execution. The effect upon the Roman is intense; its revolutionizes his whole life.

The heroine, Bethsaida, who gives name to the story, is a maiden of humble birth, but of a strong character and commanding beauty. Her father has trained her to be a dancing girl at the court of Pilate. She, too, sees Christ as he is being led to death, and the effect wrought causes her to plan a flight from the influence of Pilate and his court.

Chance brings about a meeting between her and Aristarchus, and their mutual experiences in the encounter with Christ form a bond between the strangely assorted pair, whose training and environment had been so foreign to one another.

The alternate bursts of tyranny and kindliness that distinguish Pilate, whose love for his wife, Claudia, despite his infidelity to her, is his one saving trait, make an engaging study. Claudia herself will, doubtless, appeal to many readers as the most lovable character in the book. Her justice, religious sympathy and devotion are well depicted.

The tone of the book is that of unquestioning belief in the miraculous birth and mission of Christ.

Handsomely bound in Cloth, 12mo., $1.50. Published by the G. W. Dillingham company, New York.

Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice-President Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed the testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one-half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Yours very sincerely, MRS. L. C. GLOVER, 614 Grove St. Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Association.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Wise.

Though worth several millions, Hugh McLaughlin, the Brooklyn democratic boss, spends very little money on himself, his clothing at times being shabbily shabby. His chief lieutenant, James Shevlin, is a relative by marriage and a dealer in shoes, says a New York exchange. "Come over to my store," said Shevlin one day, "and get you a pair of good shoes made." The old man demurred at first, but finally consented and was measured for a fine pair. Shortly afterward he received a bill for $12, just about three times as much as he is accustomed to pay for footwear. He looked at the document gravely for a minute, wrote across the face of it, "Collect from Shevlin; he's responsible," remailed it to the sender and heard nothing more about the matter.

New Fast Train to Texas

via Iron Mountain Route, leaving St. Louis 8:30 a. m. for points in Texas and the Southwest. Direct connection with trains from North and East. In addition to this the Iron Mountain Route runs three other trains to Texas, leaving St. Louis 2:21 p. m., 8:40 p. m. and 3:05 a. m. Through Pullman Sleepers, Dining Cars and Elegant Chair Cars. Twelve hours saved to California. Fastest schedules to Texas. Tourist tickets on sale the year round. Write agent of Iron Mountain Route, or H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis.

Pointed Query.

She—I might have married a foreign nobleman!

He—That so—who did pay his debts?—Judge.

Double Daily Through Service to California

via Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route. Choice of Central route through Colorado or via the True Southern Route through Texas, Arizona, etc. Through sleeper to Los Angeles. Only line operating through sleeping cars, St. Louis to San Francisco. Tourist car service to California four days in the week. For rates and full information address any agent of Missouri Pacific Railway, or Iron Mountain Route, or H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis.

"Can you put two and two together?" "Not so well as one and one; I'm a minister."—Detroit Free Press.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare, wife of Dr. Pare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides a bad back, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

SAWYER'S EXCELSIOR BRAND Slickers and Oiled Clothing

Keep Out the Wet.

Warranted water proof and built to wear. All styles for all occupations. *Look for trade-mark.* If your dealer doesn't have them, send for catalogue to H. M. SAWYER & SONS, Sole Mfrs., East Cambridge, Mass.

PILES ANAKESIS gives Instant and PERMANENT CURE. Sample free. Sold by druggists. "ANAKESIS," Tribune Building, New York.

THE WRONG SIMILE.

That is in the Case of a Young Lady Who Was a Scale Breaker.

He kneels at the feet of the heiress.

Now, in order to make plain what is to follow, let us state that the heiress weighs 300 pounds, says Judge. True love, however, we will concede for the sake of argument, knows no waist lines. And no woman is ever so fat as her fortune. Therefore, to proceed, measures.

He kneels, as we have previously said, at the feet of the heiress.

"You are all the world to me!" he exclaims.

"What!" she pants. "You wretch! are you aware of the fact that the equator is the largest diameter of the world?"

In vain does he argue that the equator is an imaginary line. This only makes it worse.

Metaphorically, she sits down on him; metaphorically, he is crushed.

Has He Found It?

Polk, Ark., Nov. 9.—A remedy that will absolutely cure Rheumatism has been discovered by Mr. George Hiland of this place. Mr. Hiland is satisfied that the remedy he has used is a sure cure, for it cured him of a very serious case of Acute Rheumatism when he was so bad that he could not move. This is what he says:—

"I was troubled with what is called Acute Rheumatism in 1900. I was in such shape that I could not move without help. I was treated by a physician, who helped me some, but I was still in great pain when my wife saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised as a cure for Rheumatism. She insisted on my trying them, and I felt better after taking the first box. I continued, and now I am well and able to work all the time. I have found Dodd's Kidney Pills to be just what they are claimed to be, a perfect cure for Rheumatism."

Mr. Hiland's very positive statement seems to settle all doubt as to whether or not Rheumatism can be cured.

Solo Would Be Appreciated.

"Allow me to introduce you to Prof. Alpen Stocker. He has this season surmounted the difficulties of the Matterhorn."

"O, delighted, professor. I must beg of you to attend my next musical reception and bring the Matterhorn with you!"—Stray Stories.

Low Rate Excursions

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month to Texas, Indian and Oklahoma Territories via M., K. & T. Ry. Take advantage of the opportunity offered and see the Great Southwest in all its glory. "Texas," "Business Chances," "Indian Territory" and other booklets, brimful of information, will be sent on receipt of two-cent stamp to prepay postage. Address, George Morton, G. P. & T. A., M., K. & T. Ry., Suite Q, The Wainwright, St. Louis, Mo.

His Classification.

"Tell me what you eat," said the wise guy, "and I'll tell you what you are."

"Rats!" ejaculated the scoffer.

"Ah!" retored the w. g. "According to the dope book you are a Chinaman."—Chicago Daily News.

"He's what I call a 'good loser.'" "He didn't seem that way to me." "Why, I saw him lose $150 at poker last night, and he didn't kick at all." "Funny! You should have heard him swear to-day when he dropped a half dollar and it rolled down the culvert."—Catholic Standard and Times.

At the China Shop.—Superintendent—"We are likely to have brisk sale of chinaware this year, Mr. Tiler." Floorwalker—"What makes you think that?" Superintendent—"I see it stated that long flowing sleeves are coming into fashion."—Boston Transcript.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Editor—"There isn't an idea in this story of yours." Great Author—"I couldn't afford to sell it to you if there was."—Life.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A very popular couple—two dollars.—Chicago Daily News.

Money refunded for each package of Putnam Fadeless Dyes if unsatisfactory.

Chronic complaining doesn't make a hard lot any softer.

The Shortest Way
out of an attack of
Rheumatism or Neuralgia

is to use
St. Jacobs Oil
Which affords not only sure relief, but a prompt cure. It soothes, subdues, and ends the suffering.
Price, 25c. and 50c.

Big Four Route
TO THE WORLD FAMED
Virginia Hot Springs.
2,500 feet elevation on Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Pre-eminent among all-year-round Resorts.
THE NEW
Homestead Hotel,
Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry.
This fine brick structure is now fully completed. Has 400 rooms and 200 private baths, each room supplied with long distance 'phone and modern appointments. Brokers' office with direct New York wire.
MAGNIFICENT BATH-HOUSE and most curative waters known for rheumatism, gout, obesity and nervous troubles.
FINE GOLF LINKS and NEW CLUB HOUSE with Spanish Court, lounging rooms, cafe, ping-pong tables, etc. Tennis courts and all outdoor amusements. Orchestra.
OCTOBER and NOVEMBER
The Grandest Months in the Year.
Magnificent Train Service, Dining Cars, Pullman Sleepers, Observation Cars.
Reduced Rate Tickets now on sale.
For full information call on agents of the
BIG FOUR ROUTE.

POULTRY AND BEES

POULTRY SHIPPING BOX.

Made from Cheap Common Boxes That Can Be Obtained at Any Grocery Store.

An institute speaker here describes how he makes shipping coops from common cheap shallow boxes such as are common at grocery stores. I am trying the plan this season and find it is the cheapest good shipping coop that I can get. The shallow box shown at the base of the illustration is built up by two end pieces sawed from refuse

LIGHT SHIPPING COOP.

thick box boards joined together and to the box by two cleats inside and wire nails clinched. I get most of my slats from old broken orange crates, which the grocer gives me when I buy boxes, but laths may be used if desired, with a wide slat for the top. To insure careful handling it is best to make handle holes or nail on a couple of short outside cleats.

For a pair of average fowls the coop should not be much less than two feet high, one and one-half feet wide and one and three-fourths feet long. I put inside a couple of ears of corn, an apple or two, and for water nail a tin can to the side of the box. On top of the box I write with a blue pencil the address of the buyer and also of the shipper, including post office address when different from the express office, also the number of chickens inside and the weight of the package if I know it. The address is repeated on a card tacked to the box. This care pleases the expressmen and I think tends to insure prompt and careful handling.—I. A. Stephenson, in Farm and Home.

BEES THAT DON'T SWARM.

The Original Queen Was a Gold-Dust Italian and Her Stock Is Equally Home-Loving.

Recently we were informed that in Cuba had been discovered a stingless bee. Now comes a man who claims to have a swarmless bee. Writing to the American Bee Journal, he says:

So much has been said and written about the desirability of non-swarming bees that I thought perhaps a few words from me would be acceptable, as I have had some experience in that line, and I am convinced that I have got a non-swarming variety of bees. Why do I think so? Because they answer the description as given by nearly all the writers on the subject, namely, they do not swarm; but they do give me surplus honey every year. I can't take credit for better management, for I manage just as all prominent writers say we should manage. There is plenty of room in the brood-chamber for the queen to lay, plenty of ventilation when weather is warm, and I extract whenever the bees begin to seal the honey in the super, so the management is nothing unusual. Yet I have not had a swarm issue in eight years.

I have five colonies back of my home, and my lot is 30 feet wide, with neighbors on both sides. So a swarm could not very well get out without being seen, and my queens' wings are clipped; that is, I clip one wing quite short.

The original queen was a gold-dust Italian, and the ones I know have are of her stock. I am not selling queens, but I do think I have a stock that won't swarm if given fairly good management. I have kept bees off and on for 19 years, but never very many colonies at a time. I use eight-frame dovetailed hives, and run for extracted honey altogether.

POULTRY YARD NOTES.

Let poultry of all kinds fast at least 12 hours before killing.

Large roasting fowls, young and fat, will be in demand for the Thanksgiving market. All cannot buy turkeys.

No figures, however large, should tempt the grower to sell his best birds. The best is none too good for the breeder who wants to keep his stock up to high standards.

A water-proof roof on the poultry-house is a fine thing to have when the cold November rain falls. It will soon be too late to put on a new one or to repair the old.

Pet the turkeys and get them ready to celebrate. Feed generously and in such a way that they will not be overreached or deprived of their food by the quicker motioned fowls.—Farm Journal.

Feeding Ducks in Autumn.

I have not had much experience in fattening ducks, as I always sell nearly all I raise for breeding purposes, and can never raise enough to fill the orders I get. For feeding my young ducks in the fall after the corn begins to dent, I cut it from the cob with a corn knife and feed them, and they grow very fast. Old ones will get very fat on that once a day and ripe corn twice a day, with plenty of fresh water to drink and clean quarters. Either young or old ducks always want a clean, dry place for the night. Dampness is very hurtful to young ducks. Some will not believe this, as they are a water fowl, but this has always been my experience.—Mrs. J. W. Bloxham, in Farmers' Review.

POULTRY FOR MARKET.

The Vexed Problem of Drawing Before Shipping to Be Decided by Local Demands.

The proper way to kill all kinds of poultry is by opening the veins of the neck or by bleeding in the mouth. Hang by the feet until the blood is drained out. One may scald chickens for home trade, but it is best to dry-pick them for shipment. When scalding, do not immerse the head. This spoils the appearance of the eyes and comb and gives the buyer the impression the chicken has been diseased. If the water is too hot that is used for scalding it will cause the skin to be tender and break easily. All pin feathers should be removed cleanly and neatly. "Plump" by dipping for several seconds into water near the boiling point; then at once into cold water.

Always dry-pick turkeys. They look better when dry-picked, and command better prices than when scalded. To dry-pick turkeys or chickens properly the work should be done while the bodies are warm. It is easier to pluck them while warm. Opinions differ regarding the practice of drawing poultry before marketing. When shipping one must suit the demands of the market. Our home trade prefers the crop and intestines removed. They tell us the shipped fowls they buy that have not been drawn have a strong intestinal flavor sometimes. We have made a few experiments along this line, and we find that fowls that are drawn as soon as possible after being killed keep longer under the same conditions than those not drawn. When the crop and intestines are not to be removed, it is important to let the birds fast for 24 hours to empty them of food that might ferment and spoil the fowls.

One who has never dressed and packed poultry for shipment has many things to learn. The head and feet must not be removed. Turkeys should have the feathers left on the neck for about three inches from the head; also a few feathers on the tail and tips of the wings. Ducks and geese should be scalded when dressing for market, and we find it takes longer for the water to penetrate and loosen the feathers than it does for other kinds of poultry. Leave feathers on the head and two or three inches on the neck.—Mrs. Frank Wood, in N. Y. Prairie Farmer.

COOPS FOR FATTENING.

Fowls Kept in One Three Weeks Will Gain Wonderfully in Weight and Looks.

Where it is desired to take extra pains in fattening chickens, it is necessary to confine them in close quarters for two or three weeks before killing. The coop shown herewith is ideal for this purpose. It is set on legs two and one-

FATTENING COOP FOR FOWLS.

half feet above the ground for convenience in carring for the fowls. The coop is about two feet wide, five feet long and two feet nine inches high, and will easily hold six birds.

The bottom should be constructed of slats somewhat closer together than the sides and ends, so that the droppings may fall through. The coops should be placed under roofs to shed rain and to protect the fowls from the hot sun. In cold weather it would be necessary to protect them still more by placing the coops in buildings. Feed troughs and water vessels are attached at the outside in easy reach of the fowls.—J. D. Spooner, in Farm and Home.

Raising Chickens for Eggs.

There is an old saying that the eggs will pay for the horse before the sale of chickens has paid for the saddle, and this is just about true. Raising chickens for profit in the eggs is the main part of the business the farmer wants to look after. But if he does this he must make a judicious selection of the kind of chickens he would keep. If it is a cross, he must know that it is a cross that will lay. Never use a cross made of the setting and non-setting breeds. These may do for market birds, but not layers and setters. Keep the laying hens warm. To let them run in the damp or rain will shorten up the crop of eggs.—Twentieth Century Farmer.

Cowpeas as Egg Producers.

A poultryman reports that an acre of cowpeas was left uncut near his poultry yard, and during the winter his hens attended to the harvesting of the peas. He was surprised to receive almost double the usual amount of eggs during the season, and asked if the peas had anything to do with it? Cowpeas are rich in protein, therefore assist in forming eggs. The exercise in securing the peas is another factor which recommends this practice to the poultryman in search of winter eggs. It would be a good plan to give cowpeas a trial.—Rural World.

Corn for Laying Hens.

The objection to feeding corn to laying hens is that it is deficient in lime and contains an excess of carbon which promotes the laying on of fat, which is not favorable to egg production. Yet during the fall and winter some corn can always be fed to an advantage as it is one of the best foods for maintaining animal heat, hence it is a good plan from this time on to give a good feed of whole corn every night before the fowls go on their roosts.—Farm Home.

ODD FILIPINO DISHES.

Table Delicacies That Are to Be Found Regularly Upon the Native Bill of Fare.

Ever eat a dish of cinigang na isda? Sampled the delights of escabech Isda? Toyed with the grateful and comforting turtang baca? Or the cari cari? Or michadong baca? These dishes have not yet made their appearance on the menu cards of either Fifth avenue or Sixth avenue, but if the influence of returned travelers from the Philippines goes for anything they will in time assume a prominent place on the bills of fare, says a New York exchange.

Mr. Filipino in his natural state of life enjoys rather a limited diet. That is to say, the diet itself is limited, but the form of its preparation is as varied as the changing hues of the sunset over Manila bay. Fish and rice, rice and fish, fish, rice, fish without rice, rice without fish—that about exhausts the menu so far as the "rice paddy hombre" and the "barrio native" are concerned. In comparatively higher stations of life in our colony on the Pacific the little brown brother indulges in a wider range.

There is this peculiarity about the fish of the country, it contains some form of bauang (garlic), luya (ginger), or sampaloc (tamarind). These the native must and does have.

Careful observation has resulted in an insight into the archipelago's cook book, which shows the following standard dishes:

Cinigang Na Isda—A fish stew, aided by a plentiful portion of sampaloc and seasoned with salt and pepper.

Pritong Isda—Four enough cocoanut oil in a skillet to hold the fish. Fry it to a grateful brown. Serve in sour sauce.

Pascio Na Isda—Simply pickled fish, vinegar and salt forming the pickling fluid.

Escabeche Isda—Take a small fish, fry it in a pan holding grease and lupa, and sprinkle it freely with powdered sugar when ready to serve. Fish and sugar make a delectable—Filipino—combination.

Cardillong Isda—Clean a small fish, remove the bones, mince and mix with beaten eggs. Scramble the whole and serve hot.

Yuihoa Na Tio—Select a panful of small fish about the size of the sardine, allow them to dry in the sun, and serve whole.

At Tinapa—The same as yuihoa na tio, except that instead of being sun-dried the fish are cured by smoking.

Cinigang Na Carne—A meat stew with a seasoning of sampaloc.

Pritong Carne—Fried meat, served with a very sour sauce.

Puncherong Baca—A stew made of beef and plentifully seasoned with luya.

Dinaguang Baca—Something on the order of our blood pudding, being a mixture of beef blood and sampaloc.

Torlang Baca—A beef omelet—it's good.

Adoba—A marvelous stew, made of beef, onions, potatoes, pepper, salt, luya and anything else the larder has and the kettle will hold.

Michidang Baca—A beef stew seasoned with pepper and laurel leaves.

Cari Cari—Meat, breaded, fried and served with a salad made from the heart of the banana tree.

Lichong Baboy—Kill a sucking pig and properly prepare him whole for cooking. Dig a pit in the earth, and at the bottom start a fire. Erect over the sides of the pit two forked sticks, through the forks of which run a bamboo pole. On this pole the pig is impaled, and turned by a wooden crank until thoroughly roasted and ready to serve.

Manoc Na Pospas—Stew a pullet until the flesh is in shreds. Season with baung, salt and pepper. Serve with boiled rice, peanuts, salted almonds and currants.

Cinigang Hipon—A stew made of shrimp and sampaloc.

OBJECTED TO THE PRINCIPLE.

The Spanish Credit System Illustrated in an American Soldier's Little Story.

"I didn't know how they did business in Porto Rico until I got there," said an American who was, according to the Chicago Daily News, stationed on the island for a year or more, "but it didn't take me long to find out. Nobody pays cash down over there until he works the credit system out.

"Indeed, it was the hardest kind of work to leave money behind you. The system was to 'charge it up' and collect in 60 or 90 days, and we soldiers had a good thing of it for the first six months. Then we had to pay cash and the merchants couldn't get it into their pockets quick enough.

"While the credit system was in full swing a Spanish tobacco dealer asked me to teach him the game of poker. As he had been very liberal in the matter of cigars I took hold and spent about three days with him and at length he was ready to bet on his hand. I was also ready to win his money, and before we made a jack-pot I said to him:

"'Senor, you must understand that I shall play strictly after American principles. If you lose you pay at once.'

"'Si, si,' he replied, and we went at it.

"He was dead easy game, but I let him win about $10 and told him to charge it. The next day we sat down again and I soaked him for $50 and when we rose up I asked him for the money. He looked puzzled and paid it over reluctantly and when I went on the third day to skin him some more he said he guessed he didn't care to play.

"But I thought you liked the game?" I said.

"'Si, senor, I the poker game do like,' he replied, 'but I object to the principle of America in it.'

"'How do you mean?'

"'Why, when you $10 lose it is charge it up, but when you $50 win it des hand it over, quick, right off.'"

Drilling with Steel Shot.

The price of black diamonds, used for core rock drills, having risen in 40 years from three dollars to $50 per carat, a substitute for them has long been sought. One such substitute is furnished by the shot drill, invented by Mr. Davis, an Australian. In this machine the place of the diamond-cutters is taken by chilled steel shot, fed through a hollow rod in the drill, which wear away the rock by a crushing or grinding action. A machine, recently tested in New York, easily cut through a mass of brick and cement, and even through embedded plates of cast iron, making smooth cores of four feet in length.

MARSHALL FIELD AND CO.'S WAREHOUSE MANAGER

Cured of Catarrh of Kidneys by Pe-ru-na.

HON. JOHN T. SHEAHAN, OF CHICAGO.

Hon. John T. Sheahan, who has been for seventeen years manager of Marshall Field & Co.'s wholesale warehouse, and is corporal 5d Regiment Infantry, I. N. G., writes the following letter from 3753 Indiana avenue, Flat Six, Chicago, Ill.:

Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen—"Last summer I caught a cold which seemed to settle in my kidneys and affected them badly. I tried a couple of kidney remedies largely advertised, but they did not help me any. One of my foremen told me of the great help he had received in using Peruna in a similar case, and I at once procured some.

"It was indeed a blessing to me, as I am on my feet a large part of the day, and trouble such as I had affected me seriously, but four bottles of Peruna cured me entirely and I would not be without it for three months salary."—JOHN T. SHEAHAN.

Mr. Jacob Fleig writes from 44 Sumner avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

"I am now a new man at the age of seventy-five years, thanks to your wonderful remedy Peruna."—Jacob Fleig.

Catarrhal inflammation of the mucous lining of the kidneys, also called "Bright's disease," may be either acute or chronic. The acute form produces symptoms of such prominence that the serious nature of the disease is at once suspected, but the chronic variety may come on so gradually and insidiously that its presence is not suspected until after it has fastened itself thoroughly upon its victims.

At the appearance of the first symptom Peruna should be taken. This remedy strikes at once at the very root of the disease.

A book on catarrh sent free by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

$100.00 Reward

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The great merit of CASCARETS makes big sales everywhere. Therefore, now and then, dealers try to substitute "something just as good." It's a lie! Don't let them do it, and if they try, write us confidentially at once. Address STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago or New York. All Druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

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Factory Loaded Smokeless Powder Shells.

It's not sentiment — it's not the price — that makes the most intelligent and successful shots shoot Winchester Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells. It's the results they give. It's their entire reliability, evenness of pattern and uniform shooting. Winchester "Leader" shells, loaded with smokeless powder, are the best loaded shells on the market. Winchester "Repeater" shells loaded with smokeless powder are cheap in price but not in quality. Try either of these brands and you will be well pleased. Be sure to get Winchester Factory Loaded shells.

THE SHELLS THE CHAMPIONS SHOOT.

DON'T GET WET!

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE
SLICKER
MADE FAMOUS BY A REPUTATION EXTENDING OVER MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY.
TOWER'S garments and hats are made of the best materials in black or yellow for all kinds of wet work.
SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED IF YOU STICK TO
THE SIGN OF THE FISH.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE.
You can save from $3 to $5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 or $3 shoes.
They equal those that have been costing you from $4.00 to $5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.
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A. N. K.—G 1998

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

WEST ROCK.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. Church met with Mrs. Matz Peterson on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. A. Rydell left for northern points to spend a few days hunting deer.(?)

Confirmation exercises were held by Rev. Johnson of Rush Point Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Lindgren, of Minneapolis, gave a lecture on "Temperence" in the M. E. Church Saturday evening.

Mr. Colovin and Mr. A. Rydell spent Saturday hunting east of Rock Creek.

Miss Buirge, Mr. Corovin, Mr. Anderson and son, attended the Dedication Exercises in Pine City Friday.

Mr. Freeman and son, Swan, and Mr. O. P. Backlund are on a hunting trip for a few days this week.

Myrtle Soderbeck and Katie Thill have again resumed their school duties.

Rev. Chas. Rydell conducted service in the M. E. Church Sunday evening.

"INTEREST."

MEADOW LAWN.

The first snow of the season visited this section on Monday.

County Supt. Blankenship was a visitor at our school on Friday.

Mrs. August Sperling arrived here Monday, and was accompanied by Will. Hoan of Dakota.

Louis Cline and Ralph Scofield arrived home from the cities this week where they have been visiting their cousin George Scofield.

Miss Daisy Hathaway and Lillie Cline went to St. Paul this week to visit with relatives and friends.

Alic Hathaway and nephew Garfield Rose drove from Dakota, arriving here Monday.

Mrs. Ida Laneron who has been visiting her sister Mrs. Orson Scofield, departed for her home in Oregon, Wednesday.

Miss Kate Penhiter and brother John arrived here Tuesday, from Mapleton, and will remain here with their parents

Mrs. W. H. Patterson went to Minneapolis Saturday.

POKEGAMA BREEZES

Miss Hawes accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Herman Schultz to Pine City, Saturday.

Wm. Harrigan entertained some of his Pokegama friends Saturday. Will has spent the summer in North Dakota.

Ole Wicklund journeyed to the county seat, Saturday.

Prof. Gotsen did some trading at Pine City Monday. Not a pleasant day for a five mile drive.

A. H. Anderson transacted official business at the county seat, Saturday.

E. Miller drove to Pine City Wednesday.

Fred Norstrom was in Pine City Wednesday. While stopping at one of the stores in the village, his horse started to take a run for home all by its lonesome. He was informed in time to run out and stop it, and save a six mile walk.

John E. Norstrom has started the foundation for a new home, to take the place of the one destroyed by fire one week ago.

"PHILIPPI PHIPS."

BEROUN.

About three inches of snow fell on Monday.

Everybody is out hunting this week.

The new bridge accross Mission Creek on the Pine City and Hinckley road is completed.

Joseph Sebesta was in Pine City on business, Tuesday.

We read in the Hinckley Enterprise, in the Beroun column, that the Sebasta boys were hauling corn from their farm. How could they haul corn when they did not have it?

Posters are out announcing the Thanksgiving dance at this place. A good time is guaranteed all who attend.

Will Balanger of New Prague is visiting with the Chalupsky brothers this week.

Anton Kopacek killed a fine wolf last Sunday.

Jos. Chalupsky has received a fine large stock for his furniture store.

Miss Etta Derr is visiting with her many friends here this week.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Lucy Nevill, Robert Swedenberg and Howard Ferguson were absent from school, Monday and Tuesday, on account of illness.

A special meeting of the Webster literary society was held, Monday morning, for the purpose of electing program and music committees. The first program of the society will be given Nov. 25th.

The junior class are doing rapid work in literature. They have read "Hamlet" and "Twelth Night" and are now reading "Macbeth".

We understand that the eighth grade and freshman class are to have a "spread," Friday night. The juniors are wondering if they will be fortunate enough to be invited. It looks dubious.

Miss Wyman was absent from school, Monday morning.

The dedication exercises passed off nicely. We hope to have Supt. Olsen with us again during the school year.

A new rule was adopted, Wednesday, by which the school house doors will not be opened before 8:30 a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. E. BARNUM,
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate University of Michigan—1876.
Office at Residence South of Court House.
Telephone No. 6.
Night calls promptly responded to.
Pine City.

R. L. WISEMAN
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in Wiseman & Co.'s hardware store.
Pine City.

A. LYONS,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in the Hurley Block.
Pine City.

A. J. STOWE, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of the University of New York City, 1887. Office in new building first door north of Post-office. Residence 2nd house north of office.
Rush City.

E. L. STEPHAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Drug Store.
Hinckley.

S. G. L. ROBERTS.
Attorney at Law.
Pine City.

ROBT. C. SAUNDERS
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office—Rybak Block.
Pine City.

M. B. HURLEY,
Attorney at Law.
County Attorney of Pine County.
Office in the Court House.
Pine City.

BARBER SHOP,
CARL BODLY, PROPRIETOR.
Two Chairs—Quick Service
Everything New and Up-to-date.
Shop in Connor Block, next to Madden's Feed Store.

STENOGRAPHY
Taught right, in a way unknown to any other school.
BOOK-KEEPING
Simplified, made easy, accurate and no labor.
BANKING This science thoroughly mastered at the New Era Business College. Write J. P. SIMON, General Manager, Superior, Wis.

PINE CITY
LIVERY STABLE
W. P. GOTTRY,
Proprietor
First-Class Livery Rigs Furnished at any hour.

Teeth Dr. Morgan, dentist, will be at the Wilcox House, Pine City, on the 21, 22 and 23, of every month. Teeth pulled without pain.

Jas. Hurley & Son
- carry a full line of -
Bettendorf Steel and Rushford Wagons;
Geo. F. Thompson & Son Buggies.
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HARNESS AND SADDLERY.
A complete line of Horse Blankets, Robes, Brushes, Curry Combs, Whips, Harness Oil, Axel Grease, and in fact, everything pretaining to a first-class harness shop.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
James Hurley & Son, **Pine City.**

25 Cents
—Will buy the—
Weekly St. Paul Dispatch
One Year.
The Weekly Dispatch has no equal in the Northwest as a reliable news paper and includes
Telegraphic News of the World
General and Northwestern News
UNSURPASSED AND RELIABLE Market Page
Send 25 cents in stamps and try it for one year (52 issues.) Write for their premium list and free samples.
Weekly St. Paul Dispatch,
St. Paul, Minn.

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Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
Produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 15-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
For Sale in Pine City By
J. Y. Breckenridge.

MRS. CECELIA STOWE,
Orator, Entre Nous Club.
176 Warren Avenue,
CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 22, 1902.
For nearly four years I suffered from ovarian troubles. The doctor insisted on an operation as the only way to get well. I, however, strongly objected to an operation. My husband felt disheartened as well as I, for home with a sick woman is a discomolate place at best. A friendly druggist advised him to get a bottle of Wine of Cardui for me to try, and he did so. I began to improve in a few days and my recovery was very rapid. Within eighteen weeks I was another being.
Cecelia Stowe
Mrs. Stowe's letter shows every woman how a home is saddened by female weakness and how completely Wine of Cardui cures that sickness and brings health and happiness again. Do not go on suffering. Go to your druggist today and secure a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui.
WINE of CARDUI

Come to the
PINE COUNTY PIONEER
for your Fancy and Commercial Job Printing.

NEW PLANING MILL.
We are now prepared to do anything in the planing mill line, such as—
Surfacing, Flooring, Ceiling, Drop Siding, Ship Lap, Lap Siding, Window and Door Frames, O. G. Base and Casings. Saw gumming a specialty.
CALL AND SEE US.
J. W. AXTELL, PINE CITY, MINN.

Going for the Doctor
through the storm and darkness while the suffering one at home is in danger, perhaps of death, is a terrible trip. Why not have a good, sure family remedy in the house? One that has proven a life saver in all manner of cases during the last forty years.
Watkins' Vegetable Anodyne Liniment.
Think what a world of terror and anxiety was saved this man.
DISPENSES WITH DOCTORS.
Middle Grove, Illinois, June 4, 1901.
We have used Watkins' Vegetable Anodyne Liniment in severe cases of violent colic; have employed veterinary surgeons before, but rely entirely on Watkins' Liniment and for family use as well as for stock. WALTER DEMILL, M.
Watkins' Liniment is not only a great thing in cases of serious injury through accident, but is always helpful in cases of Cold, Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Indigestion, Cuts, Burns, etc. It is equally good for man or beast.
made only by
The J. R. Watkins Medical Company
WINONA, MINN., U. S. A.
For sale by our traveling salesman whose name and address appear below. Drop him a line and he will look you up and give you a chance for a free trial of Watkins' Remedies.
Agent for Pine, Carlton and Kanabec Counties,
M. A. SODERBECK, ROCK CREEK, MINN.

Free Lunch Always on hand.
LOUIS STEINPATZ
Good Combination Pool and Billiard Table in Connection.
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PURE WINES, FANCY LIQUORS.
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC CIGARS.
We cary a large variety of Bottle Goods. Buselmeier Beer always on Tap.
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Dray Line.
We are prepared to do all work in our line in a workman like manner.
Geo. Sherwood, Prop.
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Painter
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I have on hand a complete line of
Red Mixed Paint, Oils, Leads and Varnishes.
Brushes and everything kept in Painters' Supplies.
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FRESH, SALT and SMOKED MEAT.
Fish, Game and Poultry,
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Herman Borchers
Carries the most complete stock of
Ladies' and Gent's Fine Boots and Shoes
Ever Brought to this village.
Also Carries a First-Class Line of Rubbers and Slippers.
Boots and Shoes Made to Order.
Boot and Shoe Repairing a Specialty,
PINE CITY MINN

Corner Store New Goods!
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Elegant Corner Store is now open and ready for business He carries a full line of
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Boots, Shoes, Etc.
Also Farm Produce, Flour and Feed, Lime and Plastering Hair.
F. J. RYBAK.
Pine City, Minn.

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Doctors find
A good prescription
For mankind
The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle (60 cents) contains a supply for a year. All druggists sell them.