

The Pine County Pioneer.

ED. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

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PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1908

NO. 16

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PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

DESTRUCTIVE BRAHAM FIRE

Only Two Stores Spared by the Devouring Flames—Loss to the Village is Estimated at \$100,000

Wednesday morning at about 3:30 o'clock fire was discovered in the Braham Mercantile company's store at Braham, a town in Isanti county about 17 miles southwest of here, and for about five hours the fire department and citizens fought the red demon, but were unable to get the fire under control until half of the business section had been wiped off of the map.

The fire started in the large frame building occupied by the Braham Mercantile company, which was used as a storeroom, and was quickly destroyed, together with its large stock of merchandise, the company running a large department store. The flames leaped to the two-story partly brick building occupied by Soederberg's drug store, which was soon demolished with its contents. A J. Johnson's confectionery store, and a vacant building also belonging to Johnson; a billiard hall and barber shop belonging to Frank Hesselroth; a vacant saloon building owned by Edward Nordquist; the two-story building in which was the First National Bank; the jewelry store of S. Mattson, in which were located the postoffice and telephone exchange, were all in turn destroyed, with the greater portion of their contents. The telephone switchboard was saved, and put in a vacant building, outside the limits of the fire, and Cambridge and Minneapolis were notified that outside help would be needed to stay the flames.

The fire burned all the buildings in a block of the principal street, and entailed a loss of \$100,000, but with a small amount of insurance. We sympathize with our neighboring village, and hope that within a short time she will arise from her ashes and be a better town than ever before.

St. Patrick's Day Party

The St. Patrick's Day Festival and Dance given by the management of Hotel Agnes was not very well attended, owing to the fact that it was Lent. Those who did attend report having had one of the best times of the season. The music, which was voted by all who heard it to be the best ever given in this place, was from Minneapolis, and consisted of three pieces—a violin, cornet and harp. They played all of the very latest music, and played in perfect time, so that it was no effort to dance, as the music carried the dancers around the ball with scarcely an effort. We understand if the same trio of players can be secured at the Easter Monday ball, which will be given by a number of the young men of the village. The supper in the dining room of Hotel Agnes, was served in three courses, and was a credit to the hotel management and the chef. Those who did not hear the music and partake of the supper did indeed miss a rare treat.

A program will be presented in the Maple Grove school house, District No. 28, Tuesday evening, March 23, 1908, at 7 o'clock sharp, provided the weather proves favorable. Following the program, a basket social will be held. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Admission free. Ladies do not forget your baskets.

ANOTHER RICH STRIKE

"Pay Dirt" of a Superior Quality is Encountered in the J. Bennett Smith Copper Mine at Chagwatalana.

Henry Hoeder, the manager of the J. Bennett Smith Copper mine below Chagwatalana, reports that on Wednesday they made another find at the mine, and that they were taking out pay ore in large quantities. He reports that the last find is by far the best yet struck, and far exceeds their most sanguine expectations.

The sample of ore he showed a reporter of the Pioneer, was so heavy that he had to take a second grip on it or it would have fallen to the floor, when handed to us by Mr. Hoeder.

It now seems that Mr. Smith, after spending a fortune, and over a quarter of a century in prospecting on lower Snake river is to be rewarded at last. If anyone deserves success it is certainly Mr. Smith.

Inspecting Dairy Barns

Dairy barns must be kept clean hereafter and the dairy barn inspectors are going to see that they are. The two inspectors in the employ of the state dairy and food department have completed their work of inspecting barns in the twin cities and vicinity, and have now started out to inspect the dairy barns of the smaller cities and towns. This department has never been able to do before, as it has had only one man to do the work, but with an additional man the scope of this work will be extended and the standard of milk throughout the state will be raised. The state has been divided into districts and a thorough investigation will be made.—North Branch Review.

Projected State Prison Work.

Binder twine will be manufactured on the new prison site next fall, if the prediction of a member of the state board of control, which he held at the March meeting at the state prison Wednesday, is realized. It was said that the board, the state architect and Warden Wolfner have been busy with plans for the new prison buildings for three months. They have utilized ideas gained on the recent trip to penal institutions in eastern states, and have agreed upon a scheme for buildings. It is expected that bids will soon be asked for the construction of a factory building and warehouse on the new prison site. They will be used in connection with the twine plant at the old prison, and it is the intention to have the manufacturing begin there in the fall. The contract recently let to a Minneapolis firm to construct the water works for the new institution provides that such plant shall be completed by October. It is not the intention to build a new cell house this summer. Plans for the proposed hospital for the criminal insane are not yet prepared.—Stillwater Journal.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Estella Thayer has been absent all week.

Pearl Chien has left school and gone to Minneapolis.

The 7th grade pupils are making valentines this week.

The 7th grade took the examination in geography Tuesday.

Ray Fallon has been absent from school the past two weeks.

The fifth grade enjoyed a sleigh ride party Wednesday evening.

Tardiness has almost disappeared in the 6th grade. Attendance very good.

Peter Reinhold has returned to the 6th grade, after a vacation of six weeks.

Report of the 6th grade for February: Number enrolled, 38; days attendance, 31; number tardy, 3.

The following pupils in the 4th grade were absent this week: Rosabelle Björns, Alice Vaughan, Ethel Sherwood, Aloise Kunk, Alice St. Germain.

Tom McMillin, of Sandstone, was a county seat visitor Wednesday.

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS ORATE

An Interesting Declamatory Contest Held in Assembly Room Saturday Evening.—Demosthenes Discounted.

The declamatory contest held in the assembly room of Webster school last Saturday evening was not as well attended as it should have been, considering the grade of entertainment furnished by the high school scholars. The judges chosen were Hon. F. A. Hodge, Hon. L. H. McKusick and Mr. Otto Carl Sothola.

At about a quarter past eight the meeting was called to order by Prof. Olesen, who presided as chairman. The first number on the program was a piano duet by Misses Doney and Matthews, these two young ladies play very nicely together and delighted the audience. The High School Glee Club, composed of a number of the high school girls, sang four selections during the evening entertainment, which were all well received, and the last song, in which they were assisted by a number of the boys, was so well rendered that they were compelled to respond to an encore.

The first number on the declamatory contest was a recitation by Miss Delta Axtell, "Mrs. Caudie Urges the Need of Spring Clothing." Miss Axtell had learned her piece very well, and spoke very nicely, the audience showing its appreciation by applauding the speaker.

Ernest Parish, who received third place, spoke on "The American War." Mr. Parish spoke very well, indeed, and his hearers enjoyed his recitation very much, as they did the declamation of James Clark, who took for his subject the "Supposed Speech of John Adams at the Signing of the Declaration of Independence." Mr. Clark spoke in a very forcible manner and the audience applauded him loudly.

Miss Helen Turner recited "An Unfortunate Experiment," which was the experiment this country had with African slavery. Miss Turner spoke in a pleasing manner, and at the end of her declamation received a befitting round of applause.

Rudolph Wosmek, the winner of first place, spoke on "The Barrier to American Progress," which followed well after Miss Turner's subject, as Mr. Wosmek claimed that the greatest bar to American progress was the African slave, as he has been used since emancipated. Mr. Wosmek said among many other good things, that the African was a vicious race to have, and was loyal to his adopted country. He cited the colored troops during the Spanish American war, and how they were willing to fight for the country that denied them the rights of citizenship, and was hounding them from one place to another, and not giving them the advantages and protection that is given to the Indian, who has nowhere near the intelligence of the colored man. He also said that the colored man during the civil war, when the north was fighting for their freedom and their masters away fighting to hold their bondage, they showed their loyalty to one "mass and missus," in almost every instance, by staying at home and guarding the property. In conclusion he said that the American government would never progress as it should until the colored man was given the chance that his intelligence and loyalty entitled him to.

The last speaker was George Wald, who spoke in about the same vein as the two preceding ones, and was awarded the second place. He had as the subject of his declamation a colored man from the nation of San Domingo, "Colonel D'Oventure," who was both states man and soldier. He said that Napoleon was a great general, but had been educated in the best military schools of Europe. Cronwell was a statesman and soldier but had been educated from boyhood up in the arts of war and statesmanship. But this black, untaught savage, after attaining the age of 60, proved himself to be the peer of either Napoleon or Cronwell. Mr. Wald spoke for about twenty minutes and his recitation was listened to with much attention by those present.

The last thing on the program was the decision of the judges, which has been given above. The declamatory contest met with the approval of the entire audience who thought the pieces were awarded according to the merit of them.

The glee club, under whose auspices the contest was given, are to receive \$12.50 which will go to help pay for the song books they bought and presented to the school last Christmas.



FEEL BETTER NOW—HAD A DIP IN KRESO

DID YOU EVER TRY IT ON YOUR STOCK?

Nothing like it to put them in good condition, free them from insect parasites and protect them from contagious diseases.

KRESO DIP
KILLS LICE, TICKS, MITES AND FLIES.

Cures Mange, Scab, Ringworm and Other Skin Diseases.
Disinfects, Cleanses and Purifies.

Use it on Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Dogs, Goats and Poultry.

FOR SALE BY

Breckenridge's Pharmacy

CALL OR WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLETS ON KRESO DIP.

We are not begging you For your Flour Trade.

If you are perfectly satisfied with ordinary flour, don't buy Pine City Flour. Should you feel that you want flour that is made for particular people, use Pine City Flour.

IT'S SOLD EVERYWHERE.

PINE CITY MILLING & ELECTRIC CO.

We Want . . . Your Business FOR THE Ensuing Year

And in return you will get value received for every cent of your money. Last season we furnished a large percentage of the builders with their material, and we know they were perfectly satisfied. Ask them where to buy their lumber and they will surely direct you to the

G. H. WESTMAN LUMBER CO.,
D. A. PAYNE, Manager.
Pine City, Minnesota.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPIRIGHTS, ETC.

I Sold \$213 Worth of Strawberries
last year from 4 acres of Senat Dunlap. Extra fine plants for next spring's delivery, \$5.00 per 1,000.

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SUPREME COURT RULES AGAINST THE PACKERS

ARMOUR, SWIFT, MORRIS AND CUDAHY HIT IN NEW REBATE DECISION.

Move Against Railroads by Lower Tribunal is Also Sustained—Justice Brewer Dismisses Decision of It Shows His Sense of Justice.

Washington, Mar. 17.—The proceeding by the government against the Armour Packing Company, Swift & Co., Morris & Co. and the Cudahy Packing Co., all of them operating in Kansas City, Kan., under which the companies were each fined \$15,000 by the United States circuit court for the western district of Missouri, on the charge of receiving rebates contrary to the provisions of the Elkins act, was decided by the supreme court of the United States Monday adversely to those companies. The court's opinion was announced by Justice Day, who held that the Elkins act is applicable to transportation anywhere and that an offense is not confined to the initial point. He also held it applicable alike to shipper and carrier.

Lower Court Decision Affirmed. The decision of the lower courts in the complementary case against the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway company holding that company responsible for granting the rebates to the packers and fining that company for the offense also was affirmed. Justice Brewer dissented from the view of the court on the ground that the decision would work a violation of contract "which," he said, "shocks his sense of justice."

The chief justice and Justice Peckham concurred in Justice Brewer's decision. They also held the Missouri circuit court to be without jurisdiction.

Receipt of Rebates Charged. Kansas City, Mar. 17.—The four packing companies mentioned in the Washington dispatch were convicted in the United States district court of receiving concessions on export shipments of packing house products, and fined by Judge Smith McPherson here on June 22, 1906. At the same time the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy superintendant was fined \$5,000 for granting concessions, and George L. Thomas of New York, a freight broker, and L. B. Taggart, his clerk, were each given jail sentences for conspiring to receive concessions from railroads.

Ask Mercy of Court. Recently Thomas and Taggart threw themselves upon the mercy of the court and Judge McPherson withdrew the jail sentence, the defendants paying their fines and being released. The Burlington case is in the United States supreme court.

The fines against the packing houses, the Burlington and Thomas cases, are the latest in a series of lengthy trials in which many witnesses testified to cases of concessions granted and received. The packing companies were convicted of receiving concessions in having accepted a rate of 23 cents a hundred pounds on export shipments from the Burlington road.

PUBLIC PRINTER REGISTRARS.

Stillings Quits Office as Result of Recent Investigation.

Washington, Mar. 17.—Public Printer Charles S. Stillings Monday tendered his resignation to the president and it was accepted.

Mr. Stillings' successor has not yet been named. Mr. Stillings declined to discuss the matter for publication. His resignation is the result of an investigation into the government printing office under his administration, which was conducted by W. S. Rossetter, chief clerk of the census bureau. Mr. Rossetter's report that he found no evidence of fraud or serious irregularity. He says, however, that there have been some minor irregularities, chargeable in most cases to bad administration, and that the methods of keeping the books are open to criticism. An apparent deficit of \$66,299, due largely to unwise outlay for equipment, extravagance in purchase of supplies and increased cost of production is shown for the current fiscal year. The report contains also Mr. Stillings' reply to his conclusions. In the main he sets up the plea that the report is misleading and unjust, and that he has been permitted to complete the readjustment of office conditions on the lines he had laid down, the result of which has been a model plant free from the things which invited Mr. Rossetter's condemnation.

Glazier Admitted to Bail.

Chicago, Mich., Mar. 17.—Former State Treasurer P. Glazier, who was indicted several weeks ago by the Michigan county grand jury on the charge of misfeasance and malfeasance in office, and a misstatement of the state funds, was admitted to \$17,000 bail Monday by Supreme Court Justice Grant.

Defense Budget is Slashed. Washington, Mar. 17.—The house committee on fortifications today reported to the full committee the fortification appropriation bill, which the senate has passed, and which was amended to slash from \$33,945,945 to \$8,210,611, to avoid the impression that the United States is preparing for war with Japan.

FOUR CONVICTED OF GRAFT

CAPITOL JURY BRINGS IN A VERDICT OF GUILTY.

Motions for New Trial Are Made by Men Accused of Furnishings Fraud.

Harrisburg, Pa., Mar. 14.—Late Friday night the jury in the capitol graft case returned a verdict of guilty as to all defendants in the capitol trial. The verdict was given two minutes after the jury came in. It had been received since 12:19 p.m. The verdict was received in silence and when announced Judge Knickerbocker congratulated the jurors for their patience and the care given. Motions for retrials were made for Sanderson, Snyder, Mathews and Shumaker at once. The men found guilty are John H. Sanderson, contractor; William P. Snyder, former auditor general; W. L. Mathews, former state treasurer, and James M. Shumaker, former superintendent of public buildings and grounds. The four men were convicted of defrauding the state in furnishing the new capitol, which cost the state about \$13,000,000, instead of \$4,000,000, the figure at which the contract was awarded. The present case constituted one of the longest jury trials in the history of Pennsylvania courts, and it attracted much attention throughout the country. The prosecution of the alleged frauds was the outcome of the political upheaval in Pennsylvania in 1905, which resulted in the election of William H. Berry, a Democrat, as state treasurer, in the fall of that year.

FIVE YEARS FOR J. R. WALSH.

Former Chicago Banker Is Denied New Trial and Sentenced.

Chicago, Mar. 14.—John R. Walsh was denied a new trial by Judge A. B. Anderson in the federal court Friday and was sentenced to five years in the government prison at Port Leavenworth.

The sentence was five years on each count on which the president of the old Chicago National bank was convicted, but it is to run concurrently.

Little time was lost by Attorney Miller in presenting the assignment of errors, already drawn up, to Judge Grosscup, a judge of the United States circuit court of appeals. Attorney Miller asked the court to grant a writ of error and issue a writ of superseas to stay the execution of the sentence of the federal district court until after the appeal had been determined. The stay order was entered without question by Judge Grosscup and the bond was fixed at \$50,000, the same amount which has held through the trial. The bond was signed by the Illinois Surety company, which was the old bond. The appeal is expected to be taken up at the October term of court and at least until then Mr. Walsh will be free from the necessity of attending court, or serving sentence behind barred doors.

MOTTO BILL PASSES HOUSE.

Measure Provides for "In God We Trust" on Silver and Gold Coins.

Washington, Mar. 17.—Under suspension of the rules the house of representatives Monday passed the bill providing for the restoration of the motto "in God We Trust" on gold and silver coins of the United States. The bill was passed by a vote of 255 to 5. The debate on the subject excited the widest interest. Monday Mr. Carlin of Virginia said that in the issuance of his order abolishing the motto President Roosevelt had acted unwisely and in violation of the spirit of the law. Mr. Ollie James of Kentucky declared that in the judgment of Christian people of the United States the president had made a great mistake.

China Visited by Japan.

Tokyo, Mar. 16.—A satisfactory settlement of the Tatsui affair was announced Monday afternoon. China has conceded all the Japanese demands. She will purchase the arms and ammunition on board the Tatsui and will hoist the Japanese flag over the vessel. While the flag is being refloated, a Chinese warship will fire a salute.

Judge Lochren to Resign.

Mississippi, Miss., Mar. 16.—Judge William Lochren of the United States district court in an interview in the city today announced that he will resign his position on the federal bench, the resignation to become effective May 31.—Judge Lochren is 70 years old and has been on the federal bench 15 years.

Escaped Convict Killed.

Bismarck, N. D., Mar. 16.—Joseph Haseman, one of the convicts who escaped from the North Dakota penitentiary here Friday, was killed Monday night by Sheriff Beck of MeLean county in a pistol duel. A few hours earlier Alfred Wooten, the other convict, was captured by a posse 19 miles west of Mandan.

Federal Judge Clark Dead.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Mar. 16.—Judge Charles D. Clark of the United States district circuit court died at his winter home at 4 30 o'clock Monday morning, aged 67 years. His death was due to Bright's disease, complicated with tuberculosis.

Tennessee Capitalist a Suicide.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Mar. 16.—James Johnson, capitalist and head of the union of this city, committed suicide by cutting his throat on an Alabama street. Southern train bound for Chattanooga from Birmingham.

THE BIRD: MUST I MOVE AGAIN?



KENTUCKY RACE WAR JUST AVERTED

SHOOTING OF A DEPUTY MARSHAL IS FOLLOWED BY MORE BLOODSHED.

Two Negroes by Error—Negroes Attack Traveling Men, Thinking Them Part of the Mob—Four Colored Men Arrested.

Dixon, Ky., Mar. 16.—The fatal shooting of Deputy Marshal Smith Childers by Jake McDowell at Providence, Ky., Saturday evening almost precipitated a race war and was the indirect cause of two traveling men being shot. P. B. Carter, a traveling negro, while driving between Dixon and Providence in company with two other drummers. The two men were shot from ambush by negroes while driving between Dixon and Providence in company with two other drummers. The negroes who did the shooting evidently labored under the impression that the quartette were members of a mob pursuing McDowell.

Were Shot by Mistake. Deputy Marshal Childers was shot while attempting to arrest McDowell. The negro was immediately taken into custody and hurried to Dixon for arraignment. A mob of whites began following the traveling men in the vicinity of Providence, hearing of this, also armed themselves and lay in wait by the road over which the mob was expected to pass.

Four Negroes Arrested. Henderson, Ky., Mar. 16.—Walster county, the scene of a race war Saturday night, is quiet now, but the rally at Dixon and Henderson are heavily guarded for fear of a raid by a mob. Deputy Marshal Smith Childers of Providence, who was shot by Jake McDowell, is dying.

McDowell was placed in the Henderson county jail after a chase of 25 miles. Will McDowell, a cousin of the murderer, Tom Poqua, Tom Miller and another unknown negro were arrested Sunday, charged with the shooting of four traveling men who they thought were part of a mob. The shooting at Dixon and Henderson by Jake McDowell, one of the mob shot is in a serious condition.

Although the town of Dixon is 25 miles from Henderson, McDowell crutches in terror for fear of the mob coming here to get him.

BANK ROBBERS NAB POSSE.

Kansas Bandits Break Up the Rifles of Their Purcuers.

Coffeyville, Kan., Mar. 16.—At 11 o'clock Sunday morning three members of the Okolona posse came to the Tyrro bank robbers on the bank of Candy creek eight miles southwest of Okolona, where they were waiting for an oil lease cook to get dinner for them. The possemen were ordered to halt and throw up their hands. They complied at once. The robbers broke up the possemen's rifles, took away their plunks and also one of their horses and then permitted them to depart unharmed.

Dangerous Fire in Shoshone.

Shoshone, Wyo., Mar. 17.—The larger part of the business district in this city was destroyed Monday by fire which started in a saloon. Damage is about \$400,000.

Jefferson City Banker Dies.

Jefferson City, Mo., Mar. 16.—Col. W. O. Daininger, who was state treasurer in 1868, died here Sunday at the age of 78 years. He was president of the Exchange bank.

Dis in Gun Duel.

Ormi, Ill., Mar. 14.—John W. Fulford was killed and Loren Deal was seriously wounded in a gun duel in Main street Friday.

CLIMATE IS IDEAL

GREAT WEALTH ACQUIRED IN GROWING GRAIN.

Writing from Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada, W. H. Ellwanger, who was formerly a resident of Green Mountain, Iowa, says: "The climate in summer is ideal for growing grain. Long, clear days of sunshine, no bad storms. We never need to guard against cyclones; I never saw a better climate in my life. We made more money during the season of 1906 than any previous five years in central Iowa—one of the best districts in the state." But Mr. Ellwanger was a resident of the town and it might be more interesting to read what a farmer has to say about Western Canada. From hundreds of letters all filled with words of praise, read the success in Western Canada there has been one selected. It is as follows: Paynton, Sask., Canada, Dec. 10th, 1907. To Whom This May Concern: I moved to this address February 9, 1907, from Montgomery, Iowa, and took a homestead 35 miles north of Paynton. It was cold when I moved here but it did not stay cold long; it broke up the 8th of February, and was not so cold after that but the spring was late on account of the heavy snow fall, but in spite of the late spring I saw better grain than I ever saw in the states, raised this year. I plowed a man finish sowing oats the 4th of May and they made fair oats. In a good year oats will go 100 bushels to the acre and wheat 25 to 50; all root crops do well here. I saw turnips weigh 7 and 8 pounds I raised potatoes this year that measured 1 1/2 inches in one way and 1 3/4 the other in circumference. This is a fine stock country; hay in abundance, good water, plenty of fuel, furs and plenty of building material. The government gives us timber to saw into lumber and we can get it sawed for about \$5.00 per thousand. All small fruit grows well here, then there are ducks, geese, prairie chickens, deer, moose, elk and fish in abundance. I was over to Turtle Lake yesterday where there is lots of fishing being done this winter. I saw about a cartload of white fish in one pile. I gave 25 cents for 86 pounds of fish. What do you think of that, Brother Yankee? I think this is a fine place to live and make money and to live. There was an old man up here visiting his brother-in-law. Now this man owns land close to Des Moines, Iowa, and is in good circumstances, but he took a homestead and says he will be contented if he can only put in the rest of his days in Canada. He would get up in the morning and look out of the door and say: "Well, who wouldn't live in Canada?" Now I have been in 13 different states in the United States, and I never saw the chance that there is here for a man that has a little muscle and a little brains. Three cheers for Canada! (Signed) W. A. SPIES.

MICHIGAN SOLON ARRESTED

JEREMIAH H. ANDERSON ACCUSED OF FALSE PRETENSES.

Said to Have Collected Expense Account for Trip He Didn't Make—Another Involved.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Mar. 17.—Representative Jeremiah H. Anderson was placed under arrest Monday on a warrant following an indictment returned by the Ingham county grand jury which has been investigating state affairs.

He is charged with false pretenses in submitting and collecting an expense account in connection with a trip of the senate and house committees through the state a year ago last February. It is claimed that he went only a short distance, but collected an expense account covering the entire trip. He was taken to Lansing Monday night.

Detroit, Mich., Mar. 17.—Representative F. Bunting was served Monday by Sheriff Cline of Ingham county with a warrant issued in conformance with an indictment handed down Saturday by the grand jury which has been investigating state affairs at Mason. Representative Bunting was chairman of the house committee on fisheries at the last session of the legislature, and the indictment is in connection with the expense account of the committee for an inspection trip in February, 1907. It is alleged that Anderson did not make all of the trip, but collected expenses for the entire journey, and it is stated that the charge is that Representative Bunting put his O. K. on the voucher. Mr. Bunting says that he only turned over to the clerk of the house the route of the committee and that he did not sign any vouchers.

Lansing, Mich., Mar. 17.—State representatives A. F. Bunting and Jeremiah H. Anderson were brought into court here Monday night on grand jury warrants charging Bunting with fraud in office and Anderson with obtaining \$102.93 under false pretenses. Bail was fixed at \$1,000 in each case and the two men will be arraigned Tuesday.

MRS. MATSON ACQUITTED.

Minnesota Woman Found Not Guilty of Killing Husband.

Duluth, Minn., Mar. 17.—Mrs. Selma Mattson, charged with killing her husband, Mikol Mattson, at Chisholm Monday, has been acquitted by a jury Monday after deliberations lasting 15 minutes.

The case had been on trial for three days and a half. Mrs. Mattson was indicted for murder in the second degree. The evidence against her was purely circumstantial and not of a conclusive nature. She had made a statement to the chief of police of Chisholm in which she is alleged to have confessed that she killed her husband, but this was ruled out on the ground that the statement was made under implied promises of immunity.

COLORADO BANK CLOSED.

Officers Fail to Make Good the Impaired Capital.

Anglo Cal., Mar. 17.—The Peoples' National bank of this city was closed Monday by order of the controller of the currency in consequence of the failure of its officers to put up \$25,000 in order to make good the capital, which was impaired recently by a loan of \$40,000 made by former Cashier Pughley who was arrested last week on a charge growing out of this transaction. The bank has \$25,000 capital and about \$4,000 cash on hand. Cashier Benjamin Mobey said the bank would be able to pay its indebtedness in full.

D. L. Dresser in Custody.

New York, Mar. 17.—Daniel Levy Dresser, who was convicted of embezzlement from the Trust Company of the Republic, which went into liquidation several years ago, was arrested Monday on a warrant returned by the grand jury with misappropriation of \$4,000.

CLIMATE IS IDEAL

GREAT WEALTH ACQUIRED IN GROWING GRAIN.

Writing from Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada, W. H. Ellwanger, who was formerly a resident of Green Mountain, Iowa, says: "The climate in summer is ideal for growing grain. Long, clear days of sunshine, no bad storms. We never need to guard against cyclones; I never saw a better climate in my life. We made more money during the season of 1906 than any previous five years in central Iowa—one of the best districts in the state." But Mr. Ellwanger was a resident of the town and it might be more interesting to read what a farmer has to say about Western Canada. From hundreds of letters all filled with words of praise, read the success in Western Canada there has been one selected. It is as follows: Paynton, Sask., Canada, Dec. 10th, 1907. To Whom This May Concern: I moved to this address February 9, 1907, from Montgomery, Iowa, and took a homestead 35 miles north of Paynton. It was cold when I moved here but it did not stay cold long; it broke up the 8th of February, and was not so cold after that but the spring was late on account of the heavy snow fall, but in spite of the late spring I saw better grain than I ever saw in the states, raised this year. I plowed a man finish sowing oats the 4th of May and they made fair oats. In a good year oats will go 100 bushels to the acre and wheat 25 to 50; all root crops do well here. I saw turnips weigh 7 and 8 pounds I raised potatoes this year that measured 1 1/2 inches in one way and 1 3/4 the other in circumference. This is a fine stock country; hay in abundance, good water, plenty of fuel, furs and plenty of building material. The government gives us timber to saw into lumber and we can get it sawed for about \$5.00 per thousand. All small fruit grows well here, then there are ducks, geese, prairie chickens, deer, moose, elk and fish in abundance. I was over to Turtle Lake yesterday where there is lots of fishing being done this winter. I saw about a cartload of white fish in one pile. I gave 25 cents for 86 pounds of fish. What do you think of that, Brother Yankee? I think this is a fine place to live and make money and to live. There was an old man up here visiting his brother-in-law. Now this man owns land close to Des Moines, Iowa, and is in good circumstances, but he took a homestead and says he will be contented if he can only put in the rest of his days in Canada. He would get up in the morning and look out of the door and say: "Well, who wouldn't live in Canada?" Now I have been in 13 different states in the United States, and I never saw the chance that there is here for a man that has a little muscle and a little brains. Three cheers for Canada! (Signed) W. A. SPIES.

MICHIGAN SOLON ARRESTED

JEREMIAH H. ANDERSON ACCUSED OF FALSE PRETENSES.

Said to Have Collected Expense Account for Trip He Didn't Make—Another Involved.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Mar. 17.—Representative Jeremiah H. Anderson was placed under arrest Monday on a warrant following an indictment returned by the Ingham county grand jury which has been investigating state affairs.

He is charged with false pretenses in submitting and collecting an expense account in connection with a trip of the senate and house committees through the state a year ago last February. It is claimed that he went only a short distance, but collected an expense account covering the entire trip. He was taken to Lansing Monday night.

Detroit, Mich., Mar. 17.—Representative F. Bunting was served Monday by Sheriff Cline of Ingham county with a warrant issued in conformance with an indictment handed down Saturday by the grand jury which has been investigating state affairs at Mason. Representative Bunting was chairman of the house committee on fisheries at the last session of the legislature, and the indictment is in connection with the expense account of the committee for an inspection trip in February, 1907. It is alleged that Anderson did not make all of the trip, but collected expenses for the entire journey, and it is stated that the charge is that Representative Bunting put his O. K. on the voucher. Mr. Bunting says that he only turned over to the clerk of the house the route of the committee and that he did not sign any vouchers.

Lansing, Mich., Mar. 17.—State representatives A. F. Bunting and Jeremiah H. Anderson were brought into court here Monday night on grand jury warrants charging Bunting with fraud in office and Anderson with obtaining \$102.93 under false pretenses. Bail was fixed at \$1,000 in each case and the two men will be arraigned Tuesday.

MRS. MATSON ACQUITTED.

Minnesota Woman Found Not Guilty of Killing Husband.

Duluth, Minn., Mar. 17.—Mrs. Selma Mattson, charged with killing her husband, Mikol Mattson, at Chisholm Monday, has been acquitted by a jury Monday after deliberations lasting 15 minutes.

The case had been on trial for three days and a half. Mrs. Mattson was indicted for murder in the second degree. The evidence against her was purely circumstantial and not of a conclusive nature. She had made a statement to the chief of police of Chisholm in which she is alleged to have confessed that she killed her husband, but this was ruled out on the ground that the statement was made under implied promises of immunity.

COLORADO BANK CLOSED.

Officers Fail to Make Good the Impaired Capital.

Anglo Cal., Mar. 17.—The Peoples' National bank of this city was closed Monday by order of the controller of the currency in consequence of the failure of its officers to put up \$25,000 in order to make good the capital, which was impaired recently by a loan of \$40,000 made by former Cashier Pughley who was arrested last week on a charge growing out of this transaction. The bank has \$25,000 capital and about \$4,000 cash on hand. Cashier Benjamin Mobey said the bank would be able to pay its indebtedness in full.

D. L. Dresser in Custody.

New York, Mar. 17.—Daniel Levy Dresser, who was convicted of embezzlement from the Trust Company of the Republic, which went into liquidation several years ago, was arrested Monday on a warrant returned by the grand jury with misappropriation of \$4,000.

Mabillon Remembered.

The memory of Jean Mabillon, a French Catholic priest of the Benedictine order, who was one of the founders of the modern critical method in the study of history, was honored in Paris the other day when the church and learned societies united in celebrating the two hundredth anniversary of his death. The exercises were held in the Church of Saint-Germain-des-Prés. In the short time connected with the church Mabillon did his great work. At the age of about 33 he had achieved so great a reputation for scholarship that he was sent to this abbey to write a history of the Benedictine order from the documents gathered there. One of the aims of the ancient documents grew his book, "De Re Diplomatica," which is one of the earliest works on the authenticity of old manuscripts and on the tests to establish their validity. Mabillon is regarded today by French scholars as one of their national glories, yet his work was not promising. He began his studies with his uncle, the village priest where he lived, and he studied so hard and paid so little heed to his physical condition that he had to be removed from his monastery to another in hope that his health might be improved. But this French country lad with an enfeebled constitution lived to the age of 75, and left a name which is not forgotten after more than two centuries.

Female Tenacity of Life. Statistics show that women have a greater tenacity of life than men. Among insects the male perishes at a relatively earlier period. Female quadrupeds have more endurance than males. In the human race, the male of New York Weekly, despite the intellectual and physical strength of the man, the woman endures longest, and will bear pain to which the strong man succumbs. Zymotic diseases are more fatal to males, and more male children die than females. The proportion of men who suddenly die is about 100 women to 780 men. Intemperance, apoplexy, gout, hydrocephalus, affections of the heart and liver, scrofula and paralysis are far more fatal to males than females. Pulmonary consumption, on the other hand, is more deadly to the latter. The married state is favorable to prolongation of life among both men and women.

French naval vessels appear to be the special victims of disaster. The numerous casualties at Toulon, the naval station, and the mishaps to various torpedo and submarine vessels will be recalled. The latest accident in the explosion of a steamship on the cruiser Disasters at Toulon, by which ten men were killed and 30 injured. Other navies, including our own, have had accidents of more or less serious character, and in view of the complicated machinery which enters into this construction an opinion of modern war vessels it is not surprising that these should occur occasionally, but certainly the French navy seems to have more than its share.

Uncle Sam has 108 mainly and well trained young second lieutenants for his army. They are members of this year's graduating class at West Point Military academy, to whom diplomas were given by Secretary of War Taft and who were forthwith commissioned for active service. The army is in need of officers, and this new contingent will be very acceptable. And who knows how many great soldiers and glorious heroes may be evolved from that gallant company of youths beginning their military career so modestly.

Although in foreign countries and in some parts of our own land a birth is announced in the newspapers as a matter of course, a New York man who advertised the arrival of his first boy now doubts the wisdom of pursuing this practice in large cities. Within a fortnight he had had calls from 12 salesmen, and received 33 letters and circulars, and 56 samples, all aiming to promote the infant's health or happiness by the sale of some article of merchandise.

Baron Eugene St. Clair, who was a member of an old French family, who had been a professor in an American European college and who could speak 13 languages, died of starvation in New York a few nights ago. Why did the New York hostesses permit this?

The Gotham policemen are to study various languages in order to attend to the needs of the foreign population. From all accounts, one language they need badly to study is the language of civility, remarks the Baltimore American.

The Dublin, after all, are to give \$100,000 for the abuse of Gen. MacLennan. He comes in at present with a right to supposing that they must give him. This will give quite a boom to the kidnapping trade in Morocco.

And all may do what has by man been done—Young.

Habitual Constipation. May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs and Elix. of Senna, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance is not rarely made gradually dispensed with when no longer needed as the best of remedies when required, are to assist nature and not to supplant the natural functions, each individual should steadily upon proper nourishment, proper efforts and right laxative. To get its beneficial effects, always by the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elix. of Senna manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS ONE Ounce only, regular price 50¢ per Bottle.

Safe Investment. Large Dividends. 6 In Mines in the Richest Ore Belt of Minnesota. Value Estimated at \$10,000,000. Capital Stock only \$1,000,000. Shares, \$100. Only 50,000 Shares for Sale at Par. Opportunity Rare. Time Limited. Write Today for Prospectus. GORHAM-GARRETT COMPANY Minneapolis, Minnesota.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

Advise Assessors.

St. Paul.—Announcement was made by the state tax commission of the date of the meetings to be held in the various county seats this spring with the assessors and county officials. The itinerary has been arranged so as to give the commissioners one whole day in each town. Each of three commissioners will cover a certain district so that the entire state may be covered by the end of the first week in May, when the assessors begin their work. The work of the meetings is to discuss taxation matters and to endeavor to secure the co-operation of the assessors in carrying their work as through as possible.

The commission is sending out letters to the county auditors notifying them of the date of the meeting in each county.

St. Peter's Jubilee.

St. Peter.—Efforts will be made to make St. Peter's jubilee a grand celebration to be held the first week in July, the biggest thing of its kind in Minnesota this year. The general plan is to have an old-fashioned reunion on July 2, a home-coming day on July 3, and a home-coming day on July 4, the last day. Torchlight processions will parade the streets each night, it is intended to have a barbecue, and the various committees will arrange for games, horse races and similar amusements. John A. Johnson probably will be one of the speakers, and Senators Knute Nelson and Moses E. Clapp, and other men of prominence, will be invited to make addresses.

A Noiseless Rifle.

Le Sueur.—People in Le Sueur who for several years have known about the wonderful "noiseless rifle" invented by Mr. John Oliver, an eccentric mechanic of Le Sueur, are somewhat amused by the statement of Hiram Perry Maxim, that he has invented a "noiseless rifle," accompanied as the statement is, by the admission that there is a slight hissing sound at each discharge.

Mr. Oliver's invention is different from the Maxim rifle in that it is absolutely noiseless, that is, makes no sound on being discharged louder than the ticking of a watch. It is a simple contrivance.

Urge War on Public Dances.

Duluth.—The grand jury in making its report recommends that the city authorities take the necessary steps to abolish public dances in so far as practical, as it has been found that they are, as a rule, of a demoralizing character. It is recommended that the Amory building which is owned by the city be no longer rented for such purpose. It is urged that the council take action by amending the charter by dropping an ordinance to accomplish the general abolishment of public dances. The city also is urged to take action against hotels of immoral character.

Emma is Barred.

New Ulm.—Emma Goldman, "high priestess of anarchy," who was booked for two lectures in this city, March 22 and 24, and whose topics were to be "The Revolutionary Spirit in Modern Drama" and "The Child and Its Enemies," will not be allowed to appear here.

The New Ulm Turnverein, after a spirited meeting, voted to decline the engagement, and she will be unable to secure the Verein hall. The board of education at a meeting disapproved of her appearance.

Flirting Jumps 10 Feet.

Duluth.—The 10 foot feat of Hilding was favored by good wind conditions. The longest standing jump was made by Ole Fiering of Duluth, 12 foot 10 inches. Tamms of Coleraine won first prize, A. Corliss of Stoungton, Wis., second, Ole Madsen of Coleraine third, Ole Fiering of Duluth fourth, John Mattson of Duluth fifth, Ole Westgaard of Coleraine sixth and Joseph Colstad of Coleraine seventh.

Blay Scalded.

Duluth.—The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward House of Crosby Lake, Carlton county, was fatally scalded by falling into a tub of hot water. The child was two years of age. The skin came off the body when the tubling was removed and death resulted after the sufferer in a few hours. Child taken in three miles south of Carlton.

NEWS NOTES.

St. Paul.—Uncle Sam has just paid Pioneer Adm. Gen. Libby money due since the close of the civil war.

Minneapolis.—Several Day Adventists, gathered in conference, predicted of world is near.

St. Paul.—Nicholas Korney, a laborer, cut his throat, in a hospital in the railroad yards, was taken to the St. Paul city hospital, in a dying condition. Korney is 28 years old and arrived in St. Paul three days ago from Aberdeen, Wash., probably in a freighter.

Wooma.—It is believed by the police that in the arrest of Herman Richter here on a charge of stealing \$1000 from the office of William M. Kollon, the mysterious clothing thefts that have been going on here all winter will be cleaned up.

THE WINNER OF THE BUTTER

MINNESOTA AGAIN CARRIES OFF ALL HONORS IN NATIONAL BUTTER CONTEST.

Most Successful Convention of National Creamery Buttermakers Association.

St. Paul.—Earnest discussion of the improvement of the quality of butter and of dairy conditions in general was commenced by the buttermakers of the United States when the annual convention of the National Creamery Buttermakers' association was opened at the Auditorium. The attendance was unusually large for the first day of the convention and a good many more are expected to arrive. They come from almost every state of the Union, the following states being represented: New York, Vermont, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, South and North Dakota, Montana, Washington, California and Minnesota.

President J. J. Parrell of Carver introduced Gov. Johnson, and the governor was given an ovation. The governor spoke briefly of the vast growth of the dairy industry and the development of the dairy country in the Northwest. He spoke of the growth of the creamery industry in this state and complimented the persistent efforts of the buttermakers in continually improving their products. H. J. Nierdorf of Walker made the response. He pointed out the vast wealth invested in the dairy industry, the wealth produced each year.

President J. J. Parrell then gave his address. He also spoke of the growth of the dairy industry and of the work of the association in increasing the quantity and improving the quality of the butter produced in this country.

Minnesota was honored at the morning session the second day by the resolution of J. Parrell of Carver as president. Lauritz Olson, of West Park, Wis., was elected vice president, and S. B. Schilling, of Chicago, was elected secretary-treasurer. These were all elected unanimously, although there had been a lively bout for Lauritz Olson for president.

A lively discussion was the result of the paper read by A. Jensen, of Inureka, Cal., on "How to Secure Uniformity in Overrun and Quality of Butter." His paper contained some pointed statements aside from the technical points it covered. He charged that in his trip across the continent he had not met a life of decent butter and had not found any at any of the St. Paul hotels.

L. S. Edwards, of Arlington, Iowa, read a paper on "Do Buttermakers Need Accident Insurance?" B. D. White, connected with the dairy division of the department of agriculture, read a paper at the afternoon session on keeping creamery records. Two papers on market conditions were read at the afternoon program. W. S. Moore, of Chicago, discussed whether butter could be paid for according to quality under present conditions.

Minnesota again carried off all the honors at the National Creamery Buttermakers' association. Not only did Minnesota win the banner for the highest average scores, but her buttermakers got the highest individual score and the second highest. Iowa was the first in the gathered creamery class and Minnesota second. Iowa also won the butter scoring contest, with Minnesota and North Dakota tied for second.

All in all, the convention was as successful as any the association has ever held, both in point of attendance and in the number of speakers. St. Paul are as well satisfied with the convention as we are," said Secretary S. B. Schilling, "we'll be satisfied all round."

THE WINNERS.

Prize banner, high average of ten tubs, won by Minnesota; score, 95.9.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES.

Whole Milk—First prize, J. C. Past, Hector, Minn.; score, 98.

Second prize, E. O. Blomquist, Centerville, Minn.; score, 97 1/2.

Gathered Cream—First prize, A. Christensen, Royal, Iowa; score, 98.

Second prize, L. P. Hanson, Windom, Minn.; score, 94 1/2.

Team butter scoring contest, Iowa team J. Rose, P. Stenstrom, L. S. Edwards.

Iowa Wins Scoring Contest.

The Iowa team won the scoring contest. The team consisted of Minnesota and North Dakota tied for second, each team being 22 points off.

Federal Dairy Bureau.

Remonstrances practically ignoring the opinion of the producers in the proposed action on long hauls were passed by the convention. The resolutions also directed the secretary to place the dairy interests under separate bureaus in the agricultural department.

The session closed with the announcement of the scores and the presentation of the cups. The highest score in each state was awarded to the whole milk class or above 90 in the 5000 sample. J. O. Paul of Hector, Minn., winner of the sweepstakes, also is 15 points of the official score. G. H. Row of West Troy, had the highest for Wisconsin, 97. A. B. Whitney of Whitesboro, N. Y., had the prize scoring 98 in a warm contest.

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One of the prettiest spring gowns exhibited recently showed a nice green panna velvet coat trimmed with heavy cord the same color at the collar, cuffs and vest, also with small velvet buttons. The skirt was of voile several shades lighter than the jacket and had a band of velvet around the bottom the same color as the jacket.

Another pretty costume seen recently consisted of a gray velvet jacket and a skirt of large gray checked material. The skirt was full pleated and had a self-colored band around the bottom while the coat had a vest and cuffs of the gray material.

The smartest linen collars are the colored ones, and those in light blue, pink, gray and light green are particularly novel. Usually they are scalloped and embroidered along the upper edge. The embroidery is in cotton, usually pure white, and the collars are worn with white wool or duck, linen or French flannel waists. Where the collar has a full plaited fall down the front the edges of the fall are usually in color and the collar and cuffs match these edges. Where there is no fall some of the color in the waist itself or in the collar give the note for the collar and jacket color combination.

The newest color shown in the advanced styles for spring is called nut-berry. This seems to be a cross between crushed strawberry and raspberry and it is just near enough to old rose to be becoming to almost any complexion. The most charming linen suits are made in this color, the white cuffs and yoke softening the tone where it comes near the face. Many of these dresses are trimmed with white cotton or sateen braid in all sorts of intricate designs. The new mirage silk also comes in this color and makes a most fascinating material for house dresses and dancing frocks for young girls.

New hat ribbons show an immense white polka dot on deep-colored backgrounds such as dark red, navy blue, and black. The white polka dots will make a gorgeous bow with a little tie to spare for draping the crown. The new bows, both plain and ring-dotted, can be bought ready for adding to the hat all week. These are very pretty and airy looking, and just the thing to take the place of the ribbon bow on a silk hat.

This is certainly peculiarly twentieth century, and so many women who have learned the art of making enamel that it especially appeals to us. Most of these ornaments are large, taking the form of brooches or pendants and are made after the fashion of old paste, intermingled with gems. Some of these pendants and brooches are in the shape of flowers or fruit, and faithfully copy the colors of both, says the Queen. Gold wire often intersects the enamel. A bunch of grapes has the tendrils and leaves in gold, the grapes represented by pearls, while green tints are represented by emeralds.

Golden quilts are in great demand for spring hats, and what could be easier than to paint over those that fall to match any hat at present in use?

Sometimes, too, the imported hats are trimmed with artificial quilts of silk, broad some of the new quilts are made of chiffon on a wire frame. These last two are a great convenience, for in early spring days the wind plays havoc with the brittle quilts while happily wire cannot break.

Combination underclothes are becoming more and more the rage. At most all the corset covers and petticoats that one sees for sale are fastened together around the waistline. French hosiery and skirts made on the circular pattern, so that they are joined together by heading through with the same row of buttons, is a attractive looking garment for negligee, but it is far more run to keep them.

Many of the spring hats have ruffles of lace sewn inside just where the crown and the brim are fastened together. The ruffles are made of lace over the hair, and it makes a very attractive and becoming addition.

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TEN YEARS OF BACKACHE.

Thousands of Women Suffer in the Same Way.

Mrs. Thomas Dunn, 153 Vine St., Columbus, Ohio, says: "For more than ten years I was in pain with backache. The simplest household completely exhausted me. I had no strength or ability to do any work and suffered headache and dizzy spells. After pain I was despairing of ever being cured when Don's Kidney Pills came to my notice and their use brought quick relief and a permanent cure. I am very grateful."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Millburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

What's a Widower?

Is a widower a married or a single man?

This question continually crops up and it is continually being answered both ways. Certainly a widower is married—he is not a bachelor. That is one answer. Certainly, on the other hand, no matter what the man once was, he is single now. That is the other answer. This is in all match games of single against married men—games of hockey, football, baseball, cricket—the poor widower is tossed from one side to the other and a shut-out. The solution depends solely upon his skill.

EYESIGHT WAS IN DANGER

From Terrible Eczema—Baby's Head Was Case of Itching Rash and Sores—Disease Cured by Cuticura.

"Our little girl was two months old when she got a rash on her face and within five days her face and head were all one sore. We used different remedies but it got worse instead of better and we thought she would turn blind and that her ears would fall off. She suffered terribly, and we would scratch until she bled. The doctor went on until she was five months old, then I had her under our family doctor's care, but she continued to grow worse. He said it was eczema. When she was seven months old I started to use the Cuticura Remedies and in two months our baby was a different girl. You could not see a sign of a sore and she was as fat as a newborn baby. She has not had a sign of the eczema since. Mrs. H. F. Burke, Le Sueur, Minn., Apr. 15 and May 2, '07."

Oh, Pshaw!

One of the consuls to Persia, during a recent visit home, said at a dinner in Chicago:

"The present shaft will never be the equal of his predecessor. What a character the latter was! He never opened his mouth without saying something worth repeating."

Lady Drummond Wolfe once pointed to a young girl who had just married. She took a friend with her, a Miss Blank, who was about to be married. The two English women wandered about the splendid palace, among the hundreds of beautiful girls, and presently the shaft encountered them.

"Come here," he said to Miss Blank, "in his cradle Persia."

"She approached. He looked closely at her.

"You are about to be married?" he said.

"Yes, your highness."

"It's late!"

Leisure to Burn.

"My dear," asked the overworked business manager of his wife, as he tried to write a check for her answer to the telephone, receipt the cross-man, and give instructions to the floor-walker, the one and the same time:

"That Great Beyond. Do you suppose any of the elegant leisure, of which the preacher tells us, will turn to my lot?"

"Sure, John," answered his wife, sweetly, "you will doubtless have leisure to burn."—Illustrated Sun day Magazine.

MUSIC STUDENTS

Should Have Steady Nerves.

The nervous system of the musician is often very sensitive and any habit like coffee drinking may so upset the nerves as to make regular and necessary daily practice next to impossible. I practice from seven to eight hours a day and study Harmony two hours."

It was a Mich. music student "Last September I was so nervous, my condition only practice a few minutes at a time, and mother said I would have to drop my music for a year.

This was terrible discouraging as I couldn't bear the thought of losing a whole year of study. Becoming convinced that my nervousness was caused largely by my diet, I tried Postum so highly spoken of. I decided I would test it for a while.

"Mother followed the directions carefully and I thought I never tasted such a delicious drink. We drank Postum every morning instead of coffee, and by November I was feeling myself than for years, and was ready to resume my music.

"I now practice as usual, do my studying when I wish, and my mother thinks I am not any more nervous than when I began.

"If you are not highly recommended Postum to musicians who practise half a day. My father is a physician and recommends Postum to his patients. I have many friends who are musicians for this most valuable health beverage, and experience has proven its superiority over all others."—"There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Well-Being," 16 pages.

BOLSTER PILLOW

A bolster fixed on the back of a chair as a head rest is a great comfort, especially in an invalid, but they are not to get far out of sight by constant use. It is made of a soft material and is covered with a fine fabric. The cushion we show is a simple bolster, covered with pale green satin, the cover of white lawn, ornamented with two designs in open-work embroidery. The cover is made of a soft material and is covered with a fine fabric. The cushion we show is a simple bolster, covered with pale green satin, the cover of white lawn, ornamented with two designs in open-work embroidery. The cover is made of a soft material and is covered with a fine fabric.

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Fresh Green ..Stuff..

The first of the season, will be in by express Friday morning. Get some for your Sunday dinner. We will have

- Lettuce,
- Radish,
- Onions and Celery,

and the prices are Low

Coffee!

Have you tried ours? If not remember the most delicious coffee flavor you ever enjoyed, multiply by 2. The result:

Chase & Sanborn's High-Grade Coffee.

Is this fair? If you will try any grade of our Coffee from 20c up to 40c and do not find it the best coffee for the money you ever had, return what you have left, and we will refund FULL price paid.

Codfish

Look at the box it comes out of, and see if it reads codfish or salt fish.

We have the genuine George's Codfish (boneless) put up in 1-pound packages Price, per lb., 15c

- If you want
- Bagas,
 - Carrots,
 - Beets
 - Cabbage
- or
- Parsnips,
- CALL 33-3.
- We have them.

Get The Habit!
Trade at THE BIG STORE.

PINE CITY MERCANTILE COMPANY

News of the Week.

Chips Picked Up Around Town and Vicinity

Note the change of ads in this issue.

Nels Nelson, of Finland, was a county seat visitor Tuesday.

Axel Peterson, of North Branch, spent Saturday and Sunday in this place.

Frank Koena and Joe Ouradnek, of Beroun, were county seat callers yesterday.

County Attorney S. C. Scott, of Sandstone, transacted legal business in this place the fore part of the week.

E. S. Bryant, of Minneapolis, spent a couple of days here the middle of the week, looking after his interests in Hotel Agnes.

Any lady or gentleman out of employment should read the Popular Special column this week, and call and see Mrs. Mabel Williams at Hotel Agnes.

Remember the lecture, "Grapes of Gold," by H. V. Adams, at Stekl's hall, Saturday evening, March 21. Reserve your seats at Breckenridge Pharmacy.

Chas. Atkinson has commenced the erection of a new dwelling on his lots in the western part of the village. Mr. Kieker is doing the carpenter work.

Mrs. Alice Wood arrived Wednesday from Minneapolis to spend the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Steve Bordeaux. Her sister Mary will accompany her on her return and spend the summer in Minneapolis.

Of its kind ever given in Waseca. Mr. Eldredge has a pleasing personality, a wonderful wealth of language, clear and forcible thought and a way of speaking directly to the audience. We listened, we could not help it.

John W. Bassett, traveling salesman for Barrett & Barrett, of St. Paul, was calling on patrons here Tuesday evening. John is an old Rock Creek boy, and his many friends in this place are always pleased to see him.

Joe Harley drove Monday afternoon to Grasston and Mora, and from there will visit the towns and cities on the Great Northern, where he will spend the week in the interests of the wholesale liquor house of Hurley Bros., of St. Paul.

It is reported that one of the local wrestlers has accepted the challenge of a Mr. G. Estinger, of Hinckley, to try conclusions with him on the mat. We have been informed that the match will take place in Stekl's hall sometime in the near future.

Joe McGrath has a crew of men at work with a pile-driver, driving piling in the river between here and Pokegama lake, so that he can handle his logs to better advantage the coming spring and not interfere with the navigation of the river between this place and the lake.

Martin Yonda, of New Pargue, a nephew of Martin Yonda, the popular blacksmith of Rock Creek, spent the latter part of last week visiting at the home of Felix Jelinek. Mr. Yonda is a butcher by trade, and an old friend of the Jelineks. He returned home Monday noon.

Tuesday was St. Patrick's day and the descendants of the Emerald Isle and some of our citizens that were not from that beautiful country wore the green ribbon and shamrock. P. W. McAllen at the First State Bank Pine City had a genuine Irish flag flying over the front door of the bank, and J. J. Madden had two smaller ones displayed in the window of his feed and seed store.

Will Brooker, who has been at work in the woods for the Northern Lumber Co., of Cloquet, under the foremanship of Henry Glasow, for the past winter, came down Tuesday afternoon. He reports that Henry did more work with the same number of horses and men than any other foreman in the employ of the Co. Henry is an old Pine City boy and his many friends here will be glad to hear that he is still making good.

Nelson B. Eldredge, Special Representative of the State Prohibition Committee will speak in the M. E. Church this evening, at 8 o'clock. Mr. Eldredge comes well recommended as a speaker, and he should be greeted by a full house. Rev. H. Carelon, pastor of the M. E. church at Waseca has the following to say of Mr. Eldredge: "Mr. Nelson B. Eldredge spoke at the court house before the largest congregation that ever listened to a temperance address in Waseca. His address was by all odds the sanest, most practical and most eloquent of anything

C. E. Camp spent Wednesday night in North Branch on business.

John Whitcomb, of Finland, was a Pine City visitor the first of the week.

Wm. Harroick, the auctioneer, of Finland, was a county seat visitor Tuesday.

Dr. Benj. Sworloff, dentist will arrive March 21st and will remain until March 27th.

Mrs. Ottocar Sobotka departs today for St. Paul to be absent for about a month visiting with relatives and friends.

Henry Dalay has commenced the erection of a large barn on his farm about a mile southwest of this place on the Bronsvick road.

John—To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dalay Friday morning March 13th, a son. The mother and child are doing nicely and Will is a happy farm boy.

H. L. Wallace, who resides on a farm west of Pokegama lake, was a county seat visitor Wednesday. While in town he made the Pioneer force a pleasant call.

A few more inches of the beautiful fell Tuesday night and Wednesday morning. Just enough to make it sloppy under foot, but not enough to make good sleighing.

Miss Anna Tierney returned on Wednesday from Minneapolis, where she was called a week ago by the serious illness of her sister. She reports her sister as very much improved.

J. D. Vaughan, who has been laid up for the past three months, but who has hardly seen a well day for several years back, departed Monday noon, accompanied by his wife, for Rochester, where he goes to consult the Mayo Bros.

The new pool room is doing a good business. Mr. Miner, the proprietor, says that he intends to run a strictly moral and up to date billiard hall, and boys under the age of sixteen years will not be allowed in the room, unless accompanied by their parents or guardians.

V. A. Bele, our popular harness maker has a strictly up-to-date harness shop. He has on hand harness for fifty horses, and has just received a full line of collars, sweat-pads and trimmings of all kinds. When in need of repair work give him a call, as he makes this branch of the trade a specialty.

Alex Jelinek, who is traveling for an Accident Insurance company, spent Sunday with his father, E. A. Jelinek. He returned Monday noon to New Prague, accompanied by his father, they being called there to attend the funeral of their nephew and cousin, who died at New Prague on Saturday of last week.

Geo. Swartz, of Boyer, Iowa, but who until a year ago this spring lived on a farm on the west side of Pokegama lake, came up on Sunday's early morning train to spend a week with friends at this place and Pokegama lake. Mr. Swartz is looking hale and hearty and reports his family as doing well in their Iowa home.

Don't forget the entertainment given under the auspices of Miss Allen's music class at the Presbyterian church next Tuesday evening. Lovers of good music should not fail to attend this musical. The concert will be given by Gustave Johnson, one of the best pianists in the northwest, and will be a rare musical treat. The price of admission has been placed so low that it is within the reach of all.

Eagle Bend, (Min.) News: It was a good sized and appreciative audience that listened to the lecture by H. V. Adams. Under the unique title, "Grapes of Gold," the lecturer presented a philosophical but popular discussion of the power of thought as it makes for health, happiness, and goodness. For a consideration of so abstract a subject in a manner at once entertaining and instructive for all classes, the lecture could not be surpassed. Mr. Adams' manner was free, his words were well chosen, his stories were new and sparkling, well applied to simplify some of the deeper truths presented. For nearly two hours the audience listened attentively without thought of the flight of time. Everyone is looking forward to Mr. Adams' return for another lecture. Mr. Adams will lecture at Stekl's hall on Saturday evening, March 21, under the auspices of the Pythian Sisters. Reserved seats now on sale at the drug store.

Popular Specials.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen for local agents. Salary \$2.50 per day Apply Mrs. Mabel Williams, Hotel Agnes.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to travel for the Alexander Happpy Home of Chicago. Salary \$30 per week and expenses. Apply to Mrs. Mabel Williams, Hotel Agnes.

F. J. Hallin, Eyesight Specialist, will be at Hotel Agnes, Saturday March 21st, until 4 P. M. Have your eyes fitted with glasses.

FOR SALE—An organ—or will exchange for a fresh milk cow. Apply to S. B. Wells.

FOR SALE—I have the Albrecht property back of the M. E. church for sale. For particulars and terms apply on the premises, or to Ota Johnson.

Put your stock in good condition for spring. Gold Coin Heavy Powder, Loose Powder, Stock and Poultry Feed. Or clean up your stables with Kress Dip. All to be had at the Drug Store.

Notice—Farmers, bring your poultry to the North Star Meat Co., successors to Joseph W. Neumann. Also veal and cattle, and receive the highest market price.

For fine fresh meat and first-class sausage, call on the North Star Meat Co., E. A. Jelinek & Sons, proprietors.

Dr. K. W. Knapp, dentist, permanently located in the new Volence building. Phone 61.

Horton, the photographer, is in his studio every Tuesday and Wednesday.

The choicest water front lots in town for sale by I. H. Claggett.

Bring your cream to Madden's.

Hotel Agnes

W. H. CHURCH, Mgr.

The finest hotel between the twin cities and the "unsalted seas" Electric-lighted and steam heated

Rates, \$2.00 per day. Pine City, Minnesota.



F. J. RYBAK

caters to your trade in

DRESS GOODS BLANKETS, COMFORTERS, SHOES, ETC., ETC.

BIG, FRESH STOCK OF

GROCERIES

Bring in your Butter and Eggs.

Yours for business

F. J. RYBAK, PINE CITY

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

P. L. WISEMAN
Physician and Surgeon.
Office and residence in house just south of the Rybak Block.
Pine City.

H. W. FROELICHER
Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence in Kowalek Block. All calls promptly responded to.
Pine City.

B. L. STEPHAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Drug Store.
Hinckley.

Ottocar Sobotka
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
Office—Jysak Block.
Pine City.

S. G. L. ROBERTS,
Attorney at Law.
Pine City.

K. W. KNAPP,
Dentist.
Office in Volence Building,
Phone No. 61.
Pine City

The money you spend,

If put in two, would give you a comfortable sum in your savings account.

Even a small part saved from your expenditures, in a few years will increase your income materially. Save a part of what you earn—place your savings in the bank, where every dollar will earn more money for you.

We pay interest on every dollar in your account.

PINE CITY STATE BANK,

D. GREELEY, Cashier.

Pine City, Minn.

Our Stock of
SPRING SAMPLES

Suitings

are now in, and a goodly portion of our

Spring Clothing

When you order your Spring Suit call on me and get prices before going elsewhere.

JELINEK,

The Tailor.

PINE CITY, MINN.

MODEL NO 9
Sofhomore
Clothes

All those contemplating building should call on us and get our prices on

Building Hardware

We have prices that will surprise you.

Come and look at my new stock of Clocks

HEATING STOVES

Our line of Heating Stoves are now on sale at greatly reduced prices. Call and see them.

J. LaPAGE,

MAIN STREET, PINE CITY, MINN.,

BELE'S HARNESS SHOP

A Full Line of Harness and Horse Supplies

I also carry a full line of Trunks, Suit Cases, Telescopes, Satchels and Traveling Bags, all kinds, and prices.

Now is the season when your horses need Blankets. Call and look over my fine new stock. Harness repairing of all kinds a specialty.

V. A. BELE.

CUSTOM PLANING and FEED MILL

For work in either branch I am prepared to give entire Satisfaction. A trial will convince.

J. W. AXTELL,

PINE CITY, MINN.

THE MOONSHINERS

By LOLLIE BELL BURTZ

(Copyright, 1924, by Joseph H. Donohoe)

"I tell yer, it's Jack Coleman what done it. Sim, I law that ain't no doubt about it in my mind. I've seen him more times than one talkin' for the chief over for the settlement. The boys didn't know it was the chief, then, else his first time of talkin' might 'a been his last, but now they've found out, the few what left ain't talkin' for him ter do more damage."

As he spoke, Joe Blackwell looked furtively into the face of his half brother, Sim Okey, and tapped impatiently on the back of 'eck that jutted out from the mountain-side.

"I ain't a doobin' that Jack was talkin' for the chief, Joe. I only knowed that he might 'a been talkin' of some thing 'side the still. I happen ter know that the chief has a brother in the shops at Knoxville where Dan's shack was aimed for the settlement. He might 'a been speakin' of that."

"He might 'a been, but I 'low he warn't. Have yer forgot what I said when he first run up the still, and you'uns tried ter swear him not ter tell—I ain't never lended ter no body's business, never ter say he 'an' it ain't my business ter tell, but 'longside o' that I ain't promissin' nothin' and mind ye, I'll be for no man. Them was his very words, Sim."

"I low I warn't thinkin' o' Coleman mainly, Joe, when I said he's been stole away from the mountains. I ain't nothin' erin' him if he's kep' er still, for he is, but it was o' Dell that I was thinkin'—I light key let's. She was my own sister—not just half, as she was yours, when she died and em' her boy and got back to the mountains ter we'uns. I lowed I'd stan' by em' as if they were mine—Dan's stubborn and hard-headed sometimes and won't do things as we order, but Dell is a good gal. The cabin's been a different place since she come—you'uns mind that Coleman picked up a bit o' learnin' and is more up to her skirt than the rest of us here, and she can't be blamed for likin' him, but if he is guilty, I ain't nothin' more ter say fer I ain't no more use than you'uns for them as is blamin' us down, and one who would give his own people erway to them ter worse her they."

"Then you'uns 'll stand by what we'uns swore together 12 months ago with Taylor and Bently and Davis?"

"Yer knows I'll do it, though aakin' Joe. I'd stan' by 'em, were my own son whose neck had ter be stretched by the halter."

It was an unusual hour for a man of the mountains to be awake—almost 11, but Jack Coleman sat smoking on the steps of his cabin. He had met his sweetheart, Nell, on his return from Knoxville, and she had told him that her brother Dan had confessed to informing the revenue officers of the still. Jack told her to tell Dan to come over and stay with him that night. He had just sent Dan up into the loft to bed. They had talked of his journey to Knoxville, of the wonderful shops and the work they both liked, then the tools were brought and looked over.

Among the shadows of the laurels he saw the outlines of moving figures coming toward the cabin, and with a dread at his heart he thought of the boy that Dell loved lying asleep in the loft.

"I 'low you'uns must 'a been expectin' us," said the foremost man. "I've hearn it said a guilty conscience makes folks uneasy and watchful."

The upper part of the man's face was covered, but Coleman recognized him as soon as he spoke.

"No, I warn't lookin' for any visitors tonight, an' if there's anythin' on my conscience that oughter trouble me I ain't knowin' of it. More'n likely you're judgin' my conscience by your own, Seth Taylor. I ain't the smoke of yer still today as I come over the gap."

"Then you'uns must 'a been lookin' for more stills ter give away as ye did the one under the falls. I 'low Joe Blackwell ain't 'traid to look ye in the face 'an' say it. An' more'n that, I 'low that after tonight you'uns 'll do such work no more."

The truth dawned upon Coleman then. It was himself, not Dan, they were seeking. In some manner the boy's guilt had been fastened upon him.

In the excitement and anger they were oblivious to all about, and not until she was among them did they know that Dell had followed from Sim Okey's cabin where she had laid their plans. Her long hair had slipped from its fastenings as she ran and hung loose in the wind. Her face was ashen and white.

"Stop!" she gasped. "Stop—for the love of God! I warn't him that told—I ain't wantin' Jack!"

Sim Okey caught eagerly at her words, and moved quickly forward.

"Speak up, lass, an' tell what you know. 'Fore God, I was troubled afore for this night's work, but when I seen Dell first, she had her throat seemed parched and dry. Coleman watched her anxiously. He would have warned her to guard her words, but to speak might bring out that which he was trying to avert.

"We'uns is walkin', my gal," old Sim said, encouragingly. "Tell what ye know. No harm shall come to you'uns. If Jack didn't tell, who did?"

"Don't make me tell, for the love of God! It warn't Jack—I swear it. I'm tellin' the truth—the lad who is lookin' down knows it."

"Then who were it?" said Blackwell. "The man's name alone shall be the price of his freedom."

Centring their attention upon Dell they moved nearer the girl.

"Lass," he said, "do as I 'tell you in the name an' leave it to me—Blackwell's harsh voice broke in again."

"Aye, go! he said, "an' let your lover be manly enough not ter stan' behind er woman ter save him. Coleman's face grew white with an anger at the hint."

"Lass!" he said, in a low, tense voice.

With a snarl of rage, Joe raised his pistol, but old Sam grasped his arm.

"What would ye do?" he said sternly. "I ain't fer murder women, but I ain't fer justice."

Up in the loft with the moonlight shining in his face, Dan still slept, but when Dell's voice first rose above the others, he stirred restlessly. He was wide awake. He had not understood it was but the work of a moment when he felt behind the kitchen range the ladder that led from the loft.

He reached the open just as old Sam forced Blackwell back. No one saw him but Coleman. He had watched Sam climb the ladder.



the beam of light streaming from the doorway the moles began. If the truth were found out, Dan's one chance for safety lay in his escape to the woodland and flight, but he ran straight to the crowd.

"Let him be!" he cried. "Don't touch Jack. It was me who told!"

Those nearest heard his words; but on the outer edge, wild with rage when Sim had allowed him, Blackwell was dead to their meaning. The distracted attention of the others gave him the chance he sought. He raised his pistol and fired. Dell's frightened cry rang out.

"Dan!"

The agony in her voice seemed to pierce the dull ears of the boy, and his eyes, useless. Summoning his full strength, he raised himself to face the men.

"I've understand!" he quivered, "that it was me who told the still erway. I ain't a sinner, but I ain't nobody. What I done I'll walk in to face."

The drawn, gray face looked so like his dead sister whom he had loved that a queer, chilly feeling clutched old Sim's throat, but above it surged the passionate hatred of the revenues, and the anger against those who told. And that Laila's boy should turn traitor to his own people—and for money—no, he wouldn't believe that.

"Dan," he said, almost fiercely, "tell me as ye face yer Lord, did he take money for the thing ye done? Tell me!"

Again the boy half raised himself.

"I 'low I wouldn't 'a waited for you 'uns to hurt and kill me—I'd 'a done it for that. I done it cause yer would n't let me go—I didn't it to be free."

The last words came in a whisper. He had no breath left. In less than 20 minutes he was dead.

Old Sim laid him back on the grass and closed his eyes—then turned to the men.

"What has been done, boys. The one who gave erway the still under the falls is dead; but will ye mind when ye think of it, that Dan didn't die for pay? He wrote my dead sister a child—the breed o' the old Ridge boys—what stan' by their convictions, but won't be trampled on. He were raised erway from the mountains, an' he had one chance of justice while we'uns had another, that's all. Ye've seen the oath kep'—ain't it?"

It wasn't a just one, but now ago an' long him ter we'uns."

Silently they obeyed him, passing like phantom shadows into the deep-er fastnesses of the mountains, while the moon that had hidden behind a cloud, came forth again, pouring through the distant pines, and its light fell softly on the two men who were left, on the toward head of the girl, and the calm, dead face of the boy.

THE DAIRY



WILT EDGED BUTTER.

The Right Requisite in Its Production Is Good Cows.

To make first-class, fine flavored butter you must have good cows. They must be well fed, sheltered, watered and kindly treated, and you have to pay you for their board. No one, however skillful, ever made up by care indoors what is lost by carelessness or meanness outdoors. You don't need fancy stables, but they should be warm and comfortable, light and clean. We have no writer a correspondent of Orange Dairy Farmer. Our cows are fed corn stover put through a feed cutter by horse power. There is considerable grain in it. We also feed a peck of corn a day and water from a well in the yard. The cows are never left in an extreme cold or stormy night long enough to drink twice a day about midnight.

We have a separator. You cannot do without a separator if you want good butter in winter and lots of it when the price is high. When the milk is separated I get it out of it is cool—usually several hours—then put it in the big cream pail. I have two holding six gallons each. They stand on T. I big table right behind the kitchen range where I can frequently stir the cream when (thoroughly ripened). I add very small teaspoonful of butter color to one pail of cream, which is all we usually churn. Scald the churn and rinse the pail with a quart of water, not too hot and add the cream. This usually makes it about the right temperature. If extremely cold I set the pail of cream on the reservoir for an hour or so, stirring carefully and stirring frequently to see it does not get too hot. We rarely churn over 15 minutes. Today we churn over 30 minutes. It came in half an hour and I never saw nicer butter in June.

I churn until the butter is rather soft and then add the buttermilk without adding water. I don't like to do this; my reason is, my mother is an invalid, and the doctor says to eat a good deal of buttermilk, and such delicious buttermilk as separator cream does make! The correct way is to add cold water when granular form, but if care is taken to thoroughly wash out all buttermilk, I can't see that it makes any difference. I do not use a butter fork if I can avoid it. I know my butter is better when kept by hand with an old-fashioned ladle.

I have a work table, if necessary. I set my butter on the table behind the stove, and every little while I work it over to keep it from getting too hard. In about 10 hours I finish working and pack it. I use one-half ounce salt to a pound. Too much salt spoils the delicate flavor. We use old-fashioned muslin or galloon stone jars. Our customers prefer them. We tried some fancy packages, and they did not like them. We got 20 cents a quart and a pound 30 cents since September. If it goes higher we get the raise.

COWS FOR THE DAIRY.
Select the Breed Which Will Produce Kind of Milk You Want.

Before the dairyman can be successful in either branch he must draw the line between the breeds that excel in the yield of milk and those that give milk rich in cream. The first thing the scientific dairyman does is to select the breed for the purpose he may have in mind. The best will be the feed in such a manner as to secure the largest yield of either milk or butter in proportion to the cost of food and the cost of food done upon the dairy, and for conversion of the ingredients entering into the composition of milk.

It is a well established fact among those who combine breeding and dairying that after a cow has raised two or three calves her value as a breeder may be pretty accurately determined and she has also arrived at the age of best service in the dairy and as a calf producer. The heifer is not the best mother, usually, but improves in maternal qualities as she approaches maturity. It is therefore very uncertain in results to turn the heifer off because she does not with her first calf equal the old cow in her production. It is also dangerous to turn the old cow off because she is old, when she has proven a valuable dairy animal and breeder of excellent calves. Many an old cow has produced a calf that would sell for three or four times what the old cow would sell for.

The old cow, says Agricultural Economist, is often worth more to obtain as a producer of both milk and milk than to exchange for the uncertainties of a young animal. There is no rule by which the age of a cow may determine the end of her period of usefulness. Some cows remain strong and vigorous up to 15 years old, while others indicate age and decline at ten. Judged closely and accurately on the value of the old reliable cow, remembering that good cows are scarce and that it is much easier to get rid of a good cow than to other buy or breed one.

The farmer with a rough farm, especially if it is nearly worn out about the turn to the dairy business. Hills can be made to produce a good profit in milk that would not raise the common crops except at a loss.

FEEDING COWS PROFITABLY.

The Right Amount Must Be Fed to the Right Animal.

A matter of prime importance is to make as much as possible out of the food given cows. Many cows will do almost as much out of it as the best. Some feed as other cows will make in this the cow is a machine to take the food given her and either utilize or waste it.

A pound of food must be made to go as far as it is possible for it to go. It is not too much to say that at least one-fourth of our dairy cows are very inferior for the utilizing of the food that is given them.

There is no excuse for keeping a poor cow. The preacher of better things are to be found in every locality. It is not too much to say that the ability of keeping cows so poor that they will take a dollar's worth of product out of it. In this is illustrated the fact that in a few years feed of some kinds has doubled in cost. There was a time when the same amount of feed that cost a dollar now cost only 50 cents, and it was a problem of giving it in this same cost of raising it, that returned 30 cents worth of product for it. This transaction showed a profit in those days; it shows a loss now.

The high cost of feed, the more necessary will it be to weed out the poorest cow and buy or raise a better one. The owner of a poor cow should not be so stupid that he should not put in the place of the poor one before disposing of her.

Why should he keep a cow that cannot pay him a profit? asks Farmers' Voice. The sooner he gets her best value in his pocket the better. The sum of money realized will, if placed in a bank at good interest, bring him some income and it will not be consuming high-priced feed. We cannot utilize our time more profitably than in making frequent and thorough examinations of our cows and to determine they are changing the feed we give them into a high-priced product. It should be remembered that cow that gives 20 in this respect, as some from the same amount of feed will turn out a product containing two per cent of butter fat, while others will turn out a four per cent product. Therefore the poor cows are wasting half of the feed given them in comparison with the other cows.

If feed is supplied to cows of high quality several times as much money will be produced as from the poor cows, because the additional yields obtained from the feed are all profit.

A little figuring will convince any one that the four per cent cow is more than twice as valuable as the two per cent cow. A year's feed may be put into two per cent cow and she may produce four cents worth of butter at expenses, while the same feed may be put into the four per cent cow and produce a profit of 50.

YOKING A FENCE JUMPER.

How the Breeding Cow Can Be Kept in the Pasture.

Make a bow from a good piece of hickory sapling. Make a slit, B.



Yoke for Fence Jumper.

long enough to prevent the cow from getting over or through the fence. Tie the other end of the bow run the pin, C.

FARM DAIRY MACHINERY.

Its Introduction on the Farm Has Lessened the Work.

One of the most important things to consider in the improvement of the farm dairy is the machinery that will be used. Before the creamery came to lighten the burdens of the farm's wife, most of the work connected with the farm dairy was done with the help of machinery. On many farms today where farm butter is still being made by dairy machinery is used except the churn. But in the improved dairy every possible form of dairy machinery must be used. If it is not, there will be no uniformity of the farm's managing statistics. The hand separator must be the first piece of machinery purchased. Then must come the milk testing machine and the scales to weigh the milk. In addition the various appliances that go with it. Cream ripeners also must be used, and all the other machinery to secure these things and learn how to use them is one of the most important steps in improving the product that will determine the world under the name of farm butter.

There is no present or future—dairy work, no production in the dairy field. We are hardly able to keep pace with the demand. This indicates a need of more concerted effort—more efficient methods.

PERUNA EDITORIAL NO. 2.

Dr. Hartman has estimated for many years that Peruna is an EXCELLENT CATHARTIC REMEDY. Some of the doctor's critics have depicted the doctor's claim as the efficacy of Peruna.

Since the ingredients of Peruna are no longer a secret, what do the medical authorities say concerning the remedies of which Peruna is composed? Take, for instance, the ingredients: RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATISM, OR GOLDEN RHEUM. The United States Dispensary says of this herbal remedy, that it is largely employed in the treatment of depraved mucous membranes, chronic rheumatism (nasal catarrh), atonic dyspepsia (catarrh of the stomach), chronic inflammation of the membranes of the pelvic organs. It is also recommended for the treatment of various forms of disease peculiar to women.

Another ingredient of Peruna, CORYDALIS FORMOSA, is classed in the United States Dispensary as a tonic.

CEDRON SEED is another ingredient of Peruna, an excellent drug that has been very largely overlooked by the medical profession for the past fifty years. THE SEEDS ARE TO BE FOUND IN VERY FEW DRUG STORES. The United States Dispensary says of the action of cedron that it is used as a bitter tonic and in the treatment of dysentery, and in intermittent diseases as a SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE.

OIL OF COPAIBA, another ingredient of Peruna, is classed by the United States Dispensary as a mild stimulant and diuretic. It acts on the stomach and intestinal tract. It acts as a stimulant on the genito-urinary system.

Our Peruna Tablet Is Peruna With Fluid Removed.

Useful in chronic cystitis, chronic dysentery and in chronic gonorrhea, chronic diseases of the liver and kidneys. These opinions are held by all writers on the subject, including Bartholow and Scudder.

OF HYDRATIS, BARTHOLOW SAYS it is applicable to stomatitis (catarrh of the mucous surface of the mouth), follicular pharyngitis (catarrh of the pharynx), chronic coryza (catarrh of the head). This writer classifies hydratis as a stomachic tonic, useful in atonic dyspepsia, chronic gastritis, catarrh of the duodenum, catarrh of the gall duct, catarrh of the intestines, catarrh of the kidneys (chronic Bright's disease), catarrh of the bladder, and catarrh of other pelvic organs.

BARTHOLOW REGARDS COPAIBA as an excellent remedy for chronic catarrh of the bladder, chronic bronchitis (catarrh of the bronchial tubes). BARTHOLOW STATES THAT CUBER, an ingredient of Peruna, promotes the appetite and digestion, increases the circulation of the blood. Useful in chronic nasal catarrh, follicular pharyngitis (catarrh of the pharynx), liver hemorrhage. Useful in atonic dyspepsia (catarrh of the stomach), and in chronic catarrh of the colon and rectum, catarrh of the bladder, prostaticitis, and chronic bronchial affections.

MILLSAUGH, MEDICAL PLANT, one of the most authoritative works on medicinal herbs in the English language, in commenting upon COLUBINA CANADENSIS, says that it acts on the pneumogastric and vaso motor nerve. It increases the secretions of the mucous membranes in general. In the mountains of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Carolina, collinsia canadensis is considered a panacea for many disorders, including headache, colic, cramp, dropsy and indigestion. DR. SCUDDER regards it highly as a remedy in chronic diseases of the lungs, heart disease and asthma.

These citations ought to be sufficient to show to any candid mind that Peruna is a cathart remedy. Surely, such herbal remedies, that command the enthusiastic confidence of the highest authorities obtainable, brought together in proper combination, ought to make a cathart remedy of the highest efficiency. This is our claim, and we are able to substantiate this claim by ample quotations from the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES IN THE WORLD.

Surely a No-Account Dog.

A man in Missouri recently sued a railway company for damages for the death of a hound killed by the track, says the Youth's Companion. The company defended itself upon the following points:

Said dog was chasing a rabbit upon defendant's tracks in violation of the game laws.

Said rabbit lived on defendant's right of way, and was therefore the property of the defendant.

Plaintiff's dog was a trespasser, and was hunting defendant's property without permission.

Said deceased was not much of a dog, and he could easily have kept out of the way of defendant's trains.

And having fully answered, defendant prays to be discharged.

LUMBAGO

This is really Rheumatism of the Muscles of the Loins and is characterized by a severe, at times agonizing pain in the small of the back, accompanying the sufferer scarcely a moment's rest, while the ailment is at its worst.

It can come from cold, exposure to draft, from getting wet, feet or wearing wet or damp clothing. It causes acute suffering, and if allowed to become chronic it may permanently disable the sufferer. The way to secure quick relief is to rub the skin over the painful part by rubbing with a flesh brush or piece of flannel rag, and then apply S. L. JACOBS OIL by gentle friction with the hand.

To relieve it yield to others when reason or a medical expert require it. It is a mark of pride and stiffness—Thomas a Kempis.

Spot Cash for Your Cream. Top market prices always. MILTON DAIRY CO., St. Paul.

Grapes are squeezed six times in making champagne, yielding wine of different qualities.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" Planets of the World. Look for the signature of W. H. WOOD, and the World over to cure a Cold in the Head.

Chenoreddy lay a fine trail, no I guess a crazy guy has a trail mark.

We Pay Top Price for Cream. Cash every day for cream, and butter. Miller & Holmes, St. Paul, Minn.

Many things lawful are not expected—Latin.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

ANALYSIS: Contains 100 grains of pure, refined, and crystallized potassium permanganate. It is a powerful and reliable cathartic. It is a powerful and reliable cathartic. It is a powerful and reliable cathartic.

READERS of this paper desiring to buy any of the above-named medicines should be careful to get what they ask for, putting all substitutes or imitations.

LIFE SIZE AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES
In great variety for use at all times. Also, a complete set of the Bible, in English, German, and French. Also, a complete set of the Bible, in English, German, and French.

PATENTS
F. B. ROBERTSON, Wash., D. C.

EXPERIMENT FARM NOTES.

Valuable Information Compiled for Farmers by the N. E. Experiment Station.

BULLETIN NO. 71—FODDER CORN.
Fodder corn is corn sown in drills so thickly that no ears are formed. It is used instead of hay, more especially with cattle and sheep, and it may be fed with good results to horses. Its feeding value is better than timothy hay, especially for dairy cows. It yields from two to four times as much per acre as hay. It has yielded as high as 8 tons of cured fodder per acre at the Experiment Farm.

A crop may be harvested the same season it is sown, which can not be done with hay. It is cultivated crop and has a value in this respect, in that it tends to keep out weeds, quack grass, etc., and this cultivation also improves the soil mechanically. Fourteen acres are grown every year on the experiment farm. It follows clover in the rotation and is used as a feed in connection with clover. In preparing the field for fodder corn the clover soil is mowed and plowed in the spring. It might be plowed in the fall with good results, but it is deferred till spring for the winter supply of manure. The field is harrowed smooth and the corn sown with a grain drill in rows three feet apart. In the absence of a grain drill a garden drill should be used to advantage and this is sown from May 15 to June 10, owing to the condition of the season. About three quarters of a bushel of seed is sown per acre. The field is harrowed frequently till the corn is up and then cultivated every week or ten days throughout the growing season. It is harvested when it has attained its maximum growth or earlier if in danger of frost.

The past year it was sown June 4 (late season) and harvested Aug. 25. Its yield was 11.5 tons per acre green weight. One hundred tons were put in the silo, and the balance shocked up in the field and cured for fodder.

The greatest amount of feed can be gotten from fodder corn, and in its most nutritious form, when put in the silo. Fodder corn made into ensilage, has practically the same feeding value as if fed green from the field. It is one of the best feeds for dairy cows during the winter, and easiest to handle, but owing to the cost of the silo and machinery it is not recommended only to farmers keeping 15 or more cows and who can afford its first cost. During the life of a well-constructed silo, the entire cost of building, machinery, and all the expense of growing the fodder, and getting it in the silo does not exceed \$2 a ton, as a cost on the ensilage as a feed. At the present time, however, the silo is only for a few in this section of the state, but fodder corn may, and should be, grown by every farmer. Not exclusively of clover, but to feed in connection with it, or it may be fed the fore part of the season, when it gives the best results, and clover the latter part. By growing fodder corn at least a third more stock can be kept on the same number of acres. It should be planted on well drained land. The soil cannot be too rich. The seed may be bought from any large seed firm, if not on the local market. Minnesota No. 13 has given the best results on the Experimental Farm.

BULLETIN NO. 72—STOCK ROOTS.
Stock roots under ordinary field conditions yield from 10 to 15 tons per acre, from 350 to 550 bushels. When the soil is very fertile, and given extra care, they may be made to yield as high as 30 tons, or 1,000 bushels to the acre. The cost of growing roots, taking everything into consideration, such as value of land, cost of machinery, seed, labor, etc., need not exceed \$25 per acre, or from \$1 to \$1.75 per ton. Two acres of stock roots are grown on the Experiment Farm every year. They are grown on a rotation with barley, clover and peas. They are sown with a garden drill in rows 24 inches apart. When the plants appear above the ground they are gone over with a wheel hoe, and later with a horse cultivator every week throughout the growing season.

When the plants are about two inches high they are thinned out, a common hand hoe being used for the purpose. Stock carrot is thinned to 8 inches, and the rutabaga and mangold to 12 inches. Thinning the plants early with the hoe lessens the hand thinning later. With the plants well apart they are much easier kept

clean, and their yield is much greater than when grown thickly. In pulling the roots in the fall they are laid over in the row with the tops all one way. The topping is then done with a corn knife, cutting the tops of two and three with a single stroke. The roots that are fed early in the fall, before they are put in the root cellar may be fed tops and all, thus lessening the labor. In storing the roots for winter a cellar is necessary, and should be in the fall in connection with the barn for convenience in feeding. Roots that are to be fed in October, November, and the fore part of December may be piled on the ground near the barn and litter sufficiently to keep from freezing. In storing the roots in a cellar, care must be taken to remove as much of the dirt as possible, to avoid heating. The more free from dirt the better they will keep.

In feeding carrots and mangolds to stock it is desirable to cut them, but not necessarily. When the fall work is rushing they may be fed whole, but later, when time is ample it is advisable to cut them. Mangels, sugar beets, stock carrots and rutabagas have been compared on the Experiment Farm. On high, well-drained soil and a favorable season, mangels give the largest yield, but on low ground and in a cold, wet spring are apt to fail. This is also true of the sugar beet. Stock carrots have never failed to produce a crop. Rutabagas are also very hardy, but objectionable for dairy cows. Taking all conditions, the stock carrot is recommended for this section of the state. Rutabagas may be grown for sheep, pigs and young stock, but either the stock carrot or mangold for dairy cows.

A sandy loam soil is best for roots. It should be well manured. In preparing the seed bed harrow thoroughly immediately after plowing.

as the soil is most easily pulverized at that time. It is also well to plank or roll it before seeding, as the garden drill is difficult to work in uneven ground. A garden drill is the first thing that should be secured in preparing to grow roots. With a garden drill an acre can be sown in half a day. A good drill may be bought for \$5 or \$10. Two or more farmers may buy one in cooperation to good advantage.

In seeding sow plenty of seed. The surplus may be thinned out easily. For carrots or rutabagas sow from 1 1/2 to 2 pounds per acre for mangels, 15 to 20 pounds. The time to plant will depend upon the season—from May 10 to June 10. Carrots and rutabagas may be seeded quite early without danger. Rutabagas may be sown as late as July and a good crop secured, but earlier planted is safer.

Grow roots. The money you spend on one ton of bran or shorts, if invested in an acre of roots will produce from four to five times as much feed. Live stock of all kinds need some succulent feed in winter to be healthy. When roots are fed there will be no need for expensive stock foods and medicines. Grow roots. They have a food value not only in themselves, but also in the effect they have on other feeds fed in connection with them, making them more digestible and nutritious.

A. J. McGRATH,
N. E. Experiment Station,
Grand Rapids, Minn.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining uncalled for in P. O. Pine City, Minn., for week ending March 14, 1908.

Mrs. W. H. Stewart,
Mrs. Geraldine Danjou.

In calling for the above letters please say "Advertised," giving the date of this list.
J. V. BRECKENRIDGE, P. M.

Says 'Rastus Brown, the thrifty man,
'Let me put you wise to the very best plan.
When ye buy lumber, ef ye don't look out,
Ye'll forget the quality an' jest erbout
Give all yer mind to the money ye'll save.
But I've allers found when ye 'gin to shave
On the price, the boards ye git is full o' knots
An' 'sap, an' rot. Now ain't it lotts
Better to keep your eye on the kind o' stuff
Yer goin' to buy? An when these fellers try to
bluff
An' 'holler 'Cheap,' like they're goin' to bust,
Jest buy of the dealer in whom you c'n trust.'

MIDLAND LUMBER & COAL COMPANY,
E. D. GALLES, Manager. PINE CITY, MINN.



Herman Borchers
The only Exclusive Shoe House in Town.
Repairing a Specialty
Come and see me. My Goods are First-class.
HERMAN BBOCHERS

Keep Your Eye on

Wiley's Coffee.

Don't forget that my Coffees are the BEST the market affords, and I sell them at the same prices asked for Inferior Grades.

Remember the place,

F. A. WILEY,

MAIN STREET, PINE CITY, MINN.

Established 1885

Purely Mutual

Northwestern National Life Insurance Company.

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LEONARD K. THOMPSON, President.

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JOHN T. BAXTER, Counsel.
C. T. JAFFRAY, Vice Pres. First National Bank.
B. F. KELSOON, Vice Pres. First National Bank.
W. J. GRAHAM, Vice President and Actuary.

Record for 1907		January, 1908.	
Total Income	\$1,635,925.12	Admitted Assets	\$5,231,229.94
Excess of Income over Disbursements	492,452.84	Total Paid Policyholders	6,920,024.92
Paid Policyholders and Beneficiaries	\$757,345.63	Insurance in force	22,935,623.90
Increase in Surplus	49,104.65	Surplus	150,820.69

Why YOU Should Insure in the Northwestern National

Its Character

It is a life insurance company of advanced methods conducted solely in the interests of its policy holders, building to stand the test of time.

Its Purpose

It furnishes the safest and best insurance at the lowest possible rates.

Its Contracts

Its policies are the foremost exponents of all that is best in Life Insurance; the most liberal issued, simple agreements easily understood by all who read them.

Its Returns

Its premiums are lower than those of other companies. It comprises in large degree the three essentials to successful and profitable life underwriting.

ITS RETURNS TO POLICY HOLDERS

LOW MORTALITY. Its business is confined to the most healthful portions of the United States, assuring a low mortality.
HIGH INTEREST EARNINGS. Its funds are invested in the most prosperous farming sections of the west at a rate placing the Company in the very front rank as to interest earnings.
ECONOMY OF MANAGEMENT. The expense of conducting its business is reduced to the lowest possible point consistent with sound management.

Its Place

It is a western company, investing every dollar of its income in the West for the upbuilding of the territory in which it operates.

ITS VALUE TO THE COMMUNITY

It brings to Minneapolis every year Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars that would otherwise go east for investment.

Its Responsibility

Its management is in the hands of a Directorate selected for character and ability, assuring the faithful administration of its affairs and guaranteeing the fulfillment of its obligations.

QUERY--Before purchasing Insurance elsewhere, is it not worth while to investigate the merits of your home company? Its officers and directors would be pleased to confer with you personally, or for information as to policies and rates call on or address **FREDERICK G. WHITE, Agency Director for Minnesota.**

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
JOHN D. VAUGHAN, Local Agent, Pine City, Minn.

A. CRANTON,

DEALER IN
FINE CONFECTIONERY,
Fruit and Nuts.

The Finest Brands of Cigars and Tobaccos always in stock.
Main Street, Pine City.

Free Lunch Always on hand.

LOUIS STEINPATZ

Good Combination Pool and Billiard Table in Connection.

DEALER IN

PURE WINES, FOREIGN and FANCY LIQUORS, DOMESTIC CIGARS.

We carry a large variety of Bottle Goods. Phone No. 35.
Buschmeier Beer always on Tap.

Get that Suit from JAS. E. POLK.

Suits Pressed and Cleaned All work guaranteed
Kowalko Building Pine City, Minn

North Star MEAT CO.,
DEALERS IN

Fresh Salt Meats

Sausages in every form. A large supply constantly on hand. Game and Poultry in season.

Highest market price paid for Veal Cattle, Hogs and Hides

F. A. JELINEK & SON,
222-8J PINE CITY, MINN

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

GEORGE SHERWOOD'S Dray Line.

We are prepared to do all work in our line in a workman like manner.

Geo. Sherwood, Prop. Pine City, Minnesot

PINE CITY LIVERY STABLE

W. P. GOTTRY, Proprietor,
First-Class Livery Rigs Furnished at any hour.

WANTED

A representative in this county by a large real estate corporation. Special inducements to those who wish to become financially interested.

The Real Estate Security Co.,
Et. Dearborn Building, Chicago, Ill.

A Guarantee

What better sign of faith in this **RHEUMATISM** CURE
Catarrh, Backache, Kidney Trouble

can I give that to guarantee that if one-half of the first bottle of **Matt J. Johnson's 6088**

does not give satisfactory results you can return the half bottle and I will refund your money.
Prepared at Laboratory of Matt J. Johnson Co., St. Paul, Minn.
Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act, June 30, 1906. No. 2029

For Sale and Guaranteed by **BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY.**

M. E. CHURCH SERVICES.
Sunday School, 9:45 a. m.
Preaching, 10:45 a. m.
Junior League, 4 p. m.
Epworth League, 7 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p. m.
All welcome. J. J. Parish, Past

H. W. BARKER'S YES COUGH CATHARTIC CONSUMPTION
REMEDY FOR SPRAINED LUNGS
It cures all cases of Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, etc.