

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

Rattlesnake Loco.

St. Paul—Passengers at the Union depot were given a bad scare as the result of the escape of a Texas rattlesnake from a box in charge of the Wells Fargo Express company.

The snake was one of six consigned to E. J. Erickson, Hennepin, and had been shipped from Brownsville, Texas, Sept. 7. According to the officials of the express company, the consignee refused to accept the snakes, stating that they had arrived too late for the purpose for which he had wanted them. Therefore the snakes have been kept at the express company's Union depot office since Sept. 7.

During the early hours of the morning one of the larger snakes managed to get out of the box and crept across the platform. Some passengers who were boarding the early morning trains saw the snake and a panic followed.

Finally a brakeman on the Great Northern who had evidently had some experience in handling snakes, picked up the snake and carried him back to the box, which has been tightly sealed.

Forgery Charged.

Berkeley—Charged with a series of forged signatures, Mrs. Alice Lloyd, of San Francisco, twenty-two years old and a woman with a reputation for immorality, is a prisoner in the county jail. Mrs. Lloyd was Miss Stickle before her marriage and was well known here during her childhood and early girlhood. She is unusually pretty.

Several days ago Mrs. Lloyd came to Berkeley from the West. She had not been in this city for ten years, and her old friends gave her a cordial welcome.

She made numerous purchases about town, and it is in connection with these transactions that it is alleged the laws were transgressed.

Sadly Burned.

Franklin—Mrs. A. J. Olin received painful burns while cleaning a gas-burner stove. She was using a kerosene supply can, a gasoline can which was partly filled, into which she poured kerosene, the flame became ignited by coming in contact with a heated stove, causing an explosion and setting fire to Mrs. Olin's dress. Her hair was singed and her face, hands and other parts of her body were severely burned. Friends, out of doors and neighbors helped her to smother the flames in her clothing. An infant child was sleeping in a baby carriage close by, but when the vehicle took fire the baby was rescued uninjured.

Suicide.

St. Paul—Miss Rachel Goldstein, 148 State street, returned home with a portion of the wedding trousseau she had purchased during the afternoon, and saw, thru a window, the body of her father, Samuel Goldstein, hanging from a beam. She gave the alarm, and several neighbors broke into the house and cut down the body. It was thought that Goldstein was still alive. A physician was called and pronounced him dead. Coroner A. W. Miller decided that it was a case of suicide.

Lid Is Tilted.

East Grand Forks—Six affidavits were mailed to Attorney General Young, calling his attention to the fact that Mayor John O'Leary has failed to pay the \$200 on open gambling in East Grand Forks. The affidavits are signed by parties who claim to have gambled in resorts openly conducted. A communication from the mayor telling him of the affidavits and asking him to demand that he enforce the law. It is claimed that the mayor has wholly failed to keep his promise.

Dropped Dead.

Duluth—Charles W. Potter, of 1424 West First street, dropped dead at Lake avenue and Third street while marching with the local bodies of the Ancient Order United Workmen from their hall to the First Methodist church to listen to the annual memorial service, thirty-fourth anniversary of the order. Mr. Potter was 5 years old, and is survived by a widow and five children. He was a steamfitter by trade.

Suicide in Court.

Minneapolis—Ranahan again, against a former colleague William Blackman, of 10 years old, 2115 Twenty-second street south, Minneapolis, a paroled 45-year-old St. Cloud, shot himself in the head while standing at the adjourned desk at the Central police station. The ball, a .32-caliber, passed thru his right temple, killing him instantly, a portion of the brain being cast out on the floor.

NEWS NOTES.

St. Paul—Judge Orr rules that wife cannot testify against husband in insanity case.

Washington—The application of W. J. Heath, of Redfield, and others to convert the First National bank of Gilbert, with capital of \$25,000, was approved by the controller of the currency.

Faribault—Hog cholera has again become prevalent among some of the hogs in the state. A farmer living east of Faribault, 75 head of fat hogs, was bitten by a mad dog and left for treatment at the state university Pasture Institute.

St. Paul—Kicked by a bronco, Mrs. Annie Perkins, lower St. Lawrence street, West Side, was seriously injured.

CENTRAL AMERICA TO SEND NOTED MEN

DELEGATES TO THE PEACE CONFERENCE AT WASHINGTON THIS MONTH.

Bonilla for Honduras—Four Other Republics Also Will Be Represented by Their Leading Statesmen, Lawyers and Physicians, etc.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The Central American peace conference, to be convened in Washington, probably on November 11, will draw to this city as delegates the leading statesmen and professional men of Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Salvador; as well as the ministers accredited to the United States from those countries. These men, as such, have been requested to represent the governments in the various republics that the conference may effectually end war between themselves and revolutions within their borders.

In addition to their regularly accredited ministers to the United States, Guatemala, Honduras and Salvador will be a busier life. He did duty successively on the gunboat "Ostend," in the English mountain climbers and admirers of Alpine scenery have taken up the protest made by many Swiss against the building of a railway on the Matterhorn.

Experiments made with "luciferous" light at the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital are expected to have demonstrated that intense light is a powerful cure for pain.

William Carey, assistant superintendent of the International Harvester company's plant at Milwaukee, Wis., was accidentally killed while hunting ducks on Point St. Louis.

The chairman of the Costa Rican delegation, Dr. Luis M. Moreira, a noted member in the cabinet of President Gonzales Viquez, holding the portfolio of foreign relations and public education. He is one of the most prominent lawyers of his country.

Noted Men from Guatemala.

Guatemala has sent a delegation of its most noted men to the conference, including the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Constantino Flores, C. E., noted for his forensic abilities and authority in political circles.

Minneapolis—Prof. J. S. Carlson, former head of the department of Scandinavian languages at the state university, fell 150 feet over the bluffs of the Mississippi river and will probably recover from his injuries.

Ovalona—A telegram received

from the Costa Rican delegation, Dr. Luis M. Moreira, a noted member in the cabinet of President Gonzales Viquez, holding the portfolio of foreign relations and public education. He is one of the most prominent lawyers of his country.

The chairman of the Nicaragua delegation, Dr. Tom Thompson, assistant chief of police, has been slain.

He was beaten and six cars ran over him before he was killed. The track was badly torn up for several hundred feet. No one was seriously hurt.

Mankato—Proceedings have been

started in the district court in a struggle between the bondholders and the other creditors of Mayor Brod, Inc., to secure possession of their big machine shop and foundry and other assets.

Duluth—Jacob Hyoenen, a miner employed at the Canister mines at Bover, was killed while descending the shaft on a ladder. A piece of board fell when he was within fifty feet of the bottom and knocked him off the ladder. Hyoenen died at the hospital.

Faribault—Capt. D. Cavanaugh of this city has received from Washington a warrant on the United States treasury for \$182, with a statement that this amount is due him for special services rendered as first lieutenant and adjutant during the civil war.

Duluth—According to the figures of the Duluth Directory company, just

given out by C. B. Stanley, the superintendent, there is a gain of 4,885 new houses in the city, making a total of 36,404 and to this is applied the multiple 24.

Duluth—A man supposed to be a mineral explorer named Frank West committed suicide here from No. 4 Northern Pacific dock into the harbor. His name is West, said to be well known in the West and Southwest mining districts, is not fully established.

An event of importance in the theatrical season in Minneapolis will be

the engagement at the Bijou Opera House, the week of November 10th, of the distinguished actor, Thomas E. Sharpe, in an interesting program of musical plays including "The Bells," "Dek Jekyl and Mr. Hyde," and a new play of the Pompeian period, entitled "A Soldier of the Cross."

Grand Rapids—Forest fires were

raging in sections of town No. 5, range 25, Anoka county near Grand Rapids and in sections 4 and 5 of Sugar lake. It burned also at or near the government dam three miles southwest of this village. The flames were fought under the direction of Deputy Fire Warden A. G. Ota, with an army of drilled men, and it is part of the work of the forest rangers.

Faribault—A life sized portrait of

Gov. Johnson is now being painted at the capitol and will soon be added to the collection of portraits of the executive officers of the state now in the governor's private office. He was fined \$200. Reinhardt was charged

with the shooting of a boy of 16 in connection with a portion of the brain contract several years ago.

Admits Taking Bribe: Fined \$200.

Washington, Nov. 5.—Vice President Fairbanks paid a visit to the office of P. H. McCarthy Monday. He said that with Vice Fairbanks he had come to Washington to remain for the session. Mr. Fairbanks said he did not talk politics or legislation with the president and had no political state-

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Four thousand miners near Danville, Ill., out work because they were put in checks.

Ex-Councilman G. C. Linde of St. Louis pleaded guilty of malfeasance in office and was fined \$500.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw will not be a witness for the defense in the second trial of her husband for the murder of the Morgan. The two officers of the navy are chosen for this duty.

The main office building of the Nelson Morris packing plant at East St. Louis, Ill., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$300,000.

John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, was reported to be in a critical condition in the hospital at La Salle, Ill.

Henry Blum, noted "old fashioned king," is dead at his home in Baltimore, Md. He developed the largest gold-fish industry in the country.

Savannah (Ga.) school officials have barred a Japanese from night school on an age-limit complaint in order to avoid complications over race prejudice.

English mountain climbers and ad-

miring Alpine scenery have taken up the protest made by many Swiss against the building of a railway on the Matterhorn.

Experiments made with "luciferous" light at the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital are expected to have demonstrated that intense light is a powerful cure for pain.

William Carey, assistant superintend-

ent of the International Harvester company's plant at Milwaukee, Wis., was accidentally killed while hunting ducks on Point St. Louis.

The chairman of the Costa Rican delegation, Dr. Luis M. Moreira, a noted member in the cabinet of President Gonzales Viquez, holding the portfolio of foreign relations and public education. He is one of the most prominent lawyers of his country.

Noted Men from Guatemala.

Guatemala has sent a delegation of

its most noted men to the conference, including the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Constantino Flores, C. E., noted for his forensic abilities and authority in political circles.

Minneapolis—Prof. J. S. Carlson, former head of the department of

Scandinavian languages at the state university, fell 150 feet over the bluffs of the Mississippi river and will probably recover from his injuries.

Ovalona—A telegram received

from the Costa Rican delegation, Dr. Luis M. Moreira, a noted member in the cabinet of President Gonzales Viquez, holding the portfolio of foreign relations and public education. He is one of the most prominent lawyers of his country.

The chairman of the Nicaragua delegation, Dr. Tom Thompson, assistant chief of police, has been slain.

He was beaten and six cars ran over him before he was killed. The track was

baldly torn up for several hundred feet. No one was seriously hurt.

Mankato—Proceedings have been

started in the district court in a struggle between the bondholders and the other creditors of Mayor Brod, Inc., to secure possession of their big machine shop and foundry and other assets.

Duluth—Jacob Hyoenen, a miner employed at the Canister mines at Bover, was killed while descending the shaft on a ladder. A piece of board fell when he was within fifty feet of the bottom and knocked him off the ladder. Hyoenen died at the hospital.

Alderson Bailey was burned to death, his elder brother burned so badly from the waist up that he will die and his mother, another brother and a nine-year-old sister were seriously injured in a fire which destroyed the home of Alexander Bailey at Beld, N. Y.

When the battle ship Louisiana went to Panama with President Roosevelt on board, Lieutenant Commander Vo

MAYFLOWER CAPTAIN

C. T. VOEGELGESANG ASSIGNED TO PRESIDENT'S YACHT.

is an Officer of Wide and Varied Experience—President Impressed by Ability on Panama Trip Influence Selection.

Washington—"He is a good shipmate," is the opinion of the officers of the navy regarding Lieutenant Commander C. T. Vogelgesang who has just been assigned to the command of the Mayflower, President Roosevelt's private yacht.

He is not only one well liked in the service but possesses a high order of ability and has had an eventful and creditable career in the navy.

President Roosevelt's protege was born in 1867 in California, and entered the naval academy Sept. 6, 1885, and was graduated July 1, 1892. From this time the department made him lead a busy life. He did duty successively on the gunboat "Bancroft" in the Pacific, on the supply ship "Gull" and was in the Bureau of Navigation when the war with Spain began and he was ordered to the gunboat Bancroft which did blockade duty on the Cuban coast.

At the close of the Spanish war Lieutenant Commander Vogelgesang made a tour around the Isthmus of Panama, where he was a member of the commission sent to investigate the cause of the accident.

William Carey, assistant superintendent of the International Harvester company's plant at Milwaukee, Wis., was accidentally killed while hunting ducks on Point St. Louis.

When the battle ship Louisiana went to Panama with President Roosevelt on board, Lieutenant Commander Vo

geland was the navigating officer, and it was then he first attracted the notice of President Roosevelt, who was so favorably impressed by the efficient manner in which the young officer performed his duty that he caused him to be placed in command of the Mayflower. The two officers of the navy are chosen for this duty.

Lieutenant Commander Vogelgesang is an expert turret captain. After the disastrous explosion on the battle ship Georgia, when several officers and men lost their lives, he was appointed on the spot to direct the investigation to the cause of the accident.

He with the other officers of the board, visited the vessels of the fleet

and questioned the officers and men as to their knowledge of and experience with firebreaks. His own experience was of value to the board, and as a result of the work of this board additional precautions have been taken to prevent similar accidents in the future.

Lieutenant Commander Vogelgesang is an almost perfect specimen of physical manhood, being 6 feet tall, well-chested and unusually well proportioned. He has light, curly hair and moustache, and is a fine example of frank speech, "on the level" with him.

His wife several years ago was Miss Shepard, the daughter of the late Rear Admiral E. M. Shepard.

and questioned the officers and men as to their knowledge of and experience with firebreaks. His own experience was of value to the board, and as a result of the work of this board additional precautions have been taken to prevent similar accidents in the future.

Lieutenant Commander Vogelgesang is an almost perfect specimen of physical manhood, being 6 feet tall, well-chested and unusually well proportioned. He has light, curly hair and moustache, and is a fine example of frank speech, "on the level" with him.

His wife several years ago was Miss Shepard, the daughter of the late Rear Admiral E. M. Shepard.

San Francisco Union Labor elect the next mayor of San Francisco, candidate of the labor party, Eugene Schmitz?

The old parties for the present labor candidate, P. H. McCarthy. He himself boldly declares at his meetings:

"I am Francisco's son myself." McCarthy is a man of great energy. For ten years he has been a member of the building trades council, the strongest body of affiliated unions in the United States. For ten years he has been in the thick of San Francisco's political fights.

McCarthy expects to make a great fight. He says his defeat will sound the knell of unionism in San Francisco.

It is asserted that President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation will come here in person to super-

WILL SEEK SCHMITZ PLACE.

San Francisco Union Labor elect P. H. McCarthy Mayor.

San Francisco—With union labor elect the next mayor of San Francisco, candidate of the labor party, Eugene Schmitz?

The old parties for the present labor candidate, P. H. McCarthy. He himself boldly declares at his meetings:

"I am Francisco's son myself." McCarthy is a man of great energy. For ten years he has been a member of the building trades council, the strongest body of affiliated unions in the United States. For ten years he has been in the thick of San Francisco's political fights.

McCarthy expects to make a great fight. He says his defeat will sound the knell of unionism in San Francisco.

It is asserted that President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation will come here in person to super-

SEASIDE-TOP STOOL Once Used in Pulpit.

made according to the wish of a former incumbent who was a keen follower of the hours. The pastime almost became the passion of his life, so much so that he actually had the stool made and placed in his piano, and seated astride of it in his study, his summer residence by Sausalito throughout the year. The proceeding was a novel one for this country, but in Australia horseback services are not so rare.

One of them took place some years ago in a church in a small, surrounding district had been visited by serious floods. The dwelling houses were many feet deep in water, but the people were determined not to forego their Sabbath services, so they set out on horseback for their little chapel, only to find on arriving there that it was also flooded. The minister had to wade through a mile of mud, and he suggested that they should hold service just as they were, mounted on horseback, outside the church. Everyone immediately fell in with the idea and hymns were sung and the sermon preached just as fervently as if the church itself had been seated inside the pulpit. Then when the service was over the worshippers turned their horses' heads and rode home through the flood.

Knew Her.

"And now, sir?" said the fortune-hunting fair-haired lady, with blue eyes.

"A blue dress and white hat," continued her victim. "Yes, I know; she's my wife."

Chance for Improvement.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very

young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very

young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very

young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very

young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very

young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very

young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

badly.

Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very

young bird, but he will learn to swear better when you've had him awhile.

His Little Scheme.

Stern Parent—What! Give you the hand of my daughter in marriage? Why, your salary isn't sufficient to pay rent.

Young man—True, but I am offering on parental assistance.

Nothing.

She—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. It swears very

PINE COUNTY PIONEER.

ED. C. GOTTRY, Editor and Prop.

Entered in the Post Office at Pine City as
Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN., Nov. 8, 1907

The U. S. war department is to have an airship built at a cost of \$10,000. Such toys come high.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT has issued a proclamation naming Thursday, Nov. 28th as a day of national Thanksgiving and prayer.

A Tont county farmer this week sold his crop of clover seed, raised on 19 acres of land, for \$955, netting over \$50 per acre for his crop.

According to press dispatches Le Sueur county has a peripatetic ghost, which travels around the country frightening people out of their wits, and the farmers have petitioned the preachers to lay the spook.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT set a practical example of good citizenship to the stay-at-home voters last Tuesday, traveling 225 miles and consuming 18 hours of valuable time in order to cast his vote at his home at Oyster Bay.

A very successful farmer's institute was held at Barnum last Monday, Superintendent McGuire of the Grand Rapids experimental station, conducting the meeting. A splendid dinner was served the visitors at noon, at the expense of the Barnum Commercial club.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press says that Gen. C. C. Andrews, state forestry commissioner, has just returned from a trip in Itasca county, where he inspected a new growth of pine on a tract cut over about eighteen years ago.

The tract is about 12 miles west of Hibbing in the iron country, and he found the land well stocked with a new growth of white pine.

Editor Elmer Bane, in his last issue of the North Branch Review, announces the sale of his paper to a Mr. Dore, a son of Editor Dore, of the Elk River Star News. Mr. Bade has made a good paper of the Review, and the Pioneer hopes he will not remain long out of the harness. Here's success to the new management of the Review. With "Dare and Do" for a motto the future success of the Review is assured.

THE PIONEER is under obligations to Prof. J. H. Hay, of Thief River Falls, for a copy of the program of the annual meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Educational Association, which meets at Crookston, Nov. 14 and 15 next. The program as arranged by Prof. Hay, the president of the association, is extended, varied and interesting, and the meeting can not fail to prove of great benefit to the educational interests of the state. The territory included in the association extends from Lake Traverse to the Canadian line, and from Bemidji west to the Red River, also taking in eastern portions of the Dakotas. Five hundred or more teachers are expected to be in attendance at this meeting of the Association.

This lowering of the prices of commodities, as the result of the monetary stringency, will at least work no harm to the general interests of the country, whatever disappointments it may bring in particular cases. Prices have been too high. Witness the suspension, some months ago, of work on all but a few of the many irrigation projects undertaken by the reclamation service. That suspension was the result of such advances in the cost of labor and materials as made the prosecution of the works inadvisable, lest the cost of the reclaimed lands be made too high for the settler. Many private undertakings requiring heavy outlays were similarly postponed. With prices restored to a normal level, they are likely to be resumed. If labor gets less per day, the settler will have to pay less for what he eats and wears. The main fact is that there is plenty to do, plenty to eat and wear.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

GENERAL WILLIAM BOOTH, of the Salvation Army, delivered his farewell address in Carnegie hall, New York City, to a monster audience. Leslie M. Shaw, former secretary of Foster-Millburn, Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Booth's—and let us no other.

during the General, said: "The history of Christianity may be read in the story of but few lives. It is given to few men to live to see such great results of their labor of love as General Booth has seen. I would suggest that the reason for his success is that he has preached a vital gospel—a gospel that takes hold of men and makes something of them, a vitalizing influence that makes men realize that they are allied with the great God. I consider it a distinct honor to introduce to you the greatest preacher the world has ever seen, since Paul—General William Booth." The great audience arose to its feet and cheered. The address of the aged leader was a resume of Salvation Army work and it abounded in anecdotes and incidents.

HICKLEY LAD KILLED.

Floyd Buck, of Brooklyn, was undoubtedly shot and killed by some party unknown Saturday afternoon between 3 and 4 o'clock. Dr. R. W. Wiseman was called and summoned a coroner's jury, who brought in the above verdict. The little fellow was about 8 years old and was shot in the head. The bullet was a .22 calibre Winchester rifle bullet. It was supposed that some boy was either shooting at a mark of rabbit and the youngster being in range was shot with the above result.

DR. FORBES HONORED.

Duluth News Tribune (November 5). Dr. Robert Forbes, formerly of Duluth, was elected yesterday at St. Cloud to succeed Dr. King, deceased, as secretary for the home missions and church extension at the business session of the board of Bishops of the Methodist Church. Rev. Ward Platt of the Northern Conference was elected to succeed Dr. Forbes as assistant corresponding secretary. Dr. Forbes was a delegate from the Northern Minnesota conference.

A PAINFUL ACCIDENT.

We are sorry to learn that Wm. Thierney had the misfortune to break his leg Saturday morning. Mr. Tierney has been a cripple for greater than two years, having been disabled by an Indian when Pine City was in her infancy. He was stabbed in the right hip and ever since has been compelled to walk with a cane and draw his foot after him, as he can scarcely stand on it. His right leg is so weak we have been informed, that is broken. Mr. Tierney's many friends in this place sympathize with him in his affliction.

A BARBARIC CUSTOM.

We wish a law could be passed prohibiting the barbaric custom of opening caskets in public at church funerals. It is a relic of the dark ages and has no place in a civilized community. It jars on the feelings of every decent person, and sometimes the physicians and undertakers combine to put an end to it. In nine-tenths of the cases it is merely a pandering to a ghastly curiosity. People who never spoke to the deceased during his (or her) life time parade about the casket, gaze at the body, and in most cases three or four days from and after the death herself, and that Monday, the 10th day of November, the 11th day of November, the 12th day of November, the 13th day of November, the 14th day of November, the 15th day of November, the 16th day of November, the 17th day of November, the 18th day of November, the 19th day of November, the 20th day of November, the 21st day of November, the 22nd day of November, the 23rd day of November, the 24th day of November, the 25th day of November, the 26th day of November, the 27th day of November, the 28th day of November, the 29th day of November, the 30th day of November, the 31st day of November, the 1st day of December, the 2nd day of December, the 3rd day of December, the 4th day of December, the 5th day of December, the 6th day of December, the 7th day of December, the 8th day of December, the 9th day of December, the 10th day of December, the 11th day of December, the 12th day of December, the 13th day of December, the 14th day of December, the 15th day of December, the 16th day of December, the 17th day of December, the 18th day of December, the 19th day of December, the 20th day of December, the 21st day of December, the 22nd day of December, the 23rd day of December, the 24th day of December, the 25th day of December, the 26th day of December, the 27th day of December, the 28th day of December, the 29th day of December, the 30th day of December, the 31st day of December, the 1st day of January, the 2nd day of January, the 3rd day of January, the 4th day of January, the 5th day of January, the 6th day of January, the 7th day of January, the 8th day of January, the 9th day of January, the 10th day of January, the 11th day of January, the 12th day of January, the 13th day of January, the 14th day of January, the 15th day of January, the 16th day of January, the 17th day of January, the 18th day of January, the 19th day of January, the 20th day of January, the 21st day of January, the 22nd day of January, the 23rd day of January, the 24th day of January, the 25th day of January, the 26th day of January, the 27th day of January, the 28th day of January, the 29th day of January, the 30th day of January, the 31st day of January, the 1st day of February, the 2nd day of February, the 3rd day of February, the 4th day of February, the 5th day of February, the 6th day of February, the 7th day of February, the 8th day of February, the 9th day of February, the 10th day of February, the 11th day of February, the 12th day of February, the 13th day of February, the 14th day of February, the 15th day of February, the 16th day of February, the 17th day of February, the 18th day of February, the 19th day of February, the 20th day of February, the 21st day of February, the 22nd day of February, the 23rd day of February, the 24th day of February, the 25th day of February, the 26th day of February, the 27th day of February, the 28th day of February, the 29th day of February, the 30th day of February, the 31st day of February, the 1st day of March, the 2nd day of March, the 3rd day of March, the 4th day of March, the 5th day of March, the 6th day of March, the 7th day of March, the 8th day of March, the 9th day of March, the 10th day of March, the 11th day of March, the 12th day of March, the 13th day of March, the 14th day of March, the 15th day of March, the 16th day of March, the 17th day of March, the 18th day of March, the 19th day of March, the 20th day of March, the 21st day of March, the 22nd day of March, the 23rd day of March, the 24th day of March, the 25th day of March, the 26th day of March, the 27th day of March, the 28th day of March, the 29th day of March, the 30th day of March, the 31st day of March, the 1st day of April, the 2nd day of April, the 3rd day of April, the 4th day of April, the 5th day of April, the 6th day of April, the 7th day of April, the 8th day of April, the 9th day of April, the 10th day of April, the 11th day of April, the 12th day of April, the 13th day of April, the 14th day of April, the 15th day of April, the 16th day of April, the 17th day of April, the 18th day of April, the 19th day of April, the 20th day of April, the 21st day of April, the 22nd day of April, the 23rd day of April, the 24th day of April, the 25th day of April, the 26th day of April, the 27th day of April, the 28th day of April, the 29th day of April, the 30th day of April, the 31st day of April, the 1st day of May, the 2nd day of May, the 3rd day of May, the 4th day of May, the 5th day of May, the 6th day of May, the 7th day of May, the 8th day of May, the 9th day of May, the 10th day of May, the 11th day of May, the 12th day of May, the 13th day of May, the 14th day of May, the 15th day of May, the 16th day of May, the 17th day of May, the 18th day of May, the 19th day of May, the 20th day of May, the 21st day of May, the 22nd day of May, the 23rd day of May, the 24th day of May, the 25th day of May, the 26th day of May, the 27th day of May, the 28th day of May, the 29th day of May, the 30th day of May, the 31st day of May, the 1st day of June, the 2nd day of June, the 3rd day of June, the 4th day of June, the 5th day of June, the 6th day of June, the 7th day of June, the 8th day of June, the 9th day of June, the 10th day of June, the 11th day of June, the 12th day of June, the 13th day of June, the 14th day of June, the 15th day of June, the 16th day of June, the 17th day of June, the 18th day of June, the 19th day of June, the 20th day of June, the 21st day of June, the 22nd day of June, the 23rd day of June, the 24th day of June, the 25th day of June, the 26th day of June, the 27th day of June, the 28th day of June, the 29th day of June, the 30th day of June, the 31st day of June, the 1st day of July, the 2nd day of July, the 3rd day of July, the 4th day of July, the 5th day of July, the 6th day of July, the 7th day of July, the 8th day of July, the 9th day of July, the 10th day of July, the 11th day of July, the 12th day of July, the 13th day of July, the 14th day of July, the 15th day of July, the 16th day of July, the 17th day of July, the 18th day of July, the 19th day of July, the 20th day of July, the 21st day of July, the 22nd day of July, the 23rd day of July, the 24th day of July, the 25th day of July, the 26th day of July, the 27th day of July, the 28th day of July, the 29th day of July, the 30th day of July, the 31st day of July, the 1st day of August, the 2nd day of August, the 3rd day of August, the 4th day of August, the 5th day of August, the 6th day of August, the 7th day of August, the 8th day of August, the 9th day of August, the 10th day of August, the 11th day of August, the 12th day of August, the 13th day of August, the 14th day of August, the 15th day of August, the 16th day of August, the 17th day of August, the 18th day of August, the 19th day of August, the 20th day of August, the 21st day of August, the 22nd day of August, the 23rd day of August, the 24th day of August, the 25th day of August, the 26th day of August, the 27th day of August, the 28th day of August, the 29th day of August, the 30th day of August, the 31st day of August, the 1st day of September, the 2nd day of September, the 3rd day of September, the 4th day of September, the 5th day of September, the 6th day of September, the 7th day of September, the 8th day of September, the 9th day of September, the 10th day of September, the 11th day of September, the 12th day of September, the 13th day of September, the 14th day of September, the 15th day of September, the 16th day of September, the 17th day of September, the 18th day of September, the 19th day of September, the 20th day of September, the 21st day of September, the 22nd day of September, the 23rd day of September, the 24th day of September, the 25th day of September, the 26th day of September, the 27th day of September, the 28th day of September, the 29th day of September, the 30th day of September, the 31st day of September, the 1st day of October, the 2nd day of October, the 3rd day of October, the 4th day of October, the 5th day of October, the 6th day of October, the 7th day of October, the 8th day of October, the 9th day of October, the 10th day of October, the 11th day of October, the 12th day of October, the 13th day of October, the 14th day of October, the 15th day of October, the 16th day of October, the 17th day of October, the 18th day of October, the 19th day of October, the 20th day of October, the 21st day of October, the 22nd day of October, the 23rd day of October, the 24th day of October, the 25th day of October, the 26th day of October, the 27th day of October, the 28th day of October, the 29th day of October, the 30th day of October, the 31st day of October, the 1st day of November, the 2nd day of November, the 3rd day of November, the 4th day of November, the 5th day of November, the 6th day of November, the 7th day of November, the 8th day of November, the 9th day of November, the 10th day of November, the 11th day of November, the 12th day of November, the 13th day of November, the 14th day of November, the 15th day of November, the 16th day of November, the 17th day of November, the 18th day of November, the 19th day of November, the 20th day of November, the 21st day of November, the 22nd day of November, the 23rd day of November, the 24th day of November, the 25th day of November, the 26th day of November, the 27th day of November, the 28th day of November, the 29th day of November, the 30th day of November, the 31st day of November, the 1st day of December, the 2nd day of December, the 3rd day of December, the 4th day of December, the 5th day of December, the 6th day of December, the 7th day of December, the 8th day of December, the 9th day of December, the 10th day of December, the 11th day of December, the 12th day of December, the 13th day of December, the 14th day of December, the 15th day of December, the 16th day of December, the 17th day of December, the 18th day of December, the 19th day of December, the 20th day of December, the 21st day of December, the 22nd day of December, the 23rd day of December, the 24th day of December, the 25th day of December, the 26th day of December, the 27th day of December, the 28th day of December, the 29th day of December, the 30th day of December, the 31st day of December, the 1st day of January, the 2nd day of January, the 3rd day of January, the 4th day of January, the 5th day of January, the 6th day of January, the 7th day of January, the 8th day of January, the 9th day of January, the 10th day of January, the 11th day of January, the 12th day of January, the 13th day of January, the 14th day of January, the 15th day of January, the 16th day of January, the 17th day of January, the 18th day of January, the 19th day of January, the 20th day of January, the 21st day of January, the 22nd day of January, the 23rd day of January, the 24th day of January, the 25th day of January, the 26th day of January, the 27th day of January, the 28th day of January, the 29th day of January, the 30th day of January, the 31st day of January, the 1st day of February, the 2nd day of February, the 3rd day of February, the 4th day of February, the 5th day of February, the 6th day of February, the 7th day of February, the 8th day of February, the 9th day of February, the 10th day of February, the 11th day of February, the 12th day of February, the 13th day of February, the 14th day of February, the 15th day of February, the 16th day of February, the 17th day of February, the 18th day of February, the 19th day of February, the 20th day of February, the 21st day of February, the 22nd day of February, the 23rd day of February, the 24th day of February, the 25th day of February, the 26th day of February, the 27th day of February, the 28th day of February, the 29th day of February, the 30th day of February, the 31st day of February, the 1st day of March, the 2nd day of March, the 3rd day of March, the 4th day of March, the 5th day of March, the 6th day of March, the 7th day of March, the 8th day of March, the 9th day of March, the 10th day of March, the 11th day of March, the 12th day of March, the 13th day of March, the 14th day of March, the 15th day of March, the 16th day of March, the 17th day of March, the 18th day of March, the 19th day of March, the 20th day of March, the 21st day of March, the 22nd day of March, the 23rd day of March, the 24th day of March, the 25th day of March, the 26th day of March, the 27th day of March, the 28th day of March, the 29th day of March, the 30th day of March, the 31st day of March, the 1st day of April, the 2nd day of April, the 3rd day of April, the 4th day of April, the 5th day of April, the 6th day of April, the 7th day of April, the 8th day of April, the 9th day of April, the 10th day of April, the 11th day of April, the 12th day of April, the 13th day of April, the 14th day of April, the 15th day of April, the 16th day of April, the 17th day of April, the 18th day of April, the 19th day of April, the 20th day of April, the 21st day of April, the 22nd day of April, the 23rd day of April, the 24th day of April, the 25th day of April, the 26th day of April, the 27th day of April, the 28th day of April, the 29th day of April, the 30th day of April, the 31st day of April, the 1st day of May, the 2nd day of May, the 3rd day of May, the 4th day of May, the 5th day of May, the 6th day of May, the 7th day of May, the 8th day of May, the 9th day of May, the 10th day of May, the 11th day of May, the 12th day of May, the 13th day of May, the 14th day of May, the 15th day of May, the 16th day of May, the 17th day of May, the 18th day of May, the 19th day of May, the 20th day of May, the 21st day of May, the 22nd day of May, the 23rd day of May, the 24th day of May, the 25th day of May, the 26th day of May, the 27th day of May, the 28th day of May, the 29th day of May, the 30th day of May, the 31st day of May, the 1st day of June, the 2nd day of June, the 3rd day of June, the 4th day of June, the 5th day of June, the 6th day of June, the 7th day of June, the 8th day of June, the 9th day of June, the 10th day of June, the 11th day of June, the 12th day of June, the 13th day of June, the 14th day of June, the 15th day of June, the 16th day of June, the 17th day of June, the 18th day of June, the 19th day of June, the 20th day of June, the 21st day of June, the 22nd day of June, the 23rd day of June, the 24th day of June, the 25th day of June, the 26th day of June, the 27th day of June, the 28th day of June, the 29th day of June, the 30th day of June, the 31st day of June, the 1st day of July, the 2nd day of July, the 3rd day of July, the 4th day of July, the 5th day of July, the 6th day of July, the 7th day of July, the 8th day of July, the 9th day of July, the 10th day of July, the 11th day of July, the 12th day of July, the 13th day of July, the 14th day of July, the 15th day of July, the 16th day of July, the 17th day of July, the 18th day of July, the 19th day of July, the 20th day of July, the 21st day of July, the 22nd day of July, the 23rd day of July, the 24th day of July, the 25th day of July, the 26th day of July, the 27th day of July, the 28th day of July, the 29th day of July, the 30th day of July, the 31st day of July, the 1st day of August, the 2nd day of August, the 3rd day of August, the 4th day of August, the 5th day of August, the 6th day of August, the 7th day of August, the 8th day of August, the 9th day of August, the 10th day of August, the 11th day of August, the 12th day of August, the 13th day of August, the 14th day of August, the 15th day of August, the 16th day of August, the 17th day of August, the 18th day of August, the 19th day of August, the 20th day of August, the 21st day of August, the 22nd day of August, the 23rd day of August, the 24th day of August, the 25th day of August, the 26th day of August, the 27th day of August, the 28th day of August, the 29th day of August, the 30th day of August, the 31st day of August, the 1st day of September, the 2nd day of September, the 3rd day of September, the 4th day of September, the 5th day of September, the 6th day of September, the 7th day of September, the 8th day of September, the 9th day of September, the 10th day of September, the 11th day of September, the 12th day of September, the 13th day of September, the 14th day of September, the 15th day of September, the 16th day of September, the 17th day of September, the 18th day of September, the 19th day of September, the 20th day of September, the 21st day of September, the 22nd day of September, the 23rd day of September, the 24th day of September, the 25th day of September, the 26th day of September, the 27th day of September, the 28th day of September, the 29th day of September, the 30th day of September, the 31st day of September, the 1st day of October, the 2nd day of October, the 3rd day of October, the 4th day of October, the 5th day of October, the 6th day of October, the 7th day of October, the 8th day of October, the 9th day of October, the 10th day of October, the 11th day of October, the 12th day of October, the 13th day of October, the 14th day of October, the 15th day of October, the 16th day of October, the 17th day of October, the 18th day of October, the 19th day of October, the 20th day of October, the 21st day of October, the 22nd day of October, the 23rd day of October, the 24th day of October, the 25th day of October, the 26th day of October, the 27th day of October, the 28th day of October, the 29th day of October, the 30th day of October, the 31st day of October, the 1st day of November, the 2nd day of November, the 3rd day of November, the 4th day of November, the 5th day of November, the 6th day of November, the 7th day of November, the 8th day of November, the 9th day of November, the 10th day of November, the 11th day of November, the 12th day of November, the 13th day of November, the 14th day of November, the 15th day of November, the 16th day of November, the 17th day of November, the 18th day of November, the 19th day of November, the 20th day of November, the 21st day of November, the 22nd day of November, the 23rd day of November, the 24th day of November, the 25th day of November, the 26th day of November, the 27th day of November, the 28th day of November, the 29th day of November, the 30th day of November, the 31st day of November, the 1st day of December, the 2nd day of December, the 3rd day of December, the 4th day of December, the 5th day of December, the 6th day of December, the 7th day of December, the 8th day of December, the 9th day of December, the 10th day of December, the 11th day of December, the 12th day of December, the 13th day of December, the 14th day of December, the 15th day of December, the 16th day of December, the 17th day of December, the 18th day of December, the 19th day of December, the 20th day of December, the 21st day of December, the 22nd day of December, the 23rd day of December, the 24th day of December, the 25th day of December, the 26th day of December, the 27th day of December, the 28th day of December, the 29th day of December, the 30th day of December, the 31st day of December, the 1st day of January, the 2nd day of January, the 3rd day of January, the 4th day of January, the 5th day of January, the 6th day of January, the 7th day of January, the 8th day of January, the 9th day of January, the 10th day of January, the 11th day of January, the 12th day of January, the 13th day of January, the 14th day of January, the 15th day of January, the 16th day of January, the 17th day of January, the 18th day of January, the 19th day of January, the 20th day of January, the 21st day of January, the 22nd day of January, the 23rd day of January, the 24th day of January, the 25th day of January, the 26th day of January, the 27th day of January, the 28th day of January, the 29th day of January, the 30th day of January, the 31st day of January, the 1st day of February, the 2nd day of February, the 3rd day of February, the 4th day of February, the 5th day of February, the 6th day of February, the 7th day of February, the 8th day of February, the 9th day of February, the 10th day of February, the 11th day of February, the 12th day of February, the 13th day of February, the 14th day of February, the 15th day of February, the 16th day of February, the 17th day of February, the 18th day of February, the 19th day of February, the 20th day of February, the 21st day of February, the 22nd day of February, the 23rd day of February, the 24th day of February, the 25th day of February, the 26th day of February, the 27th day of February, the 28th day of February, the 29th day of February, the 30th day of February, the 31st day of February, the 1st day of March, the 2nd day of March, the 3rd day of March, the 4th day of March, the 5th day of March, the 6th day of March, the 7th day of March, the 8th day of March, the 9th day of March, the 10th day of March, the 11th day of March, the 12th day of March, the 13th day of March, the 14th day of March, the 15th day of March, the 16th day of March, the 17th day of March, the 18th day of March, the 19th day of March, the 20th day of March, the 21st day of March, the 22nd day of March, the 23rd day of March, the 24th day of March, the 25th day of March, the 26th day of March, the 27th day of March, the 28th day of March, the 29th day of March, the 30th day of March, the 31st day of March, the 1st day of April, the 2nd day of April, the 3rd day of April, the 4th day of April, the 5th day of April, the 6th day of April, the 7th day of April, the 8th day of April, the 9th day of April, the 10th day of April, the 11th day of April, the 12th day of April, the 13th day of April, the 14th day of April, the 15th day of April, the 16th day of April, the 17th day of April, the 18th day of April, the 19th day of April, the 20th day of April, the 21st day of April, the 22nd day of April, the 23rd day of April, the 24th day of April, the 25th day of April, the 26th day of April, the 27th day of April, the 28th day of April, the 29th day of April, the 30th day of April, the 31st day of April, the 1st day of May, the 2nd day of May, the 3rd day of May, the 4th day of May, the 5th day of May, the 6th day of May, the 7th day of May, the 8th day of May, the 9th day of May, the 10th day of May, the 11th day of May, the 12th day of May, the 13th day of May, the 14th day of May, the 15th day of May, the 16th day of May, the 17th day of May, the 18th day of May, the 19th day of May, the 20th day of May, the 21st day of May, the 22nd day of May, the 23rd day of May, the 24th day of May, the 25th day of May, the 26th day of May, the 27th day of May, the 28th day of May, the 29th day of May, the 30th day of May, the 31st day of May, the 1st day of June, the 2nd day of June, the 3rd day of June, the 4th day of June, the 5th day of June, the 6th day of June, the 7th day of June, the 8th day of June, the 9th day of June, the 10th day of June, the 11th day of June, the 12th day of June, the 13th day of June, the 14th day of June, the 15th day of June, the 16th day of June, the 17th day of June, the 18th day of June, the 19th day of June, the 20th day of June, the 21st day of June, the 22nd day of June, the 23rd day of June, the 24th day of June, the 25th day of June, the 26th day of June, the 27th day of June, the 28th day of June, the 29th day of June, the 30th day of June, the 31st day of June, the 1st day of July, the 2nd day of July, the 3rd day of July, the 4th day of July, the 5th day of July, the 6th day of July, the 7th day of July, the 8th day of July, the 9th day of July, the 10th day of July, the 11th day of July, the 12th day of July, the 13th day of July, the 14th day of July, the 15th day of July, the 16th day of July, the 17th day of July, the 18th day of July, the 19th day of July, the 20th day of July, the 21st day of July, the 22nd day of July, the 23rd day of July, the 24th day of July, the 25th day of July, the 26th day of July, the 27th day of July, the 28th day of July, the 29th day of July, the 30th day of July, the 31st day of July, the 1st day of August, the 2nd day of August, the 3rd day of August, the 4th day of August, the 5th day of August, the 6th day of August, the 7th day of August, the 8th day of August, the 9th day of August, the 10th day of August, the 11th day of August, the 12th day of August, the 13th day of August, the 14th day of August, the 15th day of August, the 16th day of August, the 17th day of August, the 18th day of August, the 19th day of August, the 20th day of August, the 21st day of August, the 22nd day of August, the 23rd day of August, the 24th day of August, the 25th day of August, the 26th day of August, the 27th day of August, the 28th day of August, the 29th day of August, the 30th day of August, the 31st day of August, the 1st day of September, the 2nd day of September, the 3rd day of September, the 4th day of September, the 5th day of September, the 6th day of September, the 7th day of September, the 8th day of September, the 9th day of September, the 10th day of September, the 11th day of September, the 12th day of September, the 13th day of September, the 14th day of September, the 15th day of September, the 16th day of September, the 17th day of September, the 18th day of September, the 19th day of September, the 20th day of September, the 21st day of September, the 22nd day of September, the 23

CRANBERRIES

We will keep them at the old price for one more week. Lay some in at this price.

Three Quarts for

25c

Raisins

We have some of the new crop. Fine, fresh goods, the kind you have not had for the last few months.

3-Crown Bulk, per lb.

13c

1-lb. pkg. Fancy Goods,

15c

Bread

We are still handling the St. Paul Bread Co.'s bread, and our price is the same as always.

5c Per Loaf

Sugar Sugar

We have some sugar that got under a leak in the roof. To close this out we will sell

20 lbs. for \$1.00

Come in and take a look at it, it has caked some, but is O. K. for cooking.

Get The Habit!

Trade at

THE BIG STORE.

PINE CITY
MERCANTILE
COMPANY

News of the Week.

Chips Picked Up Around Town and Vicinity

First snow of the season last Monday morning.

The Woman's Reading club will meet with Mrs. H. W. Harte next Monday evening.

Miss Mabel Gehl returned Friday from a week's visit with relatives in the twin cities.

Geo. Myers, of Rock Creek, who is pressing his stay at Rush City, was a county seat visitor Wednesday morning.

The ladies of the M. E. church are preparing for their annual Christmas sale which will be held the 11th of December.

D. Hopper, of Hustletown, accompanied by his brother Arthur, of Alberta, Canada, were Pine City visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. R. A. Atchison, of Michigan, and grandson, Richard Atchison, of Hamline, arrived yesterday to visit for a few days at the home of Rev. H. Taylor.

Mrs. Wm. Slough, of Arlington, is visiting with her daughters, Mrs. Wm. Rodek and Mrs. Lawrence Poffet; she will remain here the greater part of the winter at least.

The American Society of Equity will hold a meeting at Stekl Hall Saturday forenoon at 10 o'clock. T. W. Malcolm and others will speak. All parties interested should be in attendance.

Sheridan Greig, of Troutmore, Wis., was visiting relatives and friends the first part of the week. He accompanied Royal Hunt on a timber cruising and hunting trip Tuesday afternoon.

Ed Netzer, who is running logging camps for Capt. E. L. Seavey, near Independence, came down Friday looking for men. He secured about twenty-five, who accompanied him to the woods on Monday morning.

J. W. Axtell has installed a new feed mill in place of the one he has been running for the past couple of years. Mr. Axtell informs us that it will be a dandy, and says he is prepared to give better satisfaction than ever before to the farmers that patronize him.

Chas. Glanyville, who is living at Proctor, arrived Wednesday morning to spend a short time visiting relatives and friends. Charley has been under the weather for some time with stomach trouble. His many friends in this place are always glad to see him.

F. M. Smith departed Tuesday afternoon for Partridge, to put in a furnace in one of the stores of that thriving place. He has made two trips to Partridge but has been unable to set up the furnace on account of some pieces being broken. We hope he will have better success this time.

Geo. Taylor, who has been working at Hancock, for the past three months, returned home Sunday morning and spent a couple of days with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. H. Taylor, on their farm two and a half miles south of this place. He departed again Tuesday for Iowa, where he has a job husking corn.

Peter Engel and Abe Swanson, accompanied by Marshal Wilcox went to Pokegama lake, Tuesday and loaded the Midland Lumber and Coal company's barge with fence posts and towed them down to this place. They arrived here about 5:30 in the afternoon, having made remarkably good time considering the way the wind was blowing and the load they towed.

Aug. Zastrow came down from Hinckley Sunday afternoon, to be present when the men who worked on the new bridge across the Snake river below the dam settled for their board, they being paid off Monday afternoon, having completed the piers and abutments Monday at 11:40. Aug. has charge of the crew that are digging for copper east of Hinckley.

A very pleasant surprise was tendered Miss Alma Gustafson Monday evening, the occasion being her nineteenth birthday. The evening was spent very pleasantly by dancing in Grand Army hall and card playing. W. C. Stephan and sister Jessie furnished the music. Refreshments were served at midnight, after which all repaired to their several homes after wishing Miss Alma every happy return of the day.

Do You Want...

A Corn Sheller
A Feed Cutter
A Fanning Mill or
Grain Cleaner to
Separate Oats from
Wheat,
A Good 2½ Horse
Power Gasolene En-
gin for \$50.00.

Call on
"SMITH, the Hardware Man"

Popular Specials.

NOTICE—After No. 15th all hogs must be removed from the business and residence portions of Pine City (Signed), Board of Health.

Storm Windows and doors at Midland Lumber and Coal Co.

For Sale—A round oak heating stove, cheap if taken at once. For particulars call at this office.

Wanted—Local representative for Pine City and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience in advertising not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 39, Station O, New York.

For Rent—The Eldred house at end of Main street. Call at A. Pennington's store.

Wanted—Proposals for digging about 300 rods of ditch, 4 feet wide on top, and 30 inches deep through natural ground, four miles west of Breckenridge. Can be done with capstan plow. Address J. W. Bennett, 210 N. Lyfe Blug, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

The choicest water front lots in owno sale by I. H. Claggett, RODAKS AND SUPPLIES

All sizes of films, film packs, holders and adapters. All the different kinds of papers, such as Velox, Solio, Art, Artorial, Sepia, etc., in all sizes and grades.

Agency for Eastman Kodaks and goods of all kinds at

BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY,
Main Street, Pine City, Minn.

For Sale—I have for sale at my farm on the Brunswick road, three miles southwest of Pine City, 10 acres and a half span of horses. For particulars call or address, John Resch, R. F. D. No. 2, Pine City, Minn.

For Sale—120 acres partly improved 1½ miles north of Pine City. Will sell for \$19.00 per acre. Inquire at this office.

See I. H. Claggett about farms on 10 year plan, with the privilege of buying one-fifth each year. Rates reasonable.

Madden will test your cream while you wait and pay you cash for it.

Dr. K. W. Knapp, dentist, permanently located in the new Volenese building. Phone No. 61.

Horton, the Photographer is in his studio every Tuesday and Wednesday.

Bring your cream to Madden's.

SUSAN SHEARER,
Art NEEDLEWORK SPECIALIST.
Linens, Ribbons, Laces, Notions,
and Sewing Machine supplies.
Mail orders filled promptly.
PineCityMinn.

It has long been known by the natives of South America that the juice of the fruit of the ripe pineapple being applied directly to the surface of the ear, relieves pain, diminishes fever, diminishes consumption and grippe. A preparation known as Syrup of Pineapple Expectorant, prepared by Rea Bros. & Co., contains these essential qualities. It is sold at Breckenridge's Pharmacy for 50 cents.



F. J. RYBAK

catera to
your trade in

DRESS GOODS BLANKETS,
COMFORTERS, SHOES,
ETC., ETC.

BIG, FRESH STOCK OF

GROCERIES

Bring in your Butter and Eggs.

Yours for business

F. J. RYBAK, PINE CITY

No Saving in Youth

Has its results
In Old Age.....

A little money saved regularly in youth will be greatly appreciated later on in life.

As we grow older, we learn to appreciate the comforts that money will buy.

We invite your savings account. Interest paid on savings from date of deposit.

PINE CITY STATE BANK,
D. GREELEY, Cashier.
Pine City, Minn.

Best
FALL SUITS
FOR
Men and Boys
You can buy from
Jno. Jelinek,
The Tailor.
PINE CITY, MINN.

Hats, Caps and Gloves
At Reasonable Prices.
Suits Made to Order a Specialty

For your Samples of
WALL PAPER
SEE LaPAGE.

When passing by the hardware store of J. LaPage, drop in and take a look at the new

**Sunburst Peninsula
Base Burner**

Which he has for sale. This stove is said to save at least two tons of coal every winter.

Ammunition For Fall Hunting.

J. LaPAGE, PINE CITY

BELE'S HARNESS SHOP

A Full Line of Harness and Horse Supplies.

I also carry a full line of Trunks, Suit Cases, Telephones, Satchels and Traveling Bags, all kinds, and prices.

Now is the season when your horses need blankets. Call and look over my fine new stock.

Harness repairing of all kinds a specialty.

V. A. BELE.

**CUSTOM PLANING and
FEED MILL**

For work in either branch
I am prepared to give
entire Satisfaction. A trial
will convince.

J. W. AXTELL, PINE CITY,
MINN.

BLESSED BLINDNESS

By JUDITH SPENCER

(Copyright)

"The condition of our streets is positively disgraceful!" thought Miss Agnew, as she gathered up her gowns and proceeded to pick her way over unstable boards and loose paving stones. It was then that she saw him first.

He was a tall and well-made man, walking somewhat slowly ahead of her. Suddenly he stumbled and almost fell. In recovering himself he turned and passed irresolutely by her, uncertain which way to go. He was now looking at her and saw her expression of helpless bewilderment, and saw, too, that he was blind.

With a sudden pity for his misfortune and predicament she advanced toward him. "Our streets are in such a chaotic condition," she said. "Will you let me plod to you the opposite side?"

"I should be most grateful to you," he replied, lifting his hat. "I have not been in New York for some time and confess that I find myself decidedly at a loss."

It seemed the strangest thing in the world to Mary Agnew to be walking thus familiarly by the side of an unknown man. And she felt that luck had favored her when she had run the gauntlet of that half-mile walk in the meeting of two great cities. But the man was a gentleman, and something in his helplessness had appealed most strongly to her.

This unconventional episode haunted Mary Agnew all that day. She caught herself wondering again and again who the man was and why he had ventured out alone. Sometimes it seemed as if she had done something inexplicably bold and unnatural; yet at the same time she felt that she would never have forgiven herself had she acted otherwise. Her tattered figure and her face were still present to her when, late that evening, she entered a crowded ballroom on her father's arm.

Half an hour perhaps had passed when she saw her old friend Jack Bevertown approaching with—could it be possible?—her stranger of the morning?

"Miss Agnew, allow me to introduce my cousin, Anthony Gordon, once of New York, lately of the fast west and now of New York again." Jack's words came out in a whisper.

"I am glad to see you, Mr. Gordon," she said quietly, though her heart was fluttering strangely, as it had not done since she was a young, young girl.

She saw him start and turn eagerly toward her. Jack had now passed on, and among the crowd these two stood out alone.

"It is you! I was hoping I might meet you again," Gordon said gladly. "The world is a small place, after all!"

"Yes," she assented, "I confess this is a great surprise."

"You are surprised that a blind man can even get out of place in a ballroom than in the city's crowded streets, and I agree with you, but Jack overpersuaded me and now I am glad I came! He promised to keep me in tow and to introduce me to a few of his friends with whom I could sit out and gaze at society."

She regarded him curiously. It was a novelty to meet a man who was apparently no more sensitive about such a terrible affliction than if it had been but a broken bone and he was about with his arm in a sling.

"I hope you did not think me—for want of morning," she said impulsively.

"Though you did a most gracious and befitting action and I blessed you for it!"

"You have not been—in this condition—long?" she asked.

"Eight months—an age! And I am a remarkable case," for I have baffled every physician in the country. I have come to New York to have three fellows here. I intend going to each one of them separately, at first. Then I shall have them meet and hold a consultation; then I suppose they'll want to examine me again; and after that—well, we'll see."

She saw Gordon again just as she was leaving. "I hope you will come to call on me," she said. She had been going to say "to see me," but quickly changed the word, adding: "I shall be interested to know what all the commotion is about."

"I wanted to ask you if I might," he said again. "If I had not seen you again to-night?" (and she noted that the old habit of speech clung to him). "I should have sent Jack to you to ask if I might come."

Within a few days Anthony Gordon sat in his chair with increasing frequency. The first time he came with Jack, but afterwards with his man Brown, who waited for him below.

His conversation was always full of the past, and he was expressing success in the west; his struggles for success, his defeats—he told her all—with an eager and almost boyish confidence. He made no secret of his admiration for her, and the deference and reverence he showed her seemed somewhat strained, however.

Her father liked him too. "Gordon," he said, "And so hopeful. It will be a hard blow to him if he shouldn't recover his sight."

Finally there came a pause. Ten days, two weeks passed by, during

which time Gordon had not been to see her and had made no sign.

She could not bring herself to write to him, and even after a long period of indecision, read aloud to him by that man Brown. She was too uncertain which way to go. He was now looking at her and saw her expression of helpless bewilderment, and saw, too, that he was blind.

"You have been ill?" she cried.

"Not ill in body," he answered gloomily, "but ill in mind. They've

reduced me to a state of complete darkness—and I'm off again to the west. I tried to go without seeing you—but I am a coward! I have come to say good-by."

There was a conflict of wild emotions in Mary Agnew's breast. For a moment she could not speak. He had come to say good-by!

"I said I couldn't go without seeing you," he repeated, "and I've come to ask a blind man's last favor—before I go, may I pass my hand over your face?"

"What if I say no?" There was something strained and unnatural in his tone.

"Don't refuse me! You don't know what that would mean!" he cried.

"Can you realize that all this time you have been but a beautiful vision split to me by the light of day? I thought I should see you some day with my eyes and I forced myself to wait—but that is not to be—and you won't refuse to let me carry away your true image into the night of my exile!"

"Not beautiful," she said. "I have told you that before. And if in spite of that you have deceived yourself—why need you undevote yourself now? And why need you go into

the world?"

"Because—I am a coward," he repeated miserably.

"Because—I understand," she said. "However, since you seem to wish to dispel your illusion about me—perhaps it is better so."

She took his hand and placed it upon her face, but at its touch she began struggling again; hot tears welled up and she fell into his arms, drooping upon his hand.

"Mary—Miss Agnew! Tears—they are not for me!"

"No," she cried passionately, "they are for myself, for I thought you preferred this life to me a little, and it is through a shock to find that you could say good-by so lightly when after such a verdict—even so slight a thing as a woman's friendship might have been something to you."

"Oh, you do not understand," he said, "and I do not understand their death either. I can tell you like this! Since the first night I met you I only thought and hoped have been to recover my sight; that I might see you and kiss your love and ask you to be my wife. That was my vision of heaven, and yours and mine, and I have only come. And when they said 'Died forever' I was stunned. I tried to go without this last interview, but I could not. I had to come once more. I never told you to tell him where you think I do not prize your friendship. I cannot tell him it is more to me than all the world; it was my hope that one day I might be able to win your love."

"But it—it is already won!" she murmured tremulously.

He started. "I—I do not understand—"

"Nor I," said she. "But I have loved you—from that first day, I think! Now, Anthony Gordon, have you the courage—will you dare go away?"

"I cannot let you sacrifice yourself, Oh, my love, I never dreamed of that."

He caught her in his arms, and while his head rested on her breast he passed his hand tenderly across her upturned face and bent to kiss her forehead.

"My angel—you are more beautiful than I had ever dreamt!" he said.

"And now I bless the darkness, which has crowned me with such love!"

Dressing on Dimes

Charming Princess Gown of Pink Crepe de Chine Not Costly for the Woman Who Understands the Art of Dress and Use of the Needle.

(Copyright, 1907, by the Delinquer, N. Y.)

The charming princess gown shown of rose-petal-pink crepe de chine, its finely crinkled surface glistening beautifully under artificial light.

Looking at the finished gown, one would dream it was constructed of separate waist and skirt patterns. Yet it is a fact, and each was carefully fitted to the waistline before the two were joined in princess effect, by encircling bands of lace insertion and beading.

In the model fine valenciennes lace was used, and beading of a heavier character was run through with velvet ribbon. Individual invention may easily provide substitutes for these bands without increasing the cost, may even decrease it by using up decorative

left. Either method is practicable for widths as in waist and princess-style, because the loops of one row may be those of the adjoining row into which they are respectively caught. For well-rounded figures the lace and beading may be inserted vertically, instead of horizontally, to give a more rounded effect.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be held by the stitching.

The bias folds on the skirt are lined with tarlatan, and are stitched along their upper edge only. When

making these folds, cut the lining less than half their depth, and double the raw edges of the silk over it in such a way that they will be



FOR A HORSE HARD TO CATCH.

Fasten Short Bit of Chain to His Fore Leg Above Knee.

For a horse that is hard to catch, take a chain about one and one-half feet long, and fasten it with a strap to his front leg, just above the knee.



The chain will hang down and will not bother the horse while he walks, but if he runs, it strikes his other leg, and he will be forced to stop. They don't run far before they stop and let you catch them.

SPECIALIZING IN STOCK.

Farmers Should Follow Lines in Which They Will Have Best Success.

This is fast becoming an age of specializing. The farm of a few years ago was supposed to produce about all that was consumed. A great many things were made then, too, that are bought now. The change has been coming on gradually, but now the disappearance of the general farmer is better fitted for doing or producing one thing follow his line, while we may follow another line, and the exchange is made through the regular channels of trade.

The stockmen are taking up specializing to a wonderful extent. A very few years ago the stockman had a few of all classes of stock, and each class represented some of all ages. To-day, we find more and more of the special herds. The cattlemen stick to a certain line, and if he raises cattle, the market is open to him for much all of one size and age. It is the same with every other line of livestock. After all that has been said of having a few of all kinds, then you will be sure of having some of the right kind, for stock does better to run all of an age and size, and is easier cared for.

A FEW HOG DON'TS.

Do the Don'ts If You Would Have Success in Raising Pigs.

Don't keep diseased hogs with the rest of the herd. Most diseases common to hogs are contagious, especially cholera.

Don't let your feed lot get foul. A hog as well as other animals does better when he has a clean eating and sleeping place.

Don't expect to raise thrifty pigs by feeding the sows nothing but corn. Plenty of slops are essential to the growth of the pigs.

Don't let your sows and pigs sleep at old straw ricks unless you want them to catch the cholera or some other disease.

Don't let your shoots run all over the farm. A few dollars spent in wire will save you much worry and keep your meadows and growing crops from injury.

Don't let your pigs root up the meadows and pastures. A few hog rings are cheaper than a lot of timothy and blue grass which would be destroyed.

Don't let your sows run together until farrowing time. Cold nights trap the sows in the pens, which may cause the loss of their pigs. It is best to separate them a month before.

Don't fail to give your hogs plenty of ashes and salt. If you have an old ash bank about the place, throw it into the pen and salt it good. The hogs will dispose of it to their advantage.

Don't keep a chicken-eating sow just because she raises large litters of pigs, says Farmers' Voice. She will soon eat her worthless chicks. Put her in the fattening pen and let her go on the market as soon as possible.

STOCK NOTES.

A healthy-hoofed cow is one that will last longer than a sick one. This cow is a machine for converting food into milk, and the profits from her work are in proportion to her digestive and assimilative powers.

With an increasing demand for horses on the farms where they are raised, there will be less horses to sell and consequently those sold will command a higher price. Keep on raising good draft colts.

The future broad sow should show every indication of being able to properly nourish her litter. This quality is evidenced in the development of ten or twelve well-formed teats. This is quite an important point.

Before building the barn or hog house sit down and calculate where it can be placed, and how planned to be the most convenient. The average farmer shortens his life a fourth by taking unnecessary steps around the barn and feed lots.

FATTENING HOGS.

Make Selections Early and Push the Feeding as Rapidly as Possible.

The fattening of hogs begins at the time you decide which will be the ones to go. If they are well started from birth, with plenty of feed necessary for the development of bone and muscle, the rate of growth and increase may be reserved until the last eight weeks before selling. After weaning they should be allowed milk with middlings, and if confined, a cutting of germ clover or alfalfa while it may be had. One of the first rules never lost sight of is to find that compound alfalfa meal mixed with malt is an excellent feed for the pigs during the growing season, and no grain is necessary until ready to finish for the market. With me, milk and middlings and occasionally a little bran mixed with green alfalfa has formed the diet.

I keep salt and ashes before them, as well as a box of charcoal. During the winter when no green food is to be had, says a writer in Orange Judd Farmer, I feed once a day some alfalfa, just what they will eat clean, and they seem to relish it very much. The salts of alfalfa hay with corn fed the last six weeks is not fully known, yet it will cause a gain of one and one-half pounds a day, which is more than any other ration I have ever known. The Nebraska experiments show that when given very interesting experiments along this line, with remarkable results, and declares in favor of alfalfa hay with corn as the most economical and profitable. Of course, we have no other hay, but know the hog eat, and it keeps them dry or green, and it keeps them in perfect condition.

SHEEP IN THE ORCHARD.

One Farmer Who Thinks They Give Him Good Crops of Apples.

"I think one great reason why my orchard has done so well is because I have let my sheep run in it a good deal."

The old man said that this always has the best fruit and the most of it of any man in his neighborhood. Many years, when the neighbors had trouble with their having their fruits, he orchard would be a plentiful supply. Take it this year, for example. Throughout the entire country there is a marked scarcity of apples. But this man's trees are well loaded. He will have a little fortune from his orchard.

The old man said that of course his belief that the sheep have done his orchard good, writes E. L. Vincent in Farmers' Review. All through the spring and fall after the apples are out of the way, he pastures the sheep in the orchard. They pick up an small amount of fallen fruit, and then begin to eat the ground. They have the richest kind of manure all around them. They keep the weeds down and altogether cultivate the orchard as it could not otherwise be.

We fall, fellow farmers, by not giving our orchards proper treatment.

Take the old farmer's advice, and you will have a bountiful supply.

The old man said that of course his belief that the sheep have done his orchard good, writes E. L. Vincent in Farmers' Review. All through the spring and fall after the apples are out of the way, he pastures the sheep in the orchard. They pick up an small amount of fallen fruit, and then begin to eat the ground. They have the richest kind of manure all around them. They keep the weeds down and altogether cultivate the orchard as it could not otherwise be.

Time Sometimes Flies So.

"Mother," asked the dear girl's mother, "what time did that young man leave last night?"

"Why," replied Mabel, "I believe it was nearly 11 o'clock."

"What? I am sure it was later than that," said the mother.

"How strange," remarked Mabel, dreamily. "We both thought it couldn't possibly be that late."—The Critical Standard and Times.

The Circus Lemonade.

Uncle Tom—In gosh, this here is the blankest weakest lemonade I ever drank."

Slangy Negro—Gracious, uncle. Maybe they "handed you the lemon."

Uncle Hirsh—Handed me a lemon? Great grasshoppers! They didn't even hand me a slice of lemon."

Slightly Mixed.

"How did Henry get along when he had to testify in court, Mrs. Mixer?"

"He got along good enough till the lawyer tangled him all up with one of them air long hyperdemic questions."

Arrangement of Lines Which is Simple and Effective.

The diagram illustrates the way a writer in Breeders' Gazette hooks up four horses abreast.

AAA are two-barreled reins and

BBB are short ropes with snap.

The bridle reins unbuckled on inside of bridle with snap to snap in cheek buckle.

Diagram of Lines.

checks. BB are short ropes with snap. BBB are bridle reins unbuckled on inside of bridle with snap to snap in cheek buckle.

Hints for the Shepherd.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

cold storms; you cannot starve a profit out of a flock. Muddy yards cause

losses.

Sheep will build up any farm. Give them plenty of pure water and never permit them to eat snow instead.

Keep the troughs clean. Keep salt and lime in abundance. Sheep like to eat fresh green grass.

Feed them a good diet of grain, fresh spring and fall. Shelter from

A NEW SOURCE OF PROFIT
(Continued from first page.)

the plant than are possible with the old methods of treatment, the Oxford Linen Mills can buy on terms more favorable to the farmer than other manufacturers can afford. A small amount of flax straw is now used by certain manufacturers of twines and cordage; but as the Mudge processes get fiber for the very finest kind of linen from the same material, the Oxford Linen Mills will offer the best market for flax.

It is not expected, of course, that the parent mills alone will meet the requirements. It will be necessary to establish subsidiary ones, and these will naturally be located at points near the sources of the flax supply most advantageous to the company, and will be erected as rapidly as practical conditions and local demands warrant.

Any particular information concerning the new industry can be obtained by applying to the Superintendent of the Oxford Linen Mills at the Boston address or to the Oxford Sales Company at 225 Fifth Avenue, New York. Farmers and flax growers are specially invited to ask for or impart information of interest.

SCHOOL NOTES

BY RAYMOND GOTTHEY

Sewing has been introduced in the sixth grade.

B-sixth grade has taken up the study of common birds.

The sixth grade is preparing for their Thanksgiving program.

Mr. Everhard, of Minneapolis, spoke to the high school Monday afternoon.

The seventh grade attended the high school program last Friday, and enjoyed it very much.

A literary society has been organized in the sixth grade. They are arranging for a Thanksgiving program.

All the teachers of the school attended the teachers' meeting held at Willow River last Saturday afternoon and evening. They report one of the best meetings ever held in the county. The program as published last week was carried out excepting the paper on temperance by Miss Hongland, who was absent.

MEADOW LAWN.

F. B. Handorf was a Rock Greek earlier Tuesday.

Mr. La Grant, of Missouri, is visiting at the Handorf home.

Harvey Lysteth purchased a horse of Frank Purdy last week.

Mrs. L. L. Thurman spent Sunday at her home in this place.

Chas. Dile went to Rock Creek Monday after his ditching machine.

Purdy brothers have been sawing wood in this vicinity for the past week.

Mrs. Williams, of Minneapolis, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Hawke.

Mrs. R. E. Hamlin and Mattie Lahart visited at the Berkey home Tuesday.

A number from here attended the Eworth League at Hustleton Sunday evening.

H. F. Handorf has the foundation for his new residence completed, and will begin building at once.

Stephen Smith has returned home from Superior, where he has been at work for the past two months.

M. K. Smith returned from Hay creek Monday, where he has been for the past two weeks building a camp where he expects to log during the coming winter.

M. D. Hopper and sons, Herbert and Willie, brother Arthur, of Alberta, Canada, and nephew, P. P. Hopper, of Minneapolis, were seen driving through this neighborhood Tuesday viewing the land around here.

Atkin Age—Congressman Beds spent Sunday in Atkin coming in touch with his constituents and looking into matters of local interest, including the Sandy Lake dam and postoffice situation. He is a very busy man just now and Sunday was the only day he could spend here before he goes to Washington in a few weeks for the long session of Congress which will probably last until June. Mr. Bede is not alarmed at the financial condition of the country and thinks the shaking down of values and getting onto a normal basis will act to the benefit of the public rather than to its detriment.

BULLETIN NO. 27.
Valuable Information From the
Milwaukee Dairy and Food
Commission

Undoubtedly the greatest fraud now being perpetrated in the sale of foodstuffs in this state, as well as in nearly every other state in the Union, is the short weight and short measure fraud. The law of the state prohibits misbranding of food products, and when a container is labeled giving the net weight the statement must be true. The law requires a statement of the net weight on a few products, but does not require such a statement on a great number of staple articles.

The manufacturer or packer simply does not label the package he puts on the market and the purchaser buys it thinking he is getting a pound, five pounds, a quart or a gallon, as the case may be. The practice is quite general and is the rule in many grocery products and not the exception.

The manufacturer of the packages makes them short weight or short measure according to the orders of the packer, who is to fill them with his products.

One unavoidable short weight comes in the practice of selling butter in jars. The common half gallon butter jar is known by the trade as a "five pound jar," but when it is filled level full with butter it will generally hold less than five pounds of butter. It is not difficult to find "five pound jars" of butter on the market containing only 4½ pounds of butter.

The customer who buys one of these jars of butter for \$1.50 thinks he is getting butter at 36cts. per lb., while the fact is he gets 40 per cent less butter.

This department is powerless to compel a statement of the net weight on all food packages, as there is no law requiring such labeling but until such a law is enacted there is no relief in store except that the manufacturer can protect himself by weighing the goods he buys and insisting on receiving what he pays for.

Producers and dealers in eggs are again warned against selling or offering for sale eggs, which are not labeled. In view of the work of this department are instituting prosecutions against violators of the law in every section of the state and the lowest fine that can be assessed by any court is \$50.00 and costs.

Among the analyses reported from the laboratory recently are the following:

Lab. 1840—Extract of Almond, "Puritan," manufactured by Wright Clarkson Mercantile Co., Duluth, I.L. (labeled 2 oz.) exact measure 1½ oz.

Lab. 708—Imitation Fruit Jelly, manufactured by Berry Maybourn Co., Chicago, Illegal, marked 18lbs. exact net weight 10½ lbs.

Lab. 1183—Ground Cinnamon, manufactured by J. P. Dister Co., Chicago, Illegal, labeled 1 lb.; exact net weight 2½ oz.

Lab. 1176—Black Pepper, manufactured by Dr. Ward, Med. Co., Winona, Illegal; labeled 3 oz.; exact net weight 2½ oz.

Lab. 1165—White Pepper, manufactured by Dr. Ward, Med. Co., St. Paul, Illegal; sample is adulterated with ground coconut shells and contains a considerable amount of starchy matter.

Lab. 84—Boiled Linseed Oil, manufactured by Central Linseed Oil Co., Omaha, Neb., Illegal, adulterated with mineral oil.

Lab. 99—Boiled Linseed Oil, manufactured by the Central Linseed Oil Co., Omaha, Neb., Illegal, adulterated with mineral oil.

EDWARD K. SLATER,
Commissioner.

Cascala Blood and Rheumatic Cure

It makes no difference whether you are suffering from inflammatory, acute, chronic, nervous or muscular, or any other form of rheumatism, or any other disease of the body. It is aching and every joint is out of shape. Cascala Blood and Rheumatic Cure will positively give instant relief and effect a permanent cure. It cleans the system of all impurities, purifies the blood and restores the patient speedily to health. Sold by Breckenridge.

LIST OF LETTERS
Remaining uncalled for in P. O. Pine City, Minn., for week ending Nov. 2, 1907:

Andrew Paschovsky,
Mr. Fred Tidje,
Mr. Will Cummins,

Mrs. Mary E. Johnson,
Mrs. H. A. McKenzie,
Miss Lena Swanson (2),

Miss Florence Malm,
Miss Grace Gillespie,

In calling for the above letters please say "Advertised," giving the date of this list.

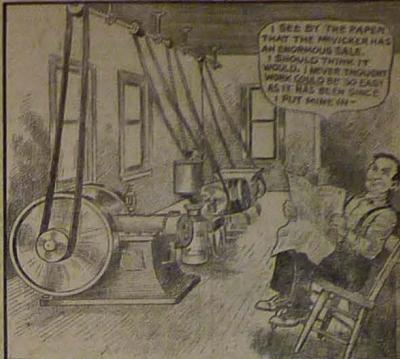
J. Y. BRECKENRIDGE, P. M.

Pineapple for Consumption.

There is no case of Indigestion, no matter how severe or how obstinate, that will not be speedily relieved by the use of Kodil.

The main factor in curing the stomach of any disorder is rest, and the only way to get rest is to actually digest the food for the stomach itself. Kodil will do this by separating the various vegetable acids contained in the very same juices found in a healthy stomach. It conforms to the Pure Food and Drugs Law. Sold by Breckenridge Pharmacy.

ALMA MANUFACTURING CO.



McVICKER AUTOMATIC GASOLINE ENGINES

700 S² 3rd ST.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

F. E. SMITH, THE HARDWARE MAN Agent, Pine City, Minn.

John Riba, a prominent dealer of Vining, Ia., says "I have been selling DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills for about a year and they give better satisfaction than any pill I ever sold. There are a dozen people here who have used them and they give perfect satisfaction in every case. I have used them myself with fine results." Sold at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

"We never repeat of eating too little," was one of the ten rules of life of Thomas Jefferson, president of the United States, and the rule applies to every one without exception during this hot weather, because it is hard for food, even in small quantities, to be digested when the blood is at high temperature. At this season we should eat sparingly and properly. We should also help the stomach as much as possible by the use of a little Kodil for Indigestion and Dyspepsia, which will rest the stomach by digesting the food itself. Sold by Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

R. L. WISEMAN
Physician and Surgeon.
Office and residence in house just south
of the Rybak block.

Pine City.

H. W. PROEHLICH
Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence in Kowalek block.

All calls promptly responded to.

Pine City.

E. L. STEPHAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Drug Store.

Hinckley.

BENJAMIN SWARTOU
Resident Dent. st.

Office in Rybak block from the 5th of each
month to the 5th of the following month.
Telephone No. 120.

Pine City.

OCTOVAR SOROTKA
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
Office—Rybak Block.

Pine City.

G. L. ROBERTS,
Attorney at Law.

Pine City.

K. W. KNAPP,
Dentist.

Office in Volenc Building.

Phone No. 81.

Pine City.

Get that
Suit from JAS.

E. POLK.

Suits Pressed and Cleaned
All work guaranteed

Kowalek Pine City, Minn.

A. CRANTON,
DEALER IN

FINE CONFECTIONERY,

Fruit and Nuts.

The Finest Brands of Cigars and To-
baccos always in stock.

Main Street, Pine City.

Football On NORTHROP FIELD Minneapolis Saturday, November 16th, 1907 Minnesota vs. Carlisle



The Indians and the Minnesotas will put up a game that will live in memory. Both teams are on their mettle.

GO VIA NORTHERN PACIFIC

Convenient train service to Minneapolis and St. Paul. See local agent for tickets and information

Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, 1909

Established 1885

Purely Mutual

Northwestern National Life Insurance Company.

LEONARD K. THOMPSON, President.

- A WESTERN COMPANY FOR WESTERN PEOPLE -

RECORD FOR 1906

Total Income.....	\$1,610,897.06	Paid Policyholders and Beneficiaries.....	\$514,758.81
Excess of Income over Disbursements.....	786,060.58	Increase in Surplus.....	44,225.81

DIRECTORS

F. A. CHAMBERLAIN President Security Bank.	C. T. JAFFRAY Vice Pres. First National Bank.
B. F. NELSON National Tuthill Lumber Company.	R. W. DECKER Vice Pres. Northwestern Nat'l Bank.
N. O. WERNER Pres. Swedish-American Nat. Bank.	L. K. THOMPSON President and General Manager.
	S. A. HARRIS Pres. National Bank of Commerce.

The GUARANTEED DIVIDEND and ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION Policies of the Northwestern National are issued under the Company's new forms modeled after the standard policies of New York, and are practically free from restrictions, absolutely uncontested after 1 year and automatically non-forfeitable.

For full information as to policies and rates call on us.

ARTHUR J. ARMSTRONG, General Agent,

Home Office, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

JOHN D. VAUGHAN, Special Representative

PINE CITY, MINN.

PINE CITY

LIVERY STABLE

W. P. GOTTRY,
Proprietor.

First-Class Livery Rigs Furnished at any hour.

GEORGE SHERWOOD'S

Dray Line.

We are prepared to do all work in our line in a workman like manner.

Geo. Sherwood, Prop.
Pine City, Minnesota

Hotel Agnes

Rose M. Crater, Prop.

The finest hotel between the twin cities and the "unsalted seas" Electric-lighted and steam heated

Rates, \$2.00 per day.

Pine City, Minn.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers don't stick or grip. Small pills easy to take. Sold at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

MARK ANDREWS

OF PANSY, WIS.
has some first-class

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.....

Location is Everything and there are no better opportunities anywhere for the location of a Good Home than right at Pansy, Wisconsin. It is located near proposed new railroads, and surrounded by the best farming and grazing lands in the Northwest.

Write for particulars.