

Pine County Pioneer.

ED. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XXIII.

PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1908

NO. 53

FIRST STATE BANK PINE COUNTY.
(INCORPORATED)
Commercial Banking in all its Branches.
Insurance written in Reliable Companies.
Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper than express on post office money orders.
Drafts on Europe sold. Land Bought and sold.
Taxes Paid for Non-Residents.
PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED
Monday Evening's Meeting Results in the Formation of the Pine City Cemetery Association.

On Monday evening about twelve of our citizens met at the council chamber in the village hall and formed the Pine City Cemetery Association. Dr. H. W. Froehlich was elected chairman and E. H. Dosey secretary.

The association was formed according to the state law in regard to cemetery associations, which calls for a chairman, secretary and a board of trustees, the trustees being divided into three parts, holding office as follows: three for one year, three for two years and three for three years.

The following were the trustees chosen and the time they were elected for: F. A. Hodge, D. Greshy and W. P. Gottry, three years; J. Y. Breckenridge, Nickerson Perkins and Dr. Wisconsin, two years; E. H. Dosey, Dr. Froehlich and Herman Boncher, one year.

This a laudable undertaking and all those who own lots or citizens of this place should take stock in the association. All those who wish to do so, can leave their names and the amount they wish to subscribe at the Pine City State Bank, with the secretary, E. H. Dosey.

A meeting of the trustees is called for tonight at the council chamber, after which we can give a more detailed account of the association and their duties.

The annual meeting of the association will be held on Monday, Dec. 14, in April of each year. The association is anxious to get to shape so as to secure money enough to purchase the cemetery of the Hunt estate, and get ready by spring to make the needed improvements, and next summer have a lovely spot of the silent city of the dead. The location of the cemetery which that with a small outlay of capital it could be made to be one of the beauty spots of this region, which abounds in natural beauty. Every one who has the good of the village at heart should put their shoulders to the wheel and help along such a laudable undertaking.

Pythian Sisters Elect Officers

Chengawata Temple No. 40, Pythian Sisters, met in E. C. P. hall Tuesday evening. Mrs. Anna Kern, Grand Chief of the state, being present on an official visit. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year: Mat. Excellent, Chief; Mrs. Della Smith, Excellent; Miss Mrs. Jean Arthur, Excellent; Junior, Mrs. Winifred Froehlich, Mistress of Correspondence; Mrs. Margaret L. Finney, Mistress of Finances; Mrs. Nannie Smith, Manager of Temple; Miss Ida Dosey, Professor of Temple; Mrs. Mary Francis, Grand of Order; Temple, Mrs. Olivia Wilcox, Past Chief; Mrs. Maria Gottry, Delegate to Grand Lodge; Mrs. Lizzie E. Breckenridge, Alternate; Mrs. Maria Gottry, Treasurer for three years; Mrs. Lizzie E. Breckenridge.

After the session the Grand Chief spoke for about an hour on the order in the state and made a very interesting and timely talk. At the close of her remarks a luncheon of 5 called oysters, sandwiches, pickles, coffee and cake was served. The party broke up about midnight, those present having spent a very pleasant and profitable evening.

The Pythian Sisters never do things by halves and the supper was not an exception. The first class coffee was served. The Knights who were in attendance and they want like to have the sisters give such entertainments often. Not only for the good things to eat, but for the social feature.

John DeFranco, the Cornell professor, and H. J. Miller, of Pepin, Wis., were welcome callers at the Pioneer last night Saturday. Mr. Miller, who is visiting in the city, is a member of the board of directors of the city, and is still hale and hearty and full of fun.

GRASSSTON DASHES.

Henry Lockow is studying to be a preacher. The latest social at Grassston last week proved a great success.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jensen were visiting at Andrew Jensen's place last Monday.

Grassston is booming right along. It is getting to be quite an enterprising little town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Lockow took Thanksgiving dinner with Mrs. Herman Lockow.

Miss Quigg, teacher in district No. 60, returned Monday, having spent a week holiday with relatives in Minneapolis.

Harry Bennett is contemplating taking a trip to England in the near future. There must be some attraction across the briny deep.

H. H. Marsson thought it was pretty impudence to lead a bachelor's life, so he found him a housekeeper. He was wise in his undertaking.

The thickest water front lots in town for sale by I. H. Gagnier.

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A PLEASANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Superintendent Olesen Gives Notice of a Series of Entertainments by Pupils of the Public Schools.

The establishing and maintenance of the best possible public school system is always the highest desire of a progressive community. It is then only fit and proper that the schools should publicly recognize their obligations and reciprocate by doing all they can for the community.

The existence, anywhere, of a course of high grade entertainments is promotive of enjoyment and intelligence. Pine City had such a course last year. For this season no such course as yet, being provided. So the public schools of Pine City endeavor to establish a course of entertainments that will be both instructive and entertaining.

Four numbers are planned for the first will be given Thursday evening, Dec. 17th. This is the cantata "Cris Kringle." All the grades of the public schools will take part in this, and all the grade teachers and over a hundred children are to participate. The second number is a high school debate with the Milaca high school. This will be given here the 31st of January. Pine City has an enviable record throughout the state, and it is our purpose to maintain it. Milaca has an excellent high school, so the contest will certainly prove interesting. The question is a national one so this entertainment will be both instructive and inspirational. The third number I prefer to call "Special." The probabilities are that it will be a debate with some other high school. If not that, a high grade number is promised. The fourth number is a high school concert to be given by the High School Girl's Glee Club and the High School Male Quartet. Both organizations are of recent origin in the high school, but they promise well at present and will undoubtedly be permanent organizations of the high school.

In presenting this course it is our purpose to make it a popular one, and the price has been placed as moderate as possible. There are always some expenses connected with the presentation of these numbers, the debates especially. These expenses are to be paid first and the net receipts will be used in the interest of the schools, largely for the purchase of books for the general library. Two hundred of the seats in Stegl's hall will be reserved. This will sell at \$1.00 for the course or 35 cents for each ticket. The season tickets will be sold by the school children and the single tickets at Breckenridge's drug store, and all seats reserved there. Those who are not holders of reserved seats will be admitted by paying at the door 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children.

Since all the net proceeds of the entertainments are to remain in the community and the course promises to give you some entertainment for the season, we trust that we may always have a large attendance. Always yours, in the interest of the Pine City schools.

PETER OLESEN, Superintendent. Pine City, Minn., Dec. 3, 1908.

MEADOW LAWN--Special

N. J. Edridge took a steer to Pine City Monday.

Mrs. Nellie Scofield has been sick with La Grippe.

Mrs. Grace Edridge returned from Wilder Thursday.

Schuyler Hathaway spent a few days at Pine City this week.

Burnette Scofield has been suffering from the quinsy sore throat.

Chas. Dile spent Thanksgiving in the county seat, returning Friday.

Mrs. L. L. Fuhrman accompanied Mrs. Gibson to Pine City Friday, and remained until Saturday.

Sylveng Heller came down Monday from St. Austine, where he has been laid up with typhoid fever for several weeks.

The turkey shoot which was to have taken place at L. W. Purdy's was postponed until Dec. 2, on account of bad weather.

Mr. Williams was out one day last week, looking after the interests of the telephone company. He was accompanied by his wife.

All those in need of a change of underwear for the last few days, and it came so sudden that some of us will not be able to get out for a while--it gave us such a shock.

Hector, the photographer, is in his studio every Tuesday and Wednesday. Bring your cream to Midden's.

PROPER PORKERS PROFITABLE

A Hog's a Hog for a' That. But Some Breeds Produce a Better Quality of Bacon Than Others.

Owing to the fact that corn is not grown in Northeastern Minnesota as safely and abundantly as barley and peas it has been considered more profitable to raise a bacon flocid of hogs rather than the hard bred hogs. For this reason a bacon breed (The Large Improved Yorkshire) has been raised exclusively on the Experiment Farm. It is this breed that is raised so extensively and profitably in Canada and on precisely the same feed as is grown here in abundance, clover, roots, barley, peas and the by-product of the dairy, skim milk.

The method of raising pigs on the Experiment Farm is to have the sows farrow in March and April. A good clover pasture is provided and the young pigs are turned on this when weaned at from six weeks to two months old. In connection with the clover pasture they are fed skim milk during the first months, 1 lb. to 3 pigs per day. Sept. 1st, barley and peas are added to the ration. For two months they are fed as much as they will eat, which generally brings them into prime condition for bacon. Their average dressed weight Nov. 1st, is from 150 to 150 lbs. The average raising in any section, on the local market the past three years has been 84 cents a lb. The cost of producing it, including the feed of the brood sows during the winter, has been 44 cents per lb., making a net profit of \$4.00 per hundred. This profit may be considered good in hog raising in any section, even where corn is grown abundantly a matter worthy of consideration.

It is possible in this section of the state by the use of clover pasture and skim milk, and by having the pigs come early in the spring, and disposing of them as soon as they can be fattened after the pasture season in the fall, to raise pigs as profitably as anywhere else in the state. The increased demand for choice bacon pigs in connection with dairying in this section of Minnesota a matter worthy of consideration.

During the past three years 8 pigs have been raised per sow on the Experiment Farm. This is a large average, but it is characteristic of the Yorkshire breed to produce large litters and of strong constitutions. The brood sows on the Experiment Farm are wintered on second crop clover, boiled roots, skim milk and a very small allowance of grain (4 lb. head a day). They are mated and litter a year. Fall pigs don't pay. Only brood sows should be carried through the winter, and when a sow has proved to be a good mother she should be kept as long as she is productive, which is generally from 4 to 6 years.

The chief point to remember in raising pigs in this section of the state is that about the only feed that profit can be realized from is clover pasture and skim milk. The expensive feed will only pay for itself as a product that has been grown on the inexpensive pasture and by-product of the dairy. Therefore aim to have the pigs come in in the early spring, and have a good pasture ready for them when they are ready for pasture.

A. J. McGUIRE, Superintendent.

MEADOW LAWN.

Delbert Carrier returned from Wilder Thursday.

Mrs. Ann Scofield was on the sick list the latter part of last week.

Mrs. N. J. Edridge and son Floyd returned from Minneapolis Saturday.

Chas. Dile returned home from Minneapolis Tuesday, after a few days sojourn.

Mrs. Jay Neiser and son returned to Pine City Sunday after a few days visit with friends here.

W. E. Labart went to Hineckley Saturday, to accept a position with the electric light plant at that place.

Harvey Lyneth and sister Martha Hittle, and Mattie Larntz, visited with the Misses Butler, near Beuron, Sunday.

W. C. Stephan and wife returned Tuesday to their home in Pine City, after visiting a couple of weeks with friends in the Law.

The following spent Thanksgiving at the D. W. Scofield home: Sam Heath and wife, Beroun; J. O. Cloyd and wife, Mrs. Delbert Carrier, Louie Cloyd and wife, Albert Scofield and wife, and mother, Jay Neiser and wife, Ann Scofield and wife, W. C. Stephan and wife, M. T. Larntz and wife and Mrs. Donlon and son.

The fine fresh meat and first-class sausage, call on the North Star Meat Co., Jolink and Janda proprietors.

It is Time to Think About Christmas Goods

Select while the stock is new and fresh. Let us reserve your gifts for you. Larger stock of better goods than ever before. Come now. Here is only a partial list of some of our good things:

Press for the Gentlemen--Some new shapes and sizes.
FURNITURE--The best line ever seen in this town.
COATS--All sizes, shapes and material.
BRUSHES--For hair, clothes, hands, hair and teeth.
TOILET SOAP--Beat this assortment if you can. Make nice gifts.
COLLAR AND CUFF BOXES--Something gentlemen appreciate.

Toilet Boxes--For father, mother, wife, sister, brother, sweetheart.
BOOKS--A particularly large assortment of all that is best.
GAMES--For many a pleasant entertainment, young and old.
MOUTH ORGAN--The boys would like a new one this year.
LOOKING GLASSES--In every conceivable size, shape and price.
STATIONERY--In plain and fancy boxes. Very fine gifts. All prices.

Do not neglect this opportunity to at least come in and look this stock over. It's a good plan to select now.

You Know the Place

BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY

MAIN STREET, PINE CITY, MINN.

Storm Sash and Storm Doors

They prevent the heat from escaping.
They prevent the cold air from entering.

For Sale by
C. H. WESTEMAN LUMBER CO.,
D. A. PAYNE, Manager.
Pine City, Minnesota.

Sez the lumber man to 'Rastus Brown
'Its 'bout time ter get storm winders on.'
Sez 'Rastus, 'Well, I guess yer right,
Fer them ez waits gets in a plight.
A-puttin' on windows aint no joke,
W'en the mercry's down an' its time to skek
For all yer' worth, an' ye pound yer thumb,
An' make a botch, cuz yer so numb.
Them goods ye got's all right, they say,
An' I'll order mine, ye bet, to-day.

MIDLAND LUMBER & COAL COMPANY,

ED. GALLIE, Manager. PINE CITY, MINN.

Is your Bread made from
Pine City FLOUR?
If so, it's Good

IT'S SOLD EVERYWHERE.
PINE CITY MILLING & ELECTRIC CO.

Blaming the Women.

Against whom are we to charge the social distinctions that now curse the circles of Protestantism in this country, if not against the women? Men are naturally democratic. Let to themselves they seldom draw sharp social lines or insist upon conventional distinctions. What do we find in the one sphere where they are an avowed—the political world? How much class distinction exists there? Not so with women. They are more conventional, but at the same time more conventional. It is not fashion, their standing in this life, that makes them rich, they are more exclusive; it is poor, the more sensitive. Social lines existing in the world without they have extended into the sacred interior among us than the well-to-do Christian church, declares John Pearson Shaw, D. D., in the *Humble Review*. Nothing hurts us so much as this condition, and for its existence I hold our women almost exclusively responsible. Let them only say the word, and meat it, and this state of affairs will be gone in a week.

Sausage, unless some qualifying term is employed, is a mixture of chopped pork, veal and beef. At any rate, that is the decision of the recent International congress for the repression of food and drug frauds. The Paris butchers do not like this definition, and insist that sausage proper contains nothing but the meat of pigs. They asked that qualifying terms be used when beef or veal is mixed with the pork, but were overruled. It is rather late in the day to dispute our sausage, says the *Youth's Companion*. This culinary confession is of ancient lineage. King, in his curious and interesting "Art of Cooking," remarks that "Varus Hellogabalus had the peculiar glory of first making sausage of shrimps, crabs, oysters, prawns and lobsters." Elagabalus, as King alludes has written it, was emperor of Rome from the year 218 to 222, when he was killed by his soldiers at the age of 18 years, and is remembered for no worthy act unless it be the invention of the cristaean sausage. But even the sausage of Elagabalus could not compare with the good old-fashioned country sausage made from fresh pork and seasoned with pepper and salt and sage and various other herbs, the like of which town dwellers rarely find in the markets.

French and Good Roads.
The first international road congress, recently in session in Paris, was undoubtedly inspired by the thirty legions of the French people. They have invested several hundred million dollars in building macadam roads, of which they already have 23,000 miles. Their problem is to find means by which the principal roads thus invested shall not be lost. A kind of road had developed that met, there and here, the traffic for which it was intended. Iron tires were off just about enough dust from the coarser fragments of stone composing the road to replace that carried off by the iron tires. In this way the larger stones were cemented together and a smooth, impenetrable shell formed over the surface. But the pneumatic tire has submitted the road to a wholly different wear, and the world must think out new ways to solve this problem. No one questions the possibility of automobile-proof roads, but all the ways of building them now known appear decidedly expensive.

One of the distinguishing features of current efforts to help those in need is the abandonment of the old terms used to describe the dependent or the charitable unfortunate. In some instances new titles, such as "reformatories" are used, and in others the words "parental schools" are used. The city of New York is building a parental school for boys who cannot be kept in the ordinary schools. It will consist of 11 buildings on a hundred-acre farm, with all possible arrangements to make study attractive to the boys committed to it. The whole will be the care of trained men and women who have been chosen for that purpose whether they be married or not. A man seldom always charge his child with little matters of this sort, you know.

A Missourian who has just been sentenced to a prison term of three years for having his wife at one time with some of them divorced, offered the excuse that his memory was bad and that he could not always remember whether he was married or not. A man seldom always charge his child with little matters of this sort, you know.

Maryland is now under quarantine. Foot and mouth disease is found in Lincobro, Carroll county. Government is prompt—Exportation of cattle and sheep is forbidden—Fleet thought to be confined to one farm. Washington, Nov. 28.—The department of agriculture Friday ordered a quarantine against the entire state of Maryland, so far as cattle and sheep, are concerned, on account of the appearance of foot and mouth disease. The restrictions put upon the state in the matter of the exportation of animals afflicted with the disease are the same as those applied to Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and Michigan.

Two maps of Wisconsin and Minnesota were found with towns marked with red ink. FOUND IN THE BAY. Chief of Police, Biggy, of San Francisco Is Drowned. San Francisco, Dec. 2.—William J. Biggy, for more than a year chief of police of this city, was drowned in the bay last night and his body has not been recovered. Since the suicide of Morris Haas, the assistant district attorney of New York, there has been hard feeling between the chief of police and the chief of the bureau of animal industry, and State veterinarian Maske of Maryland were in consultation regarding the course to be taken for the eradication of the disease. In the opinion of Secretary Wilson the disease if checked immediately in all the states it has appeared will cost the government about \$500,000. The arrangement of the department of agriculture has made with the states is that the government shall pay two-thirds and the state one-third. Thought Disease Is Confined. Baltimore, Md., Nov. 28.—As reported in a dispatch from this city several days ago, the foot and mouth disease first appeared in a herd of cattle on a farm near Lincobro, Carroll county, and so far as known here has been confined to that particular farm, although it has communicated to all the cattle and hogs on the place. The farm was at once placed under quarantine and every precaution taken to prevent the spread of the disease. Even the residents of the farm are subject to severe restrictions. Friday the infected animals included the livestock, including chickens, pigeons and several cats and dogs, were killed.

HUNDRED DROWN IN STORM. Coasting Steamer of Philippines Strikes on Rock and Sinks. Manila, Nov. 28.—The coasting steamer Ponting, carrying a large number of laborers from Negros to the rice fields in Panay island, province, struck a rock and sank Friday night during a storm off the town of San Fernando in Union province. It is estimated that a hundred of the passengers and crew of the Ponting were drowned. The steamer Victoria rowed 50.

SLEUTHS HAD 9 CRACKSMEN

DETECTIVES SUDDENLY SWOOP DOWN UPON SUSPECTS IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Nine Men Were Gathered in and They Are Supposed to Be Members of a Professional Gang of Safe Blowers Wanted in the West. Minneapolis, Dec. 2.—Nine men supposed to be members of professional safe crackers wanted in various Wisconsin towns were captured in Minneapolis late yesterday in a raid on their rooms at 27 Eastman avenue, Nicollet Island, by Private Detective Ole Ringdahl and Detectives Morrissey, Stavelo, Martinson and Wirtsohn of the Mill City force. A complete outfit of explosives and various accessories commonly used by safe crackers was confiscated. The catch is considered by the police of the Twin Cities to be most important.

Defends Her Husband. Mrs. Edward Leburg lives in another section of the apartment house in which the capture was made. At police headquarters last night she asked the release of her husband, said he was a wireworker, not a safe blower. Two maps of Wisconsin and Minnesota were found with towns marked with red ink. FOUND IN THE BAY. Chief of Police, Biggy, of San Francisco Is Drowned. San Francisco, Dec. 2.—William J. Biggy, for more than a year chief of police of this city, was drowned in the bay last night and his body has not been recovered. Since the suicide of Morris Haas, the assistant district attorney of New York, there has been hard feeling between the chief of police and the chief of the bureau of animal industry, and State veterinarian Maske of Maryland were in consultation regarding the course to be taken for the eradication of the disease.

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Postal Deficit \$16,875,222. Washington, Nov. 30.—In his annual report for the fiscal year 1909, the postmaster General Meyer Sunday night gave the total receipts for the year as \$269,251,885, showing a deficit of \$16,875,222, the largest in the history of the department, with an additional loss from fire, burglary, etc., of \$37,065. The deficit of 1909, it is estimated, will exceed \$100,000,000.

Silas Hare Is Dead. Washington, Nov. 28.—Former Representative Silas Hare of Texas, a member of the cabinet, a distinguished Confederate soldier, judge and lawyer, died at his home in this city and 81 years. Judge Hare, who was popularly known here as "Old Hare," died at his home in this city and 81 years. He was a member of the Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first congresses.

TWIN CITY MARKETS. Minneapolis, Dec. 1. Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.10; No. 2 northern, \$1.08; No. 3 northern, \$1.06; No. 4 northern, \$1.04; No. 5 northern, \$1.02; No. 6 northern, \$1.00; No. 7 northern, \$0.98; No. 8 northern, \$0.96; No. 9 northern, \$0.94; No. 10 northern, \$0.92. Corn—No. 1, \$0.90; No. 2, \$0.88; No. 3, \$0.86; No. 4, \$0.84; No. 5, \$0.82; No. 6, \$0.80; No. 7, \$0.78; No. 8, \$0.76; No. 9, \$0.74; No. 10, \$0.72. Soybeans—No. 1, \$0.80; No. 2, \$0.78; No. 3, \$0.76; No. 4, \$0.74; No. 5, \$0.72; No. 6, \$0.70; No. 7, \$0.68; No. 8, \$0.66; No. 9, \$0.64; No. 10, \$0.62. Pork—No. 1, \$12.00; No. 2, \$11.80; No. 3, \$11.60; No. 4, \$11.40; No. 5, \$11.20; No. 6, \$11.00; No. 7, \$10.80; No. 8, \$10.60; No. 9, \$10.40; No. 10, \$10.20. Lard—No. 1, \$10.00; No. 2, \$9.80; No. 3, \$9.60; No. 4, \$9.40; No. 5, \$9.20; No. 6, \$9.00; No. 7, \$8.80; No. 8, \$8.60; No. 9, \$8.40; No. 10, \$8.20. Butter—No. 1, \$24.00; No. 2, \$23.80; No. 3, \$23.60; No. 4, \$23.40; No. 5, \$23.20; No. 6, \$23.00; No. 7, \$22.80; No. 8, \$22.60; No. 9, \$22.40; No. 10, \$22.20. Eggs—No. 1, \$0.20; No. 2, \$0.18; No. 3, \$0.16; No. 4, \$0.14; No. 5, \$0.12; No. 6, \$0.10; No. 7, \$0.08; No. 8, \$0.06; No. 9, \$0.04; No. 10, \$0.02. Cattle—No. 1, \$5.00; No. 2, \$4.80; No. 3, \$4.60; No. 4, \$4.40; No. 5, \$4.20; No. 6, \$4.00; No. 7, \$3.80; No. 8, \$3.60; No. 9, \$3.40; No. 10, \$3.20. Sheep—No. 1, \$3.00; No. 2, \$2.80; No. 3, \$2.60; No. 4, \$2.40; No. 5, \$2.20; No. 6, \$2.00; No. 7, \$1.80; No. 8, \$1.60; No. 9, \$1.40; No. 10, \$1.20.

DISOWNED.



But a Wise Child Knows Its Own Father.

MARYLAND IS NOW UNDER QUARANTINE

FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE IS FOUND IN LINCROBRO, CARROLL COUNTY. Government is Prompt—Exportation of cattle and sheep is forbidden—Fleet thought to be confined to one farm. Washington, Nov. 28.—The department of agriculture Friday ordered a quarantine against the entire state of Maryland, so far as cattle and sheep, are concerned, on account of the appearance of foot and mouth disease. The restrictions put upon the state in the matter of the exportation of animals afflicted with the disease are the same as those applied to Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and Michigan.

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Postal Deficit \$16,875,222. Washington, Nov. 30.—In his annual report for the fiscal year 1909, the postmaster General Meyer Sunday night gave the total receipts for the year as \$269,251,885, showing a deficit of \$16,875,222, the largest in the history of the department, with an additional loss from fire, burglary, etc., of \$37,065. The deficit of 1909, it is estimated, will exceed \$100,000,000.

Silas Hare Is Dead. Washington, Nov. 28.—Former Representative Silas Hare of Texas, a member of the cabinet, a distinguished Confederate soldier, judge and lawyer, died at his home in this city and 81 years. Judge Hare, who was popularly known here as "Old Hare," died at his home in this city and 81 years. He was a member of the Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first congresses.

TWIN CITY MARKETS. Minneapolis, Dec. 1. Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.10; No. 2 northern, \$1.08; No. 3 northern, \$1.06; No. 4 northern, \$1.04; No. 5 northern, \$1.02; No. 6 northern, \$1.00; No. 7 northern, \$0.98; No. 8 northern, \$0.96; No. 9 northern, \$0.94; No. 10 northern, \$0.92. Corn—No. 1, \$0.90; No. 2, \$0.88; No. 3, \$0.86; No. 4, \$0.84; No. 5, \$0.82; No. 6, \$0.80; No. 7, \$0.78; No. 8, \$0.76; No. 9, \$0.74; No. 10, \$0.72. Soybeans—No. 1, \$0.80; No. 2, \$0.78; No. 3, \$0.76; No. 4, \$0.74; No. 5, \$0.72; No. 6, \$0.70; No. 7, \$0.68; No. 8, \$0.66; No. 9, \$0.64; No. 10, \$0.62. Pork—No. 1, \$12.00; No. 2, \$11.80; No. 3, \$11.60; No. 4, \$11.40; No. 5, \$11.20; No. 6, \$11.00; No. 7, \$10.80; No. 8, \$10.60; No. 9, \$10.40; No. 10, \$10.20. Lard—No. 1, \$10.00; No. 2, \$9.80; No. 3, \$9.60; No. 4, \$9.40; No. 5, \$9.20; No. 6, \$9.00; No. 7, \$8.80; No. 8, \$8.60; No. 9, \$8.40; No. 10, \$8.20. Butter—No. 1, \$24.00; No. 2, \$23.80; No. 3, \$23.60; No. 4, \$23.40; No. 5, \$23.20; No. 6, \$23.00; No. 7, \$22.80; No. 8, \$22.60; No. 9, \$22.40; No. 10, \$22.20. Eggs—No. 1, \$0.20; No. 2, \$0.18; No. 3, \$0.16; No. 4, \$0.14; No. 5, \$0.12; No. 6, \$0.10; No. 7, \$0.08; No. 8, \$0.06; No. 9, \$0.04; No. 10, \$0.02. Cattle—No. 1, \$5.00; No. 2, \$4.80; No. 3, \$4.60; No. 4, \$4.40; No. 5, \$4.20; No. 6, \$4.00; No. 7, \$3.80; No. 8, \$3.60; No. 9, \$3.40; No. 10, \$3.20. Sheep—No. 1, \$3.00; No. 2, \$2.80; No. 3, \$2.60; No. 4, \$2.40; No. 5, \$2.20; No. 6, \$2.00; No. 7, \$1.80; No. 8, \$1.60; No. 9, \$1.40; No. 10, \$1.20.

MINE DEAD LIST IS AT LEAST 138

HORRIBLE RESULTS OF EXPLOSION IN COLLIERY AT MARIANNA, PA.

Second Blast Is Feared—Fifty-Six Bodies Recovered, But Work of Finding Victims Is Slow, Owing to Gases and Debris. Marianna, Pa., Nov. 30.—Fifty-six bodies, that of two of them horribly mutilated, and a number of them dismembered, were taken Sunday from the mine of the Pittsburg Buffalo coal company here, in which an explosion occurred Saturday, killing many men and casting into gloom what was still then considered the model mining town of the world. There is no doubt that the death list will reach 138 men. Officials of the company, who had stated that not over 125 men had been killed, Sunday night admitted that 133 men went down the shaft to work Saturday morning. According to miners and other familiar with the number of men generally employed in the mine, the death list will exceed the company's estimate by at least 50.

Two Were Suffocated. Two of the men taken from the mine had suffocated and their bodies were not even scratched. One of these was John W. H. Jones, a cousin of John H. Jones, president of the Pittsburg Buffalo coal company, owners of the mine, who was employed as head time-keeper. W. H. Jones was found beneath a coal-digging machine and it was apparent that the young man had crawled there in a vain effort to escape the deadly fumes. The body of the other man was found near by. The unfortunate had placed his face in a pool of water, when an explosion occurred, in a desperate attempt to fight off suffocation until rescue.

Danger of Second Explosion. Reports have been in circulation that a second and more terrific explosion is likely to occur at any moment. The company officials assert this is not true. There is considerable gas in the mine, however, and there is undoubtedly danger of a second explosion. Many relatives of the victims stood all day close to the ropes around the shaft, but there were few of the harrowing scenes usually associated with a mine explosion. Most of the relatives are English-speaking people, who bear their grief in silence. It is estimated that one-fourth of the victims are Americans. As rapidly as possible the work of rescue is being carried on. Short intervals new men are sent into the mine to relieve others searching for the dead. Owing to the dangerous nature and the mass of wreckage in the mine, the rescue work is slow and is being carried on with great precaution. Experts from Pennsylvania and West Virginia are in charge of the work of exploration and are being materially assisted by J. W. Paul and Clarence Hall of the United States experimental and testing station in Pittsburg.

KILLS BROTHER AND MOTHER. Brutal Double Murder Committed by Jersey City Man. New York, Nov. 28.—With aim so deadly that all five shots he fired took effect, William Kullbren of Jersey City, Friday night shot and killed his brother Leo and then his aged mother, Mrs. Victoria Kullbren. The tragedy took place in the apartment house of Mrs. Abraham in New York. Kullbren had come from Jersey City with a friend, Albert "Prognovny," to secure money from his brother Leo, who was in charge of the work of exploration and are being materially assisted by J. W. Paul and Clarence Hall of the United States experimental and testing station in Pittsburg.

Missouri Woman a Suicide. Nevada, Mo., Nov. 30.—Mrs. H. C. Moore, wife of Col. Moore, a leading merchant of Nevada, committed suicide Sunday night by shooting herself. Mrs. Moore threw herself into Lake Park Springs, near here, which is owned by her husband. Her health is supposed to have caused the act.

Chauffeur Burned to Death. Cleveland, O., Nov. 28.—A slight bit of flame as he ran and leaped in his tortoise, Palmer Williams, aged 28 years, negro chauffeur, was burned to death by the result of a gasoline explosion Friday night.

Many Cakes Ovens Reopen. Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 28.—More than 3,000 cake ovens in the Norfolk & Western fields, which have been closed for almost a year, resumed operation Sunday night.

SEEMED WORSE EVERY DAY.

A Dangerous Case of Kidney Complaint and How it Was Checked.

Mrs. Lucy Quebeck, Mechanic St., Hope Valley, R. I., says: "Eight years ago I contracted severe kidney trouble, and my back began to ache continually. Every day it seemed worse. The least pressure on my back tortured me, and I could not stoop without a lacerating pain. The kidney secretions passed irregularly with pain and I bled badly, my eyes. One doctor said I was before him, and another said I was before him. However, I found prompt relief when I started using Doan's Kidney Pills, and the trouble I have had gradually disappeared." Sold by all druggists. 50c a box. Post-Tribune, Chicago, N. Y.

Accurate Information. Fortune Teller—This line here shows that you will die in a year. The fates—Good heavens! In a year? "It's—yes—but in which year I can't quite tell you!"

At the Riding School. "Mount your horse on the left side." "Why? What difference does it make?" "It's the rule." "But why should it be the rule?" "Because in the past horsemen were always mounted on the right side of the horse. Hence, had they mounted on the right side, the sword would have cut in the way. So they mounted on the left, and are now mounted on the left. Hence, you are accustomed to it, and if you try to get up from the right you are liable to be kicked."

Smile's Face Value. Although most of us would hesitate to express what might be termed the face value of the "modern smile," we certainly realize at times that it is a form of currency which is depreciating in value. The "modern smile" we recognize the crude, official thing which neither illuminates, cheers nor bridges awful gaps of silence. It may brag of suggesting a ray of intellectuality to declare that we ought all to smile more, but it is certainly true that the charm of a woman's smile was once esteemed even above beauty.

Capitol Reflects Nation. Every great nation is the proud of its capitol. Every great state in the union has lavished millions of dollars in the adornment of its capitol. Every important city, whether a municipal commonwealth, should have a noble capitol, or city hall. In the chief building of a municipality is carried on the business which unites every citizen.—Troy Record.

LIVING ADVERTISEMENT. Glow of Health Speaks for Postum. It requires no scientific training to discover whether coffee disagrees or not. Simply stop it for a time and use Postum in place of it, then note the beneficial results. The truth will appear. "Six years ago I was in a very bad condition," writes a Tenn. lady, "I suffered from indigestion, nervousness and insomnia. I was then an inveterate coffee drinker, but it was long before I could be persuaded that it was coffee that had ruined my health. I decided to try Postum in place of coffee. The first morning I left off coffee I had a waking headache, and I decided I must have something to take the place of coffee. The headache was caused by the reaction of the coffee drug—caffein."

When I began to use Postum I weighed only 117 lbs. Now I weigh 170 and as I have not taken any tonic in that time I can only attribute my recovery of good health to the use of Postum in place of coffee. "My husband says I am a living advertisement for Postum. I am glad to feel the many thanks of my many friends to the Postum Co." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Well-being" in page 24 of "The Postum Cereal Cook Book." Please read the above treatise, now on sale, for full details of human interests.

CHRISTMAS CHEER

As Ever It Calls on the Housewife for Sweets, Pies, and All the Rest of the Good Things of the Holidays.



CHRISTMAS without candy would not seem like Christmas at all, especially in homes where there are children, so it is at this season of the year that the housewife who has little ones who must be supplied with sweets begins to make her plans for wholesale candy-making for, cheap as candies are to be had, and easily as they may be obtained, there are still many women who prefer to supply their households with home-made delicacies instead of buying them at the store, even though the latter may be quite as pure and wholesome.

Of course, in candy-making, as in everything else, each year brings forth new formulas, the old candies, once considered so delectable, get out of fashion, and new sweets come to take their place. Thus, for example, though fatty, fudge, caramels, chocolate creams, etc., are still as palatable as ever, the mother who would be up-to-date in her production of Christmas candies must prepare some of the newer delicacies.

In place of the time-honored "fudge," she may make the new "Divinity Fudge," a sweet that is no more expensive, that takes but little more time, but that is far more delicious. Melt a cupful of sugar in a saucepan; when melted pour it into another saucepan in which there is already a cupful of cold milk. Put this pan on the fire and cook slowly until the two are blended; then add two more cupfuls of granulated sugar, and one more cupful of cold milk, and reheat, cooking slowly until it is of proper consistency to remove from the stove. At this time add a heaping teaspoonful of butter and a cupful of finely chopped nut meats; beat the mixture with a large spoon until almost cold, then spread it over buttered pans, and line for cutting, like fudge.

For those who like cocoanut candies the following recipe for what is known as "Cocoanut Strips" is productive of an inexpensive and palatable dainty. Cook two pounds of light brown sugar with a cup of water and a tablespoonful of butter until the mixture boils. Cut the meat from a fresh cocoanut into shreds, and add it to the syrup, cooking until it threads. Whip with the egg beater until it is creamy; then spread it in buttered pans and mark in strips for cutting.

Another cheap candy, called "Nut Creams," is made by boiling three cupfuls of granulated sugar with one cupful of rich cream. When of proper consistency remove from the fire, whip briskly with the egg beater, and add one cupful of chopped nut meats. Spread over buttered tins and cut in squares.

An excellent imitation of one of the

newest of store candies may be made at little cost. These are the peanut creams and chocolates that are now in such high favor. To attain this, take one cupful of peanut butter, and after salting it slightly, shape it into the form desired. Some of these may be rolled in fondant and served plain; others may be covered with chopped nut meats; some may be dipped into melted chocolate, or they may be treated in any manner that the genuinity of the amateur candymaker may suggest. In any form, however, they are quite as delicious as the candies that are sold in stores.

A fruit and nut delicacy that cannot fail to appeal to the housewife at Christmas time is made by chopping a cup of nut meats with two cupfuls of dates, half a cupful of figs, and half a cupful of Maraschino cherries that have been drained free from liquor. When chopped, and they should not be chopped too fine, mold into the shapes desired, and dip each piece into a syrup made by boiling half a pound of sugar with half a pint of water until it will harden like candy. Slices of oranges or pineapple, and dates, figs or any kind of nuts may be coated in the same manner.

Now that maple sugar may be obtained without great difficulty, an excellent candy may be made by boiling three cupfuls with a cupful and a half of sweet milk and half a tablespoonful of butter for about ten minutes. At the expiration of this time beat with a spoon until the mixture is both creamy and thick. It may then be spread in buttered tins to cool, or, for the sake of variety, the candy may be divided into three equal portions, one to be served plain, another mixed with nuts, and the third with chopped candied cherries.

Salted nuts are now so great a favorite that no elaborate dinner would seem complete without them. As ordinarily prepared, however, the salting of nuts is quite a serious task, but if the cook desires to save time in cooking them she may attain the same result more easily by dropping them into a kettle of deep fat—lard by preference—and letting them remain from 10 to 15 minutes. When done, they must be drained thoroughly before being salted to taste, and they will be found to be just as palatable as the nuts that have been prepared by the far more laborious process.

If you are in search of a novelty, instead of salting all the nuts for the Christmas dinner, try the experiment of "brandying" some of them. To do this, soak the nuts for about 30 hours in brandy—French brandy, peach brandy or applejack will do—then cover them with a thin fondant, or merely roll them in powdered sugar. The result will be hailed with delight.

Christmas Suggestions



Suggestions for Christmas presents are always gladly received by those who prefer to make their gifts. Here are a few, many of which may be made especially for your friends, and which may be made in a variety of colors and styles. The tree is an evergreen, and may be decorated with many of the suggestions below. It may be made with any material, and may be made with any color. The suggestions are given for the purpose of suggesting ideas, and are not intended to be taken as a rule. The tree is a symbol of life, and may be made to represent the life of the family. The tree is a symbol of hope, and may be made to represent the hope of the future. The tree is a symbol of love, and may be made to represent the love of the family. The tree is a symbol of peace, and may be made to represent the peace of the world. The tree is a symbol of joy, and may be made to represent the joy of the holidays.

READJUSTMENT NOTES

THE ISSUE OF REAPPORTMENT ALREADY ALIVE.

The White Bill of Last Session Will Probably Be Used As a Basis For the Work.

Legislative—Readjustment of the legislative districts is a problem already engaging the attention of a number of the members of the new legislature. The work of reapportionment was taken up last year, but by common consent was put over to the present session, and it is taken for granted that something will be done to relieve the present unequal condition of affairs. There has been no change in the state since 1887. Congress made a new apportionment of the house as a matter of course every ten years, after each federal census.

The reapportionment bills did not enter into the contest for speakership. The new speaker of the house, A. J. Rochin, hails from a district that is bound to lose by the change and in opposition to the measure is looked for from his section of the state. It is understood that Mr. Rochin will not take a sectional stand, however, and that he will reappoint Frank T. White of Big River as chairman of the reapportionment committee drafted, and introduced a bill last time, and made his campaign for re-election in the big fourth district, with the argument that it should be returned for the purpose of insuring a square deal for northern Minnesota.

The White bill of last session, H. F. 1082, was drawn with special intention to give every county at least one representative, as far as possible. It called for the same number of seats as the present, sixty-three, but increased the house membership by ten, bringing it up to 73. The bill was not carefully considered or revised, but it is in order to form the groundwork for the committee to begin on this winter.

Reapportionment and Fillmore counties, each one representative. Vilas county, two representatives. Cass and Otter, each one representative. Hennepin—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Tenth—Horn and Watwan, each one representative. Eleventh—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Twelfth—Rock and Pipestone, each one representative. Thirteenth—Hennepin county, two representatives. Fourteenth—Redwood, one representative. Fifteenth—Riley and Scott, each one representative. Sixteenth—Lincoln and Nicollet, each one representative. Seventeenth—Litch, two representatives. Eighteenth—Goodhue, two representatives. Nineteenth—Dakota, two representatives. Twentieth—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Twenty-first—Hennepin, two representatives. Twenty-second—Yellow Medicine and Lac qui Parle, each one representative. Twenty-third—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Twenty-fourth—Kandiyohi, one representative. Twenty-fifth—Murray, one representative. Twenty-sixth—Wright, two representatives. Twenty-seventh—St. Paul, sixth ward and part of first, two representatives. Twenty-eighth—St. Paul, seventh ward and part of first, two representatives. Twenty-ninth—St. Paul, fourth and sixth wards, two representatives. Thirtieth—St. Paul, seventh ward and part of first, two representatives. Thirty-first—St. Paul, fifth ward and part of first, two representatives. Thirty-second—St. Paul, part of eighth ward and country district of Ramsey county, two representatives. Thirty-third—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Thirty-fourth—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Thirty-fifth—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Thirty-sixth—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Thirty-seventh—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Thirty-eighth—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Thirty-ninth—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Fortieth—Murray and Nobles, each one representative. Forty-first—Hennepin county outside of Minneapolis, two representatives. Forty-second—Washington county, two representatives. Forty-third—Lake and Benton and Sherman, each one representative. Forty-fourth—Dakota, two representatives. Forty-fifth—Douglas and Pope, each one representative. Forty-sixth—Traverse, Wilda and Blaine, each one representative. Forty-seventh—Tall, three representatives. Forty-eighth—Ford and Wadena, each one representative. Forty-ninth—Crow Wing and Morrison, each one representative. Fiftieth—Atkin, Kanabec and Carlton, each one representative. Fifty-first—Itasca, Kandiyohi and Ramsey, each one representative. Fifty-second—St. Louis county, two representatives. Fifty-third—St. Louis county, seventh and eighth wards and southwestern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Fifty-fourth—St. Louis county, ninth, tenth and eleventh wards and northwestern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Fifty-fifth—St. Louis county, twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Fifty-sixth—St. Louis county, fifteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth wards and northwestern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Fifty-seventh—St. Louis county, eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Fifty-eighth—St. Louis county, twenty-first, twenty-second and twenty-third wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Fifty-ninth—St. Louis county, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixtieth—St. Louis county, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-first—St. Louis county, thirtieth, thirty-first and thirty-second wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-second—St. Louis county, thirty-third, thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-third—St. Louis county, thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-fourth—St. Louis county, thirty-ninth, fortieth and forty-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-fifth—St. Louis county, forty-second, forty-third and forty-fourth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-sixth—St. Louis county, forty-fifth, forty-sixth and forty-seventh wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-seventh—St. Louis county, forty-eighth, forty-ninth and fiftieth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-eighth—St. Louis county, fifty-first, fifty-second and fifty-third wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Sixty-ninth—St. Louis county, fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventieth—St. Louis county, fifty-seventh, fifty-eighth and fifty-ninth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-first—St. Louis county, sixtieth, sixty-first and sixty-second wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-second—St. Louis county, sixty-third, sixty-fourth and sixty-fifth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-third—St. Louis county, sixty-sixth, sixty-seventh and sixty-eighth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-fourth—St. Louis county, sixty-ninth, seventieth and seventy-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-fifth—St. Louis county, seventy-second, seventy-third and seventy-fourth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-sixth—St. Louis county, seventy-fifth, seventy-sixth and seventy-seventh wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-seventh—St. Louis county, seventy-eighth, seventy-ninth and eightieth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-eighth—St. Louis county, eighty-first, eighty-second and eighty-third wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Seventy-ninth—St. Louis county, eighty-fourth, eighty-fifth and eighty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eightieth—St. Louis county, eighty-seventh, eighty-eighth and eighty-ninth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-first—St. Louis county, ninetyth, ninety-first and ninety-second wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-second—St. Louis county, ninety-third, ninety-fourth and ninety-fifth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-third—St. Louis county, ninety-sixth, ninety-seventh and ninety-eighth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-fourth—St. Louis county, ninety-ninth, one hundredth and one hundred first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-fifth—St. Louis county, one hundred second, one hundred third and one hundred fourth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-sixth—St. Louis county, one hundred fifth, one hundred sixth and one hundred seventh wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-seventh—St. Louis county, one hundred eighth, one hundred ninth and one hundred tenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-eighth—St. Louis county, one hundred eleventh, one hundred twelfth and one hundred thirteenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Eighty-ninth—St. Louis county, one hundred fourteenth, one hundred fifteenth and one hundred sixteenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. Ninetieth—St. Louis county, one hundred seventeenth, one hundred eighteenth and one hundred nineteenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundredth—St. Louis county, one hundred twentieth, one hundred twenty-first and one hundred twenty-second wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred first—St. Louis county, one hundred twenty-third, one hundred twenty-fourth and one hundred twenty-fifth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred second—St. Louis county, one hundred twenty-sixth, one hundred twenty-seventh and one hundred twenty-eighth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred third—St. Louis county, one hundred twenty-ninth, one hundred thirtieth and one hundred thirty-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred fourth—St. Louis county, one hundred thirty-second, one hundred thirty-third and one hundred thirty-fourth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred fifth—St. Louis county, one hundred thirty-fifth, one hundred thirty-sixth and one hundred thirty-seventh wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred sixth—St. Louis county, one hundred thirty-eighth, one hundred thirty-ninth and one hundred fortieth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred seventh—St. Louis county, one hundred forty-first, one hundred forty-second and one hundred forty-third wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred eighth—St. Louis county, one hundred forty-fourth, one hundred forty-fifth and one hundred forty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred ninth—St. Louis county, one hundred forty-seventh, one hundred forty-eighth and one hundred forty-ninth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred tenth—St. Louis county, one hundred fiftieth, one hundred fifty-first and one hundred fifty-second wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred eleventh—St. Louis county, one hundred fifty-third, one hundred fifty-fourth and one hundred fifty-fifth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twelfth—St. Louis county, one hundred fifty-sixth, one hundred fifty-seventh and one hundred fifty-eighth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred thirteenth—St. Louis county, one hundred sixty-first, one hundred sixty-second and one hundred sixty-third wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred fourteenth—St. Louis county, one hundred sixty-fourth, one hundred sixty-fifth and one hundred sixty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred fifteenth—St. Louis county, one hundred sixty-ninth, one hundred seventieth and one hundred seventy-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred sixteenth—St. Louis county, one hundred seventy-fourth, one hundred seventy-fifth and one hundred seventy-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred seventeenth—St. Louis county, one hundred seventy-ninth, one hundred eightieth and one hundred eighty-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred eighteenth—St. Louis county, one hundred eighty-fourth, one hundred eighty-fifth and one hundred eighty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred nineteenth—St. Louis county, one hundred eighty-ninth, one hundred ninetieth and one hundred ninety-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twentieth—St. Louis county, one hundred ninety-fourth, one hundred ninety-fifth and one hundred ninety-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-first—St. Louis county, one hundred ninety-ninth, two hundredth and two hundred first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-second—St. Louis county, two hundred second, two hundred third and two hundred fourth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-third—St. Louis county, two hundred fifth, two hundred sixth and two hundred seventh wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-fourth—St. Louis county, two hundred eighth, two hundred ninth and two hundred tenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-fifth—St. Louis county, two hundred eleventh, two hundred twelfth and two hundred thirteenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-sixth—St. Louis county, two hundred fourteenth, two hundred fifteenth and two hundred sixteenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-seventh—St. Louis county, two hundred seventeenth, two hundred eighteenth and two hundred nineteenth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-eighth—St. Louis county, two hundred twentieth, two hundred twenty-first and two hundred twenty-second wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred twenty-ninth—St. Louis county, two hundred twenty-third, two hundred twenty-fourth and two hundred twenty-fifth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred thirtieth—St. Louis county, two hundred twenty-sixth, two hundred twenty-seventh and two hundred twenty-eighth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred thirty-first—St. Louis county, two hundred twenty-ninth, two hundred thirtieth and two hundred thirty-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred thirty-second—St. Louis county, two hundred thirty-fourth, two hundred thirty-fifth and two hundred thirty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred thirty-third—St. Louis county, two hundred thirty-ninth, two hundred fortieth and two hundred forty-first wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. One hundred thirty-fourth—St. Louis county, two hundred forty-fourth, two hundred forty-fifth and two hundred forty-sixth wards and southeastern part of St. Louis county, two representatives. 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Plan of White Bill.

The White bill, as now drawn, goes too far in cutting down the first and third districts. Its plan would give the district membership in the two houses as follows:

Table with 2 columns: District and Representative. Lists representatives for various districts across the state,

News of the Week.

Chips Picked Up Around Town and Vicinity

Mrs. Ignaz Chmelik is quite ill at her home about a mile and a half north of town.

Jos. Chalupsky and Jos. Sebasta of Beroun, were county seat visitors Tuesday evening.

Editor C. W. Colby, of the Pine County Courier, of Sandstone, was a county seat visitor on Tuesday afternoon.

F. J. Ha'lin, the eyesight specialist will be at Agnes Hotel Dec. 12th and remain until the 4 o'clock train. Come and have your glasses fitted.

The county commissioners held the last meeting of the year the first of the week. A synopsis of their doings will be found in another column.

Monday afternoon the fine warm weather we had for a few days, took cold, and Tuesday morning the thermometer stood four degrees below zero, and during the day it did not warm up very much.

The annual meeting of the Pine County Sunday School Association will be held at Sandstone Dec. 8 and 9. A good program is prepared, free entertainment provided and a good time expected.

Don't forget that the ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold their annual fair in the church parlors next Thursday and Friday, Dec. 10 and 11. Supper will be served on the evening of the 11th.

J. Y. Breekenridge Jr. of Hinckley, came down and spent Monday with his mother and friends. He returned home on the limited the same afternoon. During his stay in the county seat his father had charge of the Hinckley drug store.

Miss Ada Cox, who is matron at the orphan's home in Duluth, stopped off here to spend the time between trains with relatives and friends yesterday afternoon while enroute from St. Paul, where she has been visiting for a few days.

Schuyler Kilgore and wife, who have been in North Dakota for the past couple of months, returned to their home in this place one week ago last Wednesday. Schuyler says that North Dakota is all right, but that Pine county is good enough for him.

Pine City public schools will present the Cantata "Kris Kringle" at Stekl's hall, Thursday evening, Dec. 17th, at 8 o'clock. Over one hundred of the children of the grades will take part. Reserved seats, on sale at the drug store 35 cents, seats not reserved, at the door, adults 25 cents, children 15 cents.

Mrs. E. W. Barnum while skating on Cross lake near the residence of J. D. Boyle, fell backward and struck the back of her head on the ice, and the teeth of the back comb she was wearing penetrated the scalp, causing it to bleed profusely. She was taken to the residence of J. D. Boyle and Dr. Froelich called. He reported that it was nothing serious and after dressing the wounds, she was taken to her home.

At a meeting of Pokegama Lodge, No. 77, Knights of Pythias, held Wednesday evening in K. of P. hall, the following officers were elected for the coming year: Dr. K. W. Knapp, Chancellor; Commander, E. H. Dosey, Vice Chancellor; Douglas Greeley, Master of the Work; Dr. H. W. Froelich, Prelate; W. J. Gottry, Keeper of Records and Seals; F. E. Smith, Master of Exchequer; Root Wilcox, Master of Finance; F. M. Smith, Master at Arms; Peter Olesen, Inner Guard; H. W. Harte, Outer Guard; Jas. H. Wandel was re-elected Trustee for a period of 3 years.

Quite a number of the citizens of Rock Creek were in attendance at Judge A'kinson's court Friday afternoon, either as witnesses or spectators, in the case of the State vs. A. M. Challen. The complaining witness was Theo. Gill, N. P. station agent at Rock Creek, and the defendant A. M. Challen, one of Rock Creek's merchants. The trial was by jury, L. H. McKusick and Ottoar Sobotka, of this place, were attorneys for the defendant, and County Attorney S. C. Scott, of Sandstone, J. J. Mullen, of Hinckley and S. G. L. Roberts, of this place, were attorneys for the state. The case went to the jury at about 8 o'clock, and after being out but a short time they returned a verdict of not guilty.

Mrs. Brown and daughter, of Minneapolis, visited over Sunday at the Barnum home.

Ed. St. John, the Stillwater lumberman, was a Pine City visitor the latter part of last week. Ed. is always a welcome visitor in this place.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold their annual sale of fancy goods at the McAllen building two doors north of the court house, on December 10 and 11.

Friday noon Sheriff Hawley took Wm. Olson, a young man who lives in the town of Kerrick to the reformatory at St. Cloud, he having pleaded guilty to the charge of grand larceny in the second degree.

B. F. Davis Post, No. 137, Grand Army of the Republic, will elect their officers for the ensuing year, this (Friday) afternoon. The Ladies of Emily J. Stone Circle will furnish dinner on that day to the old veterans, in Grand Army hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Pofel, of Cloquet, Mrs. Micko and Miss Agnes Pofel, of St. Paul arrived in this place of Tuesday to attend the funeral of Louie Pofel, which took place at St. Mary's catholic church, Wednesday morning at 9:30.

Prof. C. N. Melon, wife and child, of Minneapolis, came up the latter part of last week and spent Sunday, the guest of Harrison Taylor and wife on their farm, two miles south of this place. Mr. Melon is professor of Spanish and French at the State U.

Hiram Brackett departed Tuesday afternoon for Jas. E. McGrath's depot camp, west of Willow River. Hiram took up three of McGrath's horses with him. Before leaving for the tall uncut timber he called and will receive The Pioneer every week during the winter.

Emily J. Stone Circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., held a meeting in Grand Army hall Tuesday afternoon, at which time the following were elected officers for the ensuing year:

Mrs. Nellie Axtell, President.
Lucinda Sherwood, Senior Vice President.
Louisa Wilcox, Junior Vice.
Nettie Miller, Treasurer.
Miss Susan Shearer, Conductress.
Mrs. Dora H. Wiley, Guard.
Albina M. Nesser, Chaplain.
Carrie Hurley, Organist.
Assistant Conductress, Assistant Guard and Secretary are to be appointed.

(Died—In this place on Monday morning Nov. 30th 1908, at 5 o'clock Louis Pofel, the 19 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Pofel. 'Louie', as he was familiarly called, had been subject to epileptic fits for the past 13 years. He had two bad spells on Friday but Saturday and Sunday he felt better, but complained of a pain in his chest. Sunday night at about 10 o'clock he was taken very ill, and although medical aid was immediately summoned, he passed peacefully away at the above mentioned time. The funeral was held from St. Mary's Catholic church, Wednesday morning at 9:30. Rev. Fr. Rieger, of Hinckley, officiating. The pall bearers were Wm. Lahodny, Theo. Buselmeyer Jr., Fred Heywood, Anton Klocker, David McLaughlin and Orin Henderson. The floral offerings were beautiful. The Pioneer extends its sympathy to the bereaved ones.

H. J. Rath, secretary of the Pine City Farmers' Co-operative Store, went to Duluth on Tuesday to see about a market for the produce the farmers will have to sell in a short time. Henry informs us that the store will open up in considerable less time than was supposed when we went to press last week. He says that the farmers are taking hold of the project with a right good will, and that the store is an assured success if the farmers continue to take as much interest in it as they have since it became known that such a store was to be started. The only way to make a success of anything of a co-operative nature is for all to pull together. If this is done in this undertaking there is no reason why the capital stock should not be increased to \$50,000 instead of \$15,000. The management is in good hands—men who can be trusted to the fullest extent and men who will manage the affairs of the company as if they were their own. We bespeak for the new enterprise a long and prosperous career.

Come early for your Christmas Photos, sit now, so we can have time to get them out. A full line of A. M. Galt's full styles in card mounts and folders can be seen at the studio. Pick those you like. The very latest.

Pool's Photo Studio.
The undersigned has a number of acres of land to clear, grub and get ready for the breaking plow. The land is but a short distance from Pine City. Any one wishing to take the contract for all, or a part of the piece to be cleared, should call on or address, Fred Zastrow, Pine City, Minn., R. F. D. No. 3.

25 VOTES

For every \$1.00 worth of goods bought of us for cash we give you free a coupon entitling you to cast 25 votes for any person you wish, in the great Piano Contest conducted by the "Pine Poker." Buy your goods of us, and help your friends.]

Smith Hardware Co.



W. E. POOLE ARTIST

For the very latest in posing and lighting, go to Poole's Photo Studio for Artistic Photography. Child studies a specialty.

OUR MOTTO:
"Quality, Not Quantity."

Popular Specials.

BREEDING STOCK FOR SALE.
Eight pure bred Yorkshire boars at \$12.00 each. Seven pure bred Yorkshire sows at \$15.00 each. Sows kept until January, and bred to farrow in April. Boars to be shipped this month. This is an opportunity to get pure bred stock at 30 per cent less than such are generally sold at. Order at once.

J. McGuire,
Supt. State Farm,
Grand Rapids, Minn.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A nearly new piano, Inquire of H. W. Harte.

Dr. stove wood—All kinds for sale by the Pine City Ice and Fuel Co.

FOR SALE CHEAP—COAL STOVE Medium size, self-feeder, hard coal burner. Inquire at this office.

NOTICE all the new and appropriate goods daily arriving at the Drug Store.

FOR SALE—120 acres in town of Pokegama, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Beroun. 30 acres under cultivation, fair buildings, good tame pasture, balance all green timber, if taken at once will sell for \$3,200. Inquire of John J. Tinks, Beroun, Minn.

GREAT MUSIC OFFER—Send us the names of three or more performers on the Piano or Organ and twenty-five cents in silver or postage and we will mail you postpaid our latest Popular Music Roll containing 20 pages full sheet music, consisting of popular songs, Marches and Waltzes arranged for the Piano or Organ including Rud. Knauer's famous "Flight of the Butterflies," "March Manila" and the latest popular song, "The Girl I've Seen." Popular Music Publishing Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—SUCCESS MAGAZINE requires the services of a man in Pine City to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods unusually effective; position permanent, prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications, salary \$1.50 per day, with commission option. Address with references, R. C. Peacock, Room 102, Success Magazine Bldg., New York.

Bank Talks No. 10

By the Pine City State Bank,
Pine City, Minnesota.

System in Business.

Accuracy in business transactions insures success. With the assistance of this bank's clerical force, you are given every means to keep your financial matters with exactness.

For instance, a bank account will give you a systematic record of all transactions—an account of all receipts and expenditures.

By a close connection with this bank, you learn methods of accuracy which will be a great help in money matters.

We'll be glad to furnish you our services and co-operation for your business. Call at the bank for further explanation.

PINE CITY STATE BANK

D. GREELEY, Cashier

Did that Cool Night

Make you think about an Overcoat?
WHY NOT COME IN AND LET US LAY ONE ASIDE FOR YOU.

Anyway, let us show you what are the proper styles to choose from. It is well to be prepared. We have been looking out for your interest—that's our business. We have overcoats that are strong for wear, and you will wonder how we can give hand-tailored shoulders and coats so well made at the low price we do.

THE SUITS WE SOLD HAVE DONE THEIR OWN TALKING.

Above Goods

Sold by

Jelinek Clothier

and Tailor.
PINE CITY, MINN.



....Capes and Winter Goods....

Call up

Number 37

For your rush orders
Goods Promptly
and Cheerfully delivered
by our new delivery system

F. A. WILEY,

MAIN STREET, PINE CITY, MINN.

I Have Just Received a Fine Line of
HORSE BLANKETS
The Best in the State.

Suit-cases \$1.25 and up. Trunks \$2.50 and up
A full line of Hand made Harness Always on Hand.

V. A. BELE,

GEORGE V. E. GRAY,

Agency for
Phoenix Laundry,
Minneapolis.

Leave your orders at the Pine County Pioneer office, and I will call for and deliver the goods.



The Medium Length OVERCOAT

was made by Brandegee, Kincaid & Co., especially for men who want clothes that are fashionable without being extreme.

Like all our

MODERN CLOTHES

This overcoat has a grace of cut and design that marks the wearer immediately as a man of discerning taste.

The materials and the workmanship are the best obtainable.

Apples - Apples APPLES!

Only \$3.50 per Bbl.
You'd better get one before they raise, as they are getting higher every week.

Coffee

You will want something warm to drink these cold mornings, with your breakfast. Why not try a can of Bengal Brand Coffee. It has the flavor, and makes a good drink these cold days. Per pound, 25c

Cheese

Do you like Cheese? If so we have what you want. Fancy Swiss, Brick, and Full Cream, of the very best Quality.

Apricots

Bright, meaty goods. Next week, per pound, 12c

Pears

1908 crop and good. Clean stock. For next week, per pound, 12c

DRIED APPLES—Nice, clean, bright stock, for next week, 2 pounds for 25c

Get The Habit!

Trade at
THE BIG STORE.

PINE CITY MERCANTILE COMPANY

DR. FURNIVALL'S SOLUTION OF THE COLTER "CABIN" MYSTERY

By DR. GEORGE F. BUTLER and HERBERT ILSLEY

Insane Hospital Houses Lad While Unjustly Accused Are Released from Jail on Findings of Great Detective.



This woman says that sick women should not fail to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she did.

Mrs. A. Gregory, of 2355 Lawrence St., Denver, Col., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was practically an invalid for six years, on account of female troubles. I underwent an operation by the doctor's advice, but in a few months I was worse than before. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to perfect health, such as I have not enjoyed in many years. Any woman suffering as I did with headache, bearing-down pains, and periodic pains, should not fail to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backaches, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration.

Why don't you try it? Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.



If You Work Outdoors

Any cold you contract should be cured without delay, and driven entirely out of the system—unless you wish to invite an attack of Pleurisy or Pneumonia.

Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant

is known as the most successful preparation ever discovered for Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Lungs or Chest, Pleurisy, Asthma and diseases of similar nature. This famous remedy has been dispensed for over 75 years, and is sold by all druggists, in three size bottles, \$1.00, 50c and 25c.

Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Remedy is a splendid building-up medicine for persons weakened by Coughs or Colds.

JUST DOUBLE

320 ACRES INSTEAD OF 160 ACRES

FARMS WESTERN CANADA FREE

As further inducement to settlement of the wheat-raising lands of Western Canada, the Dominion Government has increased the area of the homestead to 320 acres—160 free and 160 to be purchased at \$3.00 per acre. These lands are in the grain-raising area, where mixed farming is also carried on with successful success. A railway will shortly be built to Hudson Bay, bringing the world's markets a thousand miles nearer these wheat-fields, where schools and churches are convenient, climate excellent, railways close to all settlements, and local markets good.

RAW FURS AND SKINS

wanted. Ship to New York where highest prices can always be obtained. We pay express charges and guarantee satisfactory and prompt settlement. Write for particulars to AMERICAN RAW FUR CO., 33 E. 10th St., New York.

Wonderful Invention

AGENTS WANTED

For medicinal purposes in all climates, converts venereal ulcers, gonorrhea, syphilis, chancre, and all other venereal diseases into harmless, painless, and easily cured. Write for particulars to W. G. WATSON, 200 N. 10th St., New York City.

PATENTS Watson E. Colburn, Wash. D. C.

WATER'S PATENT

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VERY short, stout, sailor-appearing man, clean-shaven and wearing a titleless slop-suit of blue with a rusty stovepipe hat on his head and a canvas bag in his hand, came rolling up the street, and after looking hesitatingly at the numerous lodgishouse signs in the windows of the neighborhood, started briskly, hat in hand, and pressed the steps of No. 112 and pressed the button.

"Mum," he said to the elderly woman who opened the door, "I see by these here notices that you hev rooms to let, and as that's what I'm arter I kinder callated I'd gin ye a call. How much be they?"

He abstracted a huge roll of bills from his trousers pocket and thrust them blingingly into her hand.

"Do what ye can on me on thet," he continued. "Count it out and see what's in it." 'Twas 300 when I skinned her over, and I callated 'twould do. Stove the dirty-box under the berth and long 'bout eight bells I'll diff back and kinder tidy things up a bit for night. Good-day, mum!"

He gave his hat an awkward pull and saddled off hurriedly, leaving the lodgishouse mistress red in the face and staggered breath with the surprise of her life.

"Save us there's wan man for yonsel!" she gasped, following him with amazed eyes as he stomped down the street on his short legs, the huge trousers flopping in the wind, the rusty hat pulled down to his ears and the coatseater's dangling to even an inch of the tips of his stubby fingers.

At noon the queer lodger returned, pocketed his key and was shown to his quarters. Panning on the threshold he turned to Mrs. Tall, the fish of his face peaked like hard putty, as immobile as a board, his unwinning eyes staring into her own.

"Mum," he said in voice like a foghorn, "my name 's Colter, Cap'n Joshua S. Colter. This here is my cabin. D'ye see? 'Tis mine for one twelvemonth. Ould that's the way I callate I'm the size myself to load 'em clean to the skylight, and I don't never 'low to hev no petticoats fustling up any vessel o' mine. I'll wash the decks and trim sails myself, and now ye can go below and stay there. Show your fingerboard on my companion-again without orders, and I'll show ye plumb overhead through the port-hole."

At 11 o'clock the next morning when she heard him bulkily descending the stairs, she stood in the back-parlor doorway to observe him, but had the doughty captain chanced to look that way he could have seen nothing but the tip of an inquisitive nose and the toe of a large boot. It was the same on the second and third mornings, but on the fourth the captain did not appear at 11 o'clock as usual. She felt some uneasiness over this fact, which grew greater when the next day also he remained invisible. For more than 48 hours not a sound had issued from his room. She waited until the next noon, and then, still remaining as quiet as the houses of the dead, she ventured up to the head of the stairs and stood a moment gazing steadfastly at the closed door of the mysterious "cabin."

Always at this state of reflection, with persons of An Tall's grade of mind and experience, the police begin to figure. And within ten minutes afterwards she was standing on the stairs pointing out to an inspector and a plain-clothes man the door behind which lurked some dark secret, she was sure.

"Looks to me as if he had run," said the inspector. "How much was he to you, Mrs. Tall?"

"Not was cink. I know me business. 'Tis in advance I always do be getting from strange wans."

"Well, I don't see as there's anything for us here," remarked the inspector taking a last look before he entered the room and kept the key till his time is out, or till he comes back. But if anything more turns up let us know at the station." Then he went away with his man.

At eight o'clock a young lithographer, who with his brother, a house-painter, occupied the room directly over the captain's, came jumping down the stairs and tearing the kitchen door open rushed upon Mrs. Tall, and putting his hands on her shoulders began to sob, crying brokenly:

"Oh, I am sorry, I am sorry! It was Jim and me that done it. I told him we'd be bound out, and now it's come. What shall we do? Can't you help us, Mrs. Tall and say nothing? Then it will be all right, for nobody

will ever know the difference. He had no friends to come asking for him."

"That's sike alive, what's all this?" "The—the cabin!" he stammered. "We was playin' cards—in his room—me and Jim. He said Jim rigged on the purpose, and Jim hit him."

"Was he looking list, whin Jim struck?" she asked, cynically.

"We didn't think at first he was around," he replied, whimsily. "But he didn't get up, and when we went to lift him we saw he was gone and—"

"Stop!"

She put out one of her great raw.

him. Physically he was a good duplicate of his brother, of slight build, fair-complexioned, with a face of average intelligence now distorted with fear. He looked at the speaker stammeringly and as the last words of the confession left his lips and he became silent, said to his brother: "For God's sake, Britt, what have you been saying?"

"I couldn't help it, Jim," answered Britt, miserably. "I was goin' crazy, and had to let it out. Something forced me to, I don't know what. I had to speak. But I thought should hide us. I didn't suppose she'd no

man of 60, with shrewd black and snappy eyes, evidently a farmer in his Sunday clothes, called on Dr. Furnivall.

"Wal," he said, his eyes scorching the floor as if for words, "my name is Alfred Greely, and I live in Winchester. I've got two boys in this here city, and one on 'em says they—they killed a man, and 'other says they didn't. It don't look no ways reasonable to me that either on 'em could do such a thing, they hev been a good bringin' up by their mother, but they've ben away from home a purty considerable time now, and p'aps they got inter

"Not as ever I heard on," he answered.

The bars of the corridor loomed invariably between them, but the old man advanced, strengthened perhaps by a thought of the gray old mother and wife at home, and stoutly thrusting his arm in the other, between the cold iron rods wrung his boy's hand.

"You needn't open the door, O'Leary," said Dr. Furnivall to the man here and remember what passes, Britt, if that is your name, come forward where we can see you. There! Now tell us when you first saw Capt. Colter?"

"I saw him Tuesday night, the first time—and then again Friday night. That was when we done it."

"How did your brother come to strike him?"

From the moment when his eyes first became settled in those of Dr. Furnivall the expression of his face began to change—from self-consciousness to nervousness, to perplexity, to surprise, to excitement, and finally, as he interrupted himself to ask the question, to deep and absorbed thought. And almost instantly he continued, in the ineloquent tones of a long-dead man:



Oh, I'm sorry, I am sorry! It was Jim and me that done it.

boneoed powerful hands and forced him into a chair. Then she noiselessly closed the kitchen door and returning stood ponderous and threatening before him.

"What at all d'yees mane by 'gone'?" she asked in a voice that frightened him with its strength of repressed ferocity.

"I mean he—he was—dead!" he stammered, his face as white as chalk.

"What did yeer do wid—him?" Her body was trembling now, her voice broke huskily, and the black eyes blazed.

"We took him down stairs—and—over to the—the river—"

"With firstest lips and without a word she threw a shawl over her head and marched the self-confessed criminal to the police station. There tall, but essentially as he had given it is her. As he was finishing Jim was brought in by the two office men who had been hastily dispatched for

back on us this way and get us into trouble."

"The brother turned frantically to the deskman.

"We didn't do it!" he shouted at the top of his voice. "It is all a lie. I never saw the man in my life. I don't believe Britt ever did either. We never was in his room. We didn't know he was missing until tonight when we came home. They told us on the street, and he was as much surprised as I was."

Britt shook his head sorrowfully with a faint smile.

His brother seized at him in terror, his face as white as a sheet. His lips began to twitch, his hands opened and shut spasmodically, his body trembled violently, his knees bent suddenly and he fell to the floor in a dead faint.

"Epilepsy!" said the deskman. "That settles it. He's an epileptic, with homicidal tendencies, very likely just the kind to do a job like this one! The next day a small, dark, nervous

bad company. I dunno. They was allers goods boys to home. Anyways, mother has sent me here to kinder look out for 'em, and find out the truth of what they done, and sign by 'em whatever it was." He paused, lifting his head with a shade of starchy repressed shame in his eyes. "The world is wicked," he went on, with an effort, "and I dunno. None of us ain't perfect. P'aps they was led wrong by somebody. P'aps they was wrong themselves. But I got to do what I can. I reckon I'll cost a master sight of money—but there's the farm, with auntin' like four thousand, and there's a little in the bank—"

"It is the case of Capt. Colter, isn't it?" affirmed rather than asked Dr. Furnivall, eyes the visitor, interestedly through his colored spectacles.

"Yes, sir."

"Was there ever a case of epilepsy in the family, that you know of—back to, say, your grandparents or great-grandparents?"

"I never saw Cap'n Colter in my life!"

The father uttered an exclamation of eagerness mingled with amazement, but Dr. Furnivall motioned for silence.

"Tell me," he said to the prisoner, "why you said you and your brother had done this thing?"

"I don't know."

"Did you ever do violence to any body, you or your brother either?"

"No sir—we never hurt anybody."

"You like to read about people being hurt, in the accident columns, and in stories, don't you?"

"I read all I can get about them."

"Do you ever feel queer in the head—depressed or confused, or as if you wanted to get away from yourself?"

"I'm whirly-headed often, and I can't think sometimes. My head aches a good deal, so out in the night and run it on."

"That's all. Come, Mr. Greely, we'll have them out of here sooner or later. There's a large ball of red tape to unwind and we'll begin at once."

"But," faltered the bewildered old man, his mind torn by a relief and puzzlement, "if they ever done nothing of the kind how in natur—how—what did he say so for?"

Dr. Furnivall did not wish just yet to inform this loyal old father that his son was afflicted with insane erudition tendencies, of a class to which self-inculpative confessions, wholly false, are so common that Quinquina held a suspicion of insanity to be inherent in all confessions. He wished to see the boy again and decide what would best be done with him. He had suspected from the first that this brother and not the other was the afflicted one, if either of them were, the fit of Jim in the police station being merely a natural fit induced by the horror of his position.

Two nights later An Tall was startled out of her sleep in the back parlor by a sound in the room overhead, the cabin of mystery. Her feet struck the floor with the suddenness of thought, and goaded by the multitudinous superstitions honestly inherited from generations of wild-headed ancestry, she plunged into her clothes and flew around the corner to the police station. Two officers heard her news and hastily accompanied her back. They crept softly up the stairs, the door of the "cabin" was wide open and the captain stood shoving before the mirror.

The captain looked at the policemen. He showed no surprise. On the contrary he began to address them at once as if he had been expecting this news, explaining in short, vigorous and forcible phrases that his daughter wished him to live on the farm with her and her husband, while he wished to continue going to sea a little longer. A compromise had been effected by his taking this room near the water where he could get a sight of it when he wished, and before he left the stairs, and nevertheless might be whisked in a half hour by train to his daughter in the country. That was where he had just been.

The next morning Dr. Furnivall called on the captain and accompanied him to the district attorney's office. The result was that before night the Greely boys were released. Britt, however, only exchanged the jail for an insane hospital, where he remains to-day.

(Copyright, 1915, by G. Chapman.)

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