

The Pine County Pioneer.

ED. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM

VOL. XXVIII

NO. 48

PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA NOVEMBER 14, 1913.

F. A. Housen, President. F. W. McAllister, Vice-Pres. JAMES D. BOYER, Cashier.
FIRST STATE BANK PINE COUNTY
(INCORPORATED)

Commercial Banking in all its Branches

Insurance written in Reliable Companies.

Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper than express or postoffice money orders.

Drafts on Europe sold. Land Bought and sold.

Taxes Paid for Non-Residents.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

Headquarters For Juicy Steaks, Choice Roasts

And Everything Kept in a

FIRST CLASS MEAT MARKET.

We Want Your Poultry, Live or
Dressed Meats and Hides.

WILEY & KILGORE

H. W. HARTE, Pres. F. H. DUXBURY, Secy. - Tres.

Clover Belt Land Co.

We Buy and Sell Improved

Farms and Wild Lands.

If you Want to Buy See Us.

If You Want to Sell See Us.

Your Attention, Please!

Do you want to get a Rocker, ?
Hall Rack or Writing Desk FREE ?

Then ask for a coupon with each 10c purchase and save them. The more coupons you have the better chance you have of winning. The premiums are on display in our show window. Call in; examine them. Let us explain our plan



When you are in need of a Pan, Kettle, or anything else in Enamelware, be sure and look over the LEADER line. We have the finest line of Single-coated Gray Ware and Triple-coated Blue Ware in the city. Prices are right. Every piece guaranteed

Did You Know that the price of brooms has been and still is steadily advancing on account of the scarcity of broom corn? If your old broom is almost worn out, better get a NEW ONE NOW. We are selling a first grade, 4-sewed broom, like cut, equal to any 35c broom on the market. Our price while they last **25c**



LADIES, we have some very pretty dishes to show you. Better DROP IN when next you are up town, and look over our line of Plain and Fancy China. You will be delighted with our quality and prices.



POULTRY SHOW IN PINE CITY

The Pine County Poultry Association met at Hinckley last Saturday. There was a large and enthusiastic gathering of poultrymen present, and all took a keen interest in the meeting. Every one present seemed deeply interested in the poultry show that will be held sometime during the coming winter—the date of which has not yet been definitely settled. It was decided to hold the show in Pine City, and it is certain to draw a large number of poultrymen to this city. Our citizens will extend every courtesy to the visitors.

New members are joining the association every day. The membership fee is \$1.00. Following is a list of officers and members:

President, Paul Von Mehren, Hinckley.
Secretary, G. H. Washburn, Rush City.
Executive Committee, A. S. Webb, Sandstone; Frank Hall, Brook Park; John F. Holm, Pine City; Fred Knowlton, Hinckley.

Mrs. A. S. Webb, Sandstone.
Miss Gerda Wheeler, Sandstone.
W. W. Clark, Pine City.
Charles Rebholz, Pine City.
F. A. Wiley, Pine City.
John S. Patrick, Hinckley.
P. A. Christianson, Hinckley.
Vern Newton, Hinckley.

OF INTEREST TO DAIRYMEN

An action of imminent importance to the dairy industry of the whole northwest is now pending before the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington. In the result is involved a saving in transportation costs of over three-quarters of a million dollars to the producers of butter, eggs and poultry.

The action, if successful, would require the boat lines operating on the great lakes to install refrigerator facilities for the transportation of butter, eggs, poultry and dressed meats from Duluth to Buffalo and other lake ports.

At present the boat lines refuse to furnish such facilities. The result is that all of the traffic moves all rail at a rate of \$1.05 per 100 lbs, from Duluth or the twin cities to New York city, whereas the rate on the boat lines for the same class of traffic is 65 cents per 100 lbs. from Duluth, a difference of 40 cents.

The case was brought by the Bridgeman-Russell company of Duluth, a central creamery, but every owner of dairy herbs and flocks of chickens, every co-operative creamery and private creamery, and every man interested in the development of the dairying and poultry industries in the northwest is vitally interested as the company in whose name it is brought.

Seeing the prospects of Duluth becoming a great assembling center for butter and egg shipments by water and the probability of great development in the northwest if the case is successful, the traffic commission of the Duluth Commercial Club has joined Bridgeman-Russell company in the preparation of the case. The commission recently won a signal victory in obtaining a reduction in the rail and lake rates from the east to Duluth, with consequent benefit to all of the northwest, and the members of the commission have high hopes that they will be successful in the action now pending.

On behalf of the producers of butter, eggs and poultry in Minnesota, the state railroad and warehouse commission has intervened in the case, and undoubtedly many other interested parties will join in support of the action.

The territory which would be served by adequate facilities for refrigerated transportation on the great lakes includes Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and seventeen counties in the northern part of Wisconsin. The territory does not begin to consume its (Continued next week.)

ON TO BEMIDJI

The annual meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development Association will be held at Bemidji, its birthplace, Dec. 4 and 5.

There ought to be a rousing and fully attended meeting and it is none too early to begin an agitation that will result in having every county and so far as possible every community in northern Minnesota represented there.

The N. M. D. A. has done splendid pioneer work. In the brief period of its history northern Minnesota has awakened, has begun the work of actual development, and has set in motion an activity all along the line that will, ultimately, put to work every acre of fertile but now idle land of this northern empire.

And, to an incalculable degree, the credit for this awakening is due to the Northern Minnesota Development Association.

But though the movement which it was created to make is well under way, the work of the N. M. D. A. is by no means ended, nor are its possibilities for good exhausted or even diminished. Never, indeed, were they greater.

There is still a great work to be done, through the legislature and in other ways, to systematize the state's handling of its public domain, to co-ordinate and direct the many state functions relating to this vastly important work, and to continue advertising to the world the rich opportunities northern Minnesota offers to the homeseeker.

In the next legislature northern Minnesota, thanks to the legislative reapportionment which was the fundamental purpose of the association in the beginning, will have a considerably increased representation. The activity of the N. M. D. A. is needed to give effective and organized expression through the northern Minnesota delegation to the needs and demands of this developing empire.

One thing alone among many that might be mentioned makes the work of this association a necessity to northern Minnesota. The government still holds half a million acres of swamp land that will be patented to the state. It has been proposed through The Herald that this large area be given to the state with the express stipulation that the proceeds of its sale must be devoted to the creation of a state reclamation fund, the term "reclamation" to include not only drainage but road-building and land-clearing; and that this fund be made the nucleus of a revolving fund with which to reclaim and put upon the market the state's enormous holdings in northern Minnesota. This suggestion should be taken up at the Bemidji meeting, and plans for definite action arranged.

Every county in northern Minnesota, and every community so far as possible, should be represented at Bemidji by its best boosters and its best hustlers. Northern Minnesota needs the N. M. D. A., and it should rally at Bemidji to give it a new and more vigorous impetus.

On to Bemidji! —Duluth Herald.

HENRIETTE.

The farmers in this section are still busy hauling and storing potatoes.

Rev. Lewis held a successful meeting at the M. E. church here Sunday last.

Mrs. Shasha and children are here visiting with the former's sister, Mrs. George Trotter.

Ole Monkberg, whose farm is south of here, is building an addition to his barn. H. Richard is doing the carpenter work.

O. E. Lind has gone to North Dakota to make further improvements on his farm. The Lind family intend to move out there next spring.

LOOK HERE FOR IT

Many a Pine City Reader Will be Interested.

When people read about the cures made by a medicine endorsed from far away, is it surprising that they wonder if the statements are true? But every kind of case right here at home, ready-made proof is within their reach, for every investigation is an easy matter. Read Pine City endorsement of Dean's Kidney Pill. Isaac Weekstrom, shoe maker, of Pine City, Minn., says: "I got kidney and bladder complaint from too much beer and breading over at my trade. My kidneys acted badly and I had severe pains when passing the kidney secretions. The aches and pains in my loins and hips were awful and I got languid and weak. The trouble laid me up for two weeks and I couldn't work at all. I was in despair. I used Dean's Kidney Pill a few weeks ago and they relieved me. I now feel better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Dean's—and take no other.

For sale at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.



2/3 LOST

Your lighting bills are reduced two-thirds by the use of Mazda Lamps.

Eastern Minn. Power Co.

Piano Contest Coupon

Cut Out This Coupon and Present it at BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY and They Will Exchange it for Twenty Five Votes in Their \$400.00 Piano Contest.

Vell Housed Stock

does the most work and yields the most profits.

Live Stock costs money and is worth caring for.

A good stable is cheaper in the long run.

We've got the stuff to build that stable; let us save you money.

Tarred Felts and Roofings

are our Specialties just now.

One Piece or a Carload.

Pine City Saw Mill Co.

E. D. GALLES :: Retail Manager.

Pure, White, Wholesome

BREAD

is possible when you use

GOLDEN KEY FLOUR

AT ALL DEALERS

Pine City Milling Co.

Useful
Variety
Goods.

The Leader

MAIN STREET, PINE CITY, MINNESOTA

One Piano vote with every
cent of your purchase at
Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

If it's News, it's in The Pioneer
If it's in The Pioneer, it's News

QUICKLY STOPS THE WORST BACKACHE

Croxone Makes Kidney Troubles,
Bladder Disorders, Rheumatic
Pains Vanish.

If you suffer with backaching kidney trouble have dangerous operations and urinary disorders can be cured with Croxone. It relieves pain, and its heart-releasing pains, you will be surprised how quickly and surely Croxone will relieve all such troubles.

It works right in through the walls, membranes and linings, dissolves and makes the kidney sift out and carry the uric acid and poisons from the blood, and leaves the kidneys and urinary organs clean, strong, healthy and well.

It matters not how long you have suffered, how old you are, or what you have done to your kidneys, bladder, etc., Croxone without results. It starts to work the minute you take it and is sure to relieve you the first time you use it, or cost you nothing.

If you suffer with pains in your back and sides, or have any kind of kidney, bladder, etc., rheumatism, such as joint swellings under the eyes or in the feet and ankles. If you are nervous, tired and run down, or bothered with urinary disorders, Croxone really will relieve your misery and do it quickly. An original package costs but a trifle, and all druggists are authorized to return the purchase price if it fails in a single case—A.

Would be Informed.
Maria had been naughty at the dinner table and her mother had sent her to bed. Maria began to complain until she was sorry for her behavior.

Maria cheerfully complied. Making no expression of remorse after a suitable time had elapsed, her mother called from an adjoining room:

"Maria, dear, aren't you sorry?"
No answer. On being asked of the question however, Maria replied, with a sweet and patient dignity:

"Mamma, please don't ask me any more. I'll tell you when I'm sorry."

Mrs. Meekton's Position.

"Snooping," said Mr. Meekton, "that's what you call it."

"GIF" rejoined his wife.

"And suppose I were a candidate."

"You want to know whether I would win for you?"

"That was the question I had in mind."

"Yes, Leonidas, I should vote for you." But if I caught any other woman voting for you I should consider their action very forward and impudent!"—Washington Star.

Now Yet.
"Do you not propose to marry?" asked Miss Flitter of young Mr. Bushnell.

"Well, I haven't proposed yet," replied he, in a tone which forbade a further prosecution of inquiries—

Puck.

Overheard.

"That is a great mistake for a play," said the head usher.

"Yes," replied the ticket taker; "it's a shame to see how many good titles are spoiled by the play!"—Washington Star.

In Another Category.
Saplings—They goes kiss Bosley.
They say she just hates men.

Miss Knox—Quite true. Come, let me introduce you. It's your great chance.

Especially Cooked.
Brown—What are you going to make of your boy?

Jones—We're thinking of making him a miller, he's so interested in meats.

The Difference.
"Does your cook ask many evenings out?"
"No; she takes 'em."

WORKS ALL DAY.
And Studies at Night on Grape-Nut Food.

Some of the world's greatest men have worked all day and studied evening to fit themselves for greater things. But it requires a good constitution generally to do this.

A Ga. man was able to keep it up with ease after he had learned the sustenance of grape-nut food. Although he had failed in health before he changed his food supply. He says:

"Three years ago I had a severe attack of stomach trouble which left me unable to eat anything but bread and water."

"The nervous strain at my office from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M. and improper foods caused my health to fail rapidly. Cereals and so-called 'Foods' were tried without benefit until I saw Grape-Nuts mentioned in the paper."

"In hopeless desperation I tried this food and found it did me good. I gained flesh, strength, and appetite. I am now able to work all day at the office and study at night, without the nervous exhaustion that was usual before I tried Grape-Nuts."

"I leave no strengthens, refreshes, stimulates, restores, and tones up body and brain. Water restored what would have been a living skeleton, or more likely a dead one by this time, if it had not been for Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wealth" in pigs. There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new lesson from time in life. They are better, true and full of humor.

DOMESTICATING THE WILD TURKEY



A PAIR OF WHITE HOLLAND TURKEYS

By L.M. BENNINGTON

That the wild turkey can not only be tamed but that he is much harder than his tame brother and that the cross between the native wild turkey and the Bronze makes the handsomest bird of all is a fact which has been demonstrated most successfully by experiments along these lines.

An enterprising Virginian was lucky enough a few years ago to capture five wild baby turkey chicks—they were only two days old when he caught them.

They were given to a tame turkey hen which already had a brood of younger ones—after they had been in captivity only two days.

At first these shy little fellows seemed to distrust everything, but soon became accustomed to the Virginian, who paid particular attention to his hatched flock, bringing them berries and other delicacies, at the same time teaching them to come to his call to be fed.

Every one of the five birds grew up and they turned out to be one gobble and four hens. It is interesting to note that although they were given a quantity of 60 per cent. among the domestic birds that this the five wild turkeys were not affected in any way.

At the approach of winter a wire enclosure was made, this was also covered over with wire, making a perfectly enclosed space of 45 feet square. This was enclosed in a small tree that was enclosed in a 25-foot square of wire fencing—a natural roosting place—the enclosed space had a growth of bushes and wild vines growing upon it, also a natural sod.

The turkeys put up a remarkable fight to get into the enclosure and were easily fed on such stuff as would be nearly as possible resemble the food that nature intended for them, so they were given corn, wheat, oats, wild berries, acorns, persimmons, grit in abundance, and fresh water ad libitum.

The turkeys passed the winter well and hearty. With the advent of spring, the hens made their nests in the enclosure, where honey-suckle vines afforded the privacy that they so longed for. Later on the young poults arrived with them and their "hens" took care of them with the same devotion to man, their natural enemy, so the broodes were taken away from the wild hens that had hatched them, and were given to some bronze hens, who raised 38 birds out of a hatch of 40.

The first venture was a success. When Valentine followed out the same methods with the 28 birds that he had used with the original five, and the loss of only two birds was a striking example of the hardness of the wild birds.

It is interesting to note that after the young birds and their mothers had eaten their first meal, they showed no disposition to revert to their wild state, but always returned home at night, roosting on the upper limbs of their trees along with the other turkeys, the young birds taking more kindly to domestic ways with each passing day.

The first venture was a success. When Valentine followed out the same methods with the 28 birds that he had used with the original five, and the loss of only two birds was a striking example of the hardness of the wild birds.

After two years of hard work the Virginian began to realize some financial returns from his labor, and the 28 birds above mentioned, were sold at a price aggregating slightly more than \$400, while the extra eggs gave another \$200. The price of the young birds was \$10 each, while that received from gobblers was from \$2 to \$20 each. Eggs easily sold at \$1 apiece. At present he is getting a good sum for his hens and \$20 for gobblers.

Keeping 11 birds the following year, 28 chicks were hatched and 75 of these were raised to maturity, the losses were caused by accident or dogs and not by disease, although the domestic birds on the farm that year were decimated.

The wild turkeys roosted under the trees and were easily domesticated, in spite of the fact that dealers in the industry having started six or seven years ago, when the terrible disease of blackhead began to destroy the flocks in the New England states.

The ravages of this disease have been so great that Rhode Island, which was once the great turkey state, none are now being raised.

Experiments have demonstrated that an infusion of wild blood will produce a more resistant bird.

In order that there will not be breeding to an extent that would reduce the natural vitality of the birds, prevention and control have been understood since a harder strain of domestic turkey.

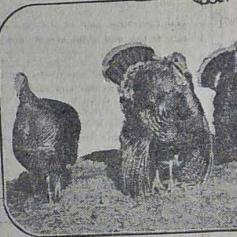
Breeding that the domestic bird of the present day is not descended from the native turkey, as is commonly supposed, but traces its origin back



A HANDSOME GROUP OF WILD TURKEYS IN DOMESTICATING PEN



TWO TURKEY CHICKS HATCHED
BY ELECTRICITY



QUARTET OF BRONZE TURKEYS

to the native turkey which was domesticated in Mexico at the time of the conquest. The Virginian advocates the crossing of the native turkey with the wild Mexican bird.

Finding a couple of wild turkey eggs last summer, and upon examination finding they would soon hatch, he placed them in a wire cage with an electric globe which hung in his room, the globe being of ordinary 16-candlepower. The bottom of the basket was protected by a piece of cardboard; over this was placed a small piece of flannel. The eggs were

placed to remain until hatched.

The globe gave out a heat of from 98 to 102 degrees, and soon two eggs were hatched out two goslings.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with white Holland hens, and when young birds are three-fourths grown they are put under wire enclosures, raising them under natural conditions as possible.

These turkeys are now raised with

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH LIVER

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out tonight and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress, Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the contaminated waste matter and poison in the bowels, leaving you fit and great.

A Cascaret will brighten up your day by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

Figuring it Out.

"How many people do you suppose Boston wants to put into her Hall of Fame?"

"I can't tell you till I take a look and learn what her population is."

Dollisumption.

The New Bride (absent-minded)—Happy, dearst. It's the happiest honeymoon I've ever spent!—London Opinion.

Got Through Weighing.
"She weighed his words for some time."

"Yes, and then?"

"The scales fell from her eyes."

Other Side of Shield.
Wife (complainingly)—The Willins' sons' house is much larger than ours. Husband—Yes, my dear, and so is their mortgage.—Boston Transcript.

Mixed Up.
"Did that play make out in its run?"
"Yes, indeed! Why, it was a walk-over."

The Proof.

"Is that a marriage in high life?"
"I suppose so. They're going on a wedding tour."

The state manufacture of quinine yielded Italy last year a profit of about \$180,000.

WHEN RUBBERS BECOME NECESSARY
And your shoes pinch, Alice's Foot-Balm, the adhesive balm to be applied to the shoes, is just the new shoe adhesive. It is simple. Price, 25¢. Send for A. S. Ulrich, Ltd., Bay, N. Y.
Don't accept any substitutes, Adv.

But a woman doesn't care to boss the job if she can boss the blouse.

It's improper to eat pie with a knife—but an ax is permissible.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, relieves pain, eases wind, colic, etc. A bottle.

Every guest who cannot play always takes the hotel piano.

SAMPLE FREE

Try it for nasal and dry catarrh, sneezing, cold in the head, hay fever or any complication resulting from chronic cold, etc. It is a good remedy for colds, open, thin, giving sound, restful sleep and no snoring. Soothes sore heels the instant you apply it. It is a good remedy for Get Kondon's, the original and genuine Catarrhal Jelley. Price, 25¢ per tube, 250 or 500 gm. samples free. Write Kondon Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
will straighten you up in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation.

Traveling, Indigestion and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature.

Brentwood

BOOK BARGAIN CATALOG

HOLIDAY BOOKS & BOOKS IN SETS

AT

UNHEARD-OF PRICES
Send postal today for Catalog 50
THE TABARD INN BOOK COMPANY
1302 Filbert St. Philadelphia

PISO'S REMEDY
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR MEN AND WOMEN

By JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

The immense variety in ribbons permits an unending variety in fancy handbags. They play their usual prominent part at Christmas time. The rich brocades and heavy weaves, the plain ribbons are used for opera bags and for the handsome shopping bags which city women find it convenient to carry with them when they have purchases to make and intend carrying them home. Ribbons in lighter weight, such as the silk organza, taffeta, which are found in so many beautiful designs, are chosen for all those bags that form accessories to the furnishings of the home. Among these, those with flowered patterns on a plain silk ground having wide borders of gauze are especially most beautiful on the season's offerings. Such a ribbon is shown here in the pretty corsage bag pictured.

A new design in a shopping bag

which may be made long enough to



answer for a music roll as well, is pictured. It is made of brown ribbon with a figure of ribbon stitched together. A narrow strip has been left over for the stitching. The top of the bag is edged with the same braid and a little finish of silver ball-trimming is placed along the bottom. The bag is not gathered at the top, but is provided with a loop by which it is held. It is laid in a few folds at one side, held in place by an ornament made of the silver cord. A substantial ribbon is required for this novel design.

A collar bag of figured silk suitable as a gift for a young girl is provided with a pastebord foundation and wide two or three inches high. The lid is a round, oblong box is used for this foundation. It is covered with the silk. A strip of silk ten inches wide forms the bag; one edge is sewed to



the bottom and the other is tucked into the top. The upper edge is gathered on an elastic cord run in a casing in the hem. Silver cord provides hangers and the bag is furnished with an ornament made of it at each side and a bit of silver braid outlining the support at the bottom. This is a convenience that any man will appreciate.

The fine art of Japan puts even the least expensive of Japanese fans in a class by themselves. If one must look for gifts which have an artistic value to make them attractive, and at the same time may be had at a small price, the products of the Jap-

anese are the best.

A fan with white enamel sticks, finished out with gold, has a shaded ground in clear, beautiful blue, merging with white.

One natural wood makes a fan for a lifetime, which depends on ornamentation upon the way in which the sticks are cut out in a lace pattern. They are held together by a narrow ribbon. The fans and delicious odor of the wood makes this a fan to treasure.

One natural wood makes a fan for a lifetime, which depends on ornamentation upon the way in which the sticks are cut out in a lace pattern. They are held together by a narrow ribbon. The fans and delicious odor of the wood makes this a fan to treasure.

Such fans may be found ranging in price from about 60 cents to \$2.

These are more likely than any others to meet the requirements of fine taste. Here is a little group of fans which illustrate this fact.

A fan with white enamel sticks, finished out with gold, has a shaded ground in clear, beautiful blue, merging with white.

One natural wood makes a fan for a lifetime, which depends on ornamentation upon the way in which the sticks are cut out in a lace pattern. They are held together by a narrow ribbon. The fans and delicious odor of the wood makes this a fan to treasure.

Such fans may be found ranging in price from about 60 cents to \$2.

When it comes to selecting things for men, two facts should be borne in mind. Men appreciate whatever adds to their personal comfort and stand attracted by things that are conventional.

It was Christmas eve. A beautiful woman sat staring dolorously at the embers of the fire.

"Christmas eve," she murmured, and no money to buy baby a Christmas gift.

Slowly her eyes wandered round the room until, with a guilty start, she rested on something standing on the mantelpiece.

It was baby's money box. Her hands clutched the chair convulsively.

"I only dared!" she murmured. "But when I saw him."

For a few moments she stood debating the awful question in her mind, and then she took the box in her hands.

"John need never know," she whispered.

Then, with guilty face, she broke open the box and emptied out on the table a collection of tin cans, nails, etc.

John had been there first.

He kept his seat.

The suffragette was speaking.

"I'll bet there ain't a man in this audience who ever did anything around the house for his wife. If there is a man in this room that ever made the fire, milked the cow, cleaned the house and made the beds every day without a kick I'd like to see him, that's all."

But she forgot her husband was at the meeting. And he didn't dare stand up!

Rather.

"I had a great surprise the other day."

"What was it?"

"I got a square deal from that rounder."

ent and useful rather than by mere prettiness.

Here are pictured a few of the many attractive things made of crotonne which will be appreciated by the men.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having a white ground with red roses and green foliage. White tape seems to bind the edges and fasten the compartments.

The closet bag shown in the picture is made of crotonne having

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

ED. C. GOTTRY, Editor and Prop.

Edited in the Postoffice at Pine City as Second
Class Matter

Pine City, Minnesota, Nov. 14, '18

Twenty Five Years Ago.

The following items are taken from
the files of the Pioneer printed 25
years ago.

Capt. E. L. Seavey was in town the
after part of last week.

Thomas Rice is rapidly recovering
from the injuries he received a couple
of weeks ago.

E. J. Boyle of Mission Creek was in
town Wednesday morning, bringing in
the returns from that town.

The band boys are said to have ac-
quitted themselves nobly at Hinckley
and Sandstone last Friday and Satur-
day.

John Madden, who is now at work
on the Eastern Minnesota railroad near
Sandstone, spent Sunday with his fam-
ily in this village.

Rev. Dahike, the German Lutheran
minister, will occupy Henry Brandes'
residence as soon as the latter moves
his family to Sandstone.

Mrs. H. Borchers has been quite ill
the past week with lung difficulty, but
we are pleased to learn that she is re-
covering.

Miss Minnie A. Jewett, grand scribe
of the Order of Sons of Temperance
for this section, went to Sandstone Wed-
nesday to organize a division there.

Harry Willard came down from Mr.
Nester's camp Tuesday to assist in
moving the family up to the camp and
to cast his vote. This was Harry's
first vote for a president.

Nels Parsons and Dennis Brennan,
both of Hinckley, were in town Wed-
nesday. They brought down the elec-
tion returns from that village.

A very brief note, enclosed in a
dainty envelope, recently informed us
that our former townsman, John Red-
mond, has changed his post office ad-

dress from Mingusville, Montana, to
Springdale in the same state.

The new M. E. church was used
again for services last Sunday even-
ing, the painters having finished their
work. The interior of the building is
very neat and Mr. Stoltot is deserving
of great credit for his part of the
work.

The engine engaged in switching
cars for the crew pulling out ties in
this village, with its crew of trainmen,
has given our town quite a metropolitan
appearance. It is seldom that we
have a switch engine for the exclusive
use of our yard.

Where were but nineteen ladies in
Pine City who exercised their right of
suffrage last Tuesday and cast their
ballots for county superintendent of
schools. This doesn't look very much
as though our ladies were very anxious
for the passage of a woman's right
of suffrage.

Frank Buehring was taken suddenly
ill last Saturday evening, and went to
his home at Rush City Sunday, where he
will take a rest for a week or two.

Frank's many Pine City friends hope
that he will not be laid up long. Dur-
ing his absence Henry Rath officiates
as clerk in W. F. Glason's store.

Arnold Cranston came down from J.
E. Nester's camp at Sandstone Saturday
and remained over until after election.
He brought down a fine string of
brook trout with him which were
caught in a very small stream near the
camp. It isn't very often that men in
the woods in this country have this de-
licious article of diet.

Electon day in Pine City passed off
much more quietly than was anticipat-
ed. Aside from the little tilts at the
polls caused by the challengers, there
was no excitement. The electors qui-
etly walked up to the polls and depos-
ited their ballots, and then went about
their daily avocations, which is just as
it should be. /t

HINCKLEY.

Pat Barry, formerly of Rock Creek,
but now of Hinckley, moved his family
here this week.

Frank Mercer, formerly of Pine City,

is now clerking for Hurley Bros. here.
Frank is making a host of friends.

S. W. Anderson has a fine branch
store next to the Morrison hotel. He
has a fine stock of groceries and dry
goods.

We are pleased to hear that Tom
Burke is recovering from his late ill-
ness, and we hope to see him at his
post again in a short time.

Dennis Brennan has opened his res-
taurant under the leadership of Miss
Mary Brennan, and from all appear-
ances it will prove a success, as every-
thing is now and of the best.

Our man, Mike Dean, of the Head-
quarters saloon, was glad to see Jim
back, as it gave him a chance to go
around distributing fire crackers
and torpedoes for the democratic rally
on Tuesday last. We are sorry for
you Mike, but your work was nul.

Have you tried Moccasin and
Royal Purple steel cut coffee, 35 and
30 cents. Once tried always used.
A. W. Asplund.

Read the ads., you bargain hunters.

TURN YOUR POULTRY INTO CASH NOW

WHILE PRICES ARE HIGH

WE WANT FAT HEAVY CHICKENS DUCKS---GESE---GUINEAS TURKEYS

WE pay promptly at the
Highest Market Prices.
Charge NO COMMISSION.
Before you sell, write us for
Special Price List and Tags.
You'll find us PROMPT, RELIABLE and HONORABLE.

Address: THE
R. E. COBB CO.
300 South Wabasha St.
St. Paul, Minn.

Specialties: VEAL, CREAM, EGGS, FISH

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Having recently purchased
the MEAT MARKET run
by James Lorenz I respectfully
solict your patronage.

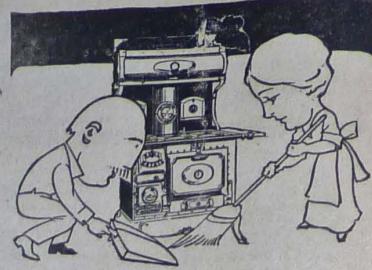
Fresh and Salt Meats

Always on hand!
SAUSAGE FRESH EVERY DAY

We have
FISH AND GAME IN SEASON

Will buy your
VEAL AND POULTRY

Henry Fara
PINE CITY, MINN.



Plenty of room for a broom

"DEATH to dust" is the twentieth-century slogan of all women
who are interested in the sanitation of their homes, especially
so far as the kitchen is concerned. And *hidden* dust is even more
obnoxious than the kind that collects in plain view.

The New

Real Estate Steel Range

mends death to the dust that is bound to collect under the ordinary steel
range, whose base rests almost on the floor. It's built the sanitary, sensible
scientific way—high and dry on legs. The high base from legs give
it a solid foundation, yet leaves plenty of room for a broom.

This new feature is the only thing left to be done that could add to
the convenience and cleanliness of this splendid steel range. In all other
respects, it's the same honest, handsome, reliable Real Estate, with its
distinct and important improvements, and its cooking conveniences
that do away with all drudgery in cooking.



See the new Real Estate at our store; let us
explain its splendid qualities; and we feel sure that
you too, will decide to "Own an Estate."

"Where Estates are sold"

Smith Hardware Co.



Keep the Babies Warm And They'll be Healthy And Happy

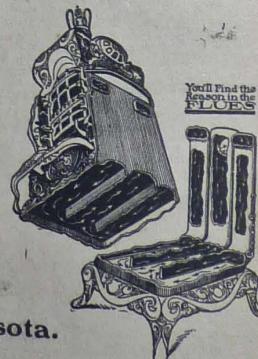
Many children get sick and die every
winter because of some poor heating
appliance in the home.

Come and see us and we will show
you a Base Burner that will not only
keep the children warm, healthy and
happy, but will save one half on
your fuel bills.

There is no other base burner like THE FIRST CLASS FAVORITE,
with TRIPLE EXPOSED FLUES, because the features that make it such
a wonderful heating stove, so economical in the use of fuel, are patented.
Don't put off the buying of your stove
until the cold days come. Drop into
our store any day, and we will be glad
to show you this beautiful Base Burner.
It is a Real Favorite. There are more
of them sold than of any other base
burner made, and we guarantee it to
be the best made.

It's like opening a bank account
to buy a Favorite Base
Burner, because it saves you
money every day it is in use, and
brings such comfort and satisfaction, too.

W. A. SAUSER,
Pine City,
Minnesota.



You'll Find the
Reason in the
FLOORS

Best Place in Pine County to Buy Hardware and Jewelry.

For Sale.—A boat and boathouse
at a bargain. Call at this office or
see Rev. F. L. McKean.

For Sale.—A thorough Hampshire
Down. For particulars inquire of M.
T. Lahart, Pine City, Route 2.

Those having beer kegs marked
Blass Brewing Co., Beroun Brewing
Co. or A. Bussemier will please re-
turn them to the Pine City Brewery.

Fresh oysters every Monday and
Friday at the Wiley and Kilgore meat
market.

For Sale.—A four room cottage,
Inquire of Mrs. M. L. O'Brien.

Big bargains in Wall Paper at the
Drug Store. Just one-half price, and
yet quite a large stock to pick from.
All odd rolls 3 cents per double roll.

When in need of plain or stamped
linens, crochet, knitting, embroidery
or lace making materials, call on, write
or phone Miss Susan Shearer, Art
Needlework specialist. All orders will
receive prompt attention. Pine City,
Minn., Phone No. 11.

Dr. McLaughlin, graduate of Chi-
cago Veterinary College, will be at the
Riverside livery, Pine City, every Sat-
urday from 12:30 to 5:30 p.m., adv.

FOR SALE—80 acres of land,
W. of SW 1/4 section 10 in Township 39
north of range 21. For information
inquire of Mrs. Janet Dory, Vaughan's
Switch, Nevada, via Battle Mountain.

Six room house for rent, fine
location on Cross Lake, within city
limits. A bargain at \$100 per year.
Inquire of H. S. Austin, Pine City.

REMOVAL SALE!

On December 1st, I will move into my new
quarters, --where Piper's Furniture Store
now is,-- and from now on will close out my
entire stock of Crockery and Dry Goods,
as in the future I WILL KEEP ONLY what
goes with the GROCERY LINE.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE MY PRICES BEFORE BUYING

Dry Goods.

50 cent Underwear 39 cents
50 cent Stockings 39 "
\$1.00 Overalls 79 "
75 cent Overalls 49 "
7 cent Calicoes 5 "
10 cent Ginghams 6 "
10 cent Sheetings 7 "
7 cent Quilting 5 "
25 cent Hosiery 19 "
50 cent mens shirts 43 "
10 cent Outings 8 "
Button-hole twist 10c a doz
Laces at Half Price
Embroideries at Half Price

Sundries.

Jewelry at Half Price
Toilet Articles at Half Price
Tablets Two for One
75 cent Salad bowls
39 cents
\$1.00 Ewer & Basins
79 cents
5-6-10-12-15 and 20 gal. Jars
going at 10 cents per gal.
We are paying 30 cents for
Eggs and Butter.
Saturnay will commence to
buy cream.

Grocery Bargains

10 Cakes laundry soap 25 c
10 c Sugar Corn 4 for 25 c
25 c White Vinegar 15 c
10 c Toasted Rye 4 for 25 c
28 cent Coffee 23 c
35 cent Chow Chow 19 c
15 cent Red Salmon 10 c
50 c Bulk Tea 3 lbs. \$1.00
Washburn Flour \$1.30
10 cent Rice 6 cts
10 cent Ginger-snaps 6 cts
Beets per pound 1 cent
Carrots " 1 "
Rutabages " 1 "
Cabbage " 1 "

A. W. ASPLUND.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS

—Subscribe for this paper and get 3,000 votes.
—Don't forget the mass meeting at K. of P. hall Monday evening.
—Be sure to attend the mass meeting in K. of P. hall Monday evening.
—Miss Southworth, principal of the high school, spent Sunday at her home in Minneapolis.
—Saxon Bede and F. P. Gottry returned on Wednesday's limited from the twin cities.

—Ed Pries returned Sunday from a week's trip to Duluth, Chicago, Madison, Wis., and Minneapolis.

—A two-reel photo play by the Esamay company will be shown Saturday and Sunday at the Town Hall.

—R. J. Gray, pool and billiards, cigars, soft drinks and candies. First class lunch room in connection. 11-24

—Charles Smith and wife of Clinton, Iowa, arrived here the fore part of the week and will visit friends until Monday.

—"To bond or not to bond," that is the question. Attend the mass meeting Monday night and hear it discussed pro and con.

—Lost, somewhere in the village, the fore part of the week, a bunch of keys. The finder will confer a favor by leaving them at this office.

—Geo. H. Cunningham, the solid business man of Sturgeon Lake, transacted business and shook hands with old friends at the county seat Tuesday.

O. Sobotka and Ed Chmielek left on Saturday afternoon on a hunting trip east of Hinckley. They expect to be absent about two weeks. We wish them success.

—With twenty inches of snow in central Ohio, the people of this section should congratulate themselves on the fact that they reside in the clover belt of Pine county.

—W. D. Scofield and S. C. Hathaway were among the hunters that hied themselves to the tall, uncut timber in search of the wily deer. Here's hoping that they get what the law allows.

—Work on the new armory is progressing finely and with a few more pleasant days the foundation will be completed—then the work will rest until next spring. Then, Mr. Larson, the contractor, informs us, the building will be rushed to completion, and be ready for occupancy about July 1st.

—Without a flake of tracking snow in the jungles, the army of gunmen are badly handicapped. The elusive deer is always alert and they are off like a rocket at the faintest sound of approaching danger. Without snow the trails are dry and noisy—almost as dry as within the corporate limits of Rush City and Hinckley.

—Wm. Bantleton, Dr. Wiseman, J. M. Collins, Jos. Neubauer and Lee Netser departed on Sunday's early morning train for Brimson. From there they will go by team nine miles to the Ed Netser logging camp to hunt big game. Here's hoping that they succeed in bagging their lawful share—one deer and one moose for each hunter. Bull moose are plentiful—in the city.

—Gus A. Holzmann, father-in-law of Roy Fritzen, came up from Minneapolis in his large touring car last Sunday, and, accompanied by his son-in-law, will hunt for deer at Pomery Lake for a week or ten days. Roy and his wife have been staying at the J. S. Fritzen home for the past week. Roy informs us that he has a good position with the Dan Patch line in the flour city. We extend congratulations with the many friends of Roy in this town on his good fortune.

—A mass meeting of citizens is called for Monday evening at 8 o'clock at K. of P. hall for the purpose of hearing the speakers who will be present in the interest of the election to be held on Tuesday, Dec. 2d, for the purpose of voting bonds for the erection of a new school building. The ladies are especially invited to be present as they, as well as the gentlemen, have a vote at this election. The following speakers from abroad will be present: Prof. La Due, of the manual training department, of the Hinckley school; Miss Carlson, of the domestic science department and Prof. Harry Olin, of the agricultural department of the Rush City school.

—Mrs. Lahody spent Saturday and Sunday in the twin cities.

H. J. Rath was a Rush City visitor between trains Monday afternoon.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—The girls of the normal department of the high school visited schools in districts 15, 30 and 77 on Tuesday of this week.

—Rev. H. H. Parish and Clifford Sutherland attended the Sunday school convention which was held at Sandomon Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

—The ladies of the Methodist church will hold a Christmas sale of fancy and useful articles on Wednesday, Dec. 17th. The place will be announced later.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

The Final Judgment!

THRILLING STORY OF ALASKA
FINE PLOT, GRAND CLIMAX
TWO REELS
Saturday and Sunday
Nov. 15-16, at Town Hall
A. W. PERKINS, Prop.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

—FOR SALE—one tent 9x12 \$5.00, one skiff and pair of oars \$5.00. Inquire of Z. M. Edwards.

—Miss Carrie Rebholz of the Island hotel, Pokegama lake, spent several days with friends here the fore part of the week.

—For Sale.—Four lots in block 1 Princes' Addition to Pine City. Inquire of E. L. Seavy, Pine City, Minn.

—"Get the habit!" The D. D. class of the M. E. Sunday school meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are welcome.

—Mrs. Anna Madden has again taken charge of the room work at Agnes hotel, Miss Selma Trippier having been taken ill, with symptoms of typhoid fever.

—What greater subject for a fine moving picture than the great Alaska gold rush of 1897? Such will be shown Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15 and 16, at the Town Hall.

—O. B. Champagne, who bought a farm on the government road, north of Rock Creek, has secured a position for the winter with the street ear company of Duluth. He left for the scene of his labors Wednesday.

—Mrs. P. W. Perkins is now keeping books for the Smith Hardware Co. The increase in their business has been so great this fall that it was too much work for the members of the firm to wait on customers and keep the books in shape.

—Lieut. Robert Wilcox, Frank Ling, Archie Kendall, Arnold Lee, Joseph Fitzgerald and George Steki, members of the naval militia, went to Duluth on the limited Wednesday to drill and inspect by the commander-in-chief, Gov. E. A. Eberhart.

—Joe Hurley, who has been working in Canada for the past ten months, returned home Wednesday. Joe has been filing in a large saw mill up in the dominion. He is looking well, and says that he never felt better. His many friends here are pleased to see him home.

—With the approach of the holidays the twin city department stores get busy with their advertising to catch the country trade. Merchants in the small cities and villages should use the columns of the local paper to let the people know that there are bargains nearer home. You can't find a successful merchant who does not believe in printer's ink.

Ask for Piano votes at Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

—Mrs. Thiel of Stillwater is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Beechel.

—"The Final Judgment," in two reels, Saturday and Sunday at Town Hall. It's fine.

FEAR FOR SAFETY OF VESSEL'S CREW

Lake Superior Boat Strand-
ed, With 28 Persons
Aboard.

LIFE SAVERS ARE POWERLESS

Life Savers Make Unsuccessful Efforts to Reach Wreck—Other Vessels Are Missing.

Calumet, Mich., Nov. 12.—In the face of a 50-mile gale in Lake Superior fear is expressed for the safety of the crew, who are about two-eights of a mile from shore at Gull Rock, off Manitou Island, at the extreme end of Keweenaw Point. The life saving crew at Eagle Harbor is trying to make a run for the wreck.

Power Boat Needed.

The life savers after a battle with the heavy seas, a stiff wind on shore and a small boat struck by a wave had to give up because they were not equipped with a power boat.

The steamer was sighted Saturday afternoon shortly after it went on the reef, by the steamer George B. Stephenson.

The Stephenson could see the crew aboard the craft, but could not reach the wreck and gave up the attempt after a struggle of six hours in the heavy seas.

Status of Ship.

According to the Stephenson the bow of the stranded boat is high on the reef and the stern deep in water, putting out the fires under the bolt eyes. Captain McCormick and his crew are still on board, but the ship's chain cables have not procured a tug taking with them a power boat with which an effort will be made to reach the wreck.

According to reports which have reached here by wireless three other ships are reported missing in Lake Superior and three craft are missing. The passenger steamer Huronic of the Northern Navigation company, is stranded on Wiletash Point and two steamers are reported ashore at Isle Royale and Copper Harbor.

Vessels Not Heard Of.

The watchman at the Forage Lake, U. S. Army, reported to the steamer Simon Langan and two crewmen left there Friday morning, upbound, and have not been heard from.

Ten boats are in shelter at the Ship Canal's harbor of refuge and three more at Bete Gris. Nor more boats can get into the Ship Canal harbor because of the heavy seas.

ANOTHER WILSON ROMANCE

Reported That Next White House Bride May Be 'Eldest Daughter of President.'

Washington, Nov. 12.—Society is much interested in a report that another young woman may be the bride of Miss Jessie Wilson to Francis B. Sayre. Dr. Gilbert Horaz, one of the usher's has been a frequent visitor at the week-end house parties at the White House and it is said has picked up a girl named Margaret Wilson, eldest daughter of the president, ever since they met in New York, where Miss Wilson was studying music.

Unconsciously, Miss Jessie Wilson played a joke on her invited guests by setting up a wedding reception for herself instead of noon. Society had purchased tailor-made gowns for the event. As the proper dress will be elaborate afternoon frocks, every modiste in town is besieged with rush orders.

It is learned only precedent prevents Miss Wilson from being married privately.

Colonel Gets a Degree.

Buenos Aires, Nov. 12.—The university conferred the honorary degree of doctor of laws on Colonel Rose, who is the Argentine representative to the foreign minister, Estanislao Zeballos, on the ex-president of the United States, and his policy towards Panama. The speaker gave it as his opinion that the United States must dominate in the Caribbean sea, otherwise the republics in that section would invite European intervention.

Freight Train in Snowdrift.

East Liverpool, Ohio, Nov. 11.—Gangs of laborers were sent out to shovel snow from the front of train of the Baltimore & Ohio road train caught in a snowdrift and was stalled for several hours. This city was in darkness for several hours, electric lights, street railway and telephones and telegraph wires having gone down in the storm.

Difficult Operations are Described.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—The Clinical Congress of Endocrinology held Professor Henry Cushing of Harvard, described a new method of performing a hysterectomy which is said to be far more delicate and dangerous in surgery. The gasserian ganglion, or group of nerves, is situated on the sides of the head next to the brain and when disturbed cause a violent neuralgia which often drives the patient to suicide. Professor Cushing said.

BIG CAR STRIKE ENDS

INDIANAPOLIS, TRACTION COMPANY AND LABOR UNIONISTS AGREE TO ARBITRATE.

RALSTON'S PLAN IS ADOPTED

Troops Are to Leave City at Once and Service Will Be Resumed—Public Service Body to Act as Arbitrator on All Subjects of Dispute.

Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—The Indianapolis Traction & Terminal company and the labor unionists involved in the present street car trouble in Indianapolis agreed to a plan of arbitration, submitted to them by Governor Samuel Ralston, after the union had been beaten by the governor by the union leaders revised by him. The company signed first and after considerable deliberation, the union men voted to accept and signed the agreement. The entire controversy now goes to the public service commission for settlement.

Under the terms of this agreement, all employees of the street car company are to return to work within 12 hours, the public service commission of Indiana is to act as the arbitrator on all subjects of dispute and the strike is ended.

MILITIA TO RETURN HOME.

The entire state militia which had been under arms in the statehouse and the armories of the city awaiting to go into immediate action on the question of martial law were released from the strain of the confinement and will be returned to the homes.

There were no disturbances during the day. The negotiations which finally terminated in a settlement started with a proposition from the union men that when the union men considered over night and returned to the governor with a counter proposal that was turned down by the company. The governor then drafted the agreement which was finally accepted.

That the labor trouble in Indianapolis and Indiana is not yet straightened out in spite of the fact that the street car strike has been settled is evident because Governor Ralston is holding the street cars here ready for duty in the event of martial law.

Interurban cars remained the usual surface into the city, but the employees were not included in the agreement signed by the city men. Numerous conferences have been held with a view of straightening this matter out.

J. J. Thorpe, organizer for the Amalgamated union and other labor men were not to be found in Indianapolis, and it is believed that a movement is on foot to tie up interurban service at points outside of Indianapolis.

NEGRO IS LYNNED BY MOB

Black Attempts to Attack Woman at Dyersburg, Tenn., and His Hanging Follows.

Dyersburg, Tenn., Nov. 8.—A crowd of about three hundred persons stormed the jail here, broke down a steel door and sledge hammers, and took the negro, John W. Jackson, negro, the courthouse yard and dragged him to a limb of a large locust tree. While delivering groceries in the vicinity of Oak street Tally went into the home of an employee of the Lake County Manufacturing Company.

There he found the wife of the oil man, Mrs. Tally, with her two year old son, about three years old. The negro grabbed her and she fought him. She broke away. His lynching followed.

WOULD "BOTTLE UP" HUERTA

"Alfalfa Bill" Murray Issues Statement Giving His Solution of the Mexican Problem.

Washington, Nov. 8.—"Throw a dozen of soldiers on the border and take possession of every custom house, close every navy into every custom port and take every man and woman and cut both Huerta and the insurgents from off from every cent of revenue," said the Mexican problem in a statement issued by Representative William H. Murray of Oklahoma, formerly known as "Alfalfa Bill." Murray said that this could be done without loss of life, and at the end of 20 days neither Huerta nor the rebels would have anything to fight with.

REVOLT REPORTED IN CUBA

10,000 Armed Men Riot in Santa Clara Province and Troops are Rushed to Scene.

Havana, Nov. 10.—Ten thousand men are reported to be in armed revolt in Santa Clara province and the government dispatched a troop train to the scene of strife. It is believed that the revolt is in progress and that the government officials will submit. It is certain the Cuban authorities are taking steps which indicate that they expect to have a most trying situation to contend with.

Noted Lumberman Dead.

Denver, Nov. 10.—John Dorr, lumberman, died yesterday at his home in a snowdrift and was stalled for several hours. This city was in darkness for several hours, electric lights, street railway and telephones and telegraph wires having gone down in the storm.

Difficult Operations are Described.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—The Clinical Congress of Endocrinology held Professor Henry Cushing of Harvard, described a new method of performing a hysterectomy which is said to be far more delicate and dangerous in surgery.

The gasserian ganglion, or group of nerves, is situated on the sides of the head next to the brain and when disturbed cause a violent neuralgia which often drives the patient to suicide. Professor Cushing said.

MRS. DEVEREAUX MILBURN



TO EXTRADITE THAW

MILLIONAIRE FUGITIVE LOSES FIGHT FOR LIBERTY IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

PEARL BEFORE U. S. COURT

Pittsburgh Must Make Appearance in Federal Tribunal on Habemus Corpus Proceedings 'Ere Being Taken to New York.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 10.—Governor Samuel D. Felker ordered the extradition of James K. Thaw to New York in response to a requisition paper charging him with the crime of conspiracy. The decision of the governor was written and copies were handed to the Thaw lawyers, to Thaw himself, to Bernard L. Jacobs, representing W. T. Jerome, and to the newspapermen.

After agreement between counsel, Governor Felker ordered Sheriff Holman A. Drew not to seize Thaw until November 17. This gives the lawyers on each side until then to prepare their cases for the federal court.

Governor Felker refused to comment on the papers filed by the Thaw lawyers, referring to the written decision. This decision designates Sheriff Hornbeck of Dutchess county, to take Thaw back to New York. Sheriff Hornbeck was named in the requisition papers filed by William T. Jerome.

Habemus Corpus Proceedings to Come.

The decision does not name the Thaw lawyers, but they are to be in court to defend him immediately.

On the subject of the habeas corpus proceedings, the Thaw lawyers were waiting in the governor's office about fifty persons, including the members of the governor's council, the newspaper men, and attorney.

Thaw himself stayed in his room at the hotel.

Governor Felker entered his office, spoke to the crowd that had gathered and said:

"I have five copies of my decision. How many newspaper men are here?"

Reporters Given Decision.

Reporters went to him and he handed them the five copies. The attorneys for both sides then pressed up toward the governor and asked what the decision was.

"Extradition," said the reporters after hastily scanning the thousand-word decision. The attorneys left, the Thaw counsel decidedly gloomy. The decision had been expected but they had hoped until the end.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. Degen, members of city council, accused of unlawfully engaging in city contracts.

John J. Faulkner, former comptroller, charged with embezzlement of \$4,100 of the \$16,215.

R. Rodenberger, who succeeded Faulkner as comptroller, charged with the embezzlement of \$3,815 of the \$16,215.

Lester J. Grigsby, chief of detectives, charged with robbery by force and intimidation.

Fred Moore, secretary to chief of police, charged with perjury.

Rudolph Heuer, Claus E. Tietig, and William H. D

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

DISCUSS HEALTH OF CATTLE AND HOGS

CHOLERA AND OTHER DISEASES OF LIVESTOCK SUBJECT OF COUNTY AGENTS.

CATTLE ARE A "SAFE BUY"

So Says Veterinarian in Discouraging Herds of Minnesota—Various Hints Given Farmers By Experts.

Minneapolis.—Hog cholera was discussed in detail by a conference of county agricultural agents at the state agricultural school.

Dr. J. Reynolds and Dr. H. Creason Hawkins, both veterinarians, delivered the addresses. Dr. Reynolds, former in a talk on diseases of cattle, with special reference to prevention and treatment of hog cholera and the latter on the work of the serum plant at the agricultural college.

Cattle Well Protected.

"No place in America and probably nowhere else in the world," declared Dr. Reynolds, "can one buy cattle with greater safety than in Minnesota." Cattle are almost entirely free from tuberculosis and other diseases, and the risk on that score is the minimum for the world." He gave statistics on hog cholera showing success in more than 80 per cent of cases.

H. M. Bush discussed the advantages to be derived through organization of farmers' clubs. The club and co-operation ideas, fruit marketing and other similar topics were on the final program.

Farm water supply, farm sewage disposal and farm forestry were discussed by Dr. W. E. Woods, state forester. Dean Albert F. Woods told how water supplies are polluted and how to prevent pollution. The principal points made by Dean Woods may be summed up as follows:

Points of Dean Woods.

The movement of bacteria through close clay soil is slow. A shallow well is never safe unless it is in close clay soil. Care should be taken in cutting wells so that the water line is away from the well and that the well is high enough so that surface water will not get into it. Springs and wells are frequently affected with typhoid germs by persons washing in the water and then allowing it to drain back into the well. The covering of a well should be the equivalent of typhoid germs and cholera germs and mosquitoes may be killed in ponds by a treatment of copper sulphate or chloride of lime, using one part to a million parts of water by weight. Dean Woods said extensive experiments had been carried on by the government with sulphate and hypochlorite. He referred his auditors to the government bulletins explaining the results.

Sewage Danger Shown.

The danger of allowing sewage to be drained into the ground where it might get into water supply was emphasized by J. T. Stewart of the engineering department. He explained the use of the septic tank and said that its worst the septic tank is better than the cesspool.

FAIL TO CONVICT VON KLEIN

Second Jury Disagrees and Next Trial Will Occur Charge of Polygamy.

Portland, Ore.—The new jury in the case of Edmund Von Klein of Minneapolis, charged with having robbed Miss Ethel Newcomb of San Francisco of her jewels and made a聚 agreement and was discharged. This was Von Klein's second trial, the first jury and having disagreed.

He will be next tried on an indictment charging polygamy.

Purity Congress Has Fight.

Minneapolis, Nov. 8.—Wide variance of sharply-expressed opinion as to the province of the International Purity congress was voiced by delegations of the first business meeting when formal demand was made for an explanation from Dr. Keshava Deva Shastri of Benares, India, one of the prominent speakers programmed. For what was construed as an attack on the Christians existing in his native land expressed by him in the form of a published interview. "I stand by what I said," said Dr. Shastri after a later interview.

Too Much Tornado Relief Fund.

Minneapolis.—Bankers of Minneapolis were much surprised when they received a letter from the treasurer of the restoration committee of Omaha, returning \$2,000 of the \$4,000 sent to Omaha last spring for the tornado sufferers. The letter thanked the Minneapolis bankers for their aid and enclosed a check for \$2,000. The letter stated that the money, instead of being used for relief, for which there had been plenty of funds, had been used in restoration work.

MUCH TO BE THANKFUL FOR Governor Eberhart Issues Proclamation Setting Aside Novem- ber 27.

St. Paul.—Thankfulness for abundant prosperity, industrial conditions, happiness and contentment are contained in Governor Eberhart's Thanksgiving day proclamation. It is pointed out in the proclamation that the people of Minnesota have reason to be thankful this year, and, with the increase of the industrial prosperity, citizens ought to give thanks on the day set aside for that purpose.

In full, the proclamation follows:

"Abundant reasons for thankfulness on the part of the people of Minnesota exist in these closing months of the year 1913. As we acquire a perspective of the year that is closing, it is evident that the people of our state have reason to be grateful to God for achievements and blessings that have come from the Supreme Giver of all things. Never before in the history of our state have conditions been so gratifying. Industrial peace prevails, prosperity, health and happiness are common with which come the joy of life. Our moral life has become purer, our industrial prosperity greater, and through it all there has been a distinct awakening of a higher purpose and a sterner determination to realize to its complete fullness the opportunity that exists for our people."

"A sentiment beautiful and excited has joined with a natural attitude of reverence and gratefulness in setting aside one day in the year for an expression of the universal sentiment that exists in the hearts of all of us. It is fitting that we of Minnesota should be the first to observe this day, that we have been kindly dealt with, that we should review the blessings of material prosperity, that we should more fully recognize the successful efforts that are being made to solve the moral and social problems that confront us, and that we should lift up our hearts in glad and prayerful thanksgiving."

"Therefore, in recognition of the conditions that exist, and in conformity with the proclamation of the president of the United States, I join with him in designating

THURSDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1913,

AS A DAY OF THANKSGIVING AND PRAYER

throughout the state.

"I earnestly commend the observance of the day, and in a manner that will reflect the spiritual enthusiasm of a man in a way that will mark us as a worthy inheritor of the institutions that were founded and handed down to us by our fathers."

A. O. EBERRHART,
Governor.

AUTO BANDITS ROB A BANK

Waltham Institution Loses \$4,400 and Many Valuable Papers.

Waltham—Bandits riding in an auto descended upon Waltham with a safe Thursday night and blew the safe of the State bank.

Some \$4,400, practically all the bank's cash on hand, was taken, and the robbers soon made off. In the machine which brought them into the town, the bankers had no night watchman, and the robbery was not discovered until early Friday.

The sheriff at Austin, county seat of this New England town, scuttled off at once to begin an investigation and start a manhunt.

Waltham, scene of the robbery, is twelve miles north of Austin and is the center of a prosperous farming district.

All the valuable papers in the bank were carried away. The job was a scientific one and there is no clue for the officers to work upon.

Paynerville Finishes Church.

Paynerville.—The new Catholic church of St. Louis parish was dedicated by Bishop James Trobec of the diocese of St. Cloud, assisted by Rev. Father S. F. Scherer of Clear Lake, P. B. Baker of Richmond and Frazer of Collegeville. The church is of gothic design, 40x70, of frame with stucco finish, graced by an imposing steeple and belfry in which are two bells. The edifice cost about \$5,000.

Orionville—in the city election the following were chosen for the ensuing term: Mayor, Fred Pfueger; aldermen-at-large, F. E. Davison, John Carlson and George N. Baker; aldermen from the wards: First, Charles Arnold; Second, M. J. Sauer; city clerk, E. Schleibler; city treasurer, H. L. Zweiner.

Barratt Against Armed Intervention.

Minneapolis.—John Barratt, director general of the Pan-American Union broadened an appeal for a brotherly attitude of the United States toward her sister republics of South America to an impossible climax pleading for a non-intervention in Mexico. He urged 2,500 people at the Pro-Cathedral to tumultuous approval. "Armed intervention in Mexico would in a minute bring the greatest disaster of American history," he said. "It would mean almost intenable wars," he declared.

ASSESSORS MISSED MILLIONS IN TAXES

SPECIAL SLEUTHS ADD GREAT AMOUNT TO STATE TAX ROLL.

REASSESSMENTS ARE MADE

Commission Makes Investigation
242 Districts—142 Per Cent Gain Made in Fig-
ures.

St. Paul.—Regular assessors, whose duty it was to get the names of holders of monies and credits on the state tax rolls were not wonderfully successful as sleuths, according to figures obtained from the office of the tax board. The tax commission then took over the task and found that four millions of taxable persons and credits that had been overlooked. They also found that the original assessors had overlooked more than half the persons assessable.

Reassessments Ordered.

Reassessment was ordered in 212 taxing districts of the state. So far, reassessment returns have been received from 102 taxing districts, and in every case a substantial increase is shown over the figures made by the original assessors. The amounts so far reported the amount of monies and credits returned by the regular assessors was \$1,815,794, while the special assessors found \$4,404,193 in the same districts, a gain of \$2,588,399, or 143 per cent over the original assessments.

Reassessors in twelve cities and villages so far reported the original assessment of \$1,364,343 has been increased to \$2,988,317 by the special assessors, a gain of \$1,603,974, or 117 per cent. The number of people assessed by the regular assessors was 511, while the special assessors found 1,406 persons subject to the money and credit tax.

ST. PAUL'S MYSTERIOUS CAVE

Explorations Resumed and Mouth of Fabled Rendezvous Is Located.

St. Paul.—Carver's cave, which has been an archaeological mystery here since the time of the original and considerable investigation and excavations for months, has been rediscovered. John H. Colwell is the explorer. Mr. Colwell, who is president of the Mounds Park Improvement association, had workmen digging at the mouth of the cavern, which he had located. Initial efforts were carried on the walls, but were almost indiscernible and the cave is flooded with water. The cave is located in the bluff under the Indian mound and Mr. Colwell will ask the city to make park improvements in the interest of the park association.

Mr. Colwell and Jonathan Carver described the cave and said it contained many Indian hieroglyphics. The mouth has since been closed by vandals. Many stories have been told about treasures concealed in the cavern.

MRS. LECKWOLD HELD INSANE

Confessed Poisoner of Child Declared Not Responsible for Her Acts.

Minneapolis.—Because she was considered insane when she gave her daughter, Viola, poison, Mrs. Ida Leckwold was found guilty of the crime and was sentenced to a state hospital at Rochester, where she will be held until discharged by competent authority.

Without apparent concern in the findings of the 12 men, Mrs. Leckwold was led into the court room without the slightest sign of interest or nervousness. When the verdict was read and the court ordered her taken back to her cell, tears trickled down her cheeks as her fair sister embraced her.

"This is our home, Mary," he said, and kissed her.

She started from her sleep. That she had dreamt from her sleep. It seemed as though the whole universe were roaring into ruin. There was the noise of a hundred avalanches.

She had barely burst on a few clothes when her father ran screaming to the door.

"Mary! Mary!" he yelled. "The dam burst! God help us! The water is here in twenty seconds!"

Mary looked at him in quiet joy. The water! That meant the end of Elkwood, the end of all! She feared and hated. It meant death, too, but death could bring her peace.

She came with the force of a battering ram, the floods smashed down upon the house, and timber and stone went crashing into a heap of rubble and splinters. The floor yielded, the floods surged and swirled around her. Unconsciousness, black, barren, all enveloping, took possession of her.

Her last sensation was one of indifference.

She opened her eyes long afterward. It was daylight; the sun was rising over the plain and touching the tops of the hills with gold. She was lying upon a heap of what had once been

END OF ELKWOOD

By FRANK FILSON.
Mary Sexton set down her full pall and stared over the distant hills. She had lived all her five and twenty years in the little, sordid settlement on the plains. Ever since childhood she had longed to cross the mountains, which seemed to shut her in and press on her until they became intolerable.

She knew that beyond them no man had set foot, except the wandering traders and trappers of the northwest. Most of them had perished. Few had survived over two years. Mary had been one of those who had inherited this love of freedom. Her father, the hard-working old Scotch farmer, had lived in the village for 20 years. He was satisfied with his lot. He never wanted to go further—nor did either Joe, who at her father's insistence, had wrung from him a unwilling "yes" to his suit a month before.

They were to be married the following Monday.

"Mary!" cried her father sharply. "What are you doing, last? Dreaming again?"

Mary took in the pall and sat down on the cheeरless supper.

The village of Elkwood lay in a valley, just below the new, huge government dam, now nearing completion when all the head waters of Rock river from the north were impounded.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land. They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry, built at the head of the valley. She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew it held imprisoned men who longed for freedom even as she longed for it.

"I was with the wagon," he muttered. "The flood struck me. I knew nothing more."

That was how he had escaped; for those shot up in the prison had all survived the flood. The same fortunate accident that had saved him had saved the girl; the ruins of masonry had held fast and formed a barrier on which the floating log had impaled itself.

All day they cowered there, and by nightfall, when the water was lower, they managed to wade to land.

They had found a box of canned meat, meal, flour, but little damaged by the water. While they ate it, they heard the sound of a trap, a trap-door, a trap set over a hole in the mud.

And she visited the prison of masonry,

built at the head of the valley.

She hated it because she knew

