THE PINE POKER.

Vol. XXI PINE CITY, MINN., MARCH 6, 1919. 27

Two Good
Relief
Works

Red Spruce and
White Pine Cough
Syrup
25c., 50c.

Breckenridge's
Cold Tablets, 25c

They Work Well
Together

Phone 29
You know the place
Breckenridge's Pharmacy
Pine City, Minn.

AUCTIONEER

Phone or write me if you are considering having an auction. Have had considerable experience and will satisfy.

Farm Auctions a Specialty
write or phone
Ernest Rohlf
Phone 8 call 5 Pine City Hinckley r.2
or make date through State Bank of Beroun.

NOW
is the time to make calf food take the place of
BUTTER FAT
We are agents for
Blatchford's Saratoga
and
Security Calf Food
A good supply always on hand at
Madden's Feed Store

If you want to buy
A Farm
or a piece of good
Wild Land
or if you want to sell your farm, come in and talk it over with me. Perhaps I can help you.
I have some calls for improved farms.
H. W. HARTE
At Pine City State Bank

C. W. Spickler
Painting
Paper hanging
Interior Decorating
PINE CITY

(First publication Feb. 6)

Mortgagee Sale

Whereas, default has been made and now exists in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and delivered by Ernest Marks and Anna Marks, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank Pupes, mortgagee, dated June 1st, 1914, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pine County, Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June 1914, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Book No. 19 of Mortgages, on page 505, and

Whereas, there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum Four Hundred and seventy Dollars ($470.00) Dollars, principal and interest, and the further sum of Ten (10) Dollars and 10 cts ($10) and 97-100 Dollars, taxes paid by said mortgagee pursuant to the terms of said mortgage, and the further sum of Three (3) and 50-100 Dollars, paid by said mortgagee for insurance on the buildings situated upon the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, pursuant to the terms of said mortgage, in all the sum of Six Hundred and eleven (611) and 47-100 Dollars, and

Whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise have been instituted to collect the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and all the following premises described in and covered by said mortgage and situate in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, to wit: Lots numbered Nine (9), Ten (10), Eleven (11), Twelve (12), Thirteen (13) and Fourteen (14), in Block numbered Forty Eight (48) of the City of Pine City, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pine County, Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor for cash, at the street door of said Pine County, in the town of Pine City, in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 24th day of March 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and the costs and expenses of sale, and equal to one attorney's fee, as duly stipulated in said mortgage, and no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Dated February 7th, 1919.

FRANK PAPES,
Mortgagee.

S. G. L. Rossell,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Pine City, Minn.

Assn. Will Meet Monday

Development Assn. Will Hold Its Monthly Meeting in the Village Hall

The Pine City Development Association will hold its regular monthly meeting in the village hall on Monday evening next, March 10, at 8 p. m. All members are urged to attend.

The club may be asked to go on record to clear its skirts of any collusion such as was hinted by one of the Pine City papers (not The Pine Poker) on Feb 14, when, in connection with the proposed Development Association it said: "Then, there are the local problems * * * and it is not too improbable to venture the wish that efforts properly directed could result in more water in Snake river. As things now stand it is almost impossible to get into Pokegama lake with a motor boat, and in some places the wild rice fields have nearly choked the channel of the once picturesque stream. There is a crying need for some action on this river matter and here again a club could show its mettle."

No notice of this seems to have been taken by anyone at the time but there are some who contend that it may have had some important meaning, in the light of more recent developments, and we understand there are some who feel that it should be corrected, especially since there seems to be an overwhelming if not unanimous sentiment in the village as well as the country against the proposed bringing up of the once-settled water question, which has since been advocated by the paper that published the above quoted expression.

Different committees which will handle Association work along various lines will be named at that meeting and various matters effecting proposed work discussed. The committee consisting of Messrs. Ayers, Beechel and Collins, which was named to handle the proposed convention of farmers' clubs here during the spring will make a report, we understand.

The Association seems to be mighty well organized and to be in a position to accomplish many worthwhile things for this section and the entire county as well as the village itself. Everyone has an idea and the working out of these will get results for everyone. The great thing is "team work," for this will eschew personal interest, prevent "going off at half cock" and swing the strength necessary to get results.

Saumer-Cort Wedding

Miss Katherine Saumer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Saumer of Royalton, and Frank J. Cort were united in marriage at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cort, at this place, by Pastor Leubker of the Lutheran church at 4 o'clock last Saturday afternoon. They were accompanied by Miss Louise Cort of St. Paul, sister of the groom, and Gust Nortin of Royalton, who is at present stationed at Camp Grant. The house was prettily decorated in pink and white and the ceremony was performed under a bower of bells in the front room.

A wedding dinner was served at the Cort home following the ceremony, at which more than a score of relatives were seated and in the evening the happy event was celebrated by a large gathering of friends and neighbors at the old home on the Brunswick road where dancing was enjoyed and where the newlyweds are settled and will remain. Both were raised in that region and both have hosts of friends.

Among the relatives home to attend the wedding were Mrs. Fred P. Plessel of Eau Claire and the Misses Carrie, Christine and Louise Cort and Mr. Harry Randell from St. Paul.

V. L. Bele Is Dead

V. L. Bele passed away at his home here, Tuesday morning, from liver and kidney trouble after about three weeks' illness in bed. The funeral will be held from the home at 2 o'clock this afternoon, Rev. Clark conducting the services, and the remains will be interred at this place.

Deceased was born at Zaburi, Blatna, Bohemia, Oct. 20, 1860, and came to America in 1881. He lived for 12 years at Chicago, where he was married, before coming to Minnesota Lake where the family resided for 12 years before coming to Pine City in 1906. He was a harness maker by trade and of recent years had been absent in Montana, where he was engaged at his trade, part of his time.

He is survived by his wife and five children—Lulu, Adeline, Lieut. Vladimir, Frank and Kathryn—and, also, by two sisters and a brother living in New York city and a brother at Pierce, Neb.

Would Raise The Water

Petitions have been started by Pokegama lake citizens to be presented to the county commissioners to take whatever steps may be possible to secure a raise of 3 feet in the water level at Pokegama, we understand by raising the Chengwatana dam. Our individual way of looking at this matter may be found on the editorial page of this issue.

Pine City News

Have you yet called central with the request, "give me Bill Jones" and heard the sweet inquiry, "have you received one of the new directories yet," come floating over the wire? The gi rsldoalcetaoinaoin wire? The girls do call us down—but they do it nicely. The books, by the way, were printed at St. Paul and partly paid for by money from local advertisers who may reasonabl ecct, we presume, the St. Paul workmen to come trotting up here to spend the money they were paid. We merely suggest this as one of the many things slightly bearing on the recently brought up catalog house question.

E. M. Larsen and C. D. McNally of Minneapolis arrived here Tuesday and are contemplating opening a real estate office in town. They are young men and bear the appearance of being hustlers.

Miss Libbie Bucacek returned, last Saturday, from Hopkins where she spent a couple of months at the home of her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Coleman and Miss Lillian Langer were visitors at St. Paul on Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

The editor of this paper feels a sincere sympathy for Editor Colby of Sandstone who mourns the recent death.

Prescription work promptly and carefully attended at Prochaskas' pharmacy. Prices right. adv.-tf

Stationery, Lord Baltimore and Symphony Lawn are our specialties at Prochaska's.

Silverware and clocks at Staacke the jeweler's.

Notice to Voters of Pine City Town

To the voters of the town of Pine City, Pine county, Minn.—The supervisors of said town earnestly request your presence at the annual town meeting on March 11 next and be prepared to suggest to said board of supervisors some person qualified to be appointed as road overseer in your road district. —By order of the supervisors of said town. J. M. Odegard, clerk.

Election Ballots

Have your town and via glleelo Have your town and village election ballots printed at the Pine Poker office. Good workmanship, quick action and absolute secrecy.

Near Accident at Hinckley

Wm. Kunze, living three miles west of Hinckley, met with an accident Tuesday morning which might have proven fatal to him. While driving to town, his team became frightened near the railroad crossing and started to run away. Mr. Kunze had the lines tied over his back and was unable to extricate himself and in the meantime the tongue of the sled came out of the neckyoke. After running a short distance, the team became separated from the sled and dragged the driver to near the blacksmith shop in town. Mr. Kunze was badly shaken up and somewhat bruised but was fortunate in coming out of the affray as lucky as he did.—Hinckley Enterprise.

Sandstone Regains Railway Official

T. R. Patterson, Jr., the new assistant roadmaster of the Coon-Creek-Superior division of the Great Northern, will make his headquarters at Sandstone because it is the handiest location from which to pursue his work. Occupants of this position in the past have operated in the same way but the practice has been discontinued lately. The Sandstone Courier is also authority for the report among railway men that the two afternoon trains from St. Paul to Duluth on the G. N., which were taken off during the war, are soon to be put on again.

Hinckley Will Have New Theatre

Plans are under way for a new movie theatre at Hinckley, to be built this spring. The town has a fire ordinance and the building will be of solid brick.

Rural Mail Carrier Examination

An examination is to be held at Sturgeon Lake, Saturday, March 22, for rural mail carriers to fill vacancies existing at Sturgeon and Willow River and other vacancies that may occur in the county. The examination is open to men who live in territory supplied by any post office in the county, who meet the other requirements.

GERMAN BORN PATRIOT

Marietta Man Largest Holder of U. S. Securities in His County.

Declares Country Can Have Whatever He Has Whenever It Desires It.

If William Hohenzollern depended on Americans of German birth to do his work in this country he would never have picked August Heckert of Marietta, Minn.

Although born in Germany, Mr. Heckert stands today as the prize practical patriot of Lac Qui Parle county with $26,000 to his credit in Liberty Bonds, War Savings Stamps and Certificates of Indebtedness. In addition to the cash investments, he has loaned his 24-year-old son to Uncle Sam and the youth is serving his country on the dreadnaught Kearsarge. Mr. and Mrs. Heckert have also toiled unceasingly for the various war activities in their home town and county.

Chairman J. H. Hayden of Madison is authority for the statement that the Heckerts are the largest holders of government securities in Lac Qui Parle county.

And Mr. Heckert has not been silent concerning the prosecution of the war. He has won himself a host of enemies among old neighbors for the things he has told them about their attitude toward the land of their adoption.

The culmination came recently when Ferdinand Kahlbrenner, also of Marietta, brought suit for $10,000 against the prize patriot of the county. The suit followed a signed article in a Marietta paper, in which Mr. Heckert aired his views regarding the refusal of many of his townsmen to buy Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps. The jury did not deliberate long over the evidence and returned a verdict for Mr. Heckert.

"The land of my adoption is the only land that I recognize," Mr. Heckert said in telling his experiences to A. R. Rogers, Chairman of the Ninth District War Loan Organization. "This government has made it possible for me to succeed in business and whatever I have, the United States can have whenever it desires it. The jury that gave me the verdict apparently thought that a man who bought five or six times as many Liberty Bonds as his allotment called for, could not be very disloyal."

"The case of Mr. Heckert," said Chairman Rogers, "is proof that the majority of American citizens of German birth are loyal to their adopted country."

Chairman Hayden of Madison declared that the story of Mr. Heckert should have the greatest circulation in the coming Victory Loan campaign.

"The story should bring shame to many persons who have been evading their full duty to their country," Mr. Hayden said.

THINK IN INTEREST—SAVE

MAKE JOINT SWEAR-OFF OF FOOLISH SPENDING

Some Pieces of Good Advice as Possible Keynotes for Coming Thrift Campaigns.

Here are some of the pieces of good advice L. B. Franklin, National Director of the War Loan Organization has given to War Savings Stamp workers as possible keynotes for thrift campaigns:

We do not want to make a nation of tightwads but we do want to eliminate the darn fool waste.

Spend wisely and save your money so that you can go into business for yourself.

Spend less and pay off the mortgage or send your boy to college.

Put a little joy into saving.

A French housewife can feed a family on what an American family wastes.

"When a man 'swears off' smoking or ice cream or something like that he is more apt to make good in his resolution if he has a fellow resolver someone else who is undergoing the same denial with the same purpose in mind," Mr. Franklin said. "It is a joint 'swearoff.' This is the thing we want the American people to do make a joint swearoff of foolish spending. And of course we want them to invest the saving in War Savings Stamps.

"We are going to get the 'joint swearoff' idea through the War Savings societies. Each member of a society will be a War Savings Stamp buyer and each will want to hold up his end, especially when he knows that every other member is doing his share."

This mild compulsion by public opinion as it exists in the society will this year take the place of the quota and allotment system of selling War Savings Stamps which was used last year. The W. S. S. buyer is to be made to want to save as much as he can, rather than to feel that he must save such and such an amount. Mr. Franklin said the quota system of War Savings Stamp sales was not in use this year.

The national director made it clear that the appeal is still to patriotism as well as to thrift and self interest but with the patriotic appeal changed from that of a battle crisis to that of the steadier and less spectacular loyalty of the man who is willing to help his country under any and all circumstances. The War Savings Stamps, he said, are to be continued on sale in all parts of the country after the Fifth Liberty Loan is history and probably the stamp sales will be made permanent.

Excellent Farm For Sale

I will sell my farm 2½ miles south of Pine City, on Federal highway. Good buildings, orchard, water piped to barn and house with toilet and bath in later. 5 acres cultivated, 55 acres in wood land and pasture. A fine home; place well located and with every convenience. David Haynes, Pine City, route 4. 27—4

Ask Help for Fire Fighter

Charles W. Robertson a Hinckley Home guardsman, having died of pneumonia contracted while in service on forest fire relief work, the State Public Safety commission has recommended to the legislature that funds be appropriated to his widow and four little children who are said to be practically destitute.

Robertson, a laborer, was a member of Company H, Twelfth battalion of Home guards one of the first units to reach the Moose Lake fire zone after the disasterin October.

Do you know you can secure a year's subscription to The Pine Poker and Woman's World for only

Bring your clocks and watches to Staacke the jeweler for repairs.

Your neighbors take The Poker.

THIS TELLS HOW TO FIGURE INCOME TAX

Squarely Up to Every Individual to Get Busy by March 15 or Suffer Penalty.

"Don't wait until the final due date, March 15th, for paying your Income Tax and making your return. Avoid the last minute rush. Any person can figure out his liability today as well as he can next week, and if there is any point on which he needs advice he can now get in touch with a Revenue man."

This word of advice is from Edward J. Lynch, Collector of Internal Revenue, St. Paul, who is collecting the Income Tax in Minnesota. Collector Lynch is giving without charge every aid of his office and his enlarged field force to help the people get their payments and their returns in by March 15th.

But the Income Tax men will not pull your door-bell or your coat-tails, according to the Collector's announcement. It is squarely up to every individual to figure out his own case and to get busy if he comes within the scope of the new Revenue law.

Did You Earn This Much?

Every unmarried person who received income averaging $19.25 a week during 1918 and every married couple who jointly received income averaging $38.50 a week should secure at once from the nearest Deputy Collector or the nearest bank a blank Form 1040 A. That form contains the information he will need to enable him to figure his correct net income and any tax that he owes the Government.

The law requires that every unmarried person who had a net income of $1,000 or over and every married person whose net income was $2,000 or over (including the income of husband or wife and the earnings of minor children, if any) must make a return on or before March 15th. And this requirement does not hinge on whether the person owes a tax.

Taxable Income.

An individual must include under gross income all gains, profits and income derived from salaries, wages or compensation for personal service of whatever kind and in whatever form paid or from professions, vocations, business, sales or dealings in property of all kinds, interest, rent, dividends or profits derived from any source whatever. Very few items of income are exempt.

Deductions include ordinary and necessary business expenses, interest paid or accrued on indebtedness, taxes of all kinds except Federal income and excess profits taxes and assessments for local benefits, losses actually sustained, debts ascertained to be worthless and depreciation on buildings, machinery, fixtures, etc., used in business. A further deduction is allowed for contributions to corporations operated for religious, charitable, scientific or educational purposes or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals to an amount not exceeding 15 per cent of the taxpayer's net income as computed without the benefit of the contribution deduction.

The taxpayer is not allowed to deduct any personal, living or family expense, any amount spent for improving property or making good its exhaustion for which an allowance is claimed under depreciation.

Figuring the Tax.

Before figuring the normal tax the dividends are deducted as credits from net income, together with the personal exemption. As in previous years, dividends of domestic corporations are exempt from normal tax when received by the stockholder.

The normal tax rates for citizens and residents are as follows: On the first $4,000 of net income in excess of the credits the rate is 6 per cent; on any further taxable income the rate is 12 per cent.

The surtax rates apply to net income of each individual in excess of $5,000. The personal exemption and the dividends are not deductible before computing surtax. In the case of returns by husband and wife, the net income of each is considered separately in computing any surtax that may be due. Form 1040 should be used for filing returns of net income exceeding $5,000, and the instructions on that form will show how to figure the surtax.

Business House Returns.

Employers and others who paid wages, salaries, rents, interest or similar determinable gains in an amount of $1,000 or over during 1918 to any person must file an information return with the Government. Blanks may be secured from the Collector.

Every partnership must file a return showing its income and deductions and the name and address of each partner, with his share of the profits or losses during the past year. Personal service corporations will file similar information for 1918.

Citizen Paprs for Soldiers

Usual Restrictions Are Considerably Reduced for the Soldiers

To honorably discharged soldiers, who are not citizens of the United States and who desire to become naturalized, the following is quoted from subdivision 7 of the act of May 9, 1918:

1. They must have been honorably discharged less than six months.
2. They need no Declaration of Intention.
3. They need not prove length of residence in the U. S. or in the State.
4. They need not have their petition posted and the same can be heard on date of filing.
5. (a) They must have a certificate of arrival, if they arrived in the U. S. since June 29th, 1906.

(b) They must appear with their witnesses before a U. S. Naturalization Examiner and get a Certificate from him before they can petition.

Blank application for certificate of arrival from the Bureau of Naturalization, Washington, D. C., will be on request to A. W. Gunn, clerk of district court, Pine City, Minn., forwarded to applicants. This application should be made immediately, as it takes some time to obtain certificate of naturalization.

To accommodate possible applicants under this Act, Hon. R. K. Doe, U. S. naturalization examiner will be at the office of clerk of the District Court, Pine City, Minn., Tuesday, March 18th, 1919.

LILLIAN GISH

Famous Griffith Star Will be Seen in "The Great Love"

Lillian Gish, who portrays the role of Susie in David Wark Griffith's first Artcraft picture, "The Great Love," which will be shown at the Family theatre Thursday and Friday Mar. 13-14, makes her initial appearance under Artcraft auspices in this photoplay. Miss Gish has been a star in motion picture work for several years and her winsome personality and talent have won for her a large and enthusiastic screen following. Her most recent appearance was in Mr. Griffith's great war picture, "Hearts of the World," which is now being played with enormous success in New York City.

Miss Gish appears in "The Great Love" as a young Australian girl, who lives in England and loves an American soldier, and who eventually finds "the great love" in the service of her country and the cause of the world degnocracy. Her characterization is said to be unusually effective and with the portrayals of Robert Harron, as her sweetheart, and Henry B. Walthall, as an unscrupulous British Baronet, who seeks to win her for her money, forms an artistic combination seldom seen in motion pictures.

Brook Park Farmers Standardize

Brook Park begins standardization of potato varieties and orders carload of Green Mountains (Carmen No. 1) to start pure seed plots. The Pine county farm bureau service located good seed from a reliable potato grower at a reasonable price, which is going out in 2, 5, 10 and 20 bu. lots and will be used to produce next year's seed for the up a reputation for the community main fields. The farmers are using this means to standardize and build They believe that the 10 to 15 cents per hundred extra on straight carloads over mixed car is worth going after and that a little good seed of one known variety is a good investment. By clubbing on a carload shipment, they reduce expenses to a minimum.

Sandstone Doctor Visits Chicago

Dr. Dredge and wife of Sandstone are spending the month at Chicago where the doctor is pursuing professional studies.

Sandstone Is Basket Ball Champ

The Sandstone high school basket ball team won the game at Mora last Saturday evening by a score of 25 to 17 from the Moraites and now holds undisputed right to the 10th district championship. They will again play in the big state championship finals at Northfield.

For Sale

The Moody house, 16x24, handy f moving.—J. M. Patschel.

Mrs. Jos. O'Brien went to Duluth Monday, to visit relatives for a week.

A young man wanted for local re estate office. One who is well acquainted. Good opportunity—apply r at once.—Larsen & McNally, Agt. Hotel.

Your neighbors take The Poker.

DR. M. S. RANOE
NEUROLOGIST, OPHTHALMOLOGIST AND REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST OF MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Next Visit to Pine City
Wenesday, March, 12th
At Agnes Hotel
People who have suffered for years and years with Eye and Nervous troubles get permanent relief through Dr. Ranoe's work. Why not investigate it for yourself?

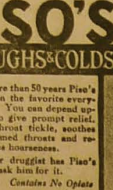
We Still Have
About 1,000 Pounds
of
MIXED
and
TIMOTHY AND ALSYKE
Left.
"First Come, First Served"
AT
MADDEN'S

WM. O'DANIELS
Brook Park, R. F. D. No. 1
Phone 21r18
Licensed
Auctioneer
Guarantees to Please
Leave orders for your sale at either of the Pine City Banks or at the Brook Park State Bank.
...Farm Sales a Specialty...

ORDER COAL NOW
Don't wait until Everyone "Beats You To It."
Louis Volenec
Phone your orders to
Prochaska's Pharmacy
Phone 11

"Reputation Seeds"
For Northern Gardens
Order from
Duluth Floral Co.
Duluth, Minn.
Ask for FREE Trial Packets

PISO'S
for COUGHS & COLDS



For more than 50 years Piso's has been the favorite everywhere. You can depend upon it to give prompt relief. Eases throat tickle, soothes inflamed throats and relieves hoarseness.
Your druggist has Piso's—ask him for it.
Contains No Opiate
Safe for Young and Old

THAT BAD BACK.

Do you have a dull, steady ache n the small of the back—sharp, tabbing twinges when stooping or iftting—distressing urinary disord'rs For bad back and weakened idneys Pine City residents recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. Read his Pine City man's statement:

H. J. Buirge, mill foreman, says: 'I know Doan's Kidney Pills deserve a go od deal of praise. A number of years ago I had an attack of backache, which I suppose was caused by a cold settling on my idneys. Anyway, my back caused me a lot of suffering, especially when I had to do much lifting. My idneys didn't act right. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me in a short time, and I hadn't used them long before all the trouble disappeared. I have had no return of kidney complaint. 60c, at al dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Your neighbors take The Poker.

CONGRESS QUITS; MANY BILLS DIE

Important Measures Fail Where Session Is Talked to Death By Senators.

WILSON STANDS PAT

Insists Extra Call Must Await Return From France—Failure of Rail Appropriation May Mean Early Return of Roads.

Washington, March 5.—The sixty-fifth congress adjourned in the midst of a filibuster by a small Republican group in the senate that killed many important bills.

Among the bills that failed was one appropriating $750,000,000 for the railroad administration, without which, some administration leaders say, the railroads must be returned to their owners before the middle of April.

Gavels Tap on Time.

There was no turning back of clocks. Democratic leaders realized the situation was hopeless and the gavels ending the long, great war session and the Sixty-fifth congress, actually rapped at noon.

Just before adjournment President Wilson, in his capitol office, authorized final notice to the republicans that their effort to force an immediate extra session had failed; that he was unshaken in his determination not to call congress until his work at the peace conference was done.

Return of Roads Urged.

Senator Smith of South Carolina, chairman of the interstate commerce committee, and Senator Overman of North Carolina were among those who went to the president's office and urged that since the republicans had defeated the essential appropriation bill the railroads be returned to their owners forthwith.

After Democratic Leader T. S. Martin had told him the railroad bill could not pass, the president authorized Mr. Martin to announce that under no circumstances would he change his plan to postpone the calling of the new congress until his return from France.

The president gave none of his callers any intimation of his plans regarding the disposition of the railroads. Some centers advised him to return them immediately to private ownership, but the president received all advice without comment.

Marks Democrats' Passing.

Adjournment marks the passing of democratic control at the capitol. The congress that expired at noon began in April, 1917, passed the German war declaration, and its almost continuous sessions have been marked by unprecedented legislation and controversy.

Big bills that failed included both the army and navy appropriation measures. The only two important measures that ran the gauntlet of the last 48 hours of filibustering were the Victory Liberty Loan and the $1,000,000,000 wheat guaranty bill.

Suffrage Loses Out.

While Senator L. N. Sherman was speaking, Senator A. A. Jones of New Mexico sought unanimous consent to present a favorable report of the woman suffrage committee on the suffrage resolution, but the Illinois senator blocked his efforts by refusing to yield the floor.

WANTS TROOPS TO AID LOAN

Glass Asks Earlier Return of Rainbow Division for Purpose.

Washington, March 5.—Secretary Carter Glass has asked Secretary N. D. Baker to hasten the return of the 42nd (Rainbow) Division so it can participate in the Victory Loan campaign. The date set for the division's return is April 26, Glass said. Glass asked that their return be moved forward at least 10 days. It is planned by the treasury to have homecoming days for the various regiments of the Rainbow Division in their native cities during the loan drive. Plans also include use of various members of the division as loan speakers throughout the country.

ADOPTS CONVENTION PLAN

State of Idaho Abolishes Direct Primary System.

Boise, Idaho, March 5.—After ten years of experiments the state of Idaho gave up the direct primary system of nominations and returned to the convention plan. Governor Davis signed the amended new election law which repeals the direct primary.

Bolsheviki Dismiss Food Dictator.

Washington, March 5.—The Bolshevik food dictator, Briljewsky, at Petrograd, has been dismissed because of a largest involving 50,000,000 rubles, according to advices from Helsingfors to the State department.

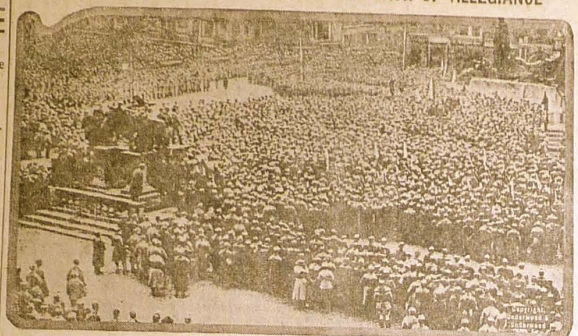
Will Fight Mexican Demands.

Washington, March 5.—The statement of Joaquin Santella, of the Mexican government, that the Houston Petroleum company "refused to justify its rights" in complying with the new Mexican oil codifiers, was displayed at a meeting in Plymouth church, Brooklyn. Dr. Norman Bridge, vice president of the company. This concern is an American one and its president, Edward L. Doheny, is now in Paris with the announced purpose of laying the Mexican demands on the oil companies before the Peace conference.

Estimate of Tax Payments.

Washington, March 4.—Latest Treasury estimates place at $1,000,000,000 the maximum of tax payments to be made March 15 as the first installment of taxes due this year. Most officials believe the amount may be smaller. Since about $600,000,000 of tax certificates are to be redeemed on that date the Treasury believes the desired result will be achieved if the net is stretched. This explanation was made in response to inquiries regarding unusually large numbers.

CZECHO-SLOVAK TROOPS TAKING THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE



Troops of the national army of the Czecho-Slovaks taking the oath of allegiance to the new government at Prague.

ASSAILS SENATE GROUP

Issues Statement On Filibustering Solons.

Charges They "Deliberately Chose to Embarrass Administration to Imperil Railroads.

Washington, March 5.—On the adjournment of congress with important legislation killed by a Republican senate filibuster, President Wilson issued a statement declaring that "a group of men in the senate have deliberately chosen to embarrass the administration of the government, to imperil the financial interests of the railway systems of the country and make arbitrary use of powers intended to be employed in the interest of the people.

"It is plainly my present duty to attend the peace conference in Paris. It is also my duty to be in close contact with the public business during a session of the congress. I must take my choice between these two duties and I confidently hope that the people of the country will think that I am making the right choice.

Holds Extra Session Impossible.

"It is not in the interest of the right conduct of public affairs that I should call the congress in special session while it is impossible for me to be in Washington because of a more pressing duty elsewhere, to co-operate with the houses.

"I take it for granted that the men who have obstructed and prevented the passage of necessary legislation have taken all of this into consideration and are willing to assume the responsibility of the impaired efficiency of the government and the embarrassed finances of the country during the time of my enforced absence."

GERMAN DELEGATES NAMED

Will Discuss Polish Boundary Dispute With Allied Mission.

Paris, March 5.—The German delegation which will meet the Inter-Allied mission to Poland to discuss the boundary dispute between Poland and Germany has been named. According to a dispatch received here the German delegates will be Baron von Rechenberg, Dr. Drews, the Prussian minister of the interior, General Dommes and various officers and experts. The first meeting will be held at Kruez, near Bromberg.

DEMANDS FOE TRADE SHIPS

Foch Wants Immediate Delivery of Mercantile Fleet.

Copenhagen, March 5.—Marshal Ferdinand Foch has demanded the immediate delivery of the German mercantile fleet without regard to the question of food supply, according to a dispatch from Weimar, where the German national assembly is in session.

GOVERNOR OF OREGON DEAD

James Wythecomb Had Been Ill for Many Months.

Salem, Ore., March 5.—James Wythecomb, governor of Oregon, died at his home here. He had been ill for many months, but had continued to transact official business until a week ago. He was 65 years old.

Wound Status for Women.

New York, March 5.—A petition signed by 4,000,000 American women, asking that the Peace conference accord to women of France and Belgium, whomever attacked by German soldiers during the war, the same status as wounded soldiers, was displayed at a meeting in Plymouth church, Brooklyn. "Sergeant" Ruth Farnam, referred to by Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, who presided, as "the only American woman who fought in the Serbian army," will sail for Paris to deliver the petition to the Peace conference.

Grain Glut in Northwest.

Portland, Ore., March 4.—Ninety shiploads of flour and wheat are awaiting transportation in the Northwest, according to officials of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, who are appealing to the government to alleviate the present congestion and avert what is regarded as an impending milling catastrophe. In the warehouses and on docks were 25,000,000 bushels of wheat and flour, and the milling situation was said to be growing more serious.

SENATORS BAND TO DEFEAT PLAN

Lodge of Massachusetts Says League of Nations Will Not Be Ratified.

37 MEMBERS PLEDGED

Names of Those Who Will Oppose Covenant in Next Congress Are Read Into the Record of Retiring Senate.

Washington, March 5.—Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, read in the senate names of 37 Republican members of the new senate, a number sufficient to block ratification of a treaty, saying they had approved a resolution setting forth that "the constitution of the league of nations in the form now proposed to the peace conference should not be accepted by the United States."

The list was inserted in the record by the Republican leader after Democratic Leader Martin and Senator Swanson of Virginia had raised simultaneous objection to consideration of the resolution which he had introduced after long conferences with minority members and had communicated by telegraph and telephone with Republican senators and senators-elect who were not in Washington. The resolution went over by the rules.

Oppose Constitution.

While opposing the constitution as now drafted, the resolution sets forth that it was the desire of the Senate that the nations of the world should unite to promote peace and general disarmament. It also said it was the sense of the Senate that "The negotiations on the part of the United States should immediately be directed to the utmost expedition of the urgent business of negotiating peace terms with Germany" and that then the league proposal should be taken up for careful and serious consideration.

Unable to secure consideration of his measure, Senator Lodge read the names of the 37 members of the next Senate, which will consider the peace treaty, who, the minority leader said favor his resolution.

Democrats Plan Move.

Democratic leaders considered some action in the nature of a reply to the Republicans' move. Chairman Hitchcock of the Foreign Relations committee, it was stated, was considering addressing the Senate on the subject. He pointed out privately that the resolution recited that the present league charter "should not" be accepted by the United States. Senator Hitchcock said that while the Republicans' effort was to present a "flat" declaration of opposition to the present league constitution, the term used did not necessarily imply that they would vote against the present draft.

Pointing out that the constitution opposed merely is a committee report, Senator Swanson said: "The resolution and the Republicans endorsing it do not say that they would defeat a final peace treaty containing the present league constitution."

Three Slayings in Four Days.

Detroit, March 5.—Three slayings in four days is the record made by Sicilian fendists here and the police appeared to be completely baffled in at least two of them. In the last two months seven Italians have been killed in the feud.

Preparing Indemnity Claims.

Washington, March 5.—The government is believed to be preparing to urge certain indemnity claims against the Mexican government. Observers concluded that it was significant that the department at this time made public a list of outrages against Americans and their property in the Tampico oil fields. "The record showed among other things the killing of eight Americans since August 15, 1917, and the theft or destruction of nearly $250,000 in property in the same period.

Alien Custodian Reports.

Washington, March 4.—A. Mitchell Palmer, alien property custodian, who will become attorney general March 4, in a report on administration of enemy owned property, worth $700,000,000, transmitted by President Wilson to the Senate, stated that continued liquidation of large German interests was necessary to prevent renewed attempts at commercial domination by Germans. He said he did not advocate any trade boycott out of a spirit of revenge, or in retaliation for injuries done the United States.

APPROVES BOND BILL

President Signs Measure for Fifth Liberty Loan.

Treasury Is Authorized to Issue Seven Billion Dollars in Short Term Notes.

Washington, March 5.—President Wilson signed the "Victory Loan" bill authorizing the Treasury to issue $7,000,000,000 in short term notes and providing $1,000,000,000 for the use of the war finance corporation in stimulating the country's foreign commerce.

In a statement issued coincident with the President's approval of the bill, Secretary Glass pointed out that under the act interest on both corporate and individual holdings of First Liberty Loan, converted, and Second, Third and Fourth Loan bonds, valued at not more than $30,000 received on and after Jan. 1, 1919, would be exempt from all surtaxes and excess and war profits taxes.

The secretary also called attention to the provision of the act authorizing conversion of bonds of the First Liberty Loan, converted and four per cent bonds of the Second Loan into 4¼ per cent bonds.

SHIPS IN FINE CONDITION

German Merchant Vessels Are Found Fit for Service.

London, March 4.—The condition of the German merchant ships which ultimately will be used to transport American troops homeward is surprisingly good, in the opinion of the United States naval commission recently sent to survey them. It is inferred from preliminary reports that the Germans either kept up the vessels during the war, or that since the armistice they have worked to get them into first class condition.

GREGORY GOING TO PARIS

Retiring Attorney General To Be Wilson's Legal Aid.

Washington, March 4.—Thomas W. Gregory, retiring attorney general of the United States, will accompany President Wilson to Paris, as general adviser and assistant at the peace conference.

Mr. Gregory is expected to advise the president and the American peace commissioners on constitutional questions relating to the League of Nations and on many matters of law, and of general policy.

GARVAN SUCCEEDS PALMER

President Names New Yorker Alien Property Custodian.

Washington, March 5.—Francis P. Garvan of New York city was appointed by President Wilson as alien property custodian, to succeed A. Mitchell Palmer, who becomes attorney general. Mr. Garvan has been director of the bureau of investigation in the custodian's office, and has been largely instrumental in establishing enemy interests in many corporations over the country.

LIST OF OPPONENTS GROWS

Thirty-nine Republican Senators Are Against League.

Washington, March 5.—Senator Lodge of Massachusetts received a telegram from Senator Fall, Republican, of New Mexico, authorizing the signing of his name to the resolution opposing acceptance of the league of nations constitution as now drawn. Signatures to the resolution now number 39.

Approves French Claims.

London, March 5.—Commenting upon the terms which Marshal Foch will present to the Germans, the Times says: "They will be severe and such as will effectively disarm the Central powers on the side nearest France. France has a just right to extra military guarantees on her frontier toward Germany, and those guarantees may well have to take the form of special territorial readjustments in any case. France may count on our assistance in obtaining all these necessary guarantees.

Wheat and Flour Congestion.

Portland, Ore., March 4.—Ninety ship loads of flour and wheat are awaiting transportation in the Northwest, according to the Portland Chamber of Commerce, which is appealing to the government to alleviate the present congestion and avert what is regarded as an impending milling catastrophe. In the warehouses and on the docks were 25,000,000 bushels of wheat and flour and the milling situation was said to be growing more acute. Next August the new wheat crop will start pouring in.

THINKS PEOPLE APPROVE LEAGUE

President Asserts Americans Are in Favor of Forming Society of Nations.

CRITICS ARE WARNED

Wilson in New York Address Asserts He Is Going to Peace Conference to Battle for League With Renewed Vigor.

New York, March 5.—In an address here on the eve of his return to Paris, President Wilson told the American people that he was going to the peace conference to battle with renewed vigor for a creation of a league of nations.

"The first thing I am going to tell the people on the other side of the water is that an overwhelming majority of the American people is in favor of the league of nations," said the President.

Speaking after former President Taft had expounded the main features of the proposed covenant of nations, Mr. Wilson told the vast audience, which filled the Metropolitan opera house, his opinions of opponents of the league plan in America.

No Party Can Claim League.

"No party has the right to appropriate this league and no party will, in the long run, dare oppose it," he asserted.

Asserting that the league of nations is "based as a notice to all outlaw nations" that the great peoples of the world will no longer tolerate international crimes, the President said that Europe was a "bit sick at heart at this very moment because it seems that statesmen have no vision and that the only vision has been the vision of the people."

"And I am amazed—not alarmed, but amazed—that there should be in some quarters such a comprehensive ignorance of the state of the world," continued Mr. Wilson. "Those gentlemen do not know what the mind of men is just now. Everybody else does.

"I do not know where they have been during the time by what influences they have been blinded; but I do know that they have been separated from the general currents of thought of mankind.

"Heart of World is Awake."

"And I want to utter this solemn warning, not in the way of a threat; the forces of the world do not threaten, they operate. The great tides of the world do not give notice that they are going to rise and run; they rise in their majesty and overwhelming might, and those who stand in the way are overwhelmed. Now the heart of the world is awake and the heart of the world must be satisfied."

America's soldiers, he said, went overseas feeling they were sacredly bound to the realization of those ideals which their President had enunciated when the United States went into the war.

"There is another thing," the President said, "which critics of the league had not observed.

"They not only have not observed the temper of the world, but they have not even observed the temper of those splendid boys in khaki that they sent across the seas," he asserted.

CONGRESS IS CRITICISED

Governors and Mayors Deplore Failure of Many Bills.

Washington, March 5.—Sharp criticism of Congress for not passing appropriation and other measures and of government departments for what was termed failure to co-operate to the fullest in providing employment and raising raw materials, developed at the White House conference of governors and mayors called to consider labor and business problems.

ANARCHIST LEADER BOASTS

Trotzky Asserts His Doctrine Is Spreading in Russia.

Geneva, Switzerland, March 5.—Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik war minister, has written from Moscow to a friend here claiming that Bolshevism is spreading throughout Russia and Siberia. He declares that after peace is signed, a new campaign will be started among the workers of the world to fight imperialism and capitalism.

WORKMEN DEMAND ELECTION

Fifty Thousand at Christiania Are Pledged to Strike.

Christiania, March 5.—Representatives of 50,000 workmen passed resolutions threatening a general strike unless a new election is held at once. A proposal to establish workmen's and soldiers' councils was rejected by the close vote of 63 to 54.

New Type of Wireless Phone.

London, March 5.—Experiments in a new type of wireless telephone are so far advanced that it is hoped within a few weeks it will be possible to speak between London and New York, while the establishment of a regular commercial service by wireless telephone between London and New York early next year is expected by the Marconi company, according to a statement by Godfrey C. Isaacs, managing director of the Marconi Wireless company to a correspondent of the Daily Mail.

Asks Allied Investigation.

Paris, March 4.—The suggestion that the Allied governments send a commission to Russia or a thorough investigation of all governments was made by Nicholas Tchaikowsky, president of the government of Northern Russia. This suggestion was made as a counter proposition to the Allied invitation to the Russian governments to confer at the Prince's Island for the purpose of advising the Peace conference about the Russian situation. Prince Tchaikowsky is one of the Russian leaders now in Paris.

MADE SCIENCE OF CHECKERS

New Englanders Put Pastime on Elevation That Made It Far Above Mere Game.

Those who mention the death of Lyman Stearns, long an agent for the Union, recall always his championship among New Hampshire checker players. It seems a minor matter now, but there was a time when checkers were important, observes Manchester Union. In old times, when the snow was deep, the papers not what they are now, and the telephone not known, this game, so easy and yet so hard, had its votaries everywhere. A board was at every grocery and in every tavern, shrewd, usually rather thoughtful men with a mathematical turn of mind, held the honors in each locality. Here and there notable authorities were developed. Men walked miles to play with each other. The merits of center and side attack, of conservation or sacrifice, were widely debated. Now, the dominating thought of the people has become better expressed in baseball. Only a few of the elect still make the game a passion.

There is yet to be written a philosophy of games. Why are English-speaking peoples almost the only people, except American Indians, to play baseball? How does it happen that before the war one night see a crowd in France waiting with breathless interest the important strokes in a game of croquet? Why do all the South American nations seem to have little interest in any out-of-door sports, except racing, rooster fighting or bull fighting? Why has India no out-of-door national sport except talking philosophy and religion? Why is Scotland devoted to golf instead of cricket? Why has Germany produced only one or two pugilists of reputation? Why have nations that have devoted most attention to ball playing and pugilism been the dominating ones in commerce and government?

Recreation is a product of character expressing itself freely. What does the game of checkers mean? Evidently a contemplative, mildly pugnacious, calculating spirit, delighting to play campaigns, carry on defense and offense and at the end feel that one made a good contest. That was what the New Hampshire men of past generations delighted to do in life. Some are of that spirit still. Some express it with other games. A faction will forever keep the checker board in view. Perhaps they are the kind of men who will remain the conservatives in social and political life.

Prince Carol and the Throne.

In 1866 the Roumanians offered their throne to Prince Carol of a side branch of the Hohenzollern family, who was also, however, connected through his mother with the dynasty of Napoleon. Austria and Russia were not enthusiastic over seeing a Hohenzollern reigning at Bukharest, but Bismarck saw a chance to put a friend of Prussia into the Balkans and urged the young prince to accept.

William Stearns Davis in "Roots of the War" (Century Magazine) in relating the incident quotes the great minister as saying: "Even if you fall you will always remember that you are an adventure which can never be a reproach to you." Mr. Davis goes on to relate that through fear the prince traveled the Danube disguised as a second-class passenger until at Turnu-Severin, on Roumanian soil, he left the boat and was greeted by his future prime minister. Austria fumed and might have taken action, but her great war with Prussia was about to break out and she soon had more grievous troubles. The other powers declined to intervene, and the sultan of Turkey, the prince's nominal suzerain, confirmed the new ruler. Thus Prince Carol kept his throne.

British Transform Mesopotamia.

Scarcely has the smoke of battle cleared from Mesopotamia before we hear of new irrigation projects by the British. One has just been finished 70 miles northeast of Bagdad and will make fertile 300,000 acres. The British have improved the stream formed by the confluence of the Tigris and Euphrates, so that ocean steamers can now go much farther up from the Persian gulf than formerly, and a great new port is being developed. Palestine is being now policed by thousands of Jewish soldiers turned over by the British army. We are already roughly familiar with the British work in building roads there, stringing telephones and providing a water supply. According to the Zionist administrative commission, educational activities are beginning and financial measures are being undertaken for agricultural and industrial development. Peace and order are coming back in even the worst ravaged lands. One camp near Bagdad holds 50,000 Armenian and Syrian refugees, housed under model sanitary conditions. All these activities will some day make a story of absorbing interest.

In the Garden of Eden.

There is an old Sumerian legend which places Eden at Quara, oblivious of the fact that the Persian gulf may have extended far above it. The army (writes Maj. Gen. Sir George MacMunn) read the story and adopted its Temptation square and Adam's tomb. Ancient spots among the palm groves of the Arab town. To one of the building breed, marching in with a pack and a hundred rounds of ammunition, with the temperature at 132, and the wet bulb over 90, an officer confided the fact that this was the Garden of Eden. "Well, sir," said the product of undenominational teaching, "all I can say is that no wonder the twelve apostles deserted."

Use Time to Advantage.

Time, which never stands still itself, will not allow any one of us to stand still. It delivers into our hands sixty minutes every hour and compels us to dispose of them in some way. Whether we will or not, a constant accounting has to be rendered. One who falls into the habit of dissipating time disputes not only opportunity but happiness, for the squandering of time become a prodigal of the other things which make life worth while.—Forbes Magazine.

DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Adv.

Up Against It.

"There never was a philosopher yet who could endure the toothache patiently."

"And that's tough, for the average professional philosopher hasn't enough money to go to a dentist."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

By Comparison.

Mrs. A (house hunting)—Fancy the agent advertising this as a superior flat.

Mrs. B—That's all right; you should see the others he has.—Boston Evening Transcript.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has been used for all ailments that are caused by a disordered stomach and inactive liver, such as sick headache, constipation, sour stomach, nervous indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart caused by gases in the stomach. August Flower is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. Sold in all civilized countries. Give it a trial.—Adv.

Its Luck.

Sponger—"Hello, Jones, can you lend me a fiver?" Jones—"Thank heaven no; I'm in luck today."

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed forever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the Mucous Surfaces.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

All Druggists 75c. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Self-esteem is about all the satisfaction some men get out of life.

The secret of true wisdom is to know your ignorance.

SAYS AMERICA FAVORS LEAGUE

Wilson Declares That Is Message He Will Carry Back to Peace Conference.

CRITICS ARE IMPUGNED

President Warns Opponents That World Will Overwhelm Them—Washington Would Favor League, Says Taft.

New York, March 5.—President Wilson in his speech here just before his departure for France said:

"The first thing that I am going to tell the people on the other side of the water is that an overwhelming majority of the American people is in favor of the league of nations. I know that that is true. I have had unmistakable intimations of it from all parts of the country, and the voices rings true in every case. I count myself fortunate to speak here under the unusual circumstances of this evening. I am happy to associate myself with Mr. Taft in this great cause. He has displayed an elevation of view and a devotion to public duty which is beyond praise.

League Not a Party Issue.

"And I am the more happy because this means that this is not a party issue. No party has the right to appropriate this league and no party will in the long run dare oppose it.

"We have listened to so clear and admirable an exposition of many of the main features of the proposed covenant of the league of nations that it is perhaps not necessary for me to discuss in any particular way the contents of the document. I will seek rather to give you its setting. I do not know when I have been more impressed than by the conferences of the commission set up by the conference of peace to draw up a covenant for the league of nations. The representatives of 14 nations sat around that board—not young men, not men inexperienced in the affairs of their own countries, not men inexperienced in the politics of the world, and the inspiring influences of every meeting was the concurrence of purpose on the part of all those men to come to an agreement and an effective working agreement with regard to this league of the civilized world.

Conviction in Whole Impulse.

"There was a conviction in the whole impulse; there was conviction of more than one sort; there was the conviction that this thing ought to be done and there was also the conviction that not a man there would venture to go home and say that he had not tried to do it.

"It is one of the agreements of this covenant that it is the friendly right of every nation a member of the league to call attention to anything that it thinks will disturb the peace of the world, no matter where that thing is occurring.

"There is no subject that may touch the peace of the world which is exempt from inquiry and discussion and I think everybody here present will agree with me that Germany would never have gone to war if she had permitted the world to discuss the aggression upon Serbia for a single week.

Opponents Held Lacking in Vision.

"My friend, I wish you would reflect on this proposition. The vision as to what is necessary for great reforms has seldom come from the people in the nations of the world. It has come from the need and the aspiration and the self-assertion of great bodies of men who meant to be free. And I can explain some of the criticisms which have been leveled against this great enterprise only by the supposition that the men who utter the criticisms have never felt the great pulse of the heart of the world.

"And I am amazed—not alarmed, but amazed that there should be in some quarters such a comprehensive ignorance of the state of the world. These gentlemen do not know what the mind of men is just now. Everybody else does. I do not know where they have been closeted, I do not know by what influences they have been blinded; but I do know that they have been separated from the general currents of the thought of mankind.

Utters Solemn Warning.

"And I want to utter this solemn warning, not in the way of a threat—the forces of the world do not threaten, they operate. The great tides of the world do not give notice that they are going to rise and swell, they rise in their majesty and overwhelming might and those who stand in the way are overwhelmed. Now the heart of the world is awake and the heart of the world must be satisfied. Do not let yourselves suppose for a moment that the uneasiness in the populations of Europe is due entirely to economic causes or economic motives; something very much deeper underlies that. They see that their governments have never been able to defend them against intrigue or aggression, and that there is no quality of foresight or prudence in any modern cabinet to stop war. And, therefore, they say: 'There must be some fundamental cause for this,' and the fundamental cause they are beginning to perceive to be is that nations have stood singly or in little jealous groups against each other, fostering prejudices, increasing the danger of war, rather than contriving measures to prevent it, and if there is right in the world, if there is justice in the world, there is no reason why nations should be divided in the support of justice.

What the People Are Saying.

"They are therefore saying, if you really believe that there is a right, if you really believe that wars ought to be stopped, stop thinking about the rival interests of nations and think about men and women and children throughout the world.

"Nations are not made to afford distinction to their rulers by way of success in the maneuvers of politics; nations are meant, if they are meant for anything, to make the men and women and children in them secure and happy and prosperous and the nation has the right to set up special interests against the interests and benefits of mankind, least of all this great nations which we love.

Fail to Observe Temper of Boys.

"There is another thing which I think the critics of this covenant have not observed. They not only have not observed the temper of the world, but they have not seen clearly the temper of those splendid boys in khaki that they sent across seas. I have had the proud consciousness of the reflected glory of those boys, because the constitution made me their commander in chief and they have taught me some lessons. When we went into the war, we went into it on the basis of declarations, which it was my privilege to utter, because they had been to be an interpretation of the purpose and thought of the people of the United States.

"And those boys went over there with the feeling that they were sacredly bound to the realization of those ideals; that they were not only going over there to beat Germany; they were not going over there merely with resentment in their hearts against a particular outlaw nation; but that they were crossing those 3,000 miles of sea in order to show Europe that the United States when it became necessary would go anywhere where the rights of mankind were threatened.

Pledges Self Not to Slacken Effort.

"And do you suppose that having felt that crusading spirit of these youngsters, who went over there not to glorify America, but to save their fellowmen, I am going to permit myself for one moment to slacken in my effort to be worthy of them and their cause? What I said at the opening, I said with a deeper meaning than perhaps you have caught; I do mean not to come back till it's over over there," and it must not be over until the nations of the world are assured of the permanency of peace.

"I must say I have been puzzled by some of the criticisms, not by the criticisms themselves; I can understand them perfectly even when there was no foundation for them, but by the fact of the criticism. I cannot imagine how these gentlemen can live and not live in the atmosphere of the world.

Condems Doctrine of Selfishness.

"I cannot imagine how they can live and not be in contact with the events of the times and I particularly cannot imagine how they can be Americans and set up a doctrine of careful selfishness throughout to the last detail. I have heard no counsel of generosity in their criticism. I have heard no constructive suggestion. I have heard nothing except 'will it not be dangerous to us to help the world?' It would be fatal to us not to help it.

"From being what I will venture to call the most famous and the most powerful nation in the world we would of a sudden have become the most contemptible. So, I did not need to be told, as I have been told, that the people of the United States would support this covenant. I am an American and I knew they would.

Interpreted Washington Aright.

"Mr. Taft was speaking of Washington's utterances about entangling alliances and if he will permit me to say so, he put exactly the right interpretation upon what Washington said, the interpretation that is inevitable if you read what he said, as most of these gentlemen do not, and the thing he longed for was just what we are now about to apply—an arrangement which will disentangle all the alliances in the world.

Has Renewed Vigor.

"Nations promise not to have alliances. Nations promise not to make combinations against each other; nations agree that there be but one combination and that is the combination of all against the wrongdoer. And so I am going back to my task on the other side with renewed vigor. I had not forgotten what the spirit of the American people is, but I have been immensely refreshed in coming in contact with it again. I did not know how good home felt until I got there.

"The only place a man can feel at home is where nothing has to be explained to him. Nothing has been explained to me in America, least of all the sentiment of the American people. I mean about great fundamental things like this. There are many differences of judgment as to policy—and perfectly legitimate. Sometimes profound differences of judgment, but those are not differences of sentiment, those are not differences of purpose, those are not differences of ideals, and the advantage of not having to have anything explained to you is that you recognize a wrong explanation when you hear it.

Relies on People's Sentiment.

"In a certain rather abandoned part of the frontier at one time it was said they found a man who told the truth, he was not found telling it, but he could tell it when he heard it, and I think I am in that situation with regard to some of the criticisms I have heard. They do not make any impression on me, because I know there is no medium that will transmit them, that the sentiment of the country is proof against such narrowness and such selfishness as that. I commend these gentlemen to communion with their fellow citizens.

"What are we to say, then, as to the future? I think, my fellow citizens, that we can look forward to it with great confidence. I have heard cheering news since I came to the shore of the water about the progress that is being made in Paris towards the discussion and clarification of a great many difficult matters; and I believe that settlements will begin to be made rather rapidly from this time on at those conferences.

Finding Community of Purpose.

"But what I believe—what I know as well as believe, is this: That the men engaged in those conferences are gathering heart as they go, not losing it; that they are finding community of purpose and community of ideal to an extent that perhaps they did not expect; and that amidst all the interplay of influence—because it is infinitely complicated—there is a forward movement which is running towards the right. Men have at least perceived that the only permanent thing in the world is the right, and that a wrong settlement—bound to be a temporary settlement for the very best reason of all, that it ought to be a temporary settlement and the spirits of men will rebel against it, and the spirits of men are now in the saddle.

"When I came to Italy, a little limping group of wounded Italian soldiers, sought an interview with me. I could not conjecture what it was they were going to say to me and with the greatest simplicity, with a touching simplicity, they presented me with a petition in favor of the league of nations. Their wounded limbs, their impaired vitality—it was to them that they brought with them. It was a simple request that I lend all the influence that I might happen to have to believe future generations of the sacrifices that they have been obliged to make.

Crowds Cry for League.

"That appeal has remained in my mind as I have ridden along the streets in European capitals and the cries of the crowd, cries for the league of nations from the lips of people, who, I venture to say, had no particular notion of how it was to be done, who were not ready to propose a plan for a league of nations, but whose hearts said that something by way of a combination of all men everywhere must come out of this.

"As we drove along country roads weak old women would come out and hold flowers to us. Why should they hold flowers up to strangers from across the Atlantic? Why because they believed we were the messengers of friendship and of hope and those flowers were their humble offerings of gratitude that friends from so great a distance should have brought them so great a hope.

Not to Disappoint Them.

"It is inconceivable that we should disappoint them, and we shall not. The day will come when men in America will look back with swelling hearts and rising pride that they should have been privileged to make the sacrifice which it was necessary to make in order to combine their might and their moral power with the cause of justice for men of every kind everywhere.

"God give us strength and vision to do it wisely. God give us the privilege of knowing that we did it without counting the cost, and because we were true Americans, lovers of liberty and of doing right!"

Taft Answers Criticism.

A league of nations covenant is indispensable to the treaty of peace, if the war "is to accomplish the declared purposes of this nation and the world," former President Taft said. He and Taft told the audience at the Metropolitan Opera house in an exhaustive discussion of the league principles preceeding the address of President Wilson.

Adherence to the Washingtonian policy of avoiding foreign alliances could not be applied to the present international status, Mr. Taft said, because the United States is now and the United States are inevitably involved in the preservation of European peace.

For the United States to withdraw from the project, he asserted, would make the league of nations merely "a return to the system of alliances and the 'balance of power,' with a speedy recurrence of war, in which this country would certainly be involved, as it was in the present struggle."

Refers to Criticisms.

Referring to criticism of the league plan in the Senate, the former president stated his belief it was the duty of the senate, as the treaty-making power of the nation's treaty-making power, to report the eventual draft of the treaty with the former Central powers with the league of covenant as a part of the treaty itself, if in his judgment and that of the Peace conference an agreement formally terminating the war would be incomplete without it.

If the President made such a recommendation, Mr. Taft said, he would no doubt if there would be a majority of the members willing to assume the responsibility of delreeing the treaty be amended by striking out the constitution of the league and committing the question to further discussion of Paris. Mr. Taft stated his opinion that the problem would have "a somewhat different aspect" for senators upon whom would be laid the blame for "postponing peace."

Counteracting Bolshevism.

Though he relied upon America's training for hundreds of years in self-government to counteract the "hard, cruel, murderous spectre of Bolshevism" in this country, Mr. Taft asserted that "if it spreads over and destroys the existing governments in France and England and Italy and threatens them and includes the whole of Europe in its poisonous and contagious influence, we must not minimize its dangers to our own civilization.

United Force Needed.

"There must be the united force of a league of nations to stabilize conditions and hold them until the new nations created for the purpose shall have the strength with which they can play their part in making the treaty of peace effective."

Mr. Taft saw no threat against the Monroe Doctrine in the league covenant, under which, he said, America would take the initial steps and presumably would be in charge of repressive action in case of violations on the American continent. European members would attend to Europe and Asiatic members to Asia unless a conflict of such seriousness developed that the peace of the world was endangered.

After reminding his audience that no critic had offered a "single constructive suggestion" on the way of a substitute plan, Mr. Taft entered upon a discussion of the legal aspects of the project. The proposed covenant, he said, was nothing more than a contract for the benefit of the contracting parties. It created "No super-sovereignty" he maintained, adding that "The only sovereignty we have is that sanctioned by international law."

The former president asserted that the league provision prohibiting war until three months after an arbitration award or a recommendation of a compromise, was "the great restraint upon war imposed by the covenant upon members and non-members."

He showed how the penalizing clause subjecting a covenant breaking nation to a boycott of its commercial, trade, financial, personal and official relations with other countries, would be a powerful international weapon for the enforcement of peace.

The former president declared that the world was "in sight of a league of peace, of what/I have ever regarded as 'the promised land.'"

He asserted that "Our profound sympathy in his purpose, and our prayers for his success" should go with President Wilson in his great mission."

WOULD DESTROY BUILDINGS

I. W. W. Plot Disclosed to Blow Up Chicago Structures.

Chicago, March 5.—A "red" I. W. W. plot to destroy the new local army headquarters building, two Chicago clubs and at least one public building, and to terrorize Chicago has been frustrated by coordinated action of the city and federal authorities.

"Three 'reds' were 'drawn' by flipping coins to do the work. One was a mechanic—a bomb exploder—brought in from outside Chicago. Another was James Patterson, an I. W. W., who was a victim of the gang and was murdered because he was believed to be guilty of squealing."

The buildings marked for destruction were the United States army headquarters building, of which Major Leonard Wood recently took possession; the city hall, the Union League club, and the Chicago club.

Relief Ships Reach Genoa.

Berne, March 5.—Three American steamers with cargoes of grain for Switzerland have arrived at Genoa and another steamer has reached Naples. These are the first shipments to Switzerland to arrive in Italian harbors in two years.

Baker Answers Congressman.

Washington, March 6.—No army officer who has appeared before committees at the last session of Congress has "ever been disciplined or even questioned with regard to testimony given by him," Secretary Baker wrote Representative Gould in reply to a letter inquiring as to the truth of reports the Brigadier General Ansell, former acting judge advocate general, might be reduced to house of his statements before the House Military committee on the question of military justice.

Calls Situation Serious.

Philadelphia, March 6.—Samuel Rea, president of the Pennsylvania railroad company, regards the failure of Congress to pass the $750,000,000 appropriation for the railroad revolving fund as serious. In a statement he said:

"I urged the passage of the $750,000,000 appropriation recommended by the Railroad Administration and deeply regret it has failed, because it leaves the railroad situation in a state of confusion, and may mean the immediate stoppage of a large amount of construction now in progress

O'Leary Makes Denial.

New York, March 6.—Jeremiah A. O'Leary related on the witness stand at his trial on a charge of sedition how he became acquainted with Madame Victorica, a German agent. The prosecution alleges he conspired with her to get messages through to Germany, but the defendant asserted he met her only in a professional way. O'Leary testified Madame Victorica called at his office to retain him in an effort to obtain a divorce from an insane husband.

Will Fly in U. S.

Paris, March 6.—The French military aviation mission, which is about to leave for the United States will visit principal American cities and the aviators will make short flights of about 250 miles, Captain De Lavergne, head of the mission says. The mission will exhibit films and the members will deliver lectures on the friendship of American and French aviators during the war. The captain added he was desirous of demonstrating in America the efficiency of French airplanes.

Chinese Premier Praises Wilson.

Peking, March 6—Premier Chin Non Heun and other members of the Chinese cabinet and their staffs attended a meeting at the American legation at the invitation of Minister Reinsch, to hear the final reports of the war work campaign in China. The premier, in a speech, paid a tribute to the service of President Wilson to the world and said the result of the war work campaign demonstrated the people of China had recognized their international obligations.

Get Bonus; May Keep Uniforms.

Washington, March 6.—Two measures of importance to discharged soldiers were enacted by Congress. One provides a bonus of $60 for all men honorably discharged from the military service after April 6, 1917, and the other permits all discharged soldiers to retain their uniforms. Those who did not receive the $60 bonus when they were discharged are to apply to the zone finance officer, Lemon building, Washington. Application must be accompanied by certification of discharge.

Yanks May Be Held Longer.

Washington, March 6.—Failure of the army bill to pass Congress means retention of a great many soldiers much longer than had been planned, Secretary of War N. D. Baker said. He characterized the situation as difficult, and said the department would be seriously embarrassed as to finances. The bill provided for a regular army of 500,000 men, which he said was to have been enlisted at once to replace men who enlisted or were drafted for the war.

Claim Procedure Shown.

Washington, March 6.—The method of procedure in settlement of claims against the government under the act signed by President Wilson validating informal contracts, was explained by the War department in a letter to all persons and corporations holding such claims. All claims must be filed before June 30 next, and in cases where the claimant is not satisfied with the award made by the bureau claims board he is authorized to appeal to the board of contract adjustments.

WORMS ARE INJURIOUS TO GROWING PIGS

Not a Very Good Place for Hogs—Clean, Pens and Abundance of Exercise Will Do a Great Deal Toward Protecting Animals From Disease.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Intestinal worms are common in hogs, and are particularly injurious to growing pigs. Insufficiently fed neglected pigs living in dirty pens and yards, fed from filthy troughs, drinking contaminated water, bathing in old hog wallows, and rooting and sleeping in manure piles and stack bottoms soon become infested with worms. Such pigs do not thrive but develop into pot-bellied, profitless runts. Pens should be kept clean and dry and the manure frequently removed.

Mixtures containing charcoal, copperas, etc., such as that described, are believed by some to be of value as preventives and destroyers of worms, but their usefulness probably depends upon their general effect on the condition of the pig and not upon their action on the worms. Other things being equal, a pig in good condition is better able to resist the attacks of worms than one that is not in good condition. Mineral mixtures may, therefore, by helping to balance the ration, tend to increase the powers of resistance to the ill effects of worms and other parasites. They should, however, be classed as tonics or conditioners rather than as worm preventives or destroyers.

Santonin, which was formerly widely used as a remedy for worms in hogs, is practically unobtainable at the present time owing to foreign trade conditions.

Effective Treatment.

The following treatment has been found to be very effective in expelling intestinal worms in experiments conducted by the zoological division of the bureau of animal industry:

Withhold all feed and water for 24 hours, then give each pig from one to two ounces of castor oil to which has been added oil of American wormseed as follows: Pigs weighing less than 50 pounds, one-half teaspoonful; pigs weighing 50 to 100 pounds, one teaspoonful; large hogs, two teaspoonfuls. Each pig should be dosed separately if the best results are to be obtained. Castor oil should always be given with oil of American wormseed. Other laxatives are not satisfactory.

Dangerous to Drench Hogs.

Drenching hogs is dangerous, as they are liable to get the remedy into the lungs. With sufficient assistance pigs may be held, the mouth kept open by means of a couple of loops of wire or rope, or leather straps, and the medicine given in a tablespoon or a large kitchen spoon. By this method, though it is troublesome, one may be certain that each pig gets his proper dose. After dosing with the above mixture the pigs may be fed and watered. Repeat the treatment in ten days.

Change Pastures Frequently.

Healthy hogs become infected with intestinal worms from feed, water and soil which have been infested by the droppings from infected hogs. Frequent change of pasture is one of the best means of reducing worm infestation to a minimum. Hogs, however, should not be allowed to run at large on open range as this favors the spread of hog cholera.

Swine can be raised when they are confined in limited quarters if the quarters are kept clean, but they will do much better and stay in better health if they have plenty of pasture. Divide the pasture into convenient areas, so that the hogs can be shifted from one pasture to another. This not only provides fresh pasture but offords an opportunity to disinfect the pastures by plowing and reseeding or by exposure to the sun and weather.

SANITARY BARNS FOR STOCK ARE FAVORED

Fair Standard of Hygiene Should Be Maintained.

Important That Animals Be Given Abundance of Natural Light and Pure Air to Prevent Prevalence of Disease.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Losses of live stock due to disease are less on farms operated under reasonably sanitary conditions, and are slight in proportion to those on farms where no special attention is given to making the housing conditions sanitary. A man about to embark in the live-stock industry should hesitate, say officials of the United States department of agriculture, unless he is able to supply buildings suitably equipped to maintain at least a fair standard of hygiene. The prevalence of diseases, particularly tuberculosis and their rapid spread in communities where large numbers of animals are confined in dark, damp, poorly ventilated buildings—especially of bank-barn type—and the nonprevalence of similar diseases among animals which are allowed to roam at large, illustrates the importance of constructing barns so that the live stock may have abundant natural light and pure air.

Sanitary barn construction means the liberal use of concrete and glass. This does not necessarily mean expensive construction. The sanitary barn should be built on a site that has the advantages of good natural drainage and a good water supply. The surroundings should be in keeping with the interior construction. Barn yards and exercising lots should be dry. Concrete feeding forms which are properly sloped and drained are advisable. In all cases convenience in locating barn sites should be secondary in consideration to sanitation.

MUCH MEAT WAS INSPECTED

Million Head More of Cattle Slaughtered in October, 1918, Than in October, 1917.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The meat inspection service of the United States department of agriculture supervised the slaughtering of over a million head more cattle in October, 1918, than in October, 1917. That additional protection to the American table came as the result of additional wartime tasks.

Droppings Benefit Pasture.

The droppings from the cattle will benefit the pasture more if they are spread or broken up with a spike-tooth harrow with the teeth set well aslant.

Litter Carrier for Manure.

The most satisfactory way to move the manure from the barn to the shed is by means of a litter carrier on an overhead track.

Water is Important.

It is important that the cows have an abundance of pure water.

HARDEN HORSES FOR HARD SPRING WORK

Animals Often Pushed Beyond Limit at Start of Season.

Most Good Farmers Have Work Teams in Good Condition—Of Much importance to Have Collar Fit to Avoid Sore Shoulders.

After a winter of comparative idleness horses are soft and are not able to stand long days of hard work. At the starting of spring's work, however, there is a tendency to rush the first crops in, particularly the small grain, "before more bad weather comes," and horses are often pushed beyond the limit of what they should endure. More is done in the long run to take it easy the first three or four days, rather than to let soft, ambitious horses push into work until sheer exhaustion compels them to quit. Crowding never pays at the start of spring's work.

Horses' shoulders are also out of condition for hard work at the commencing of spring. Most good farmers have their work teams well in flesh by spring. This means the collar that fits during the work season of the year before is too small at the beginning. It is a cruel mistake to use it if so small the shoulder is damaged by it. A good plan is to lay aside the regular collar and start with a soft cloth collar, the kind that may be bought for a dollar at most harness shops. In a few days or weeks the shoulder is down to normal and then the regular leather collar may be used until it will fit. When all folks learn that the collar should be fitted to the horse instead of the horse to the collar there will be less ill treatment of "man's noblest servant."

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Tankage is valuable for brood sows.

* * *

The sheep shed or barn should be entirely waterproof.

* * *

Corn silage, unhusked corn and clover hay are all splendid roughage foods.

* * *

The calf which is raised on skim milk should be taught early to eat grain.

* * *

Breeding ewes should be kept in good condition, and should have plenty of exercise.

* * *

The fecundity of many valuable sows has been seriously impaired by maintaining them on a carbonaceous ration, corn alone.

* * *

Salt is dangerous to hogs. Though, like other animals, swine crave salt they are more easily poisoned even by small quantities of it.

* * *

A ration for fattening steers would not differ materially from a ration for milch cows, provided the steers were kept in shelter the same as the cows.

Feel Lame and Achy?

Colds and cold weather bring backache and kidney troubles to many people. The kidneys have to do more of the work fighting off any germs. Then weakness comes on, and you feel miserable, or serious kidney troubles develop. Doan's Kidney Pills are a tonic for the kidneys. Use Doan's for quick, satisfactory results.

A Wisconsin Case

"Every Pain in my back was gone and my kidneys were all right after using Doan's Kidney Pills. I had had a lot of trouble with my kidneys and felt tired and worn out. My back ached so I could hardly get around. I was bothered by dizzy spells and my eyes would get so blurred I had to stop reading. I was nervous and had rheumatism in my joints. My kidneys were out of order and I was laid up. I had read about Doan's Kidney Pills and I knew they would do me good. I took them and they did me good. They cured me. I feel like a new man. I can't say too much for Doan's Kidney Pills."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Safe Side.

"Now, Mr. Allcock, your idea of the president's famous fourteen points—"

"You will pardon me, I trust, Mr. Ponder," interrupted the human byeline, "if I decline to discuss anything more recent than the lectures of Theodore Tilton, which were so popular in 1879. I find I already have all the enemies I can accommodate."—Kansas City Star.

STOMACH UPSET?

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS DYSPEPSIA, ACIDITY, GAS, INDIGESTION.

Your meals hit back! Your stomach is sour, acid, gassy and you feel blockaded after eating or you have heavy lumps of indigestion pain or headache, but never mind. Here is instant relief.

Don't stay upset! Eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin and immediately the indigestion, gases, acidity and all stomach distress ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets are the surest, quickest stomach relievers in the world. They cost very little at drug stores. Adv.

Parliamentary Pleasantry.

"The doctor said I had a touch of rheumatism in my knee," remarked Senator Sedash of Sequepe, "and I must resolve to be more careful of it if I expect to improve my system."

"I gotcha," remarked the roll-call clerk. "What he wants is a joint resolution to amend your constitution."

RHEUMATISM IS PAIN ONLY, RUB IT AWAY

Instant relief from pain, soreness, stiffness following a rubbing with "St. Jacobs Liniment."

Stop "dosing" rheumatism. It's pain only; not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Liniment" right on the "tender spot," and by the time you say "Jack Robinson" out comes the rheumatic pain and distress. "St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain! It is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and doesn't burn like iodine. It takes pain, soreness and stiffness from aching joints, muscles and bones; stops sciatica, lumbago, backache, neuralgia and reduces swellings.

Limber up! Get a small trial bottle of old-time, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" from any drug store, and in a moment you'll be free from pains, aches and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub rheumatism away.—Adv.

To Soften Paint Brushes.

If paint brushes have been allowed to get dry and hard, they can be softened in the following manner: Heat some vinegar to boiling point and allow the brushes to simmer in it for about ten minutes. Then wash them well in strong soapsuds.

Don't Ruin Your Cows By Neglecting a Retained Afterbirth

Few cows die but many are ruined by such neglect. Give Dr. Drake's Cow Cleaner

before and after freshening. It will positively prevent such accidents. Sold by leading dealers or Postpaid $1.00. Consult Dr. Drake (210 Grand Opera Bldg.) on all animal ailments. Information on request. Free list of medicines and get a free copy of "The Cattle Specialist" containing full information on Abortion in Cows. DR. DAVID DRAKE'S VETERINARY CO., 103 Grand Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

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A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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After a while you will be busy with your farm work

After a while the hauling will be worse than now

We will make blue prints of your plans---bring them in

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Perhaps you have a new house, with strictly modern plumbing and heating. Do you realize that, unless it is wired for electricity you have neglected the most valuable and up-to-date feature of all

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You can, at comparatively small cost, remedy this serious defect. Without doing any damage to your house we can put at your constant disposal all the wonderful, modern conveniences of electric lighting and household labor saving appliances. Heat, light and power at the turn of a switch transform the simplest home, to a veritable Alladin's palace of wonders.

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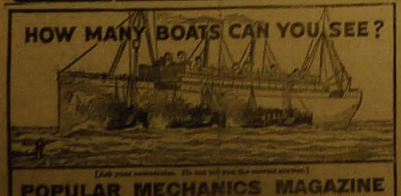

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THE DAM WATER QUESTION

A movement has been started to put up to the Board of County Commissioners the question of raising the head of water at the Cheugwatana dam sufficient to cause a raise in Pokegama lake of three feet above the present level. We do not believe that the movement will get any farther than to raise a little hell here at home.

We heard of this movement last week but made no reference to it because we hoped that it might be thought better of and be allowed to die a-bornin. Had we made any editorial reference to it at that time, we should have said:

The movement now on to bring about a raise in the head of water at the Chengwatana dam sufficient to cause a raise of three feet in the water level of Pokegama lakes, through the medium of the county commissioners, seems to us immaterial and ill advised, to say the least. It will get nowhere and will cause nothing but trouble.

This matter has been fought out and decided in the courts, the state supreme court holding that the heighth of the water should be reduced to its natural level and Judge Dancer, sitting on the district bench here, holding that the rollway of the new dam is at such natural level. The only way that this question could be reopened would be through the law making power (the legislature) or the law interpreting power (the courts) of the state.

The matter would be a serious one if the proposals contained were possible, but they are not and it is really a lamentable, ill-conceived damphool joke. A raise of three feet on Pokegama would mean at least four feet on Cross lake and a recognized flood stage in the river is 5½ feet, making a possible stage of 9½ feet above the present level at the dam. Such a condition would flood every meadow, many fields and some homes in the river district, all the way from here to Mora on the west and Mission Creek on the north; it would wipe out every semblance, in great stretches, of the new road from Pine City to the mouth of Pokegama lake, would flow over the new concrete bridge on the Federal road, and the steel bridges at Pokegama and Chengwatana, and would flood many basements in the village and lake sections besides possibly putting the village sewer system out of commission. Even the proposed raise, without any flood, would accomplish much of that damage, and nobody would stand for those things.

We do not believe that a single man could be found in the village who would seriously, thoughtfully advocate any such thing. Many all along the river and lakes, would like to see better boating conditions between Cross and Pokegama lakes but this could doubtless be secured by dredging a channel in certain spots in the river and into Pokegama. In any event, the rights of men who would like to see this accomplished are not transcendant to the rights of those living or owning lands in the river district who would be adversely effected.

If the residents of the Pokegama lake district want to raise the level in that body of water, it is their business and everyone will be glad to see them succeed if it can be done without injuring others. A dam across the mouth of the lake would doubtless accomplish the desired raise and the only matter remaining would be the rights of land owners up Pokegama creek. The law would not allow putting in a dam to flood any lands without the consent of the owners unless some substantial public benefit were derived, and then only with exact reparation to the injured parties. No individual has rights that transcend those of others.

The basis of Pine City's prosperity is its farms and fields and we know that Pine City business interests realize this, with some minor exceptions, and will sturdily refuse to take steps which will injure the farming interests for such a mess of pottage as is proposed.

In the present period of unrest it is highly dangerous and reprehensible to do anything to open an old sore like this, effecting the well being and happiness of thousands of people and is deserving of the severest criticism.

MORE FARMERS' CLUBS NEEDED

Plans are under way for a convention of the Farmers' Clubs of this vicinity to be held at Pine City soon. There are four of these clubs in this end of the county—one at Rock Creek, one of Pokegama lake, one at Beroun and one in Chengwatana town. There should be twice as many at least and every club should enroll most of the farmers of its locality. A convention of these clubs will help to increase their number and enlarge their membership.

The value of these clubs seems to us beyond question is properly handled. They may be made the community centers for professional instruction and organization as well as personal pleasure and general development, though it is true that they may be made gathering places for gossip and fault finding only. The clubs of this region have shown their disposition and purpose for the former and have accomplished much ; whether more remains nobody knows better than they. Neither does anybody know better than the man who is already a member of a successful Farmers' club how much these organizations may accomplish where they do not already exist.

The Poker believes that it knows positively something of the value that may be accomplished by the proposed getting together of club members at Pine City and we hope that every club in the region will attend enmasse. The meeting, too, will furnish opportunity for an exchange of views among the individual Farmers' clubs and the Development Association recently organized here, and bring about a closer understanding and better working conditions, if these are possible.

Presbyterian Church Notes

The jolly, social evening given by the ladies' aid at the Bede home, Monday evening, was largely attended, the 25-cent admission netting $27.00 for the society treasury, and everyone having a delightful time. A short program with songs by Miss Hattie Wandel and R. E. Carlson, readings by Mesdames Duxbury and Miller and a symptomatic production by the hair-comb quartet was much enjoyed but the piece deresistance was the discussion as to whether the dish rag or the broom is of more importance in the home, between Miss Goodwin and J. Y. Breckenridge. Miss Goodwin piled up a tremendous mass of circumstantial evidence in favor of the dish rag but Mr. Breckenridge cited the decisions contained in the bible and the dictionary, in both of which the broom is recognized as a valuable and essential article of household use while the dish rag is not referred to. This squarely divided the judges, the two male members of the bench voting in favor of Miss Goodwin upon her showing while the ladies were inclined to recognize the superior weight of the Breckenridge citations, consequently it was impossible to render a majority opinion. Lunch was served. Most folks went over in the Wiley and Kelly sleighs but some walked and made use of the long path shoveled through the drifts from the bridge by Z. M. Edwards. The ladies are thinking of a musical evening at some home, sometime in the future.

The new song books for the Sunday school have been ordered but are not fully paid for. If you have not had any part in this enterprise inquire of the Superintendent or the pastor what you can do to help. The price of a book or two would not be much but means that we can have a more adequate supply. "Come to Sunday school" is our new slogan, 9:45 a. m. is the hour.

The pastor will exchange pulpits next Sunday with Rev. C. S. Newton, of Hinckley, who will preach both morning and evening. Don't forget that a large offering for benevolences, Home and Foreign Missions, etc., is expected on next Sunday. Come prepared.

Rev. Clark was at Rush City Tuesday evening, to attend the "Fathers and Sons" banquet in the church there, given by the men's order of their church. There were about 72 present. He says it was a fine evening and a great success.

The ladies aid is being entertained by the Dixie division at the home of Mrs. Paul Perkins this afternoon.

The C. E. meets at 6:45 p. m., Sunday. Come and invite your friends.

Catholic Church Notes

Work on the patriotic comedy-drama, "Mrs. Tubbs does her bit," which is to be given in the parish hall on Thursday, March 20, is progressing satisfactorily. You do your "bit" by helping to advertise it among your friends. The cast is as follows:

Mrs. Mollie Tubbs, a patriotic mother, Miss Mary Korbel.
Aunt Serepty McDougal, a wealthy old lady, Mrs. D. W. Rochon.
Miss Clingie Vine, a romantic old maid, Mrs. Theo. Buselmeier.
Mrs. Ellen Hickey, a kind neighbor, Miss Rose Tacheny.
Elsie West, a red cross nurse, Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald.
James Scotland Tubbs, one of Uncle Sam's boys, George Daley.
Simon Rubbels, the grocery man, D. W. Rochon.
Major John Pepper, commander of the camp, Dr. J. J. Skulley.
Nelson Redd, private of the first class, Theodore Fitzgerald.
Private Tim Graham, one of the boys, Ralph Weinberger.
Queenie Sheba Tubbs, aged eleven, Catherine Poferl.
Scuffles Tubbs, aged ten, James Poferl.
Billy Blossom Tubbs, "a little feller," Dan Rochon.
Punky, the Tubbs toddler, Anna Rochon.

The time depicted in the play is 1917 in Shantytown, the slum district of a large city near a military camp and will take about 2½ hours to play.

During Lent, "Way of the Cross" services will be held at Pine City at 7:30 every Friday evening and at Beroun immediately following Sunday morning mass when this is held at 9 a. m. or at 10 o'clock before mass when mass is at 11 a. m.

Father Myers of Sturgeon Lake spent last Thursday with Father Leo and the latter's brother, Frank Laskowski of Duluth, was here for Friday on his way home from a business trip to St. Paul.

Services at Pine City next Sunday at 10 a. m. but no services at Beroun on that day.

Lutheran Church Notes

Pastor Leubker went to St. Paul, Monday morning, to attend the Lutheran laymen's convention, returning home yesterday.

On Sunday next services will be held in German at 10 a. m. and in English at 7:30 p. m.

Methodist Church Notes

Morning service at 11 o'clock, evening service at 7:30, Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

Next Sunday morning Rev. Young will preach the first of a series of sermons on "The Fundamentals of Faith." In this series of sermons the pastor will discuss what we believe and why we believe it. In this time of world turmoil and unrest christian people ought to exemplify a strong adherence to the great doctrines of the church, which are founded upon the Holy Word of God. Students today find no conflict between science and theology, but the advance of science testifies to the truths of the Bible. Let us be sure of what we believe and know why we believe. There will be a question box in the church which you are invited to make use of.

Sunday evening we will have the second of the series of illustrated sermons on the Bible. The title of this sermon is "The Path-Finders." The discourse will be illuminated with finely colored stereopticon views, the slides are arranged into three divisions, entitled, "The Man of Faith," "The Man of Growth," "The Man of Loyalty," covering a period of Bible history from the call of Abraham to Jacobs going into Egypt."

Please remember the special music which forms an important part of our service and is highly appreciated.

Our mid-week service is held at the parsonage, Thursday evenings at 7:30. We are now studying the Bible prophecies, and considering their relation to the present age. We are glad to note an increase in attendance and invite you to enjoy all the services of the church. A warm church and a warm welcome.

The Woman's Home Missionary society met with Mrs. Charles Ilsechel, Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. Young will preach at Rock Creek, Sunday afternoon at 2:30.

The ladies' aid will be entertained at the home of Mrs. James Gardner, next Wednesday afternoon, when a cover lunch was served.

To Whom It May Concern

W. F. Richards drilled a 5-inch water well on my farm. I consider same to be a complete well—one I am proud of. I have worked at the well drilling business myself, and after watching Mr. Richards work at same I consider I understands the business from start to finish. I am sure those in need of this kind of work will do well to figure with him.—Martin Bahneman (3 miles southeast). 26-2

W. A. SAUSER

PINE CITY, MINN.

My reputation for fair dealing and reliable goods, coupled with the De Laval record of service and durability, has made the De Laval Cream Separator the leader in this community.

COST—That's what you put *into* a cream separator.
VALUE—That's what you *take out* of your cream separator.

Value in a cream separator depends upon the amount and the quality of service you get out of it.

Because it lasts fifteen to twenty years the De Laval is the most economical cream separator to buy. If you consider its cleaner skimming, easier running, greater capacity and less cost for repairs, the price of the "cheapest" machine on the market is exorbitant in comparison.

With present high butter-fat prices and the scarcity of labor this is truer than ever.

We'll sell you a De Laval on such easy terms that it will pay for itself out of its own savings. We want to see you the next time you're in town.

SOONER OR LATER YOU WILL BUY A

DE LAVAL

Who Benefits By High Prices?

You feel that retail meat prices are too high.

Your retailer says he has to pay higher prices to the packers.

Swift & Company prove that out of every dollar the retailer pays to the packers for meat, 2 cents is for packers' profit, 13 cents is for operating expenses, and 85 cents goes to the stock raiser; and that the prices of live stock and meat move up and down together.

The live-stock raiser points to rising costs of raising live stock.

Labor reminds us that higher wages must go hand in hand with the new cost of living.

No one, apparently, is responsible. No one, apparently, is benefited by higher prices and higher income.

We are all living on a high-priced scale. One trouble is, that the number of dollars has multiplied faster than the quantity of goods, so that each dollar buys less than formerly.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

SWIFT & COMPANY U.S.A.

Private Blaine Rowe who has been visiting at home since his return from service overseas left for Minneapolis last Thursday to resume his pre-war position with Holman & Gordes.—Rush City Post.

Some 8 or 10 men from this region are in Fred Spearing's track laying crew at North Branch which is starting the work of laying new rails to White Bear and will be engaged all summer.

Latest Spring Styles
IN
CLOTHES

also in all Men's and Boys' wear of all kinds, and my

PRICES ARE REASONABLE

Come in now and make your selection for an early spring

Yours
JOHN JELINEK
The Tailor The Clothier

SaveMoney

Leather is high priced and you can't save on anything on the farm better than you can on your harness.

OIL UP---DO IT NOW
Before spring rains and spring work begin

Bring your harness in and we will oil it for you, or we will sell you the oil and you can do the work at home.

B.G.Haas
LEATHER STORE PINE CITY

Tamarack
FENCE POSTS

To be delivered while sleighing lasts

At
Your Place

PRICES
3 to 4 in. posts 10 cents
5 to 6 in. posts 13 cents

Place your order at once with
ORVILLE BLOOD
R 2, Hinckley, Minn.
1½ mi. east of Beroun

THE PINE POKER
Phone 24J2
Pine City, Minn.

When in MINNEAPOLIS Stop at
HOTEL LINCOLN
NICOLLET AVENUE and NINTH STREET
Opens September 1st, 1918

In the center of the business and theatrical districts, adjoining the largest retail store. One square from street cars to and from all depots, yet free from noise of that traffic. Entrance and lobby on Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis' leading thoroughfare.

125 Rooms—100 with Bath and Toilet
$1.00 to $2.00 per day

Furniture and equipment entirely new. All rooms have outside exposure, electric elevator and local and long distance phones.

Guests will receive the personal attention of the owners, who will be there to wait on them.

WM. B. CAMFIELD F. S. GREGORY

Pine City News

Fountain pens, Moore's non-leakable or self fillers, at Prochaska's.

A baby girl was born to Mrs. R. A. Hunt at St. Paul, last Thursday.

Will sell my farm, 5 miles east. For particulars see Thos. Huttel, rt. 3, Pine City. 24-4p

Would like to rent tract in village for cultivation. Cash rent or shares. Inquire at this office. 26-3p

Combat the Spanish Influenza with Breckenridge's cold tablets and antiseptic mouth washes.

Mrs. N. E. Hillman returned, Monday, from a couple of weeks' visit with her parents at St. Paul.

Otto Becher returned, last Saturday, from a month's visit at the home of his daughter at Virginia.

Eyes tested, glases fitted, Prochaska's optical parlor. E. Prochaska, graduate registered optometrist. tf

A caucus is to be held in the village hall, Saturday, to nominate candidates for the village election next Tuesday.

Chas. Stevens moved into the Otto Hanson house near Cross lake, recently vacated by the Jas. Stucks, yesterday.

A dance is to be given in the I. O. G. T. hall at West Rock on Saturday evening of this week to which all are invited.

Mrs. Eddy came over from Brookpark yesterday to attend her mother who has been confined to her bed since last Saturday.

E. C. Dudley has purchased the interest of his brother Oscar in the firm business here and will continue it in his own name.

Success incubator, 120 egg, for sale. Has been used for only three batches of chix and is good as new. —Mrs. J. M. Collins.

Chas. Shoberg arrived home, Sunday, from training and expects to leave, next week, for Duluth where he will be employed.

Wanted—Girls over 18 years of age to do general housework, good wages. Address Superintendent, Pokegama Sanitarium. 26tf

Toilet specialties at Prochaska's; Boquet Ramee, Violet Dulce, Jonteel, Djerkiss, Melba and Love Me. Ask us about your favorite.

Miss Hazel White arrived from her home at Houghton, Mich., yesterday, to visit with her cousin, Mrs. Bryant Tilden for some time.

Prochaska's pharmacy, headquarters for box candy, Brazil nuts, Radisson chocolates, black stone chocolates, chocolate covered cherries.

Mr. and Mrs. Ayers entertained more than a score of friends at their home, last Friday evening, when games were played and lunch served.

"Dick" Dickinson went to Cromwell, near Carlton, Monday, to take a position in the depot after spending a couple of weeks with his mother at Minneapolis.

I wish to notify all having or contemplating any dealings with A. G. Yost that I will take no action for him prior to his return from the war zone in Europe.—Mrs. Lena Yost.

Mrs. Geo. Sherwood was at Minneapolis, last Saturday, returning with her daughter, Mrs. Anna Grothe, who recently underwent an operation in the University hospital.

Wm. Saumer left, Tuesday, to return to his home near Saskatoon, Can., after a couple of years' visit here, part of which was spent in service in the marines during the war.

Fred Jordan has rented the Cole house and went to Stillwater, Tuesday, to make arrangements to have some of his furniture shipped up at once, intending to bring the balance by truck later.

Jake Webber left today, after spending the winter at home, for Edgeley, N. D., where he will resume his duties on one of the big farms of that region. He does not expect to be home before the late fall.

Mesdames Adolph Olander of Aberdeen, S. D., and C. Lindahl of Minneapolis were visitors at the Carl Holmberg home, Tuesday and Wednesday, the former being a sister and the latter a cousin of Mr. Holmberg.

Wanted—Agent for Pine City and vicinity. Good proposition. Previous experience unnecessary. Free School of Instruction. Address Massachusetts Bonding and Insurance Company, Accident and Health Department, Saginaw, Michigan. Capital $1,500,000.

Jos. Hurley, who has been quite sick at his home on the Range since having the flu, last fall, is reported much better, his many friends here are glad to know. Mrs. Hurley and some of the children are expected here Saturday of this week for a visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Clara Korbel, who went to the University hospital at Minneapolis two weeks ago last Sunday to have an operation for appendicitis, has suffered from jaundice ever since and has not been operated on as yet though her mother went to the city last night and the operation is expected this morning.

Mrs. Rathgeber returned to her home at Gerard, Ill., yesterday, after a week's visit at the home of her parents, here. Mr. and Mrs. Cole returned with her, shipping their furniture and expecting to make their home at that place, the house here being rented. Their many friends are sorry to see Mr. and Mrs. Cole leave but all are pleased to know that Mrs. Cole has recovered sufficiently from her recent illness to make the trip and wish them both the best of happiness in their new home.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Graham and daughter of Edmore, N. D., came Sunday night for a few days' visit at the J. M. Collins home. Mrs. Graham, nee Miss Dorris Collins, lived with her adopted parents, Mr. and Mrs. Collins, here, some seventeen years ago and old friends are glad to see her.

In his new Paramount photoplay, "The Claws of the Hun," Charles Ray foils Hun spies who plot to steal the secret of a high explosive which has been placed in his father's custody by the United States Government. The scenes of the photoplay which will be shown at the Family theatre Sunday are extremely dramatic.

Geo. W. Staacke expects to move his jewelry store about March 15, from Prochaska's pharmacy, where he has been located the past two years, to the Borchers building between the shoe store and the Sauser hardware store, which has long been occupied as a restaurant. The building will be entirely renovated and rearranged inside and will give Mr. Staacke a first class store.

Mesdames Rybak and Murray went to St. Paul, last Friday, when they met Ensign Murray who had just arrived from New York. Mrs. Rybak returned home Monday, the Murrays coming yesterday for a week's visit with her parents, after which they expect to visit his folks at Staples for a short time before they leave for New York where he is stationed.

Mrs. Amelia Jones, living 8 miles east of town, received word, Tuesday, of the death of her son Elmer from pneumonia at Baltimore, Md., where he was in the army service. The body has been shipped to this place for interment but it is not known when it will reach here. The young man, who was 29 years of age, entered the service last August and was placed in the limited service class, being engaged in automobile crating work at the time of his death. Besides his mother, deceased leaves four sisters and three brothers and to these the sympathy of the entire community is extended.

The Pine City Hardware Co. is reroom and the stove room and reout the partition between the main room and the store room and replacing it with iron posts, giving them a floor space in the sales room nearly 50x90 feet—the most commodious and best arranged hardware store room in this part of the state. They expect to have the change completed in about another week, though the task is a big one and might take longer. This is another proof of the progressiveness of the Hardware Company and is a credit to our town, giving it three of the largest and best store rooms between the Twin Cities and Duluth—the Challeen Co., the Mercantile Co. and the Hardware Co.—and we do not know of a town in this entire region that can boast an equal combination.

The annual meeting of the firemen, held in the fire hall Tuesday evening, was fairly well attended and resulted in the election of J. M. Collins as chief, Henry Buirge secretary, R. J. Hawley treasurer, Peter Holm captain and Thos Ling lieutenant for the coming year. The Firemen's relief association also elected J. M. Collins president, Henry Buirge secretary, R. J. Hawley treasurer and John Biederman member of the board of control for 3 years. The association has $2,267 in its treasury, mostly invested in about equal portions in Liberty bonds and village warrants, and a resolution was passed, Tuesday evening, to put the balance into war saving stamps. The fire equipment is, we are assured, in first class shape with about 1800 feet of hose on hand. The average fire requires the use of only about 300 feet of hose and the balance is preserved for emergencies. Without the water works in the village, this extra hose would be in use and the loss from wear and tear would run into the several hundreds of dollars yearly, to say nothing of the additional loss from fires.

Eddie, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mohr, living west of town, just missed a bad accident, last Friday forenoon while attempting to cross the railway south of the depot as the passenger was pulling in from the south. Owing to the storm raging at the time he did not notice the approaching train and the team trotted right up to the track just as the engine reached them. They were so close, in fact, that had the horses not thrown their heads up and wheeled slightly they would have been hit by parts of the engine—another second and they would have been squarely across the track. Eddie behaved like a veteran in handling his team, however, and no accident of any kind resulted. Every year there is at least one "close call" on one of the depot crossings, and every year they become more dangerous with increased traffic. Some sort of protection should be provided by the railway—gates, watchmen, automatic bells or some of the other safety devices. With the railways the whole question seems to be whether it is cheaper to kill a man occasionally than to provide the safeguards, but the public wants "safety first."

Pine City Mercantile Company

PHONE 33-3 THE RELIABLE STORE THE BIG STORE

We Guarantee the Goods That We Sell To Be Just as Represented

Ginghams
and
Summer Dress Goods

at Lower Prices. Now is the time to do your buying and planning for spring wear. We are showing a beautiful line of ginghams, white goods and silks for Spring and Summmer Dresses.

Ready to Wear
a few
Silk Dresses

Which we are selling at prices less than cost of material

They're All Using it---It's a Success

Ask at our Grocery Department for the Anti-Carbon soot destroyer---it does the business in keeping your pipes and chimneys clean. we use it and can show what it does in our store.

GOLDEN KEY FLOUR

The Pride of Pine City Makes the best Bread.
Let us prove it with a trial order.

Pine City Milling & Electric Co.

(First publication March 6)

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution

State of Minnesota, County of Pine—ss
In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the estate of Henry S. Akin —Decedent.

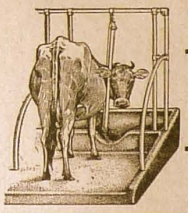
The State of Minnesota, to Grace Akin and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this Court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the person thereunto entitled.

Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the Village of Pine City, in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of April 1919, at one o'clock p. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 3rd day of March 1919.

(Seal) J. E. THERRIEN,
Probate Judge

PROVIDE PASTURE COMFORTS

In the  Barn

Cows are naturally nervous animals. Their milk-producing organs work in direct unison with their nerve system. An irritated cow is a poor milk producer. Comfort quiets a cow's nerves. The result is greater milk flow. The Installation of LOUDEN Equipment is not merely a matter of interior barn appearance. It's a matter of dollars and cents, bigger milk checks, greater dairy profits.

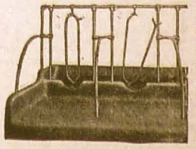
Barn Equipment Plans

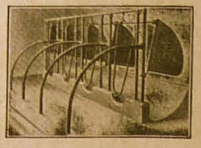
With the LOUDEN Barn-Equipment Plan Department.

We will submit complete blue prints for equipping your new barn, or for remodeling the equipment of your old barn or equipping that addition to your barn that you may be planning to take care of your dairy herd. If you will just tell us what you would like to do we will furnish blue prints

FREE

Do it Now, please





Pine City Hardware Company
QUALITY Hardware and Real Service

SECURE FARM NOW

Western Canada Offers Opportunity to the Ambitious.

Fertile Land at Moderate Cost, With Social and Other Advantages That Mean So Much, Will Soon Be Taken Up.

The desire to have a piece of land of one's own is a natural instinct in the heart of every properly developed man and woman. In earlier years, on account of the great extent of land available in the United States, no great difficulty was experienced by any ambitious settler who wished to become his own landholder, but the rapid increase in population, combined with the corresponding rise in the price of land, has completely changed this condition. Land which a generation ago might be had for homesteading, now commands prices ranging to $100 an acre and over. At such prices it is quite hopeless for the city man with limited capital, to attempt to buy a farm of his own. To pay for it becomes a lifelong task, and the probability is that he will never do more than meet the interest charges. If he is serious in his desire to secure a farm home he must look to countries where there is still abundant fertile land available at moderate cost, and where these lands are to be purchased on terms which make it possible for the settler with small capital to become a farm owner as the result of a few years' labor. He will also want land in a country where the practices of the people are similar to those to which he has been accustomed; a country with the same language, same religion, same general habits of living, with laws, currency, weights and measures, etc., based on the same principles as those with which he is familiar. He wants a country where he can buy land from $20 to $40 an acre which will produce as big or bigger crops as those he has been accustomed to from lands at $100 an acre. He wants this land where social conditions will be attractive to himself and family, and where he can look forward with confidence to being in a few years independent, and well started on the road to financial success.

All these conditions he will find in western Canada. The provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba provide the one and only answer to the land-hungry. The land is there; it is the kind of land he wants; the conditions are as nearly ideal as is possible, and the prices and terms are such that the man of moderate capital has an opportunity not available to him elsewhere. Land values are going to increase, but it will largely depend on how well the soil can be used, and the modern farmer is using it each year to better advantage.

But those who are on the ground and come closest to the heart of the farming sections are convinced that no material decrease in value is in sight. Indeed, they are almost unanimous in believing that we shall see a strong real estate market for fertile land, with prices maintained; and as development and further equipments are added the prices on the open market may be expected to show a further increase as the years go on—so the thrift of income plus what men are willing to pay to possess an attractive home.

Someone once said: "Never sell short on the United States. You will lose every time." And this applies to those who are inclined to believe that the future of farm values is in doubt. The American farmer is going forward, not backward, and the same may be said of the Canadian farmer. —Advertisement.

Judging the World.

People seem not to see that their opinion of the world is also a confession of character. We can only see what we are, and, if we misbelieve, we suspect others.—Emerson.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Suited to His Trade.

"What a strapping fellow that man yonder is!" "He ought to be. He's a harness maker."

WHY WOMEN DREAD OLD AGE

Don't worry about old age. Don't worry about being in years people say when you are getting on in years. Keep your body in good condition and you can be as near merry, happy and full of joy at 50 years when a kid, and every one will be glad to see you.

The kidneys and bladder are the causes of senile afflictions. Keep them clean and to proper working condition. Drink copious quantities of water from the system and avoid pills and nonsensicalness. Take GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules regularly and you will find that the system will always be in perfect working order. Your spirits will be exceptionally good, muscles made strong and your face have once more the look of youth and health.

Now life, fresh strength and vigor will come as you continue this treatment. When your full vigor has been restored continue for awhile taking a capsule or two each day. They will keep you in condition and prevent a return of your troubles.

These is only one guaranteed brand of Haarlem Oil Capsules, GOLD MEDAL. There are many kinds on the market, be sure you get the Original GOLD MEDAL Imported Haarlem Oil Capsules. They are the only reliable. For sale by all first-class druggists.—Adv.

The Kitchen Paradox.

"We have a residential cook."

"What kind is that?"

"She is a rare cook, yet all her cooking is well done."

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

Relieves Eyes Free from Pain and Irritation. Soothes Eyes Like Pure Water. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

The Thirteenth Commandment

By RUPERT HUGHES

Copyright by Harper & Brothers

DAPHNE AGAIN TURNS TO CLAY, BUT AS THEY PLAN FOR THE FUTURE A NEW BLOW FALLS.

Synopsis.—Clay Wimburn, a young New Yorker on a visit to Cleveland, meets pretty Daphne Kip, whose brother is in the same office with Clay in Wall street. After a whirlwind courtship they become engaged. Daphne goes to New York with her mother to buy her trousseau. Daphne's brother, Bayard, has just married and left for Europe with his bride, Leila. Daphne and her mother install themselves in Bayard's flat. Daphne meets Tom Duane, manabout-town, who seems greatly attracted to her. Daphne accidentally discovers that Clay is penniless, except for his salary. Baynard and his wife return to New York unexpectedly. The three women set out on a shopping excursion and the two younger women buy expensive gowns, having them charged to Bayard. Bayard is furious over the expense, seeing hard times ahead. Daphne, indignant, declares she will earn her own living and breaks her engagement with Clay. Through an introduction by Duane, Daphne induces Reben, a theatrical magnate, to give her a position in one of his companies. Her first rehearsal is a fiasco, but Reben, at Duane's request, gives her another chance. Sudden illness of Miss Seeable, the star, gives Daphne her chance, but her acting is a dismal failure. She is consoled by Tom Duane.

CHAPTER XII—Continued.

—9—

Satan or Raphael had whispered to her an invitation to revisit the scene of her late humiliation with Clay. With Duane's magic purse there would be no danger of a snub from the waiters; with his own car there would be no risk of footing it home.

Then an imp of mischief spoke for her and said, "All right!"

Duane told the chauffeur and the car shot like a javelin from the lighted street into the deep forest-night of Central park.

What would Clay say? But, after all, he had failed her in a crisis. Perhaps he had turned his heart elsewhere. Men were impatient, vindictive, fickle.

When Claremont was reached and Duane handed Miss Kip out he noted that her hand was hotter than his own and a little quick to escape, her face was flushed and her lips parted as if with excitement. He assumed that the speed of the ride and the tang of adventure were to blame.

While the waiters were serving the supper and while he was attacking it with the frank appetite of honest hunger she recounted the evening's disaster as calmly as if it were the story

She Stared at Her Image in the Mirror.

of somebody else. In fact, she was standing off and regarding herself with the eyes of an alien. We change so fast that the persons we were yesterday are already strangers, and their acts the acts of distant relatives. Her calm was really the numbness of shock. The anguish would come tomorrow.

"I can't understand myself at all," Daphne said. "I went through every one of the motions, but I couldn't reach the audience once. I was like a singer with a bad cold singing in a foreign language—you don't know what the song is all about, but you know that it never quite gets on the key."

"You mustn't be discouraged."

"Oh, yes, I must! I couldn't be an actress in a thousand years. Mr. Batterson told me so himself."

Duane felt the truth of this, but it hurt him to have her feel it. It offended his chivalry to realize how impolite fate could be to so pretty a girl. He hated to see her reduced to the necessity of proving how plucky she could be. He tried to find an escape for her. He said:

"You're far too good for the stage."

"I don't believe that for a minute," she protested. "But I've got to find something I can do."

"May I help you to decide?"

"If you only would! But I'm getting to be a nuisance."

"You are a—a—to me you are a—well, you're not a nuisance."

He dared not tell her what she was, especially as the waiter had set the bill at his elbow and was standing off in an attitude of ill-concealed impatience for the tip, which he knew would be large. Mr. Duane always gave the normal ten per cent and a bit extra. He tipped wisely but not too well, knowing that an extravagant tip wins a waiter's contempt almost more than none at all. The head waiter fairly roared "Good night" and almost gave them a blessing.

The starter had Mr. Duane's car waiting for him at the curb and lifted his hat with one hand as he smuggled a quarter away with the other. He stepped to his car—Miss Kip stepped over their knees with reverence, closed the door exquisitely and murmured, "Good night."

The car was an aristocrat; it floated from the curb with a swanlike sweep.

Daphne thought of Clay and herself plodding homeward. She seemed to see them or their wraiths staggering discourtesately along. She felt very sorry for them. Here was a chance to save one of them—both of them, in fact; for in taking her financial burden from Clay's shoulders she would be twice strengthening him. If she were to accept Duane as her husband then her problems would be solved—and Clay would be free of her.

To be Mrs. Tom Duane; to step into the society of society; to lift her father and mother from a position of uneasiness in Cleveland to a post of distinction in New York; to solve at once all the hateful, loathsome, belittling riddles of money; to be the beleveled and feted and idolized wife and mistress of this young American grand duke; to buy that impossible trousseau, or better; to live in a New York palace instead of a flat; to go about in her own limousine instead of an occasional taxicab; to be fortune's darling instead of a member of the working classes, struggling along with bent neck under a yoke beside a discouraged laboring man!

When the car reached her building she was resolved to see Duane no more. She could not tell him so. After all, he had been everything that was courtesy and charity. It would hardly have been polite to treat him with absolute indifference. Duane got down and helped her out and took her to the door, which was opened at this late hour. While they waited for the doorman to answer the bell she was paying him his wages:

"You are wonderfully kind. I had a gorgeous evening. You saved my life."

She had said more than she intended—if not more than he had earned.

"Then may I call soon?"

"Of course."

"Tomorrow?"

"I—well, I'll let you know."

"Fine! Telephone me at— I'll write it out for you. I'm not often at the club where you found me, and my number isn't in the book." He wrote on his card his telephone address and gave it to her as the doorman appeared.

He murmured, "Don't forget." She murmured, "I won't." Both said "Good night." Then the doorman gathered her in and hoisted her to her lowly eyrie. It was very different from where she would have gone as Mrs. Duane.

But when she was in her room she tore his card to pieces—after she had looked at it. She stared at her image in the mirror. She hated what she saw there.

She vowed to break her promise to Tom Duane. She vowed to forget his telephone number. But it danced about in the dark long after she had closed her eyes.

The next morning she overslept even beyond the extra hour the Chivvises permitted themselves and the stranger within their gates on Sundays.

When Daphne appeared at breakfast, trying not to yawn, Mrs. Chivvis greeted her with a voice as cold and dry as the toast, and as brittle:

"You were rather late getting in last night—or this morning, rather."

Daphne's answer was not an explanation, but it was better:

"Oh, I know it, Mrs. Chivvis, but I lost my position last night. Yes! I played the principal part and killed it, and now I'm not going on the stage any more."

Mrs. Chivvis was touched. "You poor child! It really is—just too bad!" She pondered, then she brightened: "I'm sorry you're disappointed, but I'm glad you're not to be in the theater. It must be very wicked."

"It's mighty difficult," said Daphne.

Mrs. Chivvis thought a moment more, then she said:

"Did I tell you?— No, I don't believe I did—you were away—but Mr. Chivvis gets his vacation next week. He's got to take it when his turn comes. The man who was going now couldn't be spared, so we have to leave Tuesday. I'm going, of course, so I can't give you your meals. You can get your breakfasts in the kitchenette. Of course I'll allow off whatever is right."

"Oh," Daphne said. "I'll be all right, I guess."

Daphne had not realized how much she depended on Mrs. Chivvis till now. She was to be left alone at the very time when she was most in need of society. The whole world was breaking her.

CHAPTER XIII.

When the Chivvises had gone Daphne assailed the task of composing her letter of resignation from Reben's employ. It was not easy to resign with dignity and the necessary haste.

She sent it off by messenger. It was none too prompt, for Reben had already dictated a very polite request for Daphne's head. When he received her letter he recalled his stenographer and dictated a substitute for his first letter. In this he expressed his regret at learning Daphne's decision to resign; the former understudy had come back from the road, he said, and would resume her work. He begged Daphne to accept the inclosed check for two weeks' salary in lieu of the usual notice, and hoped that she would believe him faithfully hers.

Daphne felt a proud impulse to return the fifty dollars. She wrote a letter to go with it. She looked again, and saw it was the first money she had ever earned. She hated to let it go. She decided to frame it and keep it to point to in after years as the beginning of her great fortune.

Late in the afternoon, when the western sky was turning into a loom for crimson tapestries almost as rich as her own dreams, she went to her brother's apartment.

There the New Girl found the Old Woman in the throes of finance. Leila had brought her check book and her bank book to her husband. Her affairs were in a knot.

He laughingly offered to help her. She was hurt by his laughter, but not by his so deeply as he was by his discovery of her monetary condition. He had established her bank account in a mood of adoration, a precious sacrifice on the altar of love. She had not cherished it, but scattered it heedlessly. And money was peculiarly precious now in the final agonies of the hard times, when only the fittest of the fittest could survive the last tests. Credit was the water cask, and dollars were the hard biscuits of a boatload of survivors from a wreck. Land might be reached if they held out, but self-denial was vital.

Bayard gazed at Leila with wondering love and terror. She was both divinity and devil in his eyes. He groaned:

"Are you trying to wreck me? You know how hard I'm working and how much I need money in my business and how much it means to your future, but you won't stop buying and charging and burning my poor little earnings. We discharged a stenographer yesterday because we wanted to save her salary of fifteen dollars—and here's a check for a pair of shoes for you that cost sixteen.

"Why tell me one thing more before I'm carted off to Bloomingdale in a straitjacket. Why, in heaven's name, why—admitting you just had to have that pitiful little pair of shoes—why, when you wrote the check, didn't you subtract it from your balance instead of adding it? I ask you!"

"Oh, did I do that?" she asked, looking over his shoulder. "So I did!" and she put her cheek close to his and giggled.

He shook his head in imbecile infatuation, and drew her around into his arms.

That was what Daphne overheard when the maid let her in. She found Leila resting in Bayard's lap.

Bayard did not tell Daphne what his conference with Leila had been. He simply closed the check book and the bank book and said to Leila: "I'll send the bank my check for thirty-eight cents and ask 'em to close their account. They'll be mighty glad to do it."

"And so will I," said Leila. "It was awfully hard work keeping track of every little penny. I'd much rather have a regular allowance in cash every week."

"All right!" said Bayard. "We'll try that—next week."

Daphne was not told what all this talk was about, but she made a fair guess, though she pretended not to.

Leila told about her failure and her future and Leila praised her courage and her optimism. They dined cheerfully and Bayard decided that the best preparation for the hard work ahead of him would be an evening of gayety. He invited his wife and his sister to go with him to the Winter Garden, where the typical "Sunday concert" of New York was given.

CHAPTER XIV.

Then the Chivvises came back from their vacation unexpectedly early. They had found the hotels expensive and Mr. Chivvis was afraid that his job would be snatched from him if he were not there to hold it down.

Clay called on Daphne that evening and the Chivvises retreated to their own room. But as they could be overheard it was evident that they could overhear, and the lovers found no chance to say any of the things that frightened their souls.

One evening Daphne said to Clay in as low a voice as he could hear: "Mr. Chivvis is growing uneasy, honey, about our being together every evening. I told her we were engaged, but she didn't seem convinced. Perhaps you would let me wear that beautiful engagement ring again. I was a fool to give it back to you. May I have it or—"

Clay blanched in misery. "I—I'm afraid I— You see, I hadn't paid much on it and last week I had an insulting letter from the jeweler. He threatened to sue me and notify my firm, and I—well, I had to send it back."

He was so downcast that she answered with mock cheer: "Oh, that's all right, honey; it doesn't matter. After all, it's only a ring. And we love each other."

"But we haven't each other. This way of living is driving me crazy. I'll be all right as soon as these hard times are over and I can make some commissions. But it's so dismal to wait. Couldn't we get married and live on my salary?"

"I could if you could."

He caught her in his arms so violently that she squealed.

The next day Clay telephoned to her his firm had just offered him the choice of accepting half his salary or turning in his resignation. It was really impossible for two to live on half of what was hardly enough for one.

Daphne cried a long while in her room. She got out her list of ways to earn fifty thousand dollars again and cried over that.

There is much foolish and futile protest against the nowadays woman who goes into business outside her home. But the fact is that it is her business that began it. Her business left the home first and she is merely following it to the places where new conditions and inventions have centralized and mechanized it.

New conditions have taken her distaff and her washtub and her cookery and gossip into the woolen mills and steam laundries and restaurants and telephone exchanges. She has had to go thither to do her necessary work. Even the entertainers, the singers, dancers, tellers of stories, who used to stir the seraglios and the castle halls have been gathered into opera houses and theaters and into vaudeville and moving picture palaces.

Daphne, having no gifts for spinning, cooking, or laundry, tried the theater. Her old-fashioned lover protested, and she went, anyway. But she was not suited to the theater, and she retreated with nothing to show for her expedition except her shattered pride and the fifty-dollar check for two weeks' salary.

Daphne began anew to hunt for work; work, the thrice blessing that kills time and makes money and tames passion. But the world seemed to be full of every other trouble except work. Even had she been skilled, as she was not, it would have availed her little, since skilled laborers were being turned off by the thousands. And unskilled laborers were being turned off by the tens of thousands.

Clay had saved nothing against the rainy season. He had found his salary too small for his courtship requisites; now that his salary was halved his courtship had to be reduced to the minimum of expense.

Bayard and Leila had more money to spend, and they made ambitious voyages. But Daphne and Clay must swelter with the other stay-at-home millions. Clay denied himself even the two weeks' vacation allotted to him Bayard took his, however, and carried Leila off to Newport, where they boarded humbly, if expensively. While they were gone, at their suggestion, Daphne moved down into their apartment. It was large and beautiful, and, as Clay said, it was "not infested with Chivvises."

Now and then Clay quarreled with Daphne because of her obstinate determination to have a trade of her own. Then they made up. And quarreled anew—lovers' quarrels, summer storms that break the sultry tension of the air and make peace endurable.

Bayard came back alone. Leila had decided that it was better for her health to stay at Newport till

"Oh, Did I Do That?" She Asked, Looking Over His Shoulder.

the cooler weather came and her summer wardrobe had been worn out.

So Bayard joined the army of town-tied husbands, the summer widowers. He went back once a week

Leila Had Decided That It Was Better for Her Health to Stay at Newport Till the Cooler Weather Came and Her Summer Wardrobe Had Been Worn Out.

on furlough to spend a Newport Sabbath with his wife. He became one of the Friday-night-to-Monday-morning excursionists. There was leisure enough in his office.

He insisted on Daphne's keeping her room in his apartment, and of evenings he affixed himself to her and Clay and made their company a crowd. But they welcomed him as a chaperon of a sort. Also, he paid his way with liberality, except for occasional spasms of retrenchment, when he economized atrociously. He predicted that good times would never come again. The whole world had gone to pot and would never come out.

Suddenly he changed his tune; suddenly the whisper went about that hard times were ending.

In his bachelor days, when Bayard was growing in commercial stature like a young giant, he had regarded his business with all the warmth of a poet. His office building was his Acropolis and his office the peculiar temple of his muse; and her name was Profit. He thrilled like a poet to the epic inspiration of a big sale, and he knew a joy akin to the poet's vision of his scansion if he devised a scheme for reducing overhead charge or wastage.

Bayard, led on by the visions of riches to be won in Wall street, draws all his savings from the bank and begins speculating in stocks. Then at far-off Sarajevo rang out the shot that plunged the world into the frightful nightmare of war. Bayard was among the first casualties. Read about it in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Did His Part, Anyway.

The day of the peace celebration at Chicago the school children, acting of their own volition, formed a parade and carried out a program, which included singing patriotic songs, after which they took up a collection for the united war work fund. Buddy had kept pace with the older children in everything, singing when they sang, whether the songs were familiar to him or not. When he told about it that evening his mother asked: "What was it you sang?" "Oh, I don't know what we sang," answered Buddy, still enthusiastic over his part in the celebration, "but I sang just the same."

Explaining Cities' Destruction.

Modern science has explained many ancient mysteries, and a recent suggestion is that outbursts of natural oil have produced such catastrophes as that of Sodom and Gomorrah in the vale of Siddim. In the northern Caucasus an eruption occurred in August, 1855, in which 50,000 tons of oil were discharged in the first three days. At the San Diego oil field in Mexico a great outburst from a newly bored well in July, 1908, caught fire, and resisted all control for 58 days, the fountain of flames rising 500 yards, with a breadth of 150 yards.

Raining "Cats and Dogs."

In England the male blossoms of the willows are called "cats and dogs" and a rainstorm would shake them off and strew them on the ground. Hence arose the expression "raining cats and dogs."

EDUCATION AND THE PUMPKIN

Eastern Writer Points Out Wherein the Two Have Some Strong Points of Similarity.

At one of our city vegetable marts one day a farmer displayed with commendable pride a huge pumpkin of alluring aspect, with the statement that it grew "full twenty feet from the stalk," remarks Rochester Post-Express. This habit of wandering in gross, thick luxuriousness to a long distance from the source of production before the fruit of the vine is produced is long known of the pumpkin.

It would not be amiss for our educators to consider the pumpkin vine; unquestionably some of them have in earlier days, but whether with a view to its close analogy to educational processes is uncertain. Perhaps it is too much to say that the best fruit of the educational vine is produced from its original source; that what comes of schooling is something quite different from the apparent result at the source; that the best things a man or woman does are very different from the particular, or nonparticularized thing, he or she is directly taught to do. We are turning to the business of making our schools show quick fruitage of working ability.

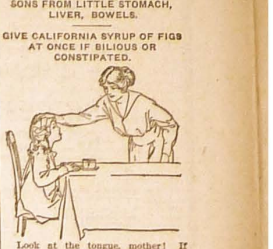
But it is at least a fair hazard to opine that the pupils who become "some pumpkins" will often as not be products known a long way from the special process of education that extreme vocationalists advise.

Those that boast most fall most.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels needs a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

A Difference.

Geraldine—Let us sit nearer the music.

Gerald—But you said that song was the most tiresome thing you ever heard.

Geraldine—But that was before you began talking.—Judge.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Cold Neglect.

"I suppose you think you could tell the peace delegates at Paris exactly what to do."

"Yes," answered the man who always speaks in a discouraging tone; "but they probably wouldn't do it."

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion.

Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Not That Kind of a Worm.

Mrs. Knags—Yes, if yer wasn't sich a hidle, hinsignificant, miserable litt'e worm, you'd be givin' me a turn wif this mangle.

Knags—Well, dearest, I hadmits as 'ow I'm a worm; but, you see, I'm not one o' them sort what turns.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Cure pimples, headache, bad breath by taking May Apple. Also, take one or two of the sugar pill called Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Adv.

Correspondence.

"What are you doing?"

"Writing to my son in college."

"But that's a check you're writing."

"Well?"

Unavoidable Sometimes.

Manager—You are, of course, strictly sober?

Applicant—Yes, sir, often.

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well.

"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any pain. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 5th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.

Weekly Health Talks

What Is the Cause of Backache?

BY DOCTOR CORNELL

Backache is perhaps the most common ailment from which women suffer. Rarely do you find anybody free from it. Sometimes the cause is obscure, but Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., a high medical authority, says the cause is very often a form of catarrh that settles in the delicate membranes of the feminine organs. When these organs are inflamed, the first symptom is backache, accompanied by bearing down sensations, weakness, unhealthy discharges, irregularity, painful periods, irritation, headache and a general run-down condition. Any woman in this condition is to be pitied, but pity does not cure. The trouble calls for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which is a separate and distinct medicine for women.

It is made of roots and herbs put up without alcohol or opiate of any kind, for Dr. Pierce uses nothing else in his prescription. Favorite Prescription is a natural remedy for women, for the vegetable growths of which it is made seem to have been intended by Nature for this very purpose. Thousands of girls and women, young and old, have taken it, and thousands have written grateful letters to Dr. Pierce saying it made them well. In taking Favorite Prescription, it is reassuring to know that it goes straight to the cause of the trouble. There is but one way to overcome sickness, and that is to overcome the cause. That is precisely what Favorite Prescription is intended to do.

Send 10c for trial pkg. of Tablets. Address Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Constipated women, as well as men, are advised by Dr. Pierce to take his Pleasant Pellets. They are just splendid for costiveness.

Occasional Lapses.

Mrs. Longwood—Can you always believe what your husband tells you?

Mrs. Justwed—Not always, but sometimes. When he says he isn't worthy of me.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half a pt. of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Limited Mind.

Wife—Oh, doctor, Benjamin seems to be wandering in his mind.

Doctor (echo jokes) Wife—Benjamin!—Don't trouble about that—he can't go far.—Medical Pickwick.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 25c and 50c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

Noncommittal.

"Does your wife sing?"

"Ex—that's a matter of opinion."—Boston Evening Transcript.

And an awful lot of argument can come out of a little mouth.

Plenty of exercise, fresh air, regular hours—is all the prescription you need to avoid Influenza—unless through neglect or otherwise, a cold gets you. Then take—at once

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
A GREAT MEDICINE FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER TROUBLES
Dodd's Medicine Co.

Backache?—you need immediate help. Ask druggist for Dodd's. Insist on box shown, standard for 40 years.

NOTED OFFICIAL PRAISES THE NEW STOMACH RELIEF

Hon. C. P. Grandfield's Testimonial Endorsing EATONIC Is Evidence of Its Real Worth

Not often does a Postal Service Official put himself on record in this way. And that he has a percentage than Hon. C. P. Grandfield, the first Assistant Postmaster under Taft, is the reason he recommends to the value of EATONIC and its beneficial effects, places A.P.O. 1 1 above the ordinary medicated stomach cures and nostrums that have, at last, found a thing that will relieve all forms of stomach miseries—indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, sour, acid or gassy stomach. The letter, devoid of all unnecessary words, is printed below. It hits the nail squarely on the head. Every sufferer from stomach misery should do what he tells them.

Washington, D. C.

"Words much praise cannot be given EATONIC. Its beneficial results are unqualified.

Very truly yours,
C. P. GRANDFIELD."

Here's the secret: EATONIC takes up the excess acidity, drives the gas out of the body—and the Blast Goes With It! It is guaranteed to bring relief or you get your money back. Costs only a cent or two a day to use it. Get a box today from your druggist.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Irritating Coughs
Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and similar ailments and irritated conditions of the throat with a tested remedy

PISO'S

SENATE ACTION KILLS SUFFRAGE

Bill for Amendment to Constitution Indefinitely Postponed by Upper Body.

8-HOUR BILL IS SIGNED

Governor Affixes Signature After Waiting Until Time Limit Was Up in Anticipation of Recall or Amendment.

St. Paul,—Action on the bill for amendment to the state constitution enfranchising women was indefinitely postponed by the senate on recommendation of the elections committee, eliminating all possibility of submitting the amendment to a vote at the next election.

The bill was reported after the senate passed unanimously the Nimocks red flag bill and sent it to the governor for his signature. The bill had already passed the house.

An attempt to bring the suffrage bill to a vote was made by Senator James Madigan, who presented a motion to place the bill on general orders. His motion was killed by a vote of 21 to 40. The committee report was then adopted viva voce.

St. Paul.—By the decisive vote of 48 to 51, the Minnesota House of Representatives yesterday passed the Warner-Hompe bill providing for the nomination of state officers in conventions.

The bill does not provide for county conventions, but requires that delegates to the state convention be selected by the voters in the wide open primaries held for the nomination of county and congressional candidates. It had been the intention of the authors to omit the supreme court judges from the provisions of the bill, but they were included in the list of candidates to be nominated by convention at their own request.

The bill will now go to the senate, where it is believed it has a fair chance of passage, though some of the senators, it is said, will try to amend it to provide for the precinct caucus and the county convention.

8-Hour Bill Signed.

Governor Burnquist has signed the bill establishing an eight-hour day for employes in state institutions. The governor delayed signing the measure, following a report that a move to recall it might be made in the senate, after a like motion failed in the house. He was urged by many members to delay action as long as possible, but the three-day period allowed for his signature ended was near an end when he affixed his signature. The law now must be amended or repealed if it is to embody the ideas of many legislators on the subject.

Solons Visit University.

With the public school system of America, from kindergarten through university, rests the responsibility of instilling in the youth of the nation a true spirit of democracy, reverence for the ideals of early patriots and loyalty to national principles, Theodore Christianson, chairman of the house appropriations committee, said at the dinner on the University of Minnesota campus given the 205 legislators who were making their biennial inspection of the institution. The solons were shown the needs of the institution.

Pattison Bill Reported.

The Pattison corrupt practices bill, proposing amendment to the present statute, has been recommended to pass by the house elections committee.

The bill prohibits the expenditure of any money for a candidate without the authority of a candidate, by any person or organization or league. Provision is made that any such person or organization thus authorized by a candidate may expend the same amount in a campaign as the candidate is authorized to spend, not to exceed $10,000.

Tonnage Tax Bills Sent Back.

The house committee on taxes and tax laws "passed the buck" to the house on the tonnage tax bills. Both the Bendixen 4 per cent senate act and the Welch 10 per cent net tonnage tax bills have been returned to the house without recommendation and made a special order.

Rest Bill for Women.

Representative T. J. McGrath of St. Paul has introduced in the house a rest bill for women. It provides that no woman, except a domestic employed in a private home or a nurse in a hospital, may be required to work more than six days or forty-eight hours in a week. After five hours' continuous employment, women must be allowed one hour of rest.

The "sweatshop," or doing work for manufacturers in living rooms, is prohibited.

Violations are punishable by fines of $15 to $100.

Motor Corps Measure.

The motor corps bill has taken its place on the senate general orders as the result of action taken by members of the military affairs committee.

The committee members decided it would be a useless expense to the state to enact a motor corps bill, which would leave members of the motor corps with power only to act as chauffeur for the rest of the state militia.

Instead members of the committee voted to eliminate the word "only" written in by house members to limit the activity of motor corps members to work in disaster relief and as a transportation corps only for the rest of the militia.

Under the bill as recommended by the committee motor corps members will have all the authority of regular state militia to act as guardians of property or to prevent disorder.

Oleomargarine Prohibited.

The house of representatives has passed the Welch bill prohibiting the serving of oleomargarine as a substitute for butter at state institutions by a vote of 97 to 14.

Takes Crack at Pacifists.

The Dilley bill, prohibiting the employment on any public work of aliens who took advantage of the fact that they were not citizens to avoid military service was recommended to pass by the house committee on general legislation.

The bill requires contractors and others doing state work to keep a list of their employes, and a record as to whether they are naturalized or native-born citizens. Employment of aliens on public work will invalidate any contract, and will subject the employer to punishment for a misdemeanor.

Suffrage Bill Quashed.

The Madigan-Cliff bill, to provide for a state equal suffrage amendment, was recommended for indefinite postponement by the senate elections committee.

Despite the recommendation of the committee, Senator J. E. Madigan of Maple Lake, one of the authors of the bill, is determined that members of the senate shall go on record as favoring or opposing the bill.

He announced his determination of objecting to the adoption of the committee report. Such an objection would force a vote on the matter and result either in the adoption of the report, thus killing the bill, or in the placing of the bill on general orders with the report attached, which would allow the bill to live, for a time at least, and would compel discussion on the floor of the senate before it could be indefinitely postponed by action of the committee of the whole.

Still another possible alternative would be for Senator Madigan to object to the adoption of the committee report and ask that the bill be allowed to lie on the table, from which it might be called at any time, under a suspension of the rules, and placed upon a vote.

Twine Bill Approved.

The house committee on board of control has recommended for passage the Swenson bill making it possible for the board of control to increase the discount on state binding twine and increasing the twine reserve from 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 pounds.

The Smith bill, bringing the Minnesota statutes into uniformity with other states in relation to the extradition of persons of unsound mind and delinquent juveniles, also was recommended favorably.

Bank Law Revisions Approved.

The house committee on banks and banking has recommended to pass the Briggs "banking code," including the following items of legislation:

Authorizing state banks to assume the responsibilities of national banks.

Making the uttering or spreading of statements derogatory to the business integrity of banks or other financial institutions, a gross misdemeanor.

Providing that the draft or delivery of a check on a bank where there are no funds with which to pay, prima facie evidence of intent to defraud.

Fixing the amount of real estate which a bank may own at not to exceed 40 per cent of the paid-up capital stock.

Compensation Insurance.

It is probable that another public hearing will be held on the bill for state workmen's compensation insurance. Representatives of the old-line liability companies and the advocates of state insurance have argued the matter several times before the house committee on workmen's compensation without determining the fate of the measure.

Would Reduce Ore Rates.

The senate by a vote of 39 to 12 adopted the resolution urging the director general of railroads to reduce the freight rates of the ore-carrying roads in Northern Minnesota from $1 to 66⅔ cents a ton.

Deficiency School Bill Passed.

The senate has passed the school aid deficiency bill, which carries an appropriation of $1,070,000. The bill has been passed by the house.

Obtain Plans of Bolshevikl.

London, Mar. 3.—What is purported to be a copy of the full military plans of the Bolshevikl in Russia has come into possession of the British government. It gives information of what the Bolshevikl hoped to accomplish and an idea of their strength. One of the principal offensives was planned for the Archangel front, where results up to the present are well known. It is indicated, however, that the Bolshevikl are massing troops there.

Would Leave Claims to Council.

Paris, Mar. 3.—Dr. Sokolow, a representative of the Zionist movement, presented the claims of his organization to the Supreme Council at its last session. The Zionist claims vary. The minimum claims comprise establishment of Zionist communities in Palestine and guaranty of rights and sovereignty for these communities. The maximum calls for erection of a Jewish state in order that the Jews may have a home where they can live in peace

Still Busy in Latin-America.

Washington, Mar. 3.—Continued activity of German propagandists in Latin-America is indicated in dispatches from Mexico City and Bolivia. One report told of the publication and circulation of a letter regarding an embargo by the United States on shipments to and from Latin-American countries, characterized by the state department as false. Another related to a statement that 35,000 German girls had been ordered to France to aid in the repopulation of that country.

Plan Air Trip to Chicago.

Minneapolis, Mar. 3.—A flight from Minneapolis to Chicago and return about March 15 is the next airplane trip planned by Major W. C. Garis, chief of staff to Adjutant General W. F. Rhinow and Lieutenant Walter Bullock of the Motor Corps. Major Garis and Lieutenant Bullock recently made a successful flight from Minneapolis to Duluth and return. They learned that a Minneapolis aviator may attempt to lower the time they made with a small scout plane.

STATE BREVITIES

Marshall.—Gould D. Allen, aged 95 years, Marshall's oldest citizen, is dead. He was a member of the Arlington G. A. R. post and his death brings the membership of that post down to four.

St. Paul.—Patrick J. Costello, charged with assisting in the stuffing of a ballot box in the St. Paul city elections last May, was found not guilty by a jury in the Ramsey county district court.

Pipestone.—The farm residence of Lloyd D. Long, across the line in Rock county, was destroyed by fire, which started while the family was at a neighbor's. A bucket brigade saved other buildings on the farm.

Ortonville.—Two horses belonging to A. B. Kaercher of this city were drowned in Big Stone lake, when they fell into an airhole. The driver of the team was not injured. The horses were Hambletonian trotters and were valued at about $3,000.

Olivia.—The funeral of Darwin S. Hall, former Minnesota congressman, was held from the Methodist Episcopal church here. Rev. Mr. Emery, pastor of the church, preached the funeral sermon. Julius A. Schmahl and other state officials attended the services.

St. Paul.—Donald Robertson of Argyle, Minn., newly elected president of the Minnesota State Pharmaceutical association, and other new officers of the organization were installed at a meeting at The Saint Paul, the final business session of the thirty-fifth annual convention.

Pipestone.—A wolf, which had made away with a large number of sheep in this vicinity, was shot and killed by Walter Anderson, a farmer. The wolf was sighted by a neighbor, after which Anderson and the neighbor gave chase in an automobile, finally killing him after a race of more than two miles.

Fairmont.—Ira Clynick, 88 years old, died at his home here. Clynick, who came to this county in the early 60s, raised the first crop in Nashville township and lived in that locality until last fall, when he moved to Canada. He was sheriff of the county back in the '60s and at that time, as well as in later life, was a prohibitionist.

Pipestone.—R. E. Gilmore, a farmer, has filed suit for $50,000 damages against Henry McKeon, Ralph Nason, D. W. Smith and L. H. Bruggeman, businessmen of this city. The suit is the aftermath of a peace demonstration held here Oct. 5, when, it is alleged, the complainant was paraded before throngs of people on the streets.

St. Paul.—Four hundred members of the Minnesota State Creamery and Cheese Managers' association attended the opening of the convention of the organization at the Ryan hotel. St. Paul Mayor L. C. Hodgson, who made the principal address, gave the visitors a cordial welcome to St. Paul and spoke in high praise of the state's dairymen, who represent, he said, the industrial background of Minnesota.

Mankato—Sam K. Richman of St. Paul, who was recently convicted of picking the pocket of a traveler on a passenger train as it drew into the station in this city, has been sentenced to Stillwater prison for an indeterminate term, not to exceed five years. A stay of execution has been granted pending an appeal to the supreme court from an order of the district court refusing a new trial.

Winona.—There will be no through packet service between St. Louis and the twin cities during the season of 1919. That fact was definitely established, despite rivermen's forecasts to the contrary, by official announcement of the Streckfus Steamboat line that the steamer Quincy, in winter quarters at Davenport, Iowa, will be converted into an excursion boat at once. The Quincy is the last of large packets to be so reconstructed.

East Grand Forks.—That recent fires which destroyed the city hall and fire department headquarters, the Central high school and other property, were of incendiary origin is the opinion of Fire Chief J. J. Fitzgerald, who has been making a personal investigation. In one case Chief Fitzgerald found that hay had been carried from a barn and ignited in a frame structure. At the city hall the fire originated in the wagon room and it is the belief of the chief that coal oil was spread about in order to give the flames a start.

Balaton.—Mrs. Louise Pickford Shequon of this city has just celebrated her 100th birthday anniversary. She received many friends, and several of her children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren visited her. Mrs. Shequon was born in 1819 at Standwich, Canada, and has lived in this vicinity since 1868. She is the widow of John Shequon, whose death occurred Oct. 11, 1916, at the age of 107 years. At the time of the husband's death the couple held the distinction of being the oldest married pair in the northwest and the only one to celebrate a 75th wedding anniversary.

Benidji.—Peyote, a liquid said to be both intoxicating and poisonous and which, it is said, is made from a berry found on a Mexican plant, is a new brand of firewater that has been found in the possession of Indians at Cass Lake, and Late Rave, an Indian, who says his home is at Thurston, Neb., has been placed in the Beltrami county jail to answer federal charges of introducing intoxicants into Indian territory. Two Indian women are said to be victims of the drink, which has the same effect as a drug. The women are under the care of a Cass Lake physician.

Stillwater.—Alvin C. Staples arrested in Chicago by Sheriff T. H. Walker a month or so ago, on the charge of passing a number of spurious checks here on Aug. 17, 1916, appeared in district court and entered a plea of guilty before Judge J. N. Stevens. The court reserved sentence.

Crookston.—Crookston will have a third band. At a meeting held in the band room of the city hall forty-five boys, mustered and expressed their willingness to become members of a beginners' band. Prof. Charles Pilock will have charge and direct the new band.

Ada.—Walter Vier, aged 16, was found in the woods near the outset of Minnesota. A shot in the right ear from a revolver found near caused his death.

Delavan.—Suffering from mental depression as an aftereffect of influenza, Rilla Geddes, 26, residing with her parents on a farm near here, drowned herself in a watering tank.

Mankato.—The creation of a regimental fund by subscription among officers and enlisted men of the Mankato companies was decided at a meeting of the Fifth regiment's officers here.

Moorhead.—Miss Maude Hayes of the Moorhead normal faculty has received an appointment from the Y. M. C. A. to do entertainment work in France and Italy during the summer months.

Virginia.—August Abo, 29, dropped dead while in the waiting room of the office of Dr. Raihala, of heart disease. He has been ailing for a year and a half and was unable to work the past six months.

St. Paul.—More than $1,000,000 of ditch and road assessments are outstanding against state-owned land, according to an estimate by Matt J. Dosland, superintendent of accounts in the auditor's office.

Winona.—W. B. Watkins of the Winona Association of Commerce was elected president of the trail organization meeting at Burlington, Iowa, which proposes an improved course along the river from New Orleans to Minneapolis.

Crookston.—Carl Andrews, who advertised a car of fish to be sold here last week, on account of a provision in the state law was prohibited from retailing the fish at this place and was therefore obliged to divert the car to North Dakota.

Bemidji.—The younger members of the Bemidji lodge of Elks have started to secure subscriptions for finishing the club rooms of the Elk temple and equipping them as has been contemplated since the temple was erected over a year ago.

Slayton.—When auto Hyerymen refused to take County Agent Frank Brown to Hadley to fill a speaking engagement, on account of the snowdrifts on the road, Brown secured a set of skils and made the trip across country to Hadley.

Moorhead.—Three of sixteen collection boxes for the purement blind relief war fund for Allied soldiers and sailors placed in the business district in Fargo are missing, and are believed to have been stolen and their contents appropriated by the thieves.

East Grand Forks.—There will be no lack of accommodations for the continuance of school during the remainder of the school year because of the high school fire, for the basements of both the Sacred Heart and the Mendenhall Memorial churches have been offered to the superintendent and school board, and will no doubt be accepted. The Commercial club has offered its rooms and the Lincoln school will probably accommodate some of the grades.

Minneapolis.—Minnesota was singled out as the most progressive state in the union in regard to protecting the vision of its citizens by law at the opening session of the Minnesota Association of Optometrists at the Radisson. Minnesota's enviable lead was attributed to the fact that it was the first state to enact legislation governing the qualification of practitioners of optometry. Following Minnesota in 1900, 44 states, Canada and Cuba have enacted regulation laws.

St. Paul.—Proposed reconsignment charges on grain and hay shipments are the subjects of protests made by the state railroad and warehouse commission to the Interstate Commerce commission. Adoption of the reconsignment schedules is recommended by the Interstate Commerce commission by George T. Bell, examiner, following a recent hearing. The state commission proposes to follow up its protest with briefs and arguments that the charges are unjust.

St. Paul.—Erection of a large auditorium and campanile on the campus of the University of Minnesota, as a memorial to men and women of the state who served during the world war, was recommended to Governor Burnquist by the State Memorial commission. Opinion was divided as to the proper location of the memorial. Six members of the committee voted for the university location, while the remaining four favored a site near the state capitol in St. Paul. The minority report has been filed with Governor Burnquist.

St. Paul.—A. L. Larpenteur, 95 years old, one of the last of St. Paul's pioneers, died at his home here. He was born in Baltimore in 1823. He moved to St. Louis in 1841 and left there with a stock of goods for the Indian trade, reaching St. Paul Sept. 15, 1843. Mr. Larpenteur assisted in laying out the city of St. Paul in 1847 in conjunction with Vetal H. H. Sibley, Captain Roberts and other pioneers. The present capitol building is located on land which Mr. Larpenteur purchased for $1.25 an acre. As the oldest of the original pioneers, Mr. Larpenteur was a resident of Minnesota before the state possessed any taxable property and when he first came to St. Paul there were less than a score of white settlers living in this section.

St. Paul.—Influenza deaths in Minnesota have reached 751, according to statistics announced by Charles E. Smith, Jr., assistant secretary of the state board of health. The toll includes 123 in Minneapolis, 57 in St. Paul, 52 in Duluth and 519 in all other parts of the state.

St. Paul.—W. A. McGonagle and H. W. Sayre, of Minneapolis, were appointed permanently by Governor Burnquist as chairman and secretary, respectively, of the Minneapolis Forest Fire Relief commission. They will supervise expenditures of $1,800,000 in the stricken areas.

Thief River Falls.—Maurice Diller, a young clothing merchant here, and his salesman, George Allen, have been arrested on arson charges by deputy state fire marshal. Diller, charged with third degree arson, was bound over to the grand jury under $3,000 bail. Allen will be given a preliminary hearing later. The arrests resulted from a fire the night of Jan. 7 in Diller's clothing store.

Barnesville.—Serious injuries were sustained by Mrs. Swen Swanson when she slipped and fell on the ice. Mrs. Swanson is a widow and has already passed her 82nd birthday.

All Smoking Tobaccos are Flavored "Your Nose Knows"

The Encyclopaedia Britannica says about the manufacture of smoking tobacco, " . . . on the Continent and in America certain 'sauces' are employed . . . the use of the 'sauces' is to improve the flavour and burning qualities of the leaves."

Your smoke-enjoyment depends as much upon the Quality and kind of flavoring used as upon the Quality and aging of the tobacco.

Tuxedo tobacco uses the purest, most wholesome and delicious of all flavorings—*chocolate!* That flavoring, added to the finest of carefully aged and blended burley tobacco, produces Tuxedo—the perfect tobacco—

"Your Nose Knows."

GUARANTEED TO SATISFY OR YOUR MONEY BACK

Try This Test: Rub a little Tuxedo briskly in the palm of your hand to bring out its full aroma. Then smell it deep—its delicious, *pure fragrance* will convince you. Try this test with any other tobacco and we will let Tuxedo stand or fall on your judgment—*"Your Nose Knows."*

Tuxedo
The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

Guaranteed by the American Tobacco Co. INCORPORATED

HORSE SALE DISTEMPER

You know that when you sell or buy through the sales you have about one chance in fifty to escape SALE STABLE DISTEMPER. "SPOHN'S" is your true protection, your only safeguard, for as sure as you treat all your horses with it, you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts as a sure preventive, no matter how they are exposed. At all good druggists, horse goods houses, or delivered by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Accuracy of Statement.

"I heard that Smith failed for $50,000." "No, he didn't; he failed for the want of it."

The Word That Passed.

"The spoken word—who can recapture it?" "I've had fellows make me take it back."—Judge.

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How to Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It will penetrate through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.—Adv.

The fellow who is bent on getting married is generally broke afterward.

Time for all war workers to turn to practical occupations.

Sure Prophecy.

Fortune Teller—I see a loss of money.

Customer—Me, too. I have paid you in advance."

SAGE AND SULPHUR DARKENS GRAY HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Restore Color, Gloss and Attractiveness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, at a small cost.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.—Adv.

An idle brain is the devil's schemo factory.

He who owns the soil owns up to the sky.

Out of Pain and Misery to Comfort!

WHOLE DAY SAVED!

A day or night's suffering is often saved those having "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" handy

Safe to take! Such quick relief! So why suffer?

For Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Colds, Influenza, Colds, Grippe, Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Backache, Sciatica, Neuritis, Joint Pain, Teeth Pain, Stiff Neck, Earache, Fever, Pain! Pain!

Proved safe by millions! American owned!

Adults—Take one or two "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" with water. If necessary, repeat dose three times a day, after meals.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

The "Bayer Cross" on Genuine Tablets

20 cent Bayer packages—also larger Bayer packages.
Buy Bayer packages only—Get original package.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Horses For Sale

at

Beroun

I have in the barn back of the Mikyska store, at Beroun

11 Head

of horses ranging from 1100 to 1500 pounds in weight

Get Your Choice

Don't wait until the very one that you want has been disposed of. Come at once.

Abe Siegel

Barn back of Mikyska Store — Beroun, Minn.

The Best Money Maker

on your farm is

YOUR COW

and she can only produce the best results if you sell your milk and cream where it will bring the best price

Try us

Beroun Creamery

Phone 234R11 — Beroun, Minn.

If you want to

Sell Your Farm

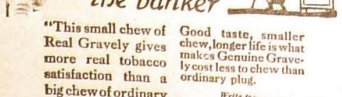
List it at once with

Chas. T. Peterson

at the

Beroun State Bank, Beroun

"It takes quality to make a real bargain," says Kelly the banker



"This small chew of Real Gravely gives more real tobacco satisfaction than a big chew of ordinary plug. It tastes better and lasts longer."

Good taste, smaller chew, longer life is what makes Genuine Gravely cost less to chew than ordinary plug.

Write to:—
GENUINE GRAVELY
DANVILLE, VA.
for booklet on chewing plug

Peyton Brand
REAL CHEWING PLUG
Plug packed in pouch

BEROUN NEWS DEPARTMENT

This Department Will Appear Regularly in The Pine Poker
Readers will find the Beroun News in it

Beroun Boy Wins Prize

Joe Kabak, member of the Beroun boys and girls' club, won fourth prize with his Triumphs at the state potato show in Grand Rapids last January. The basis of award was upon the yield, profit, exhibit of 50 potatoes and story, "How I grew my crop of Potatoes."

His yield of 24 bushels on ¼ of an acre was not high, but with his careful management, good sample and story he captured a valuable prize. As a premium he will receive a free trip to the next state fair. All expenses will be included such as car fare, board and room, admission and $3 for extras.

At Grand Rapids 192 samples of eight varieties were exhibited so that there was keen competition, but Joe's round, rosy cheeked Triumphs and story of over 500 words were successful.

Last year Fritjoph Lindahl represented Pine county at the state fair and a similar prize will be offered next year. These contests are in charge of the State Boys' and Girls' club leader in connection with the Pine City high school.

Rough Lumber for Sale

Rough lumber in any width and length for sale. Apply to Gust Sundquist at mill, half mile west of Beroun, or to Chas. T. Peterson, cashier of Beroun state bank.

There were only sixteen voters out to the town caucus in Prochaska's hal, Tuesday evening. Chas. Gass presided and J. W. Plasek was clerk. The following candidates were named to be voted on at the town election to be held in Prochaska's hall next Tuesday: Jos. Libra, Jr., for supervisor, Frank Baumschen for clerk, L. J. Ouradnik for treasurer, Jos. Ouradnik for assessor and J. W. Plasek for justice of the peace.

Wm. Houde, Sr., was taken ill while preparing to assist his son in getting a load of hay from the field, yesterday afternoon bnt is better today. Mr. Houde is well along in 80s and any sickness of his is viewed with alarm by his relatives and friends.

There was a fine crowd out to the masquerade ball in Prochaska's hal, last Saturday evening, and everyone had a fine time. Prizes for the best and most comically dressed went to the Misses May and Fanny Newman and Henry and Arthur Frost.

A number of friends were entertained at the Adolph Strohkirch home, last Sunday evening, in honor of the birthday of Mrs. Strohkirch's sister, Miss Irene Houde. Games were played and lunch served and a good time had by everybody.

The young people of the Methodist church organized a choir at a gathering they had Wednesday evening. They expect to have regular practices and invite all to meet with them that care to.

Gust Johnson loaded a car with furniture, the first of the week, and the family left Monday for Alden, where they will make their future home.

A dancing party was given by a number of the young men at Prochaska's hall, Tuesday evening, and a jolly time was enjoyed by all present.

A. Seigel had a carload of horses shipped in Tuesday and at present they are the centre of attraction in the village.

Miss Alva Guptil is visiting at Hinckley this week.

The town board of audit met in the bank, Tuesday afternoon and went over the books of Clerk Mikyska and Treasurer Ouradnik, which it is needless to say they found in first class condition.

Jos. Horejs, who arrived recently from France, left for Seattle, yesterday, after spending a week at the home of his sisters, Mesdames A. B. Chalupsky and Jos. Kub.

The Jos. Skalickys arrived from Owatonna and moved into the Petrasek house which they purchased, last Saturday.

Frank Vacek returned today from a week's visit with his daughters at the Twin cities.

Meadow Lawn

Frank Keith has purchased a "40," adjoining his farm, from H. W. Harte of Pine City.

The Clover Hill boys and girls club will meet tomorrow (Friday) evening in the school house of district 109 when the matter of preparing for this year's various club contests will be taken up. Mr. Ayers of Pine City will be present.

The basket social given by the school in district 109 on Feb. 11 resulted in raising $98, one-fifth of which went to the Beroun Red Cross, the balance being used by the district in paying the debt left over from Christmas time and toward a fund for an organ for the school. Miss Schultze, the teacher, managed the affair and is entitled to much credit.

The farmers club will meet Saturday afternoon at the Ole Lyseth home. Mr. Cutler will make a report on his visit to the Development Assn. meeting at Pine City and the action taken there relative to the proposed central produce market plan and the club will also take up the matter of participating in the proposed convention of farmers clubs at Pine City this spring. A general good time wil be had, too.

Pokegama Lake News

Alex Nordheim went to St. Paul, Monday, on a short business trip.

A baby boy was born at the Herman Teich home, west of the lake, last Friday.

Roy Swanson arrived home, Monday, from Minneapolis where he has been taking treatments for the past few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Axel Anderson returned to their home at St. Paul, Monday, after a short visit at the home of her parents, the John Olson's.

A dance will be given in the town hall by the town board on Saturday evening of this week to raise money to apply on hall fixtures. Ladies are requested to bring baskets which will be auctioned.

Several living about the lake and in this region would like to see the level of water in Pokegama raised if it could be done without injuring anyone and petitions are being circulated asking the county commissioners to inquire into the matter.

The Farmers Club met with the Eng Petersons at their home, owing to the storm. There was a good attendance and a good time. The next meeting will be on Saturday of next week, the 15th inst., in the town hall when the Beroun club will be our guests. Let all members be sure to attend.

A party was given at the Fritzen home, last Thursday evening, as a surprise on Miss Thiry in honor of her birthday. There was a good attendance, notwithstanding the blizzard, and with games, dancing and refreshments everyone spent a most enjoyable evening and left wishing Miss Thiry many happy returns of the day.

Tell The Poker the news.

ROCK CREEK NEWS DEPARTM'T

Wherein is Published the News of the Rock Creek Region
It is intended to help Rock Creek in every way and solicit your aid

Mrs. Otto Swanson Dies

Mrs. Otto Swanson died at the family home east of town, Sunday, Feb. 23, after a sickness of two years. Funeral services were conducted at the home on last Thursday at 1 p. m. by Rev. Samuelson of Rush City and the remains were interred in the Swedish Luth cemetery at that place.

Deceased was born at Kilafors, Halsingland, Sweden, Apr. 3, 1863, and came to America with her parents when 17 years of age, being married two years later to Otto Swanson at St. Paul, where they resided for four years before coming to Rock Creek, being among the earliest settlers here. She is survived by her husband and 12 living children, besides numerous grandchildren and one sister who lives at Tacoma, Wash. The children are Ed, Carl, Mable, Hazel and Alice at home, Mrs. P. A Freeman and Mrs. Martin Boe both of T. rogs, N. D., Mrs. Gust Tynulius of Rush City, Henry, William and Hjalmar of Minneapolis and Rush of St. Paul.

There was a large gathering of friends and many beautiful floral offerings at the funeral. Mr. Axel Johnson of Rush City sang and the pall bearers were five sons and our son-in-law of the departed.

A party was given in honor of Edward M. Martinson at the home of his parents, the Lewis Martinson's, last Wednesday evening, Feb. 26th. About 40 were present to bid him welcome home, he having been gone 17 months, 4 of which were spent overseas. He was one of the first ones to leave Rock Creek in the draft. The evening was spent in dancing and a dainty lunch was served, after which all departed home much pleased with the evening's entertainment. Edward arrived home Feb. 18 from Camp Dodge where he was discharged.

August Johnson and Ole Eng, west of town, returned yesterday from the Elfros, Sask., Can., region where they visited at the home of their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Iver Anderson from this region and Mr. Eng also looked after the farm and estate left there by his son Robert who was killed in France last December.

Services in the Lutheran church at West Rock at 11 o'clock a. m. and at Pine Grove at 3 p. m., next Sunday. All are welcome.

Will Not Read Bible in Schools.

The Atlanta board of education at a recent regular meeting reversed its action which ordered the reading of the Bible and repeating the Lord's prayer in the public schools of the city. This action was taken by the board after having heard read the address of the late Senator Joseph R. Brown, war governor of Georgia and the first president of the Atlanta board of education, which was delivered in 1873, and in which the Georgia senator delivered an argument against enforcing the use of the Bible in the schools.

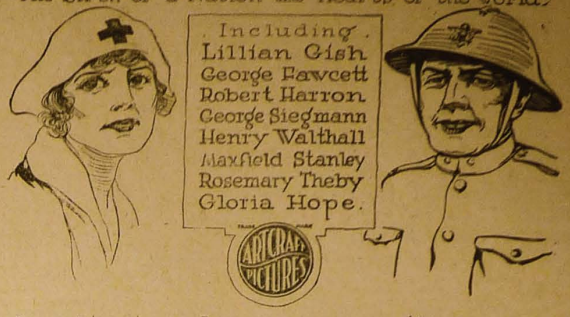
D.W.GRIFFITH

Presents

"The Great Love"

An ARTCRAFT Picture

"With practically the same cast that you saw in The Birth of a Nation" and "Hearts of the World."



A mighty story of woman's regeneration by war.

Music by Cresent Orchestra

FAMILY THEATRE

2—DAYS—2

Thursday and Friday

MARCH 13 and 14

7:30 O'clock and 9 O'clock

A "$2.00 Top" Picture at Just 1-4 Price

CHILDREN 25c — ADULTS 50c

Does Your Child Act *Like this?*

DON'T punish your children by forcing them to take nauseating oils and medicine when they are bilious, constipated or have bad colds. Compelling the child to take disagreeable medicine against its will often does more harm than good.

DR. MILES' LAXATIVE TABLETS are particularly fine for children. Pleasant to take because they *TASTE LIKE CANDY* and can be chewed. Children do not have to be coaxed to take them, and their gentle but effective action on the bowels restores healthful regularity promptly.

When your child is cross, feverish and peevish because of stomach disorders, give it one of Dr. Miles' candy-like Laxative Tablets. They take them readily and ask for more.

Not only are DR. MILES' LAXATIVE TABLETS desirable for children, but for adults as well. You will find in these tablets a safe, harmless and effective medicine for constipation, biliousness, sick headache and other bowel complaints. They cost only a few cents—your druggist has them. Ask him about them.

Lz

Dr. Miles' LAXATIVE TABLETS

Adler-i-ka Helps Son!

"My son had inflammation of bowels and was greatly bloated (with gas). After giving Adler-i-ka he is completely CURED. Doctors did no good." (Signed) M. Gerhard, Ferdinand, Ind.

One dose Adler-i-ka relieves sour stomach, gas and constipation INSTANTLY. Removes ALL foul matter which poisons system. Often CURES constipation. Prevents appendicitis. We have sold Adler-i-ka many years. It is a mixture of buckthorn, cascara, glycerine and nine other simple drugs.—Breckenridge's Pharmacy.

Farms for Sale

$7,000 buys 94 1-2 acres, 2 miles from village, depot, 1-4 to school. 20 acres valuable timber, balance good work land and pasture. Good 10 room house, barn 46x82, silo, etc.; well watered, abundance fruit. Includes 10 registered Holstein cows 3 grades, bull, team, hay, straw, 300 buckets, spouts, evaporator, tanks, disc harrow, harrow, grain drill, weeder, sulky cultivator, plow, surrey, horse rake, cream separator, mowing machine, hay tedder, wagons, buggy, cutter, sleighs, harness, etc. Reason, death of son in France. —Ellis Bros., Springville, N. Y. 24-4

(First Pub. Feb. 20)

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

State of Minnesota, County of Pine—ss. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Nels August Stenmark, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Adolph S. Larson, and Affidavit of no debts having been filed

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof, and that Monday the 30th day of June 1919, at one o'clock P.M., in the Probate Court Rooms, at the Court House at Pine City in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Pine Poker as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 17th, 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN,
Seal — Judge of Probate.

(First pub. March 6)

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

State of Minnesota } ss. In Probate Court
County of Pine }

In the Matter of the Estate of John Meyers—Decedent.

Letters of Administration with Will Annexed this day having been granted to S. G. L. Roberts and Affidavit of No Debts being filed

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Monday the 5th day of June 1919, at one o'clock p. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Pine City, in said County, be and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Pine Poker, as provided by law.

Dated March 5th, 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN,
(Court Seal) — Judge of Probate

(First publication March 6)

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will

Estate of Frank Bailey

State of Minnesota, } In Probate Court.
County of Pine. }

In the Matter of the Estate of Frank Bailey—Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Charity Bailey, Harley E. Bailey, Charles Bailey, John M. Bailey, Frank Bailey, Carrie B. Nellie A. Barns and Winnie Haynes and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:—The petition of Joan M. Bailey being duly filed in this court, representing that Frank Bailey, then a resident of the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, died on the 9th day of February, 1919, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to John M. Bailey.

Now Therefore, You and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms, in the Court house, in the village of Pine City County of Pine State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of April, 1919, at one o'clock p. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable J. E. Therrien Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 3rd day of March, 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN,
(Court Seal) — Judge.
S. G. L. ROBERTS,
Attorney for Petitioner.

A Smith-Premier typewriter, used but a short time, for sale reasonable. Inquire at The Poker office.